# REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

# **DIVISION OF REVENUE BILL**

(As introduced in the National Assembly (proposed section 76); explanatory summary of Bill and prior notice of its introduction published in Government Gazette No. 52626 of 8 May 2025) (The English text is the official text of the Bill)

(MINISTER OF FINANCE)

[B 15—2025]

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# BILL

To provide for the equitable division of revenue raised nationally among the national, provincial and local spheres of government for the 2025/26 financial year; the determination of each province's equitable share; allocations to provinces, local government and municipalities from national government's equitable share; the responsibilities of all three spheres of government pursuant to such division and allocations; and to provide for matters connected therewith.

#### PREAMBLE

**WHEREAS** section 214(1) of the Constitution requires an Act of Parliament to provide for—

- (*a*) the equitable division of revenue raised nationally among the national, provincial and local spheres of government;
- (b) the determination of each province's equitable share of the provincial share of that revenue; and
- (c) any other allocations to provinces, local government or municipalities from the national government's share of that revenue, and any conditions on which those allocations may be made; and

**WHEREAS** section 7(1) of the Money Bills and Related Matters Act, 2009 (Act No. 9 of 2009), requires the introduction of the Division of Revenue Bill at the same time as the Appropriation Bill is introduced,

**B**<sup>E</sup> IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Parliament of the Republic of South Africa, as follows:—

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# **CHAPTER 1**

# INTERPRETATION AND OBJECTS OF ACT

#### Interpretation

**1.** (1) In this Act, unless the context indicates otherwise, any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the Public Finance Management Act or the 5 Municipal Finance Management Act has the meaning assigned to it in the Act in question, and—

"**accreditation**" means accreditation of a municipality, in terms of section 10(2) of the Housing Act, 1997 (Act No. 107 of 1997), to administer national housing programmes, read with Part 3 of the National Housing Code, 2009 (Financial Interventions: 10 Accreditation of Municipalities);

"**allocation**" means the equitable share allocation to the national sphere of government in Schedule 1, a province in Schedule 2 or a municipality in Schedule 3, or a conditional allocation;

"category A, B or C municipality" means a category A, B or C municipality as 15 envisaged in section 155(1) of the Constitution;

"**classified disaster**" means a disaster classified as a national, provincial or local state of disaster in terms of section 23 of the Disaster Management Act, 2002 (Act No. 57 of 2002);

"**conditional allocation**" means an allocation to a province or municipality from the 20 national government's share of revenue raised nationally, as envisaged in section 214(1)(c) of the Constitution, as set out in Schedule 4, 5, 6 or 7;

"Constitution" means the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996;

"**corporation for public deposits account**" means a bank account of the Provincial Revenue Fund held with the Corporation for Public Deposits, established by section 2 of 25 the Corporation for Public Deposits Act, 1984 (Act No. 46 of 1984);

**"Education Infrastructure Grant**" means the Education Infrastructure Grant referred to in Part A of Schedule 4;

"financial year" means, in relation to—

(a) a national or provincial department, the year ending 31 March; or

(b) a municipality, the year ending 30 June;

"**framework**" means the conditions and other information in respect of a conditional allocation published in terms of section 15 or 25;

"**Health Facility Revitalisation Grant**" means the Health Facility Revitalisation Grant referred to in Part A of Schedule 5;

"**Human Settlements Development Grant**" means the Human Settlements Development Grant referred to in Part A of Schedule 5;

"**legislation**" means national legislation or provincial legislation as defined in section 239 of the Constitution;

"**level one accreditation**" means accreditation to render beneficiary management, 40 subsidy budget planning and allocation, and priority programme management and administration, of national housing programmes;

"level two accreditation" means accreditation to render full programme management and administration of all housing instruments and national housing programmes in addition to the responsibilities under a level one accreditation;

"**Maths, Science and Technology Grant**" means the Maths, Science and Technology Grant referred to in Part A of Schedule 5;

"**medium term expenditure framework**" means a budgeting framework applied by the National Treasury which—

(a) translates government policies and plans into a multi-year spending plan; and 50

*(b)* promotes transparency, accountability and effective public financial management;

"**Municipal Finance Management Act**" means the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 (Act No. 56 of 2003);

"**Municipal Structures Act**" means the Local Government: Municipal Structures Act, 55 1998 (Act No. 117 of 1998);

"**Municipal Systems Act**" means the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act No. 32 of 2000);

"**organ of state**" means an organ of state as defined in section 239 of the Constitution; "**overpayment**" means the transfer of more than the allocated amount of an allocation 60 or the transfer of an allocation in excess of the applicable amount in a payment schedule;

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"payment schedule" means a schedule which sets out—

- (*a*) the amount of each transfer of a provincial equitable share or a conditional allocation for a province or municipality to be transferred in terms of this Act;
- (b) the date on which each transfer must be paid; and
- (c) to whom, and to which bank account, each transfer must be paid;

"prescribe" means prescribe by regulation in terms of section 36;

"primary bank account", in relation to-

- (a) a province, means a bank account of the Provincial Revenue Fund, envisaged in section 21(2) of the Public Finance Management Act and 10 which the accounting officer of the provincial treasury has certified to the National Treasury; or
- (b) a municipality, means the bank account of the municipality as determined in terms of section 8 of the Municipal Finance Management Act;

"**Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant**" means the Provincial Roads Maintenance 15 Grant referred to in Part A of Schedule 4;

"**Public Finance Management Act**" means the Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999);

"Public Transport Network Grant" means the Public Transport Network Grant referred to in Part B of Schedule 5; 20

"**Public Transport Operations Grant**" means the Public Transport Operations Grant referred to in Part A of Schedule 4;

"quarter" means, in relation to-

- (a) a national or provincial department, the period from—
  - (i) 1 April to 30 June;
  - (ii) 1 July to 30 September;
  - (iii) 1 October to 31 December; or
  - (iv) 1 January to 31 March; or
- (b) a municipality, the period from—
  - (i) 1 July to 30 September;
  - (ii) 1 October to 31 December;
  - (iii) 1 January to 31 March; or
  - (iv) 1 April to 30 June;

"receiving officer" means, in relation to-

- (*a*) a Schedule 4, 5 or 7 allocation transferred to a province, the accounting officer 35 of the provincial department which receives that allocation or a portion thereof for expenditure through an appropriation from its Provincial Revenue Fund; or
- (*b*) a Schedule 4, 5 or 7 allocation transferred to a municipality, the accounting officer of the municipality;

"**receiving provincial department**", in relation to a Schedule 4, 5 or 7 allocation transferred to a province, means the provincial department which receives that allocation or a portion thereof for expenditure through an appropriation from its Provincial Revenue Fund;

"**School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant**" means the School Infrastructure Backlogs 45 Grant referred to in Part A of Schedule 6;

"**this Act**" includes any framework or allocation published, or any regulation made, in terms of this Act;

"**transferring officer**" means the accounting officer of a national department that transfers a Schedule 4, 5 or 7 allocation to a province or municipality or spends a 50 Schedule 6 allocation on behalf of a province or municipality;

"**Urban Development Financing Grant**" means the Urban Development Financing Grant referred to in Part B of Schedule 4;

"**Urban Settlements Development Grant**" means the Urban Settlements Development Grant referred to in Part B of Schedule 4; and

"working day" means any day, except a Saturday, a Sunday or a public holiday as defined in the Public Holidays Act, 1994 (Act No. 36 of 1994).

(2) Any agreement, approval, certification, decision, determination, instruction, notification, notice or request in terms of this Act must be in writing.

# **Objects of Act**

2. The objects of this Act are—

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- (a) as required by section 214(1) of the Constitution, to provide for—
  - (i) the equitable division of revenue raised nationally among the three spheres of government;
  - (ii) the determination of each province's equitable share of the provincial share of that revenue; and
  - (iii) other allocations to provinces, local government or municipalities from the national government's share of that revenue and conditions on which those allocations are made;
- (b) to promote predictability and certainty in respect of all allocations to provinces and municipalities, in order that provinces and municipalities may 10 plan their budgets over a multi-year period and thereby promote better coordination between policy, planning and budgeting; and
- (c) to promote transparency and accountability in the resource allocation process, by ensuring that all allocations, except Schedule 6 allocations, are reflected on the budgets of provinces and municipalities and the expenditure of conditional 15 allocations is reported on by the receiving provincial departments and municipalities.

#### CHAPTER 2

# **EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS**

#### Equitable division of revenue raised nationally among spheres of government

**3.** (1) Revenue raised nationally in respect of the 2025/26 financial year must be divided among the national, provincial and local spheres of government as set out in Column A of Schedule 1.

(2) The envisaged division among the national, provincial and local spheres of government of revenue anticipated to be raised nationally in respect of the 2026/27 25 financial year and the 2027/28 financial year, and which is subject to the Division of Revenue Acts for those financial years, is set out in Column B of Schedule 1.

#### Equitable division of provincial share among provinces

**4.** (1) Each province's equitable share of the provincial share of revenue raised nationally in respect of the 2025/26 financial year is set out in Column A of Schedule 2. 30

(2) The envisaged equitable share for each province from the provincial share of revenue anticipated to be raised nationally in respect of the 2026/27 financial year and the 2027/28 financial year, and which is subject to the Division of Revenue Acts for those financial years, is set out in Column B of Schedule 2.

(3) The National Treasury must transfer each province's equitable share referred to in 35 subsection (1) to the corporation for public deposits account of the province in accordance with the payment schedule determined in terms of section 22.

#### Equitable division of local government share among municipalities

**5.** (1) Each municipality's equitable share of local government's share of revenue raised nationally in respect of the 2025/26 financial year is set out in Column A of 40 Schedule 3.

(2) The envisaged equitable share for each municipality from local government's share of revenue anticipated to be raised nationally in respect of the 2026/27 financial year and the 2027/28 financial year, and which is subject to the Division of Revenue Acts for those financial years, is set out in Column B of Schedule 3.

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(3) The national department responsible for local government must, unless otherwise determined by the National Treasury, transfer a municipality's equitable share referred to in subsection (1) to the primary bank account of the municipality in three transfers on 7 July 2025, 9 December 2025 and 11 March 2026, in the amounts determined in terms of section 22(2).

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#### Shortfalls, excess revenue and increasing equitable share

**6.** (1) If the actual revenue raised nationally in respect of the 2025/26 financial year falls short of the anticipated revenue set out in Column A of Schedule 1, the national government bears the shortfall.

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(2) If the actual revenue raised nationally in respect of the 2025/26 financial year exceeds the anticipated revenue set out in Column A of Schedule 1, the excess accrues to the national government and may be used to reduce borrowing or pay debt as part of its share of revenue raised nationally.

(3) Further allocations may be made from the excess revenue envisaged in subsection 5 (2), in accordance with the applicable legislation envisaged in section 12 of the Money Bills and Related Matters Act, 2009 (Act No. 9 of 2009), to—

- (a) national departments;
- (b) provinces; or
- (c) municipalities.

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(4)(a) If any expenditure from contingencies is approved in terms of the Appropriation Act, 2025, to increase the equitable share of provinces or municipalities, the National Treasury must increase the equitable share per province or per municipality by notice in the *Gazette*.

(b) The increase referred to in paragraph (a) takes effect on the date of publication in 15 the *Gazette*.

(c) Section 22 of this Act applies with the necessary changes in relation to the increase referred to in paragraph (a).

# CHAPTER 3

# CONDITIONAL ALLOCATIONS TO PROVINCES AND MUNICIPALITIES 20

# Part 1

## Conditional allocations

#### **Conditional allocations to provinces**

**7.** (1) Conditional allocations to provinces for the 2025/26 financial year from the national government's share of revenue raised nationally are set out in—

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(*a*) Part A of Schedule 4, specifying allocations to provinces to supplement the funding of programmes or functions funded from provincial budgets;

- (b) Part A of Schedule 5, specifying specific-purpose allocations to provinces;
- (c) Part A of Schedule 6, specifying allocations-in-kind to provinces for designated special programmes; and
- (*d*) Part A of Schedule 7, specifying funds that are not allocated to specific provinces, which may be released to provinces to fund an immediate response to a classified disaster.

(2) An envisaged division of conditional allocations to provinces from the national government's share of revenue anticipated to be raised nationally for the 2026/27 35 financial year and the 2027/28 financial year, which is subject to the annual Division of Revenue Acts for those years, is set out in Column B of the Schedules referred to in subsection (1).

(3)(a) A Member of the Executive Council responsible for finance in a province may pledge a conditional allocation or an envisaged conditional allocation, or a portion 40 thereof, as security for any borrowing in terms of the Borrowing Powers of Provincial Governments Act, 1996 (Act No. 48 of 1996), in accordance with this subsection.

(b) If a Member of the Executive Council responsible for finance in a province intends to pledge as envisaged in paragraph (a), he or she must—

- (i) consult the relevant transferring officer; and
- (ii) obtain the approval of the Loan Co-ordinating Committee, referred to in section 2 of the Borrowing Powers of Provincial Governments Act, 1996.

(c) The pledging envisaged in paragraph (a) must comply with any conditions imposed by the Loan Co-ordinating Committee.

(d) The relevant receiving officer must submit financial and non-financial reports, in 50 the format and on the dates determined by the National Treasury, for any project pledged to be partially or fully funded by using a conditional allocation or an envisaged conditional allocation, or a portion thereof, as security as envisaged in paragraph (a).

(4)(a) If any expenditure from contingencies is approved in terms of the Appropriation Act, 2025, to increase any conditional allocation to provinces, the 55 National Treasury must increase the allocation per province by notice in the *Gazette*.

(b) The increase referred to in paragraph (a) takes effect on the date of publication in the *Gazette*.

(c) If a conditional allocation in Part A of Schedule 5 or 6 is increased in terms of paragraph (a), the National Treasury must amend the notice published in terms of section 15 by notice in the *Gazette*.

(d) Section 23 of this Act applies with the necessary changes in relation to the increase referred to in paragraph (a).

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# Conditional allocations to municipalities

**8.** (1) Conditional allocations to municipalities in respect of the 2025/26 financial year from the national government's share of revenue raised nationally are set out in—

- (*a*) Part B of Schedule 4, specifying allocations to municipalities to supplement the funding of functions funded from municipal budgets;
- (b) Part B of Schedule 5, specifying specific-purpose allocations to municipalities;
- (c) Part B of Schedule 6, specifying allocations-in-kind to municipalities for designated special programmes; and
- (*d*) Part B of Schedule 7, specifying funds that are not allocated to specific 15 municipalities that may be released to municipalities to fund an immediate response to a classified disaster.

(2) An envisaged division of conditional allocations to municipalities from the national government's share of revenue anticipated to be raised nationally for the 2026/27 financial year and the 2027/28 financial year, which is subject to the annual 20 Division of Revenue Acts for those years, is set out in Column B of the Schedules referred to in subsection (1).

(3)(a) A municipality that intends to pledge a conditional allocation, or a portion thereof, as security for any obligations in terms of section 48 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, must, in addition to notifying the National Treasury in terms of 25 section 46(3) of that Act, notify the transferring officer and the relevant provincial treasury of that intention and provide the transferring officer and National Treasury at least 21 days to comment before seeking the approval of the municipal council.

(b) A municipality must submit financial and non-financial reports, in the format and on the dates determined by the National Treasury, for any project pledged to be partially 30 or fully funded by using a conditional allocation, or a portion thereof, as security as envisaged in paragraph (a).

(4)(a) If any expenditure from contingencies is approved in terms of the Appropriation Act, 2025, to increase any conditional allocation to municipalities, the National Treasury must increase the allocation per municipality by notice in the *Gazette*. 35

(b) The increase referred to in paragraph (a) takes effect on the date of publication in the *Gazette*.

(c) If a conditional allocation in Part B of Schedule 5 or 6 is increased in terms of paragraph (a), the National Treasury must amend the notice published in terms of section 15 by notice in the *Gazette*.

(d) Section 23 of this Act applies with the necessary changes in relation to the increase referred to in paragraph (a).

#### Part 2

#### Duties of accounting officers in respect of Schedule 4 to 7 allocations

#### Duties of transferring officer in respect of Schedule 4 allocations

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- 9. (1) The transferring officer of a Schedule 4 allocation must—
  - (a) ensure that transfers to all provinces and municipalities are—
    - (i) deposited only into the primary bank account of the relevant province or municipality; and
    - (ii) made in accordance with the payment schedule determined in terms of 50 section 22, unless allocations, or portions thereof, are withheld or stopped in terms of section 17 or 18;
  - (*b*) monitor information on financial and non-financial performance of programmes partially or fully funded by an allocation in Part A of Schedule 4, in accordance with subsection (2) and the applicable framework;
  - (c) monitor information on financial and non-financial performance of the Urban Development Financing Grant and Urban Settlements Development Grant

against the capital budget and the service delivery and budget implementation plan;

- (d) comply with the applicable framework;
- (e) submit a quarterly financial and non-financial performance report within 45 days after the end of each quarter to the National Treasury in terms of the 5 applicable framework; and
- (f) evaluate the performance of programmes funded or partially funded by the allocation and submit such evaluations to the National Treasury within four months after the end of the 2025/26 financial year applicable to a provincial department or a municipality, as the case may be.

(2) Any monitoring programme or system that is used to monitor information on financial and non-financial performance of a programme partially or fully funded by a Schedule 4 allocation must—

- (*a*) be approved by the National Treasury;
- (b) not impose any excessive administrative responsibility on receiving officers 15 beyond the provision of standard management and budget information;
- (c) be compatible and integrated with and not duplicate other relevant national, provincial and local systems; and
- (d) support compliance with section 11(2).

(3) A framework may impose a duty on the accounting officer of a national or 20 provincial department, other than the transferring officer or receiving officer, which contributes to achieving the purpose of the allocation, and the accounting officer must comply with the duty.

## Duties of transferring officer in respect of Schedule 5 or 6 allocations

**10.** (1) The transferring officer of a Schedule 5 or 6 allocation must—

- (*a*) monitor financial and non-financial performance information on programmes funded by the allocation;
- (b) not later than 14 days after this Act takes effect, certify to the National Treasury that—
  - (i) any monitoring or system that is used, is compatible and integrated with 30 and does not duplicate other relevant national, provincial and local systems; and
  - (ii) any plans required in terms of the framework of a Schedule 5 allocation regarding the use of the allocation by—
    - (*aa*) a province, have been approved before the start of the financial 35 year; or
    - *(bb)* a municipality, shall be approved before the start of the financial year;
- (c) in respect of Schedule 5 allocations—
  - (i) transfer funds only after receipt of all information required to be submitted by the receiving officer in terms of this Act and after submission of all relevant information to the National Treasury;
  - (ii) transfer funds in accordance with the payment schedule determined in terms of section 22, unless allocations, or a portion thereof, are withheld or stopped in terms of section 17 or 18; and
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  - (iii) deposit funds only into the primary bank account of the relevant province or municipality; and

(d) comply with the applicable framework.

(2) The transferring officer must submit all relevant information and documentation referred to in subsection (1)(b) to the National Treasury within 14 days after this Act 50 takes effect.

(3) A transferring officer, who has not complied with subsection (1), must transfer the allocation in the manner instructed by the National Treasury, which instruction may include transferring the allocation as an unconditional allocation.

(4) Before making the first transfer of any allocation in terms of subsection (1)(c), the 55 transferring officer must ensure that the banking details of the relevant province or municipality are as contained in the notice issued by the National Treasury in terms of section 30(1).

(5)(a) The transferring officer of a Schedule 5 or 6 allocation must, as part of the reporting envisaged in section 40(4)(c) of the Public Finance Management Act, but 60 subject to paragraph (b), submit information, in the format determined by the National

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Treasury, for the month in question, and for the 2025/26 financial year up to the end of that month, on—

- (i) the amount of funds transferred to a province or municipality;
- (ii) the amount of funds for any province or municipality withheld or stopped in terms of section 17 or 18, the reasons for the withholding or stopping and the 5 steps taken by the transferring officer and the receiving officer to deal with the matters or causes that necessitated the withholding or stopping of the payment;
- (iii) the actual expenditure incurred by the province or municipality in respect of a Schedule 5 allocation;
- (iv) the actual expenditure incurred by the transferring officer in respect of a 10 Schedule 6 allocation;
- (v) any matter or information that may be required by the applicable framework for the particular allocation; and
- (vi) such other matters as the National Treasury may determine.

(b) For purposes of the application of paragraph (a) to Part B of Schedule 5, the period 15 of 15 days envisaged in section 40(4)(c) of the Public Finance Management Act must be construed to mean a period of 20 days.

(6) A transferring officer must submit to the National Treasury-

- (a) a monthly provincial report on infrastructure expenditure partially or fully funded by the Health Facility Revitalisation Grant, National Health Insurance 20 Indirect Grant, School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant or Maths, Science and Technology Grant, within 22 days after the end of each month, in the format determined by the National Treasury; and
- (*b*) a quarterly performance report on all programmes partially or fully funded by a Schedule 5 or 6 allocation within 45 days after the end of each quarter, in 25 accordance with the applicable framework.

(7) The transferring officer must evaluate the performance of all programmes partially or fully funded by a Schedule 5 or 6 allocation and submit such evaluations to the National Treasury within four months after the end of the 2025/26 financial year applicable to a provincial department or a municipality, as the case may be.

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(8) The transferring officer of the Human Settlements Development Grant may only transfer the Grant to a province after the relevant receiving officer has complied with section 12(6)(a) and (b).

(9) A framework may impose a duty on the accounting officer of a national or provincial department, other than the transferring officer or receiving officer, which 35 contributes to achieving the purpose of the allocation and the accounting officer must comply with the duty.

### Duties of receiving officer in respect of Schedule 4 allocations

(a) complying with the applicable framework; and

- **11.** (1) The receiving officer of a Schedule 4 allocation is responsible for—

  - (b) the manner in which the allocation received from a transferring officer is allocated and spent.
- (2) The receiving officer of a municipality must—
  - (a) ensure and certify to the National Treasury that the municipality—
    - (i) indicates each programme partially or fully funded by a Schedule 4 45 allocation in its annual budget and that the allocation is specifically and exclusively appropriated in that budget for utilisation only according to the purpose of the allocation; and
    - (ii) makes public, in terms of section 21A of the Municipal Systems Act, the conditions and other information in respect of the allocation, to facilitate 50 performance measurement and the use of required inputs and outputs;
  - (b) when submitting the municipality's statements in terms of section 71 of the Municipal Finance Management Act for September 2025, December 2025, March 2026 and June 2026, report to the transferring officer, the relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury—
    - (i) in respect of the Urban Development Financing Grant and Urban Settlements Development Grant, on financial performance against its capital budget and the measures defined in its service delivery and budget implementation plan; and
    - (ii) in respect of any other Schedule 4 allocation, on financial performance of 60 programmes partially or fully funded by the allocation; and

- (c) within 30 days after the end of each quarter, report to the transferring officer and the National Treasury—
  - (i) in respect of the Urban Development Financing Grant and Urban Settlements Development Grant, on non-financial performance for that quarter against the measures defined in its service delivery and budget 5 implementation plan; and
  - (ii) in respect of any other Schedule 4 allocation, on non-financial performance of programmes partially or fully funded by the allocation.

(3) The National Treasury must make the report submitted to it in terms of subsection (2)(b) or (c) available to the transferring officer of the Urban Development Financing 10 Grant, Urban Settlements Development Grant, Public Transport Network Grant and Integrated National Electrification Programme Grant and the accounting officer of any other national department having responsibilities relating to the applicable allocation.

(4) The receiving officer of a provincial department must submit to the relevant provincial treasury and the transferring officer—

- (a) as part of the report required in section 40(4)(c) of the Public Finance Management Act, reports on financial and non-financial performance of programmes partially or fully funded by a Schedule 4 allocation;
- (b) a quarterly non-financial performance report of programmes partially or fully funded by a Schedule 4 allocation within 30 days after the end of each quarter; 20 and
- (c) a monthly provincial report on infrastructure programmes partially or fully funded by a Schedule 4 allocation within 15 days after the end of each month, in the format determined by the National Treasury.

(5) The receiving officer must report on programmes partially or fully funded by a 25 Schedule 4 allocation against the applicable framework in its annual financial statements and annual report.

(6) The receiving officer must evaluate the financial and non-financial performance of the provincial department or municipality, as the case may be, in respect of programmes partially or fully funded by a Schedule 4 allocation and submit such evaluation to the 30 transferring officer and the relevant provincial treasury within two months—

- (a) in respect of a provincial department, after the end of the 2025/26 financial year of the provincial department; and
- (b) in respect of a municipality, after the end of the 2025/26 financial year of the municipality.

# Duties of receiving officer in respect of Schedule 5 or 7 allocations

**12.** (1) The receiving officer of a Schedule 5 or 7 allocation must comply with the applicable framework.

(2) The relevant receiving officer must, in respect of a Schedule 5 or 7 allocation transferred to—

- (a) a province, as part of the report required within 15 days of the end of each month in terms of section 40(4)(c) of the Public Finance Management Act, report on the matters referred to in subsection (3) and submit a copy of that report to the relevant provincial treasury and the transferring officer;
- (b) a municipality, as part of the report required no later than 10 working days 45 after the end of each month in terms of section 71 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, report on the matters referred to in subsection (4) and submit a copy of that report to the relevant provincial treasury, the National Treasury and the relevant transferring officer; and
- (c) a province or municipality, submit a quarterly non-financial performance 50 report within 30 days after the end of each quarter.

(3) A report for a province in terms of subsection (2)(a) must set out for the month in question and for the 2025/26 financial year up to the end of the month—

- (a) the amount received by the province;
- (*b*) the amount of funds withheld or stopped in terms of section 17 or 18, the 55 reason for the stopping or withholding and any remedial action taken;
- (c) the actual expenditure by the province in respect of Schedules 5 and 7 allocations;
- (*d*) the amount transferred to any national or provincial public entity to implement a programme funded by a Schedule 5 allocation on behalf of a province or to 60 assist the province in implementing the programme;

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- (e) the available figures regarding the expenditure by a public entity referred to in paragraph (d);
- (f) the extent of compliance with this Act and with the conditions of the allocation provided for in its framework, based on the available information at the time of reporting;
- (g) an explanation of any material difficulties experienced by the province regarding an allocation which has been received and a summary of the steps taken to deal with such difficulties;
- (*h*) any matter or information that may be determined in the framework for the allocation; and

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(*i*) such other matters and information as the National Treasury may determine. (4) A report for a municipality in terms of subsection (2)(b) must set out for the month in question and for the 2025/26 financial year up to the end of the month—

(*a*) the amount received by the municipality;

- (b) the amount of funds withheld or stopped in terms of section 17 or 18, the 15 reason for the stopping or withholding and any remedial action taken;
- (c) the extent of compliance with this Act and with the conditions of the allocation or part of the allocation provided for in its framework;
- (d) an explanation of any material difficulties experienced by the municipality regarding an allocation which has been received and a summary of the steps 20 taken to deal with such difficulties;
- (e) any matter or information that may be determined in the framework for the allocation; and

(f) such other matters and information as the National Treasury may determine.

(5) The receiving officer must evaluate the financial and non-financial performance of 25 the provincial department or municipality, as the case may be, in respect of programmes partially or fully funded by a Schedule 5 allocation and submit such evaluation to the transferring officer and the relevant provincial treasury within two months after the end of the 2025/26 financial year applicable to a provincial department or a municipality, as the case may be. 30

(6)(*a*) The receiving officer of the Human Settlements Development Grant and the Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership Grant: Provinces must, in consultation with the transferring officer and after consultation with each affected municipality, publish in the *Gazette*, within 14 working days after this Act takes effect, the planned expenditure from the Human Settlements Development Grant and Informal Settlements 35 Upgrading Partnership Grant: Provinces, for the 2025/26 financial year, the 2026/27 financial year and the 2027/28 financial year per municipality with level one or level two accreditation.

(b) The planned expenditure must—

- (i) indicate the expenditure to be undertaken directly by the province and transfers 40 to each municipality; and
- (ii) include a payment schedule for transfers to each municipality in the 2025/26 financial year.

(c) The receiving officer of the Human Settlements Development Grant and the Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership Grant: Provinces may, by notice in the 45 Gazette, after taking into account the performance of the municipality and after consultation with the affected municipality and in consultation with the transferring officer, amend the planned expenditure for that municipality published in terms of paragraph (a).

# **Duties of receiving officer in respect of infrastructure conditional allocations to** 50 **provinces**

**13.** (1) The receiving officer of the Education Infrastructure Grant, Health Facility Revitalisation Grant, Human Settlements Development Grant, Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant and any other conditional allocation partially or fully funding infrastructure must—

(a) submit to the relevant provincial treasury a list of all infrastructure projects partially or fully funded by the relevant Grant over the medium-term expenditure framework for tabling as part of the estimates of provincial expenditure in the provincial legislature in the format determined by the National Treasury;

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- (b) within seven days after the tabling in the legislature, submit the list to the transferring officer and the National Treasury;
- (c) after consultation with the relevant provincial treasury and the transferring officer, submit any amendments to the infrastructure project list, together with reasons for the amendments, to the provincial treasury for tabling with the 5 adjusted estimates of provincial expenditure;
- (*d*) within seven days after the tabling in the legislature, submit the amended list to the transferring officer and the National Treasury;
- (e) report, in the format and on the date determined by the National Treasury, to the transferring officer, the relevant provincial treasury and the National 10 Treasury, on all infrastructure expenditure partially or fully funded by the relevant Grant;
- (f) within 15 days after the end of each month, in the format determined by the National Treasury, submit to the relevant provincial treasury and transferring officer, a draft report on infrastructure programmes partially or fully funded 15 from those Grants;
- (g) within 22 days after the end of each month, submit to the transferring officer, the relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury, a final report on infrastructure programmes partially or fully funded from those Grants; and
- (*h*) within two months after the end of the 2025/26 financial year—
  (i) based on the infrastructure budget of the province, evaluate the financial
  - and non-financial performance of the province in respect of programmes partially or fully funded by the Grant; and
  - (ii) submit the evaluation to the transferring officer, the relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury.
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(2) The receiving officer of the Education Infrastructure Grant or Health Facility Revitalisation Grant must—

- (a) within 22 days after the end of each quarter, submit to the transferring officer, the relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury, a report on the filling of posts on the approved establishment for the infrastructure unit of the 30 affected provincial department; and
- (b) ensure that projects comply with infrastructure delivery management best practice standards and guidelines, as identified and approved by the National Treasury.

# Duties in respect of annual financial statements and annual reports for 2025/26 35 financial year

**14.** (1) The 2025/26 financial statements of a national department responsible for transferring an allocation in Schedule 4, 5 or 7 must, in addition to any requirement of any other legislation—

- (a) indicate the total amount of that allocation transferred to a province or 40 municipality;
- (b) indicate any transfer withheld or stopped in terms of section 17 or 18 in respect of each province or municipality and the reason for the withholding or stopping;
- (c) indicate any transfer not made in accordance with the payment schedule or 45 amended payment schedule, unless withheld or stopped in terms of section 17 or 18, and the reason for the non-compliance;
- (d) indicate any reallocations by the National Treasury in terms of section 19;
- *(e)* certify that all transfers to a province or municipality were deposited into the primary bank account of a province or municipality; and
- (f) indicate the funds, if any, used for the administration of the allocation by the receiving officer.

(2) The 2025/26 annual report of a national department responsible for transferring an allocation in Schedule 4, 5 or 7 must, in addition to any requirement of any other legislation, indicate—

- (a) the reasons for the withholding or stopping of all transfers to a province or municipality in terms of section 17 or 18;
- (b) the systems used to monitor compliance with this Act by provinces or municipalities;
- (c) the extent that the allocation achieved its objectives and outputs; and
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(d) any non-compliance with this Act and the steps taken to address the non-compliance.

(3) The 2025/26 financial statements of a provincial department receiving an allocation in Schedule 4, 5 or 7 must, in addition to any requirement of any other legislation—

- (a) indicate the total amount of all allocations received;
- (b) indicate the total amount of allocations received that were budgeted to be transferred to municipalities and public entities, including—
  - (i) the amounts transferred to municipalities and public entities, respectively; and
  - (ii) the reasons for any discrepancies;
- (c) indicate the total amount of actual expenditure on each Schedule 5 or 7 allocation; and
- (*d*) certify that all transfers of allocations in Schedules 4, 5 and 7 to the province were deposited into the primary bank account of the province.

(4) The 2025/26 annual report of a provincial department receiving an allocation in Schedule 4, 5 or 7 must, in addition to any requirement of any other legislation—

- (a) indicate the extent that the provincial department complied with this Act;
- (b) indicate the steps taken to address non-compliance with this Act;
- (c) indicate the extent that the allocation achieved its objectives and outputs;
- (d) contain any other information that may be specified in the framework for the allocation; and
- (e) contain such other information as the National Treasury may determine.

(5) The 2025/26 financial statements and annual report of a municipality receiving an allocation in Schedule 4, 5 or 7 must be prepared in accordance with the Municipal 25 Finance Management Act.

(6) To facilitate the monitoring of performance and the audit of the allocations for the 2025/26 financial year, the National Treasury may determine the format in which receiving officers must report on conditional allocations to municipalities in terms of sections 11(2)(c) and 12(2)(c). 30

# Part 3

# Matters relating to Schedule 4 to 7 allocations

## Publication of allocations and frameworks

**15.** (1) The National Treasury must, within 14 working days after this Act takes effect, publish by notice in the *Gazette*—

- (a) the conditional allocations per municipality for Part B of Schedule 5 allocations;
- (*b*) the indicative conditional allocations per province for Part A of Schedule 6 allocations and per municipality for Part B of Schedule 6 allocations; and
- (c) the framework for each conditional allocation in Schedules 4 to 7. 40

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(2) For purposes of correcting an error or omission in an allocation or framework published in terms of subsection (1)(a) or (c), the National Treasury must—

(a) on its initiative and after consultation with the relevant transferring officer; or(b) at the written request of the relevant transferring officer,

by notice in the Gazette, amend the affected allocation or framework.

(3) The National Treasury may, after consultation with the relevant transferring officer and by notice in the *Gazette*, amend an indicative conditional allocation in Schedule 6 published in terms of subsection (1)(b).

(4) Before amending a framework in terms of subsection (2), the National Treasury must submit the proposed amendment to Parliament for comment for a period of 14 days 50 when Parliament is in session.

(5) An amendment of an allocation or framework in terms of subsection (2) or (3) takes effect on the date of publication of the notice in the *Gazette*.

#### Expenditure in terms of purpose and subject to conditions

**16.** (1) Despite any other legislation to the contrary, an allocation referred to in 55 Schedules 4 to 7 may only be used for the purpose stipulated in the Schedule concerned and in accordance with the applicable framework.

(2)(a) A framework may provide for components within a conditional allocation that are subject to specific conditions.

- (b) A transferring officer may shift funds from one component to another—
- (i) after consulting the relevant receiving officer;
- (ii) with the approval of the National Treasury; and
- (iii) in accordance with the applicable appropriation legislation.

(c) The National Treasury must publish a notice in the *Gazette* of a shift of funds in terms of paragraph (b) and include in the notice, the effective date of the shift.

(3) A receiving officer may only transfer any portion of a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation to any other organ of state, other than the department of the relevant transferring officer, 10 for the performance of a function, if the receiving officer and the organ of state have agreed on the obligations of both parties and a payment schedule, the receiving officer has notified the transferring officer, the relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury of the agreed payment schedule and—

(a) the funds—

- (i) are approved in the budget for the receiving provincial department or municipality; or
- (ii) if not already so approved—
  - (aa) the receiving officer notifies the National Treasury that the purpose of the transfer is not to artificially inflate the expenditure estimates 20 of the relevant provincial department or municipality and indicates the reasons for the transfer; and
  - (bb) the National Treasury approves the transfer; or
- (b) the transfer is for the payment for goods or services procured in accordance with the procurement prescripts applicable to the relevant province or 25 municipality and, if it is an advance payment, paragraph (a)(ii) applies with the necessary changes.
- (4) Section 21(1) and (2) applies to funds referred to in subsection (3).
- (5) The receiving officer must—
  - (*a*) submit a copy of the agreement envisaged in subsection (3) to the transferring 30 officer and the National Treasury; and
  - (b) publish by notice in the *Gazette*, the allocations envisaged in subsection (3) before payment is made.

(6)(a) For purposes of the implementation of a Schedule 6 allocation to a municipality—

- (i) Eskom Holdings Limited may receive funds directly from the transferring officer of the Department of Electricity and Energy; or
- (ii) a water board, as defined in section 1 of the Water Services Act, 1997 (Act No. 108 of 1997), may receive funds directly from the transferring officer of the Department of Water and Sanitation.

(b) A transferring officer may withhold the funds allocated in terms of paragraph (a), or any portion thereof, for a period not exceeding 30 days, if—

- (i) Eskom Holdings Limited or the relevant water board does not comply with this Act;
- (ii) roll-overs of conditional allocations approved by the National Treasury in terms 45 of section 21 have not been spent; or
- (iii) there is significant under-expenditure on previous transfers during the 2025/26 financial year.

(c) A transferring officer must, at least seven working days before withholding an allocation in terms of paragraph (b)—

(i) give Eskom Holdings Limited or the relevant water board—

- (aa) notice of the intention to withhold the allocation; and
- (bb) an opportunity to submit written representations as to why the allocation should not be withheld; and
- (ii) inform the relevant municipality, the National Treasury, the relevant provincial 55 treasury and the provincial department responsible for local government of the withholding.

(d) A notice envisaged in paragraph (c)(i)(aa) must include the reasons for withholding the allocation and the intended duration of the withholding.

(e)(i) The National Treasury may instruct, or approve a request from, the transferring 60 officer to withhold an allocation in terms of paragraph (b) for a period of 30 to 120 days, if the withholding shall—

(aa) facilitate compliance with this Act; or

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(bb) minimise the risk of under-spending by Eskom Holdings Limited or the relevant water board.

(ii) When requesting the withholding of an allocation in terms of this subsection, a transferring officer must submit to the National Treasury proof of compliance with paragraph (c) and any representations received from Eskom Holdings Limited or the 5 relevant water board.

(iii) The transferring officer must comply with paragraph (c) when the National Treasury instructs or approves a request by the transferring officer in terms of paragraph (e)(i).

(f) Despite paragraph (b), a transferring officer may reallocate funds in terms of 10 section 19(3).

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(g)(i) Section 21(1) and (2) applies to funds referred to in paragraph (a).

(ii) Eskom Holdings Limited or the relevant water board must ensure that any funds that must revert to the National Revenue Fund in terms of section 21(1) are paid into that Fund by the date determined by the National Treasury.

(iii) Eskom Holdings Limited or the relevant water board must request the roll-over of unspent funds through the relevant transferring officer.

(7)(a) For purposes of the Human Settlements Development Grant and the Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership Grant: Provinces, a receiving officer and a municipality with level one or two accreditation or functions assigned in terms of 20 section 126 of the Constitution to administer all aspects, including financial administration of a national housing programme (herein called "assigned functions") as at 1 April 2025, must, by the date determined by the National Treasury—

- (i) agree on a payment schedule; and
- (ii) submit, through the relevant provincial treasury, the payment schedule to the 25 National Treasury.

(*b*) If a municipality receives accreditation after 1 April 2025, the National Treasury may approve that paragraph (*a*) applies.

(*c*) If the transfer of the Human Settlements Development Grant and the Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership Grant: Provinces to a municipality with assigned 30 functions is withheld or stopped in terms of section 17 or 18, the receiving officer must request the National Treasury to amend the payment schedule in terms of section 23.

(8) If a function, which is partially or fully funded by a conditional allocation to a province, is assigned to a municipality, as envisaged in section 10 of the Municipal Systems Act—

- (*a*) the funds from the conditional allocation for the province for the function must be stopped in terms of section 18 and reallocated in terms of section 19 to the municipality, which has been assigned the function;
- (b) if possible, the province must finalise any project or fulfil any contract regarding the function before the date the function is assigned and, if not 40 finalised, the province must notify the relevant municipality and the National Treasury;
- (c) any project or contract regarding the function not finalised or fulfilled at the date at which the function is assigned, must be subjected to an external audit and the province and the municipality must enter into an agreement to 45 complete the project or fulfil the contract through ceding it to the municipality;
- (d) money that is retained by the province for any contract related to the function that is not ceded to the municipality must be spent by 31 March 2026 and shall not be available in terms of section 30 of the Public Finance Management Act 50 or section 22(2) of this Act;
- (e) the receiving officer of the province must, within seven days after the function is assigned, submit to the transferring officer and the National Treasury a list of liabilities that are attached to the function, but that were not transferred to the municipality, to provide for the adjustment of the applicable allocations; 55 and
- (f) the receiving officer of the municipality must, within one month from the date of the stopping of funds in paragraph (a), submit to the transferring officer a revised plan for its planned expenditure.

#### Withholding of allocations

**17.** (1) Subject to subsections (2) and (3), a transferring officer may withhold the transfer of a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation, or a portion thereof, for a period not exceeding 30 days, if—

- (a) the province or municipality does not comply with any provision of this Act; 5
- (b) roll-overs of conditional allocations approved by the National Treasury in terms of section 21 have not been spent; or
- (c) there is significant under-expenditure on previous transfers during the 2025/26 financial year.

(2) If an allocation, or a portion thereof, is withheld in terms of subsection (1), it 10 suspends the applicable payment schedule, approved in terms of section 22(3), until it is amended in terms of section 23.

(3) The amount withheld in terms of this section in the case of the Human Resources and Training Grant or the National Tertiary Services Grant listed in Part A of Schedule 4 may not exceed five per cent of the next transfer as contained in the relevant payment 15 schedule.

(4) A transferring officer must, at least seven working days before withholding an allocation, or a portion thereof, in terms of subsection (1)—

- (a) give the relevant receiving officer—
  - (i) notice of the intention to withhold the allocation; and
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- (ii) an opportunity to submit written representations as to why the allocation should not be withheld; and
- (b) inform the relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury, and in respect of any conditional allocation to a municipality, also the provincial department responsible for local government of the withholding.

(5) A notice envisaged in subsection (4)(a)(i) must include the reasons for withholding the allocation, or a portion thereof, and the intended duration of the withholding to inform the amendment of the payment schedule in terms of section 23.

(6)(a) The National Treasury may instruct, or approve a request from, the transferring officer to withhold an allocation, or a portion thereof, in terms of subsection (1) for a 30 period of 30 to 120 days, if the withholding shall—

- (i) facilitate compliance with this Act; or
- (ii) minimise the risk of under-spending by the relevant provincial department or municipality.

(b) When requesting the withholding of an allocation, or a portion thereof, in terms of 35 this subsection, a transferring officer must submit to the National Treasury proof of compliance with subsection (4) and any representations received from the receiving officer.

(c) The transferring officer must comply with subsection (4) when the National Treasury instructs or approves a request by the transferring officer in terms of paragraph 40 (a).

## **Stopping of allocations**

18. (1) Despite section 17, the National Treasury may, in its discretion or on request of a transferring officer or a receiving officer, stop the transfer of a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation, or a portion thereof, to a province or municipality—

(a) in the case of—

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- (i) a province, if a serious or persistent material breach of this Act, as
  - envisaged in section 216(2) of the Constitution, occurs; or

(ii) a municipality, if-

- (*aa*) a serious or persistent material breach of this Act, as envisaged in 50 section 216(2) of the Constitution, read with section 38(1)(b)(i) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, occurs; or
- (*bb*) a breach or failure to comply, as envisaged in section 38(1)(*b*)(ii) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, occurs;
- (*b*) if the National Treasury anticipates that a province or municipality shall 55 substantially underspend on the allocation, or any programme, partially or fully funded by the allocation, in the 2025/26 financial year; or
- (c) for purposes of the assignment of a function from a province to a municipality, as envisaged in section 10 of the Municipal Systems Act.

(2) A request by a transferring officer or a receiving officer to stop the transfer of a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation, or a portion thereof, to a province or municipality in terms of section 18(1)(a) or (b) must, in the case of—

(a) a province, be submitted to the National Treasury by 30 December 2025; and

(b) a municipality, be submitted to the National Treasury by 30 January 2026. (3) The National Treasury must, before stopping an allocation, or a portion thereof, in

terms of subsection (1)(a)(i) or (b)—

- (a) comply with the procedures in section 17(4)(a), with the necessary changes; and
- (b) inform the relevant transferring officer and provincial treasury of its intention 10 to stop the allocation.

(4) The National Treasury must, before stopping an allocation, or a portion thereof, in terms of subsection (1)(a)(ii), comply with the applicable provisions of section 38 of the Municipal Finance Management Act.

(5) The National Treasury must give notice in the Gazette of the stopping of an 15 allocation, or a portion thereof, in terms of this section, and include in the notice, the effective date of and reason for the stopping.

(6)(a) If—

- (i) an allocation, or any portion thereof, is stopped in terms of subsection (1)(a) or (b); and 20
- the relevant transferring officer certifies, in writing, to the National Treasury that (ii) the payment of an amount in terms of a statutory or contractual obligation is overdue and the allocation, or a portion thereof, was intended for payment of the amount.

the National Treasury may, by notice in the Gazette, approve that the allocation, or any 25 portion thereof, be used to pay that amount partially or fully.

(b) The utilisation of funds envisaged in this subsection is a direct charge against the National Revenue Fund.

#### **Reallocation of funds**

**19.** (1) When a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation, or a portion thereof, is stopped in terms of 30 section 18(1)(a) or (b), the National Treasury may, after consultation with the transferring officer and the relevant provincial treasury, determine the portion of the allocation to be reallocated, as the same type of allocation as it was allocated originally, to one or more provinces or municipalities, on condition that the allocation must be spent by the end of the 2025/26 financial year. 35

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(2)(a) When a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation, or a portion thereof, is stopped in terms of section 18(1)(c), the National Treasury must, after consultation with the transferring officer and the relevant provincial treasury, determine the portion of the allocation to be reallocated, as the same type of allocation as it was allocated originally, to the affected municipalities, on condition that the allocation must be spent by the end of the 2025/2640 financial year.

(b) The portion of the allocation reallocated in terms of paragraph (a) is, with effect from the date of the notice in the *Gazette* in terms of subsection (4)(a), regarded as having been converted to an allocation in Part B of the same Schedule it appears before the reallocation.

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(3)(a) If the transferring officer of a Schedule 6 allocation indicates, in writing, to the National Treasury that a portion of the allocation is likely to be underspent, or needs to be reprioritised to meet a priority, the National Treasury may, at the request of the transferring officer, determine that the portion be reallocated, as the same type of allocation as it was allocated originally, to a provincial department of another province 50 or to another municipality.

(b) Before requesting a reallocation, the transferring officer must notify the affected provincial department or municipality of the proposed reallocation and give the provincial department or municipality at least 14 days to provide comments and propose changes.

(c) When making a request in terms of paragraph (a), the transferring officer must submit to the National Treasury comments and proposed changes provided by the affected provincial department or municipality in terms of paragraph (b).

(d) The reallocated portion must be spent by the end of the 2025/26 financial year.

(e) The reallocated portion is regarded as having been converted to an allocation to the relevant provincial department or municipality with effect from the date of the notice in the *Gazette* in terms of subsection (4)(a).

(4)(a) The National Treasury must—

- (i) give notice in the *Gazette* of a reallocation in terms of subsection (1), (2) or (3); 5 and
- (ii) provide a copy of the notice to the transferring officer and each affected receiving officer.

(*b*) The reallocation of a portion of an allocation not spent by the end of the 2025/26 financial year is eligible for a roll-over in terms of section 21(2).

(5)(a) When an intervention in terms of section 100 or 139 of the Constitution or section 137, 139 or 150 of the Municipal Finance Management Act takes place, the National Treasury may, despite subsection (1) and on such conditions as it may determine, authorise in relation to—

- (i) section 100 of the Constitution, the transferring officer to spend an allocation 15 stopped in terms of section 18 of this Act on behalf of the relevant province;
- section 139 of the Constitution or section 137 or 139 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, the intervening province to spend an allocation stopped in terms of section 18 of this Act on behalf of the relevant municipality; or
- (iii) section 150 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, the relevant transferring 20 officer to spend an allocation stopped in terms of section 18 of this Act on behalf of the relevant municipality.

(b) An allocation that is spent by the transferring officer or intervening province referred to in paragraph (a) must, for the purposes of this Act, be regarded as a Schedule 6 allocation from the date on which the authorisation is given. 25

(6)(a) On a joint request by the transferring officer and the National Disaster Management Centre, established by section 8 of the Disaster Management Act, 2002 (Act No. 57 of 2002), the National Treasury may approve that a conditional allocation in Schedule 4, 5 or 6, or a portion thereof, be reallocated to pay for the alleviation of the impact of a classified disaster or the reconstruction or rehabilitation of infrastructure 30 damage caused by a classified disaster.

(*b*) Before the National Treasury approves a reallocation, the receiving officer of the conditional allocation in Schedule 4 or 5 or the transferring officer of a Schedule 6 allocation must confirm that the affected funds are not committed in terms of any statutory or contractual obligation.

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(c) The reallocated funds must be used in the 2025/26 financial year in the same sphere that the allocation was originally made and for the same functional area that the original allocation relates to.

(d) The transferring officer must, after consultation with the National Disaster Management Centre and with the approval of the National Treasury, determine the 40 conditions for spending the reallocated funds.

(e) Subsection (4) applies, with the necessary changes, to a reallocation in terms of this subsection to another province or municipality.

#### **Conversion of allocations**

**20.** (1) If satisfied that the relevant provincial department or municipality has 45 demonstrated the capacity to implement projects, the National Treasury may, at the request of the transferring officer and after consultation with the receiving officer and provincial treasury, convert any portion of—

- (a) an allocation listed in Part B of Schedule 6 to one listed in Part B of Schedule
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- (b) the School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant to the Education Infrastructure Grant; or
- (c) the National Health Insurance Indirect Grant listed in Part A of Schedule 6 to the Health Facility Revitalisation Grant, District Health Programmes Grant, Human Resources and Training Grant or the National Health Insurance Grant 55 listed in Part A of Schedule 5.

(2) The National Treasury may, after consultation with the relevant transferring officer, receiving officer and provincial treasury, convert any portion of an allocation listed in Part B of Schedule 5 to one listed in Part B of Schedule 6, if it is satisfied that—

(a) the conversion shall prevent under-expenditure or improve the level of service 60 delivery in respect of the allocation in question;

- (b) the affected national or provincial department has demonstrated the capacity to implement projects;
- (c) the transferring officer has made a demonstrable effort to strengthen the capacity of the receiving officer to implement the allocation, but the receiving officer is still not capable of meeting all the requirements of the allocation; and
- (*d*) there is a history of poor performance in the previous two financial years for the relevant allocation to the receiving officer, including withholding and stopping of allocations.

(3) If satisfied that a municipality has failed to follow the applicable procurement prescripts prescribed in terms of the Municipal Finance Management Act, the National 10 Treasury may, at the request of the transferring officer or in its discretion, after consultation with the relevant transferring officer and receiving officer, convert any portion of an allocation listed in Part B of Schedule 5 to one listed in Part B of Schedule 6.

(4)(a) Any portion of an allocation, except the School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant, 15 converted in terms of subsection (1), (2) or (3) must—

- (i) be used for the same province or municipality to which the allocation was originally made; and
- (ii) if-
  - (*aa*) possible, be used to implement the same project or projects that were 20 planned if the allocation had not been converted; or
  - (bb) not possible, the receiving officer must sign an agreement that defines any new project to be funded, before it is implemented.
- (b) The School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant must be used-
- (i) for the same province to which the allocation was originally made; and
- (ii) to implement the same project or projects that were planned if the allocation had not been converted.
- (5) The National Treasury must—
  - (a) give notice in the *Gazette* of a conversion in terms of subsection (1), (2) or (3); and 30
  - (b) provide a copy of the notice to the transferring officer and each affected receiving officer.

(6) A conversion in terms of subsection (1), (2) or (3) takes effect on the date of publication of the notice in terms of subsection (5)(a).

(7) If an allocation listed in Schedule 7 is insufficient for a classified disaster referred 35 to in section 25(3)(a), the National Treasury may, after consultation with, or on the request of, the relevant transferring officer, convert any portion of—

- (*a*) the Provincial Disaster Response Grant listed in Part A of Schedule 7 to the Municipal Disaster Response Grant listed in Part B of Schedule 7; or
- (*b*) the Municipal Disaster Response Grant listed in Part B of Schedule 7 to the 40 Provincial Disaster Response Grant listed in Part A of Schedule 7.

(8) The National Treasury must—

- (a) in the notice published in terms of section 25(3)(c), include notification of the conversion in terms of subsection (7) and the effective date referred to in subsection (9); and
- (b) provide a copy of the notice to the transferring officer.

(9) A conversion in terms of subsection (7) takes effect on the date that the National Treasury approves it.

## **Unspent conditional allocations**

**21.** (1) Despite a provision to the contrary in the Public Finance Management Act or 50 the Municipal Finance Management Act, any conditional allocation, or a portion thereof, that is not spent at the end of the 2025/26 financial year reverts to the National Revenue Fund, unless the roll-over of the allocation is approved in terms of subsection (2).

(2) The National Treasury may, at the request of a transferring officer, receiving 55 officer or provincial treasury, approve a roll-over of a conditional allocation to the 2026/27 financial year if the unspent funds are committed to identifiable projects.

(3)(a) The receiving officer must ensure that any funds that must revert to the National Revenue Fund in terms of subsection (1), are paid into that Fund by the date determined by the National Treasury.

(b) The receiving officer must—

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- (i) in the case of a provincial department, request the roll-over of unspent funds through its provincial treasury; and
- (ii) inform the transferring officer of all processes regarding the request.

(4)(a) The National Treasury may, subject to paragraphs (b) and (c), offset any funds that must revert to the National Revenue Fund in terms of subsection (1), but not paid 5 into that Fund by the date determined in terms of subsection (3)(a)—

- (i) in respect of a province, against future transfers of conditional allocations to that province; or
- (ii) in respect of a municipality, against future transfers of the equitable share or conditional allocations to that municipality.

(b) Before any funds are offset in terms of paragraph (a), the National Treasury must give the relevant transferring officer, province or municipality—

- (i) notice of the intention to offset amounts against future allocations, the intended amount to be offset against allocations, the intended date for the offsetting and the reasons for the offsetting; and
- (ii) an opportunity, within 14 days of receipt of the notice, to— (*aa*) propose an alternative date for offsetting;
  - (*bb*) make written submissions why the full or a part of the amount should not be offset; or
  - *(cc)* propose an alternative date or dates by which the amount, or portions 20 thereof, must be paid into the National Revenue Fund.

(c) The National Treasury must—

(i) accept the date or dates proposed in terms of paragraph (b)(ii)(aa) or (cc) or determine a different date or dates; or

(ii) accept or reject the submissions made in terms of paragraph (b)(ii)(bb). (5)(*a*) The National Treasury may amend the amount of the equitable share or a conditional allocation offset in terms of subsection (4).

(b) If the amendment envisaged in paragraph (a) results in an underpayment to a municipality—

- (i) in respect of the equitable share of the municipality, the department responsible 30 for local government must, despite section 5(3), transfer the difference to the municipality within 10 days; or
- (ii) in respect of a conditional allocation of the municipality, the transferring officer must, despite the payment schedule envisaged in section 22(3), transfer the difference to the municipality within 10 days.

(c) If the amendment in terms of paragraph (a) results in an overpayment to a municipality, section 24 applies.

# CHAPTER 4

# MATTERS RELATING TO ALL ALLOCATIONS

#### **Payment requirements**

**22.** (1)(a) The National Treasury must, after consultation with the provincial treasury, determine the payment schedule for the transfer of a province's equitable share allocation.

(b) In determining the payment schedule, the National Treasury must take into account the monthly expenditure commitments of provinces and seek to minimise risk 45 and debt servicing costs for national and provincial government.

(c) Despite paragraph (a), the National Treasury may advance funds to a province in respect of its equitable share, or a portion thereof, which has not yet fallen due for transfer in terms of the payment schedule—

 (i) for cash management purposes relating to the corporation for public deposits 50 account or when an intervention in terms of section 100 of the Constitution takes place; and

(ii) on such conditions as it may determine.

(d) Any advance in terms of paragraph (c) must be offset against future transfers to the province, which would otherwise become due in terms of the payment schedule.

(2)(a) The National Treasury must, after consultation with the national department responsible for local government, determine the amount of a municipality's equitable share allocation to be transferred on each date referred to in section 5(3).

(b) If an amount less than the amount approved in terms of paragraph (a) is paid to a municipality, the difference must, despite section 5(3), be paid within 10 days after it 60

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comes to the attention of the national department responsible for local government, unless it is amended in terms of paragraph (e).

(c) Despite paragraph (a), the National Treasury may approve a request or direct that the equitable share, or a portion thereof, which has not yet fallen due for transfer in terms of section 5(3), be advanced to a municipality—

- (i) after consultation with the national department responsible for local government;
- (ii) for purposes of cash management in the municipality or an intervention in terms of section 139 of the Constitution or section 137, 139 or 150 of the Municipal Finance Management Act; and
- (iii) on such conditions as the National Treasury may determine.

(d) Any advance in terms of paragraph (c) must be offset against future transfers to the municipality, which would otherwise become due in terms of section 5(3).

(e) The equitable share amount envisaged in paragraph (a) may be amended if the transfer of funds is stopped in terms of section 216(2) of the Constitution, read with 15 sections 38 and 39 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, or offset in terms of section 21(4)(a)(ii) of this Act.

(3)(a) Subject to section 27(1), the National Treasury must, within 14 days after this Act takes effect, approve the payment schedule for the transfer of an allocation listed in Schedule 4 or 5 to a province or municipality.

(*b*) The transferring officer of a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation must submit a payment schedule to the National Treasury for approval before the first transfer is made.

(c) Before the submission of a payment schedule in terms of paragraph (b), the transferring officer must, in relation to a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation, consult the relevant receiving officer.

(4) The transferring officer of a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation must provide the receiving officer and the relevant provincial treasury with a copy of the approved payment schedule before making the first transfer in terms thereof.

(5) The transfer of a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation to a municipality must accord with the financial year of the municipality.

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(6) Each transfer of an equitable share or a conditional allocation to a municipality in terms of this Act must be made through a payment system provided by the National Treasury.

#### Amendment of payment schedule

**23.** (1)(a) Subject to subsection (2), a transferring officer of a Schedule 4 or 5 35 allocation must, within seven days of the withholding or stopping of an allocation, or a portion thereof, in terms of section 17 or 18, submit an amended payment schedule to the National Treasury for approval.

(b) No transfers may be made until the National Treasury has approved the amended payment schedule.

(2) For purposes of—

- (a) better management of debt and cash-flow; or
- (b) addressing financial mismanagement, financial misconduct or slow or accelerated expenditure, the National Treasury may amend any payment schedule for an allocation listed in Schedule 2, 4 or 5, after notifying, in the 45 case of—
  - (i) an allocation to a province, its provincial treasury;
  - (ii) an allocation to a municipality, the national department responsible for local government; and

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(iii) a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation, the relevant transferring officer.(3) The amendment of a payment schedule in terms of subsection (1) or (2) must take into account—

- (a) the monthly expenditure commitments of provinces or municipalities;
- (b) the revenue at the disposal of provinces or municipalities; and
- (c) the minimisation of risk and debt servicing costs for all three spheres of 55 government.

(4) The transferring officer must immediately inform the receiving officer of any amendment to a payment schedule in terms of subsection (1) or (2).

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#### Transfers made in error or fraudulently

**24.** (1) Despite any other legislation to the contrary, the transfer of an allocation that is an overpayment to a province, municipality or public entity, made in error or fraudulently, is regarded as not legally due to that province, municipality or public entity, as the case may be.

(2) The responsible transferring officer must, without delay, recover an overpayment referred to in subsection (1), unless an instruction has been issued in terms of subsection (3).

(3) The National Treasury may instruct that the recovery referred to in subsection (2) be set off against future transfers to the affected province, municipality or public entity 10 in terms of a payment schedule.

# New allocations during financial year and Schedule 7 allocations

**25.** (1) If further allocations are made to provinces or municipalities, as envisaged in section 6(3), the National Treasury must, before the transfer of any funds to a province or municipality, by notice in the *Gazette* and as applicable—

- (a) amend any allocation or framework published in terms of section 15;
- (*b*) publish the allocation per municipality for any new Part B of Schedule 5 allocation or the indicative allocation per municipality for any new Part B of Schedule 6 allocation; or
- (c) publish a framework for any new Schedule 4, 5, 6 or 7 allocation.

(2) Section 15(2) to (5) applies, with the necessary changes, to allocations and frameworks published in terms of subsection (1).

(3)(a) The transferring officer may, with the approval of the National Treasury, make one or more transfers of a Schedule 7 allocation to a province or municipality for a classified disaster, within 100 days after the date of the classification of the disaster.

(b) The transferring officer must notify, in writing, the relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury within five days of a transfer of a Schedule 7 allocation to a province or municipality.

(c) The National Treasury must, within 21 days after the end of the 100-day period envisaged in paragraph (a), by notice in the *Gazette*, publish all transfers of a Schedule 30 7 allocation made for a classified disaster.

(d) The transferring officer, after consultation with the National Treasury, must determine the period in the financial year within which funds transferred in terms of paragraph (a) must be spent.

(e) The transferring officer may, after consultation with the National Treasury, amend 35 the period referred to in paragraph (d), provided that it ends in the financial year.

(f) The funds approved in terms of paragraph (a) must be included either in the provincial adjustments appropriation legislation, municipal adjustments budgets or other appropriation legislation.

# Preparations for 2026/27 financial year and 2027/28 financial year

**26.** (1)(*a*) A category C municipality that receives a conditional allocation in terms of this Act must, using the indicative conditional allocations to that municipality for the 2026/27 financial year and the 2027/28 financial year as set out in Column B of the Schedules to this Act, by 15 September 2025—

- (i) agree with each category B municipality within the category C municipality's 45 area of jurisdiction on the provisional allocations and the projects to be funded from those allocations in the 2026/27 financial year and the 2027/28 financial year; and
- (ii) submit to the transferring officer-

(*aa*) the provisional allocations referred to in subparagraph (i); and

(bb) the projects referred to in subparagraph (i), listed per municipality.

(b) If a category C municipality and a category B municipality cannot agree on the allocations and projects referred to in paragraph (a), the category C municipality must request the relevant transferring officer to facilitate agreement.

(c) The transferring officer must take all necessary steps to facilitate agreement as 55 soon as possible, but not later than 60 days after receiving a request referred to in paragraph (b).

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the submission of the allocations referred to in paragraph (a)(ii).
(e) If agreement is not reached between the category C municipality and the category 5
B municipality on the provisional allocations and projects referred to in paragraph (a)
before 3 October 2025, the National Treasury, after consultation with the relevant provincial treasury, must determine the provisional allocations and provide those provisional allocations to the affected municipalities and the transferring officer.

(f)(i) The transferring officer must submit the final allocations, based on the 10 provisional allocations referred to in paragraphs (a)(i) and (ii) and (e), to the National Treasury by 28 November 2025.

(ii) If the transferring officer fails to submit the allocations referred to in subparagraph
(i) by 28 November 2025, the National Treasury may determine the appropriate allocations, taking into consideration the indicative allocations for the 2026/27 financial 15 year.

(2)(a) The transferring officer of a conditional allocation, using the indicative conditional allocations for the 2026/27 financial year and the 2027/28 financial year, as set out in Column B of the affected Schedules to this Act, must, by 3 October 2025, submit to the National Treasury—

- (i) the provisional allocations to each province or municipality in respect of new conditional allocations to be made in the 2026/27 financial year;
- (ii) any amendments to the indicative allocations for each province or municipality set out in Column B of the affected Schedules in respect of existing conditional allocations;
- (iii) the draft frameworks for the allocations referred to in subparagraphs (i) and (ii); and
- (iv) electronic copies of any guidelines, business plan templates and other documents referred to in the draft frameworks referred to in subparagraph (iii).

(b) A transferring officer must consult the accounting officer of a national or 30 provincial department on a duty assigned to that accounting officer in the draft framework before submission to the National Treasury in terms of paragraph (a).

(c) When a document referred to in a draft framework that is submitted in terms of paragraph (a)(iii) is amended, the transferring officer must immediately provide the National Treasury and each receiving officer with electronic copies of the revised 35 document.

(*d*) The National Treasury must approve any proposed amendment or adjustment for the 2026/27 financial year of the allocation criteria of an existing conditional allocation before the submission of the provisional allocations and draft frameworks.

(e) The transferring officer must, under his or her signature, submit to the National 40 Treasury, by 28 November 2025, the final allocations and frameworks based on the provisional allocations and frameworks.

(f) If the transferring officer fails to comply with paragraph (a) or (e), the National Treasury may determine the appropriate draft or final allocations and frameworks, taking into consideration the indicative allocations for the 2026/27 financial year.

(g)(i) The National Treasury may amend final allocations and frameworks in order to ensure equitable and stable allocations and fair and consistent conditions.

(ii) The National Treasury must give notice, in writing, to the transferring officer of the intention to amend allocations and frameworks and invite the transferring officer to submit written comments within seven days after the date of the notification.

(*h*) The draft and final allocations and frameworks must be submitted in the format determined by the National Treasury.

(3) The National Treasury may instruct transferring officers, accounting officers of the provincial treasuries and receiving officers to submit to it such plans and information for any conditional allocation, as it may determine, at specified dates before the start of the 55 2026/27 financial year.

(4)(a) For purposes of the Education Infrastructure Grant or Health Facility Revitalisation Grant in the 2026/27 financial year, the receiving officer of the relevant provincial department must, in the format and on the date determined by the National Treasury, submit to the transferring officer, the relevant provincial treasury and the 60 National Treasury—

(i) an infrastructure asset management plan for all infrastructure programmes for a period of at least 10 years;

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- (ii) an infrastructure programme management plan, including an infrastructure procurement strategy for infrastructure programmes and projects envisaged to commence within the period for the medium-term expenditure framework; and
- (iii) a document that outlines how the infrastructure delivery management system must be implemented in the province and is approved by the Executive Council 5 of the province before or after the commencement of this Act.

(b) The receiving officer of the relevant provincial department must review the document, referred to in paragraph (a)(iii), and if any substantive change is made to the document during the 2025/26 financial year, the amended document must be approved by the Executive Council of the province before submission to the National Treasury 10 within 14 days after such approval.

(5)(a) Any category B municipality may apply to qualify for the Integrated Urban Development Grant, referred to in Part B of Schedule 5, by submitting an application to the Department of Cooperative Governance by 31 July 2025.

(b) The Department of Cooperative Governance must determine the form of the 15 application, including the minimum qualifying conditions.

(c) The Department of Cooperative Governance must submit, by 3 October 2025, to the National Treasury for comment, a list of any proposed additional qualifying municipalities and any municipalities that have failed to meet the qualifying conditions to continue to qualify for approval.

(d) A municipality that is informed by the Department of Cooperative Governance that it has qualified for the Integrated Urban Development Grant, must submit to the Department of Cooperative Governance—

- (i) by 30 March 2026, a first draft of its three-year capital programme and the 10-year Capital Expenditure Framework; and
- (ii) by 1 June 2026, the final versions of its three-year capital programme and the 10-year Capital Expenditure Framework, which must be evaluated by the Department of Cooperative Governance after consultation with relevant stakeholders.

(6)(a) A provincial treasury must, in respect of the 2026/27 financial year—

(i) on the same date that its budget for the 2026/27 financial year is tabled in the provincial legislature; or

(ii) on a date not later than 15 June 2026 approved by the National Treasury,

publish a notice in the *Gazette* containing the information set out in section 29(2)(*a*). (*b*) This subsection continues in force until 15 June 2026.

# Transfers before commencement of Division of Revenue Act for 2026/27 financial year

**27.** (1) Despite the Division of Revenue Act for the 2026/27 financial year not having commenced on 1 April 2026, the National Treasury, subject to subsection (2), may determine an amount of—

- (*a*) equitable share in terms of section 4(1), that may be transferred to the relevant province;
- (b) equitable share in terms of section 5(1), that may be transferred to the relevant municipality;
- (c) allocation made in terms of section 7(1) or 8(1), as the case may be, that may 45 be transferred to the relevant province or municipality.

(2) An amount transferred in terms of subsection (1) may not-

- (*a*) during the first four months of that financial year, exceed 45 per cent of the total amount allocated in the 2025/26 financial year;
- (b) during each of the following months, exceed 10 per cent of the total amount 50 appropriated in the 2025/26 financial year; and

(c) in aggregate, exceed the total amount allocated in the 2025/26 financial year. (3) An amount transferred in terms of subsection (1)(c) is, with the necessary changes, subject to the applicable framework for the 2025/26 financial year and the other requirements of this Act, as if it is an amount of an allocation for the 2025/26 financial 55 year.

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#### **CHAPTER 5**

# DUTIES AND POWERS OF MUNICIPALITIES, PROVINCIAL TREASURIES AND NATIONAL TREASURY

#### **Duties of municipalities**

**28.** (1)(*a*) In addition to the requirements of the Municipal Finance Management Act, 5 the accounting officer of a category C municipality must, within 10 days after this Act takes effect, submit to the National Treasury, the relevant provincial treasury and all category B municipalities within that municipality's area of jurisdiction, the budget, as tabled in accordance with section 16 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, for the 2025/26 financial year, the 2026/27 financial year and the 2027/28 financial year, except 10 if submitted in terms of any other legislation before the end of the 10-day period.

(*b*) The budget must indicate all allocations from its equitable share and conditional allocations to be transferred to each category B municipality within the category C municipality's area of jurisdiction and disclose the criteria for allocating funds between the category B municipalities.

(2) A category C municipality that is providing a municipal service must, before implementing any capital project for water, electricity, roads or any other municipal service, consult the category B municipalities within whose area of jurisdiction the project must be implemented, and agree, in writing, which municipality is responsible for the operational and maintenance costs and the collection of user fees.

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(3) A category C municipality must ensure that it does not duplicate a function currently performed by a category B municipality and must transfer funds for the provision of services, including basic services, to the relevant category B municipality that is providing municipal services, despite—

- (*a*) the category C municipality retaining the function in terms of the Municipal 25 Structures Act; and
- (b) a service delivery agreement for the provision of services by the category B municipality on behalf of the category C municipality not being concluded.

(4) A category B municipality which is not authorised to perform a function in terms of the Municipal Structures Act may not extend the scope or type of services that it 30 currently provides, without—

- (*a*) entering into a service delivery agreement with the category C municipality which is authorised to perform the function in terms of the Municipal Structures Act; or
- (b) obtaining authorisation to perform the function in terms of the Municipal 35 Structures Act.

(5)(a) A category C municipality and a category B municipality must, before the commencement of a financial year, agree to a payment schedule in respect of the allocations, referred to in subsection (1)(b), to be transferred to the category B municipality in that financial year, and the category C municipality must submit the 40 payment schedule to the National Treasury before the commencement of the financial year.

(b) A category C municipality must make transfers in accordance with the payment schedule submitted in terms of paragraph (a).

(6)(a) The National Treasury may withhold or stop any allocation, or a portion 45 thereof, to the category C municipality and reallocate the allocation or portion to the relevant category B municipalities if a category C municipality fails to—

- (i) make allocations referred to in subsection (1)(b);
- (ii) reach an agreement envisaged in subsection (2); or

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(*b*) The following provisions apply to the withholding or stopping of an allocation, or a portion thereof, in accordance with paragraph (*a*):

submit a payment schedule in accordance with subsection (5)(a).

(i) Section 216 of the Constitution;

(iii)

- (ii) in the case of withholding an allocation, or a portion thereof, section 17(4)(*a*), with the necessary changes; and 55
- (iii) in the case of stopping an allocation, or a portion thereof, section 18(3)(*a*), (4), (5) and (6), with the necessary changes.

(c) If an allocation is stopped in terms of this subsection, the National Treasury may, after consultation with the transferring officer, determine that a portion of the allocation that will not be spent, be reallocated to one or more municipalities, on condition that the 60 allocation must be spent by the end of the 2025/26 financial year.

(7) A municipality must ensure that any allocation made to it in terms of this Act, or by a province or another municipality, which is not reflected in its budget as tabled in accordance with section 16 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, is reflected in its budget to be considered for approval in accordance with section 24 of the Municipal Finance Management Act.

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#### Duties and powers of provincial treasuries

**29.** (1) A provincial treasury must reflect allocations listed in Part A of Schedule 5 to the province separately in the appropriation Bill of the province.

(2)(a) A provincial treasury must, not later than seven working days after this Act takes effect, publish by notice in the *Gazette*—

- (i) the indicative allocation per municipality for every allocation to be made by the province to municipalities from the province's own funds and from conditional allocations to the province;
- (ii) the indicative allocation to be made per school and per hospital in the province in the format determined by the National Treasury;
- (iii) the indicative allocation to any national or provincial public entity for the implementation of a programme funded by an allocation in Part A of Schedule 5 on behalf of a province or for assistance provided to the province in implementing the programme;
- (iv) the envisaged division of the allocation envisaged in subparagraphs (i) and (ii), 20 in respect of each municipality, school and hospital, for the 2026/27 financial year and the 2027/28 financial year; and
- (v) the conditions and other information in respect of the allocations, referred to in subparagraphs (i), (ii) and (iii), to facilitate performance measurement and the use of required inputs and outputs.

(b) The allocations referred to in paragraph (a) must be regarded as final when the provincial appropriation Act takes effect or, if published on a later date, on the date of publication of the notice.

(c) If the provincial legislature amends its appropriation Bill, the provincial treasury must publish amended allocations and budgets, by notice in the *Gazette*, within 14 30 working days after the appropriation Act takes effect, and those allocations and budget must be regarded as final.

(d) Allocations to municipalities in terms of subsection (2)(a) must be consistent with the terms of any agreement concluded between the province and a municipality.

(3)(a) Despite subsection (2) or any other legislation, a provincial treasury may, in 35 accordance with a framework determined by the National Treasury, amend the allocations referred to in subsection (2).

(b) Any amendments to the allocations published in terms of subsection (2)(a) or (c) must be published, by notice in the *Gazette*, not later than 6 February 2026 or such later date as approved by the National Treasury and takes effect on the date of publication. 40

(4) A provincial treasury must, as part of its report in terms of section 40(4)(b) and (c) of the Public Finance Management Act, in the format determined by the National Treasury, report on—

- (a) actual transfers received by the province from national departments and actual expenditure on such transfers, excluding Schedule 4 allocations, up to the end 45 of that month; and
- (b) actual transfers made by the province to municipalities and public entities and actual expenditure by municipalities and public entities on such transfers, based on the latest information available from municipalities and public entities at the time of reporting.

(5)(*a*) A provincial treasury must—

- (i) ensure that a payment schedule, or any amendment thereof, is agreed between each provincial department and receiving institution envisaged in subsection (2)(a);
- (ii) ensure that transfers are made promptly to the relevant receiving officer in terms 55 of the agreed payment schedule; and
- (iii) submit the payment schedules to the National Treasury within 14 days after this Act takes effect and any amended payment schedule, agreed to, within 14 days of it being agreed to.

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(b) If a provincial department and receiving institution do not agree to a payment schedule in time for submission to the National Treasury, the provincial treasury must, after consultation with the transferring officer, determine the payment schedule.

(6) If a provincial treasury fails to make a transfer in terms of subsection (5)(a), the relevant receiving officer may request the provincial treasury to immediately make the 5 transfer or to provide written reasons, within three working days, as to why the transfer has not been made.

(7) If a provincial treasury fails to make the transfer requested by the receiving officer or provide reasons in terms of subsection (6), or the receiving officer disputes the reasons provided by the provincial treasury as to why the transfer has not been made, the 10 receiving officer may request the National Treasury to investigate the matter.

(8) On receipt of a request in terms of subsection (7), the National Treasury must-

- (a) consult the transferring officer on the matter;
- (b) investigate the matter, assess any reasons given by the provincial treasury as to why the transfer was not made;
- (c) direct the provincial treasury to immediately effect the transfer or provide reasons to the receiving officer, confirming why the provincial treasury was correct in not making the transfer; and
- (*d*) advise the provincial treasury and the receiving officer as to what steps must be taken to ensure the transfer.

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#### **Duties and powers of National Treasury**

**30.** (1) The National Treasury must, within 14 days after this Act takes effect, submit a notice to all transferring officers containing the details of the primary bank accounts of each province and municipality.

(2) The National Treasury must, together with the statement envisaged in section 25 32(2) of the Public Finance Management Act, publish a report on actual transfers of all allocations listed in Schedules 4, 5, 6 and 7 or made in terms of section 25.

(3) The National Treasury may include in a report on the equitable share and conditional allocations in terms of this Act, any report it publishes—

- (*a*) that aggregates statements published by provincial treasuries envisaged in 30 section 71(7) of the Municipal Finance Management Act; and
- (b) in respect of municipal finances.

# **CHAPTER 6**

#### **GENERAL**

# Liability for costs incurred in violation of principles of cooperative governance and 35 intergovernmental relations

**31.** (1) An organ of state involved in an intergovernmental dispute regarding any provision of this Act or any division of revenue matter or allocation must—

- (*a*) comply with section 41 of the Constitution and Chapter 4 of the Intergovernmental Relations Framework Act, 2005 (Act No. 13 of 2005); and
- (b) if it decides to institute judicial proceedings against another organ of state, within 10 working days of its decision, notify the National Treasury, the relevant provincial treasury, the Department of Cooperative Governance and the Auditor-General, of the details of compliance with Chapter 4 of the Intergovernmental Relations Framework Act, 2005, including an explanation 45 of the failure to resolve the dispute.

(2) If an organ of state does not comply with subsection (1), the expenditure incurred by that organ of state in approaching the court must be regarded as fruitless and wasteful.

(3) The amount of any such fruitless and wasteful expenditure incurred in terms of subsection (2) must be recovered or written off in terms of the applicable procedures in 50 the Public Finance Management Act or the Municipal Finance Management Act.

#### **Irregular expenditure**

**32.** Expenditure of an allocation in Part B of Schedule 4 or Part B of Schedule 5 contrary to this Act is irregular expenditure and must be dealt with in terms of the Municipal Finance Management Act, except if it is unauthorised expenditure in terms of 55 the Municipal Finance Management Act.

#### **Financial misconduct**

**33.** (1) Despite any other legislation to the contrary, any wilful or negligent non-compliance with a provision of this Act constitutes financial misconduct.

(2) Section 84 of the Public Finance Management Act or section 171 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, as the case may be, applies in respect of financial misconduct 5 envisaged in subsection (1).

#### **Delegations and assignments**

**34.** (1) The Minister may, in writing, delegate any of the powers entrusted to, and assign any of the duties imposed on, the National Treasury in terms of this Act, to an official of the National Treasury.

(2) A delegation or assignment in terms of subsection (1) to an official of the National Treasury—

(a) is subject to any limitations or conditions that the Minister may impose;

- (b) may authorise that official to sub-delegate, in writing, the delegated power or assigned duty, to any other official of the National Treasury; and15
- (c) does not divest the National Treasury of the responsibility concerning the exercise of the delegated power or the performance of the assigned duty.

(3) The Minister may vary or revoke any decision taken by an official as a result of a delegation or assignment, subject to any rights that may have vested as a consequence of the decision.

(4) A Member of the Executive Council responsible for finance in a province may, in writing, delegate any power entrusted to, and assign any duty imposed on, the provincial treasury in terms of this Act, to an official of the provincial treasury.

(5)(a) A transferring officer may, in writing, delegate any power entrusted to, and assign any duty imposed on, the transferring officer in terms of this Act, to an official in 25 his or her department.

(b) A copy of the written delegation must be submitted to the National Treasury.

(6) Subsections (2) and (3) apply, with the necessary changes, to a delegation or assignment in terms of subsection (4) or (5).

# Departures

**35.** (1) The Minister may, if good grounds exist, approve a departure from a provision of a framework, a regulation made under section 36 or a condition imposed in terms of this Act.

(2) For purposes of subsection (1), good grounds include the fact that the provision of the framework, regulation or condition— 35

- (a) cannot be implemented in practice;
- (b) impedes the achievement of any object of this Act;
- (c) impedes an immediate response to a classified disaster; or
- (*d*) undermines the financial viability of the affected national department, provincial department or municipality.

(3) Any departure approved in terms of subsection (1) must set out the period and conditions of the departure, if any, and must be published, by notice in the *Gazette*.

#### Regulations

36. The Minister may, by notice in the Gazette, make regulations regarding-

(a) any matter which must or may be prescribed in terms of this Act; or

(b) any ancillary or incidental administrative or procedural matter that is necessary to prescribe for the proper implementation or administration of this Act.

#### Repeal of laws and savings

**37.** (1) Subject to subsection (2)—

(*a*) the Division of Revenue Act, 2024 (Act No. 24 of 2024), except sections 15 and 25, is hereby repealed;

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- (*b*) sections 15 and 25 of the Division of Revenue Act, 2024, are hereby repealed with effect from 1 July 2025 or the date that this Act takes effect, whichever is the later date; and
- (c) the Division of Revenue Amendment Act, 2024 (Act No. 48 of 2024), is hereby repealed.
- (2) Any repeal referred to in subsection (1) does not affect-
  - (*a*) any duty to be performed in terms of any provision of an Act, referred to in subsection (1), after the end of the 2025/26 financial year; and
  - (b) any obligation in terms of any provision of an Act, referred to in subsection (1), the execution of which is outstanding.

(3) Any framework published in terms of section 15 of the Division of Revenue Act, 2024, as amended in terms of section 15 or 25 of that Act, applies to funds of a conditional allocation approved for roll-over in terms of section 21(2) of that Act if that conditional allocation does not continue to exist in terms of this Act.

# Short title and commencement

**38.** This Act is called the Division of Revenue Act, 2025, and takes effect on 1 April 2025 or the date of publication in the *Gazette*, whichever is the later date.

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# EQUITABLE DIVISION OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY AMONG THE THREE SPHERES OF GOVERNMENT

	Column A	Column B		
Spheres of Government	2025/26	Forward Estimates		
	2025/20	2026/27	2027/28	
	R'000	R'000	R'000	
National <sup>1,2</sup>	1 571 476 758	1 631 803 495	1 709 716 617	
Provincial	633 165 959	660 568 536	690 243 493	
Local	106 087 022	110 661 361	115 665 536	
TOTAL	2 310 729 739	2 403 033 392	2 515 625 646	

1. National share includes conditional allocations to provincial and local spheres, general fuel levy sharing with metropolitan municipalities, debt-service costs, the contingency reserve and provisional allocations

2. The direct charges for the provincial equitable share are netted out

# **SCHEDULE 2**

# DETERMINATION OF EACH PROVINCE'S EQUITABLE SHARE OF THE PROVINCIAL SPHERE'S SHARE OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY (as a direct charge against the National Revenue Fund)

	Column A	Column B		
Province	2025/26	Forward Estimates		
	2025/20	2026/27	2027/28	
	R'000	R'000	R'000	
Eastern Cape	82 452 399	85 665 070	89 501 602	
Free State	34 836 292	36 304 798	37 876 423	
Gauteng	133 979 469	138 934 364	144 160 521	
KwaZulu-Natal	128 094 529	134 319 766	141 007 305	
Limpopo	74 064 064	77 791 873	81 806 595	
Mpumalanga	52 486 799	55 084 464	57 872 025	
Northern Cape	17 110 732	17 924 043	18 792 817	
North West	44 765 477	46 200 119	47 718 756	
Western Cape	65 376 198	68 344 039	71 507 449	
TOTAL	633 165 959	660 568 536	690 243 493	

			Nati	National Financial Year		
			Column A Column B		n B	
			2025/26	Forward E	stimates	
Nun	nber	Municipality	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	
			R'000	R'000	R'000	
EASTE	RN CAF	E				
А	BUF	Buffalo City	1 296 018	1 365 808	1 427 605	
А	NMA	Nelson Mandela Bay	1 637 749	1 739 300	1 817 952	
В	EC101	Dr Beyers Naude	126 546	131 231	137 143	
	EC102	Blue Crane Route	73 464	75 684	79 093	
	EC104	Makana	135 052	140 120	146 429	
	EC105 EC106	Ndlambe Sundays River Valley	142 119 122 783	147 290	153 93:	
	EC100 EC108	Sundays River Valley Kouga	203 533	127 670 213 418	133 43 223 03	
	EC100	Kou-Kamma	72 001	74 812	78 184	
	DC10	Sarah Baartman District Municipality	113 301	116 246	121 51	
Total: S	arah Ba	artman Municipalities	988 799	1 026 471	1 072 763	
В	EC121	Mbhashe	325 208	322 794	337 372	
	EC121 EC122	Mnguma	325 208	336 229	351 418	
	EC123	Great Kei	55 269	55 109	57 592	
В	EC124	Amahlathi	137 520	136 575	142 739	
В	EC126	Ngqushwa	107 397	106 732	111 54	
	EC129	Raymond Mhlaba	225 057	223 260	233 34	
С	DC12	Amathole District Municipality	1 206 329	1 277 913	1 335 70	
Total: A	mathol	Municipalities	2 395 575	2 458 612	2 569 711	
В	EC131	Inxuba Yethemba	58 946	59 882	62 572	
	EC131	Intsika Yethu	207 121	205 662	214 94	
			160 831	159 658	166 86	
	EC136	Emalahleni				
	EC137	Dr. A.B. Xuma	192 980	191 661	200 313	
	EC138	Sakhisizwe	88 464	88 012	91 98	
	EC139	Enoch Mgijima	245 285	245 760	256 916	
	DC13	Chris Hani District Municipality	780 418	827 670	865 112	
Total: C	hris Ha	ni Municipalities	1 734 045	1 778 305	1 858 710	
В	EC141	Elundini	200 223	199 345	208 353	
В	EC142	Senqu	196 074	195 063	203 877	
В	EC145	Walter Sisulu	82 737	84 017	87 796	
		Joe Goabi District Municipality	399 080	422 725	441 851	
-		i Municipalities	878 114	901 150	941 877	
D	Dol 50		244.005	242.207	257.05	
	EC153	Ngquza Hill	344 827	342 387	357 854	
	EC154	Port St Johns	203 130	201 950	211 068	
	EC155	Nyandeni	347 318	345 078	360 660	
	EC156	Mhlontlo	239 367	237 386	248 10	
	EC157	King Sabata Dalindyebo	464 894	466 344	487 51	
	DC15	O.R. Tambo District Municipality	1 266 988	1 346 030	1 406 920	
Total: O	).R. Tan	1bo Municipalities	2 866 524	2 939 175	3 072 120	
В	EC441	Matatiele	319 324	317 618	331 972	
	EC442	Umzimvubu	288 295	286 246	299 17	
	EC443	Winnie Madikizela-Mandela	357 855	355 590	371 65:	
	EC443 EC444	Ntabankulu	164 065	162 686	170 020	
			826 799	877 892	917 60	
	DC44	Alfred Nzo District Municipality zo Municipalities	1 956 338	2 000 032	2 090 433	
		. K to a super-				
Total: E	astern (	Cape Municipalities	13 753 162	14 208 853	14 851 175	

			National Financial Year			
			Column A	Column B		
	N7 1		2025/26	<b>Forward Estimates</b>		
	Number	Municipality	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	
			R'000	R'000	R'000	
FRE	E STATE					
А	MAN	Mangaung	1 197 582	1 271 840	1 329 354	
В	FS161	Letsemeng	93 781	97 204	101 588	
B	FS162	Kopanong	122 114	126 524	132 231	
В	FS163	Mohokare	102 636	105 816	110 592	
C	DC16	Xhariep District Municipality	52 928	53 850	56 291	
		Municipalities	371 459	383 394	400 702	
		•				
в	FS181	Masilonyana	173 418	178 538	186 602	
в	FS182	Tokologo	81 778	84 075	87 867	
в	FS183	Tswelopele	105 964	108 938	113 851	
в	FS184	Matjhabeng	776 731	816 136	853 071	
В	FS185	Nala	168 883	174 242	182 105	
С	DC18	Lejweleputswa District Municipality	156 107	160 201	167 456	
Tota	l: Lejwelep	outswa Municipalities	1 462 881	1 522 130	1 590 952	
В	FS191	Setsoto	277 095	286 477	299 411	
В	FS192	Dihlabeng	259 084	270 940	283 206	
В	FS193	Nketoana	144 013	148 987	155 712	
В	FS194	Maluti-a-Phofung	878 511	904 431	945 424	
В	FS195	Phumelela	109 494	112 973	118 070	
В	FS196	Mantsopa	121 173	125 225	130 874	
С	DC19	Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality	141 227	143 749	150 264	
Tota	l: Thabo M	lofutsanyana Municipalities	1 930 597	1 992 782	2 082 961	
в	FS201	Moqhaka	312 705	325 734	340 485	
B	FS201	Ngwathe	288 814	298 921	312 464	
B	FS204	Metsimaholo	313 545	329 814	344 739	
B	FS205	Mafube	140 967	145 579	152 150	
C	DC20	Fezile Dabi District Municipality	183 611	190 834	199 466	
		abi Municipalities	1 239 642	1 290 882	1 349 304	
Tota	l: Free Stat	te Municipalities	6 202 161	6 461 028	6 753 273	

	National Financial Year			r		
			Column A	Column B		
	Number	Municipality	2025/26	Forward Estimates		
1	Number	Municipality	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	
			R'000	R'000	R'000	
GAU	JTENG					
А	EKU	City of Ekurhuleni	5 950 244	6 319 198	6 604 955	
А	JHB	City of Johannesburg	8 140 146	8 644 888	9 035 815	
А	TSH	City of Tshwane	4 609 036	4 894 827	5 116 174	
-			1 000 071	1 202 202	1 2 5 1 0 0 2	
В	GT421	Emfuleni	1 222 371	1 293 303	1 351 803	
В	GT422	Midvaal	184 733	196 031	204 856	
В	GT423	Lesedi	229 875	241 409	252 299	
С	DC42	Sedibeng District Municipality	320 303	332 642	347 690	
Tota	l: Sedibeng	Municipalities	1 957 282	2 063 385	2 156 648	
В	GT481	Mogale City	696 434	739 617	773 063	
В	GT484	Merafong City	326 415	345 087	360 697	
В	GT485	Rand West City	497 947	526 106	549 906	
С	DC48	West Rand District Municipality	251 142	259 638	271 389	
Tota	l: West Rai	nd Municipalities	1 771 938	1 870 448	1 955 055	
Tota	l: Gauteng	Municipalities	22 428 646	23 792 746	24 868 647	

			Nati	National Financial Year		
			Column A	Column B		
	<b>N</b> T <b>1</b>	N	2025/26	Forward E	stimates	
	Number	Municipality	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	
			R'000	R'000	R'000	
KW.	AZULU-NA	TAL				
А	ETH	eThekwini	5 190 438	5 512 279	5 761 547	
В	KZN212	uMdoni	182 765	182 132	190 351	
B		uMzumbe	169 550	167 994	175 573	
B		uMuziwabantu	122 960	122 416	127 946	
в	KZN216	Ray Nkonyeni	308 440	311 402	325 529	
С	DC21	Ugu District Municipality	706 648	749 499	783 404	
Tota	ıl: Ugu Mun		1 490 363	1 533 443	1 602 803	
В		uMshwathi	140 792	141 073	147 439	
В		uMngeni	110 135	113 257	118 351	
В		Mpofana	49 614	50 022	52 277	
В		iMpendle	50 344	50 293	52 563	
В		Msunduzi	877 312	926 722	968 645	
В	KZN226	Mkhambathini	87 953	87 957	91 932	
В		Richmond	98 361	98 418	102 867	
С	DC22	uMgungundlovu District Municipality	788 577	831 328	868 929	
Tota	ıl: uMgungu	ndlovu Municipalities	2 203 088	2 299 070	2 403 003	
в	K7N235	Okhahlamba	166 291	165 338	172 808	
B		iNkosi Langalibalele	245 395	244 357	255 390	
B		Alfred Duma	328 640	329 754	344 721	
Б С	DC23	uThukela District Municipality	650 756	690 588	721 829	
	-	Municipalities	1 391 082	1 430 037	1 494 748	
1000	u i nunciu				,	
В	KZN241	eNdumeni	72 758	74 106	77 446	
В	KZN242		187 504	186 005	194 404	
B		uMsinga	231 369	230 138	240 534	
B	KZN245	0	187 232	187 510	195 984	
C	DC24	uMzinyathi District Municipality	550 411	584 003	610 422	
		thi Municipalities	1 229 274	1 261 762	1 318 790	
	·, •	- <b>F</b>			*	
В	KZN252	Newcastle	564 171	586 466	613 028	
В		eMadlangeni	39 891	39 853	41 646	
В		Dannhauser	119 752	118 811	124 173	
С	DC25	Amajuba District Municipality	231 528	242 022	252 973	
Tota		Municipalities	955 342	987 152	1 031 820	

		Nati	ional Financial Yea	r
		Column A	Colum	n B
NT I	N	2025/26	Forward E	stimates
Number	Municipality	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28
		R'000	R'000	R'000
l				
B KZN261	eDumbe	103 723	103 173	107 831
B KZN262	uPhongolo	192 088	191 486	200 141
B KZN263	AbaQulusi	217 623	218 270	228 177
B KZN265	Nongoma	208 990	206 769	216 102
B KZN266	Ulundi	215 361	212 833	222 440
C DC26	Zululand District Municipality	710 459	754 150	788 265
Total: Zululand	I Municipalities	1 648 244	1 686 681	1 762 956
l				
B KZN271	uMhlabuyalingana	241 779	240 607	251 480
B KZN272	Jozini	258 138	256 377	267 961
B KZN275	Inkosi uMtubatuba	243 711	241 964	252 894
B KZN276	Big Five Hlabisa	154 190	153 172	160 093
C DC27	uMkhanyakude District Municipality	657 203	697 528	729 084
Total: uMkhan	yakude Municipalities	1 555 021	1 589 648	1 661 512
1				
B KZN281	uMfolozi	184 853	183 335	191 616
B KZN282	uMhlathuze	585 884	612 883	640 629
B KZN284	uMlalazi	252 590	250 851	262 170
B KZN285	Mthonjaneni	102 124	101 135	105 696
B KZN286	Nkandla	125 157	124 030	129 627
C DC28	King Cetshwayo District Municipality	759 469	801 943	838 210
Total: King Cetshwayo Municipalities		2 010 077	2 074 177	2 167 948
1				
	Mandeni	244 198	243 909	254 934
B KZN292	KwaDukuza	289 206	297 144	310 604
	Ndwedwe	203 077	201 732	210 844
	Maphumulo	119 392	118 702	124 062
C DC29	iLembe District Municipality	836 610	888 937	929 146
Total: iLembe N	Municipalities	1 692 483	1 750 424	1 829 590
		0.5.500	00.044	00.075
	Greater Kokstad	87 720	88 864	92 867
	Johannes Phumani Phungula	145 967	145 116	151 669
	uMzimkhulu	258 619	257 352	268 981
	Dr Nkosazana Dlamini Zuma	170 119	169 227	176 873
C DC43	Harry Gwala District Municipality	520 871	552 451	577 444
1 otal: Harry G	wala Municipalities	1 183 296	1 213 010	1 267 834
Tatal· Kwa7nh	1-Natal Municipalities	20 548 708	21 337 683	22 302 551

		Nati	ional Financial Yea	r
		Column A	Colum	n B
NY I		2025/26	Forward E	stimates
Number	Municipality	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28
		R'000	R'000	R'000
LIMPOPO				
B LIM33	31 Greater Giyani	395 772	393 730	411 529
B LIM33	32 Greater Letaba	385 207	383 494	400 830
B LIM33	33 Greater Tzaneen	555 351	556 034	581 276
B LIM33	34 Ba-Phalaborwa	217 276	217 139	226 946
B LIM33	35 Maruleng	173 600	172 943	180 759
C DC3	3 Mopani District Municipality	1 427 429	1 517 993	1 586 656
Total: Mopar	ni Municipalities	3 154 635	3 241 333	3 387 996
B LIM34	41 Musina	232 657	234 498	245 105
B LIM34		624 846	624 329	652 565
B LIM34	14 Makhado	512 943	513 230	536 530
B LIM34		513 377	511 779	534 922
C DC34	1 2	1 567 856	1 668 368	1 743 836
Total: Vhemb	oe Municipalities	3 451 679	3 552 204	3 712 958
B LIM35	1 Dlovkerg	245 311	243 904	254 923
B LIM3:	e	186 922	185 928	194 330
	54 Polokwane	1 481 181	1 548 132	1 618 222
	55 Lepele-Nkumpi	334 363	331 775	346 767
C DC3:		856 194	902 666	943 499
		3 103 971	3 212 405	3 357 741
Total: Capricorn Municipalities		5 105 7/1	5 212 405	5 557 741
B LIM36	51 Thabazimbi	155 651	164 825	172 248
B LIM30		254 203	265 671	277 699
	66 Bela-Bela	144 284	150 131	156 905
	57 Mogalakwena	627 028	644 158	673 359
	58 Modimolle-Mookgophong	162 022	168 891	176 538
C DC3		158 221	162 671	170 036
	berg Municipalities	1 501 409	1 556 347	1 626 785
B LIM47	71 Ephraim Mogale	201 450	200 603	209 670
	72 Elias Motsoaledi	375 890	373 396	390 275
	73 Makhuduthamaga	361 580	359 305	375 542
B LIM47	-	615 561	612 026	639 826
C DC4	-	1 209 760	1 285 864	1 344 030
	khune Municipalities	2 764 241	2 831 194	2 959 343
	•			
Total: Limpo	po Municipalities	13 975 935	14 393 483	15 044 823

			Nati	National Financial Year	
			Column A	Colum	n B
Number Municipality		2025/26	Forward E	stimates	
1	Number	Municipanty	2025/20	2026/27	2027/28
			R'000	R'000	R'000
ΜΡΙ	JMALANG	A			
в	MP301	Chief Albert Luthuli	455 222	467 064	488 170
В	MP302	Msukaligwa	285 986	300 145	313 730
В	MP303	Mkhondo	366 077	378 280	395 368
В	MP304	Dr Pixley ka Isaka Seme	172 696	177 909	185 942
В	MP305	Lekwa	189 719	199 105	208 117
В	MP306	Dipaleseng	109 806	113 360	118 480
В	MP307	Govan Mbeki	492 462	522 997	546 648
С	DC30	Gert Sibande District Municipality	346 259	360 387	376 687
Tota	l: Gert Siba	ande Municipalities	2 418 227	2 519 247	2 633 142
В	MP311	Victor Khanye	157 131	163 869	171 264
В	MP312	Emalahleni	645 069	685 067	716 046
В	MP313	Steve Tshwete	376 470	399 813	417 893
В	MP314	Emakhazeni	96 841	100 552	105 084
В	MP315	Thembisile Hani	609 976	627 342	655 779
В	MP316	Dr JS Moroka	531 174	542 275	566 783
С	DC31	Nkangala District Municipality	424 084	440 950	460 896
Tota	l: Nkangala	Municipalities	2 840 745	2 959 868	3 093 745
В	MP321	Thaba Chweu	233 841	244 747	255 788
В	MP324	Nkomazi	864 636	890 463	930 823
В	MP325	Bushbuckridge	1 151 556	1 183 178	1 236 813
В	MP326	City of Mbombela	1 182 249	1 238 155	1 294 202
С	DC32	Ehlanzeni District Municipality	309 567	317 820	332 213
Tota	l: Ehlanzen	i Municipalities	3 741 849	3 874 363	4 049 839
Tota	l. Mnumal	nga Muniainalitias	9 000 821	9 353 478	9 776 726
Tota	I: Mpumala	anga Municipalities	9 000 821	9 353 478	<b>9</b> 776 726

			Nati	onal Financial Yea	r
			Column A	Colum	n B
				Forward E	stimates
I	Number	Municipality	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28
			R'000	R'000	R'000
NOP	RTHERN C	ADE			
NUN		ALE			
В	NC061	Richtersveld	27 494	28 349	29 618
B	NC062	Nama Khoi	70 976	74 211	77 546
В	NC064	Kamiesberg	34 449	35 030	36 603
В	NC065	Hantam	37 702	39 326	41 088
В	NC066	Karoo Hoogland	35 879	37 040	38 701
В	NC067	Khâi-Ma	29 846	30 690	32 065
C	DC6	Namakwa District Municipality	60 495	62 479	65 307
		a Municipalities	296 841	307 125	320 928
		•			
В	NC071	Ubuntu	53 718	55 080	57 561
в	NC072	Umsobomvu	75 927	78 164	81 688
В	NC073	Emthanjeni	66 014	68 584	71 668
В	NC074	Kareeberg	38 265	39 006	40 759
В	NC075	Renosterberg	36 674	37 458	39 143
В	NC076	Thembelihle	38 960	39 871	41 662
В	NC077	Siyathemba	49 712	51 220	53 525
в	NC078	Siyancuma	68 310	70 453	73 626
С	DC7	Pixley Ka Seme District Municipality	64 298	65 476	68 443
Tota	l: Pixley K	a Seme Municipalities	491 878	505 312	528 075
В	NC082	!Kai !Garib	134 467	141 097	147 456
В	NC084	!Kheis	37 617	38 432	40 157
В	NC085	Tsantsabane	61 881	64 676	67 585
В	NC086	Kgatelopele	36 756	38 188	39 902
В	NC087	Dawid Kruiper	132 416	139 518	145 784
С	DC8	Z.F. Mgcawu District Municipality	85 135	87 546	91 510
Tota	l: Z.F. Mgc	awu Municipalities	488 272	509 457	532 394
В	NC091	Sol Plaatjie	301 722	319 228	333 668
В	NC091 NC092	Dikgatlong	126 626	130 021	135 893
В	NC092 NC093	Magareng	66 283	67 668	70 720
В	NC093	Phokwane	146 309	150 295	157 081
Б С	DC9	Frances Baard District Municipality	143 719	149 126	155 873
		Baard Municipalities	784 659	816 338	853 235
		· · · · · · · · ·			
В	NC451	Joe Morolong	194 285	197 698	206 627
В	NC452	Ga-Segonyana	251 740	258 554	270 234
B	NC453	Gamagara	70 911	75 228	78 608
C	DC45	John Taolo Gaetsewe District Municipality	112 384	116 002	121 254
		blo Gaetsewe Municipalities	629 320	647 482	676 723
Tota	l: Northern	Cape Municipalities	2 690 970	2 785 714	2 911 355

			Nati	ional Financial Yea	r
			Column A	Colum	n B
Number Municipality		2025/26	Forward E	stimates	
	Number	Municipality	2025/20	2026/27	2027/28
			R'000	R'000	R'000
NOI	RTH WEST				
В	NW371	Moretele	479 741	490 420	512 589
в	NW372	Madibeng	1 183 275	1 237 523	1 293 548
в	NW373	Rustenburg	1 237 278	1 313 997	1 373 417
в	NW374	Kgetlengrivier	144 387	150 212	156 996
в	NW375	Moses Kotane	615 410	630 781	659 284
С	DC37	Bojanala Platinum District Municipality	418 202	431 687	451 229
Tota	al: Bojanala	Platinum Municipalities	4 078 293	4 254 620	4 447 063
в	NW381	Ratlou	168 617	168 031	175 624
В	NW382	Tswaing	161 456	162 076	169 394
В	NW383	Mafikeng	384 323	386 536	404 077
В	NW384	Ditsobotla	188 959	191 216	199 888
В	NW385	Ramotshere Moiloa	244 281	243 688	254 702
С	DC38	Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality	1 178 333	1 251 331	1 307 925
Total: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities		2 325 969	2 402 878	2 511 610	
B B	NW392 NW393	Naledi Mamusa	74 221 76 360	75 278 76 645	78 667 80 103
в	NW394	Greater Taung	255 808	254 050	265 525
в	NW396	Lekwa-Teemane	69 843	70 454	73 631
в	NW397	Kagisano-Molopo	160 479	159 588	166 797
С	DC39	Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality	536 572	568 513	594 232
Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities		1 173 283	1 204 528	1 258 955	
В	NW403	City of Matlosana	682 357	719 110	751 647
В	NW404	Maquassi Hills	189 119	195 331	204 152
В	NW405	JB Marks	438 648	463 132	484 084
С	DC40	Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality	225 076	233 146	243 695
Tota	al: Dr Kenne	eth Kaunda Municipalities	1 535 200	1 610 719	1 683 578
Tota	al: North We	est Municipalities	9 112 745	9 472 745	9 901 206

			Nati	ional Financial Yea	r
			Column A	Colum	n B
Number Municipality		2027/26	Forward Estimates		
		Municipality	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28
			R'000	R'000	R'000
WES	TERN CA	PE			
A	CPT	City of Cape Town	4 693 517	4 984 545	5 209 949
В	WC011	Matzikama	87 329	92 419	96 577
В	WC012	Cederberg	75 765	79 593	83 179
В	WC013	Bergrivier	73 095	77 558	81 046
В	WC014	Saldanha Bay	148 477	157 408	164 489
В	WC015	Swartland	165 310	175 560	183 499
С	DC1	West Coast District Municipality	112 557	116 191	121 450
Total	l: West Coa	st Municipalities	662 533	698 729	730 240
В	WC022	Witzenberg	156 647	166 360	173 883
В	WC023	Drakenstein	248 963	264 400	276 357
B	WC024	Stellenbosch	231 793	246 166	257 298
В	WC025	Breede Valley	187 489	199 115	208 119
B	WC026	Langeberg	121 625	128 686	134 475
C	DC2	Cape Winelands District Municipality	273 881	285 531	298 444
		nelands Municipalities	1 220 398	1 290 258	1 348 576
В	WC031	Theewaterskloof	150 030	158 221	165 379
В	WC032	Overstrand	179 268	188 717	197 218
В	WC033	Cape Agulhas	45 807	48 275	50 443
В	WC034	Swellendam	49 412	52 116	54 458
C	DC3	Overberg District Municipality	88 359	90 667	94 774
Fotal	l: Overberg	g Municipalities	512 876	537 996	562 272
В	WC041	Kannaland	38 962	40 378	42 196
В	WC042	Hessequa	67 378	71 173	74 368
В	WC043	Mossel Bay	148 459	156 434	163 471
В	WC044	George	247 778	263 142	275 041
В	WC045	Oudtshoorn	108 291	113 336	118 431
В	WC047	Bitou	161 287	167 903	175 487
В	WC048	Knysna	137 908	144 582	151 096
С	DC4	Garden Route District Municipality	188 026	194 908	203 727
Total	l: Garden F	Route Municipalities	1 098 089	1 151 856	1 203 817
В	WC051	Laingsburg	23 296	23 924	24 998
В	WC052	Prince Albert	31 301	32 286	33 738
В	WC053	Beaufort West	92 780	96 452	100 801
С	DC5	Central Karoo District Municipality	39 084	39 585	41 389
Total	l: Central F	Karoo Municipalities	186 461	192 247	200 926
Total	l: Western	Cape Municipalities	8 373 874	8 855 631	9 255 780
Natio	onal Total		106 087 022	110 661 361	115 665 536

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					Column A	Column B	n B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	Type of allocation	Province	36/3606	Forward Estimates	stimates
					07/0707	2026/27	2027/28
					R'000	R'000	R'000
<b>Basic Education</b>	Education Infrastructure Grant		General conditional allocation to provinces	Eastern Cape	1 926 636	1 922 951	2 009 997
(Vote 16)		rehabilitation of new and existing infrastructure in education including		Free State	1 050 500	1 004 095	1 048 684
		district and circuit accommodation; to address achievement of the		Gauteng	2 368 000	1 863 534	1 946 885
		targets set out in the minimum norms and standards for school infractionations to address domages to infractionations to anhore consistion		KwaZulu-Natal	2 489 596	2 513 367	2 627 755
		initiast ucture, to acutess trainages to min astructure, to emiance capacity to deliver infrastructure in education.		Limpopo	1 567 199	1546008	$1\ 616\ 650$
				Mpumalanga	1 366 715	1 335 730	1 395 895
				Northern Cape	746 991	685 789	716 137
				North West	1 359 284	1 327 963	1 389 167
				Western Cape	2 410 299	2 580 741	1 391 044
				Unallocated		2 067 013	2 619 568
				TOTAL	15 285 220	16 847 191	16 761 782
Health	National Tertiary Services Grant		General conditional allocation to provinces	Eastern Cape	1 351 007	1 309 991	1 369 236
(Vote 18)		compensate tertiary facilities for the additional costs associated with		Free State	1 348 085	1 410 152	1 473 934
		the provision of these services.		Gauteng	5 486 234	5 801 563	6 063 968
				KwaZulu-Natal	2 289 556	2 374 066	2 481 444
				Limpopo	581 731	550 142	575 026
				Mpumalanga	286 661	289 388	302 477
				Northern Cape	498 180	501 718	524 411
				North West	486 212	412 369	431 023
				Western Cape	3 667 255	3 877 986	4 053 392
				Unallocated		216 162	225 937
				TOTAL	15 994 921	16 743 537	17 500 848
t	(a) Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant		General conditional allocation to provinces	Eastern Cape	2 184 984	1 569 448	$1 \ 640 \ 607$
(Vote 40)		maintenance (routine, periodic and special maintenance); to ensure that		Free State	2 089 737	1 468 441	1 535 020
		all roads are classified as per the Road Infrastructure Strategic		Gauteng	1 573 564	746 556	780 406
		Framework for South Africa and the technical recommendations for highways and the Road Classification and Access Management		KwaZulu-Natal	3 462 816	2 448 772	2 559 801
		and averages, and use room classification and recess realization suidelines: to implement and maintain road asset management systems:		Limpopo	2 055 765	1 317 204	1 376 926
		to supplement provincial projects for the repair of roads and bridges		Mpumalanga	1 672 581	994 497	1 039 588
		damaged by unforeseen incidents including natural disasters; to		Northern Cape	1 562 610	1 169 108	1 222 116
		improve road safety with a special focus on pedestrian safety in rural		North West	1 679 822	1 050 608	1 098 244
		arcas.		Western Cape	1 569 564	1 054 211	1 102 009
				Unallocated		5 428 509	5 673 990
				TOTAL	17 851 443	17 247 354	18 028 707
	(b) Public Transport Operations Grant	ic transport services	Nationally assigned function to provinces	Eastern Cape	322 110	336 867	352 100
		provided by provincial departments of transport.		Free State	356 119	372 434	389 276
				Gauteng	3 112 386	3 254 977	3 402 169
				KwaZulu-Natal	1 492 393	1 560 766	1 631 345
				Limpopo	481 396	503 451	526 217
				Mpumalanga	810 568	847 703	886 037
				Northern Cape	72 472	75 793	79 221
				North West	148 975	155 800	162 845
				Western Cape	1 285 523	1 344 418	1 405 213
				TUTAL	8 081 942	8 452 209	8 834 423

SCHEDULE 4, PART B

				Column A	Colu	Column B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	City	2012606	Forward	Forward Estimates
				07/0707	2026/27	2027/28
				R'000	R'000	R'000
Human Settlements	Urban Settlements Development Grant	Urban Settlements Development Grant To supplement the capital revenues of metropolitan municipalities in order to implement	Buffalo City	559 244	584 774	611 218
(Vote 33)		infrastructure projects that promote equitable, integrated, productive, inclusive and sustainable urban City of Cape Town	City of Cape Town	1 088 294	1 137 976	1 189 436
		development.	City of Ekurhuleni	1 445 207	1 511 183	1 579 519
			City of Johannesburg	2 320 638	2 573 613	1 753 809
			City of Tshwane	1 176 848	1 230 572	$1\ 286\ 220$
			eThekwini	1 441 639	1 507 452	1 575 620
			Mangaung	554 277	579 582	605 791
			Nelson Mandela Bay	663 817	694 121	725 509
			TOTAL	9 249 964	9 819 273	9 327 122
National Treasury	Urban Development Financing Grant	To promote spatially transformed cities with financially sustainable trading services that are able to	Buffalo City	48 500	39 200	45 160
(Vote 8)		meet their service delivery mandates; to support metropolitan municipalities with resilient	City of Cape Town	182 100	129 200	112 191
		infrastructure investment, including programme and project preparation to enable them to leverage	City of Ekurhuleni	182 011	120 819	124 200
		additional concessionary and commercial loan finance to enhance sustainable infrastructure	City of Johannesburg	140 208	694 847	641 335
		IIIVeSuneth.	City of Tshwane	151 868	87 052	117 764
			eThekwini	221 753	218 697	219 313
			Mangaung	48 396	37 000	38 600
			Nelson Mandela Bay	48 800	38 606	44 537
			TOTAL	1 023 636	1 365 421	1 343 100

# ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES TO SUPPLEMENT THE FUNDING OF FUNCTIONS FUNDED FROM MUNICIPAL BUDGETS

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					Column A	Column B	n B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	Type of allocation	Province	7012000	Forward Estimates	stimates
					07/07/07	2026/27	2027/28
					R'000	R'000	R'000
Agriculture	(a) Comprehensive Agricultural Support		Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	247 590	250 470	263 749
(Vote 29)	Programme Grant	industry transformation initiatives where possible; to promote and facilitate agricultural development		Free State	194 909	199 832	210 567
		by targeting beneficiaries of land reform and other black producers who have acquired land through		Gauteng	111 615	122 953	129 231
		private means and are engaged in value-adding enterprises domestically, or involved in export; to avviration aminutrined collares into contrast of avvallance		KwaZulu-Natal	277 479	227 840	239 925
		ICVITATISC ARTICULTURAL VOLICES MILO VEHILES OF EXVERIENCE.		Limpopo	242 853	250 725	263 677
				Mpumalanga	178 650	192 525	202 545
				Northern Cape	127 225	145 966	157 158
				North West	185 227	189 085	195 896
				Western Cape	119 669	129 147	136 182
				TOTAL	1 685 217	1 708 543	1 798 930
	(b) Ilima/Letsema Projects Grant		Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	84 557	88 447	92 447
		production and invest in infrastructure that unlocks agricultural production within strategically		Free State	81 195	85 031	88 876
		identified grain, livestock, horticulture and aquaculture production areas.		Gauteng	41 609	45 523	50 582
				KwaZulu-Natal	83 692	87 542	91 500
				Limpopo	83 584	87 484	91 440
				Mpumalanga	78 222	81 922	85 627
				Northern Cape	78 219	81 819	85 519
				North West	80 863	82 208	84 925
				Western Cape	65 455	68 455	69 550
				TOTAL	677 396	708 431	740 466
	(c) LandCare Programme Grant: Poverty	_	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	14 073	14 7 18	15 385
	Relief and Infrastructure Development	initiatives that support the pillars of sustainability (social, economic and environmental), leading to		Free State	9 751	10 1 98	10 659
		greater productivity, food security, job creation and better well-being for all.		Gauteng	5 758	6 022	6 294
				KwaZulu-Natal	14 760	15 436	16 134
				Limpopo	14 287	14 942	15 617
				Mpumalanga	10 341	10 815	11 304
				Northern Cape	8 575	8 968	9 373
				North West	9 872	10 324	10 791
				Western Cape	6 839	7 152	7 475
				TOTAL	94 256	98 575	103 032

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## SPECIFIC PURPOSE ALLOCATIONS TO PROVINCES

					Column A	Column B	n B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	Type of allocation	Province	JUZUUL	Forward Estimates	stimates
					07/07/07	2026/27	2027/28
					R'000	R'000	R'000
Basic Education	(a) Early Childhood Development Grant		General conditional allocation to provinces	Eastern Cape	330 004	358 239	375 180
(01 a)(A)		programmes, to support early culturiood development providers derivering an early culturiood develonment programme to meet basic health and safety requirements for registration: to construct		Free State	96 038	106 433	111 516
		low-cost early childhood development centres.		Gauteng	399 129	436 526	457 403
				Kwazulu-Natal	308 02/ 205 060	342 U33 274 560	240 202
				Manmelence	006 C67	007 324 166 370	0101020
				Monthom Conc	172 202 25 502	20 702	302 11
				Normern Cape	050 001	01 65 105 501	105 220
				North West	000 C/ I 155 052	120 001	077 261
			·	Western Cape	1 046 532	135 701	100 001
	(b) HIV and AIDS (Life Skills Education)	To support South Africa's HIV prevention strategy by: providing comprehensive sexuality education C	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cane	48 109	50.310	52 574
	Grant			Free State	11 640	12 170	12 718
		employee health and wellness programmes for educators; to mitigate the impact of HIV and TB by		Gauteng	38 696	40 468	42 289
		providing a caring, supportive and enabling environment for learners, educators and school support		KwaZulu-Natal	69 280	72 416	75 676
		stant, to reduce the vuniciationity of cuntulen to rity, i to and sexually hamsunded intections, with a particular focus on ornhaned children and girls.		Limpopo	29 504	30 847	32 236
		-		Mpumalanga	19 845	20 755	21 689
				Northern Cape	7 770	8 126	8 552
				North West	16 976	17 752	18 550
				Western Cape	19 883	20 788	21 724
				TOTAL	261 703	273 632	286 008
	(c) Learners with Profound Intellectual		Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	32 511	33 990	35 422
	Disabilities Grant	senools for the provision of education to endered with severe to protound intellectual disabilities.		Free State	33 993	35 542	36 626
				Gauteng KwaZuhi-Matal	38 431	41 42/ 40 173	40 105
				Limono	37 898	39.615	41.876
				Mnimalanda	34.487	36.048	37 246
				Northern Cape	17 637	18 443	19 571
				North West	22 858	23 899	25 556
				Western Cape	35 605	37 220	38 626
				TOTAL	293 042	306 357	320 213
	(d) Maths, Science and Technology Grant		Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	57 180	59 798	62 502
		Assessment Policy Statements for the improvement of mathematics, science and technology teaching		Free State	51 189	53 532	55 953
		and learning at selected public schools.		Gauteng	64 491	67 445	70 495
				KwaZulu-Natal	74 445	77 854	81 373
				Limpopo	52 584	54 993	57 480
				Mpumalanga	46 386	48 512	50 706
				North West	44 02 44 054	46 02 46 077	22 192 48 155
				Western Cane	30 346	41 146	43 008
				TOTAL	459 122	480 151	501 864
	(e) National School Nutrition Programme	To provide nutritious meals to targeted schools.	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	1 828 175	1 884 582	1 969 766
	Grant			Free State	592 500	610 788	638 396
				Gauteng	1 213 637	1 251 086	1 307 635
				KwaZulu-Natal	2 335 101	2 406 973	2 515 997
				Limpopo	1 847 963	1 904 970	1 991 076
				Mpumalanga	982 451	1 012 775	1 058 553
				Northern Cape	274 106 602 67%	282 557	295 329 745 074
				Western Cane	551 103	568 103	593 781
				Unallocated	1	156 418	163 488
				TOTAL	10 318 714	10 791 105	11 279 095

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## SPECIFIC PURPOSE ALLOCATIONS TO PROVINCES

					Column A	Column B	n B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose T	Type of allocation	Province	963606	Forward Estimates	stimates
					07/07/07	2026/27	2027/28
					R'000	R'000	R'000
Health	(a) District Health Programmes Grant	To enable the health sector to develop and implement an effective response to HIV/AIDS; to enable Conditional allocation	allocation	Eastern Cape	3 110 225	3 253 178	3 400 306
(Vote 18)		the health sector to develop and implement an effective response to tuberculosis; to ensure provision		Free State	1 698 705	1 776 896	1 857 267
		of quality community outreach services through Ward Based Primary Health Care Outreach I cams; to immervie afficiencies of the Word Based Deinvert Haelth Care Outreach Teome recommune by:		Gauteng	6 097 851	6 378 266	6 666 739
		improve cultericies of the ward based ritinary realin Care Outreach Leans programme by harmonising and standardising services and strengthening nerformance monitoring: to enable the		KwaZulu-Natal	7 466 119	7 809 680	8 162 912
		health sector to develop and implement an effective response to support the effective implementation		Limpopo	2 542 523	2 659 501	2 779 784
		of the National Strategic Plan on Malaria Elimination; to enable the health sector to prevent cervical		Mpumalanga	2 612 272	2 732 440	2 856 024
		cancer by making available Human Papillomavirus vaccinations for all eligible girls aged 9-14 years		Northern Cape	759 857	794 840	830 792
		with a single dose of Human Papillomavirus vaccine in all settings.		North West	1 891 857	1 978 908	$2\ 068\ 410$
				Western Cape	2 159 495	2 258 795	2 360 954
				TOTAL	28 338 904	29 642 504	30 983 188
	(b) Health Facility Revitalisation Grant	To help to accelerate maintenance, renovations, upgrades, additions, and construction of infrastructure Conditional allocation	allocation	Eastern Cape	775 953	731 947	765 047
		in health; to help on replacement and commissioning of health technology in existing and revitalised		Free State	599 815	627 432	655 806
		neaun facilities; to ennance capacity to deliver neaun initiastructure; to accelerate the numment of the recunitements of occupational health and safety		Gauteng	1 145 574	1 118 565	1 169 148
				K waZulu-Natal	1 517 920	1 508 044	1 576 239
				Limpopo	622 342	571 262	597 096
				Mpumalanga	474 122	416 228	435 051
				Northern Cape	527 929	472 507	493 875
				North West	687 605	639 530	668 451
				Western Cape	894 445	855 894	1 189 599
				Unallocated		636 379	665 156
				TOTAL	7 245 705	7 577 788	8 215 468
	(c) Human Resources and Training Grant	To appoint statutory positions in the health sector for systematic realisation of the human resources for Conditional allocation	allocation	Eastern Cape	596 426	613 899	641 671
		health strategy and the phase-in of National Health Insurance; support provinces to fund service costs		Free State	291 291	304 772	318 560
		associated with clinical training and supervision of health science trainees on the public service		Gauteng	1 918 791	2 007 484	2 098 299
		piattorm.		KwaZulu-Natal	788 597	825 091	862 419
				Limpopo	378 833	390 479	408 145
				Mpumalanga	286 454	294 883	308 223
				Northern Cape	156 271	159 605	166 826
				North West	281 678	289 412	302 504
				Western Cape	951 596	995 628	1 040 670
				Unallocated		30 004	31 361
				TOTAL	5 649 937	5 911 257	6 178 678
	(d) National Health Insurance Grant	I the healthcare service benefits through the strategic purchasing of services from healthcare	Nationally assigned function to provinces	Eastern Cape	64 899	65 769	68 748
		providers.		Free State	29 778	30 323	31 695
				Gauteng	96 985	99 348	103 840
				KwaZulu-Natal	89 818	91 831	95 984
				Limpopo	53 727	54 840	57 324
				Mpumalanga	35 145	35 954	37 580
				Northern Cape	24 696	25 012	26 143
				North West	33 739	34 120	35 663
				Western Cape	37 893	38 763	40 516
				TOTAL	466 680	475 960	497 493

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## SPECIFIC PURPOSE ALLOCATIONS TO PROVINCES

					Column A	Column B	an B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	Type of allocation	Province	2025/26	Forward Estimates	stimates
					04/2404	2026/27	2027/28
					R'000	R'000	R'000
Human Settlements (Vote 33)	(a) Human Settlements Development Grant	(a) Human Settlements Development Grant [10 provide funding for the progressive realisation of access to adequate housing through the creation [C] of sustainable and integrated human settlements.	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	1 572 985	1 593 320	1 665 372 878 077
				Gautana	4 034 701	4 086 865	4 271 675
				KwaZulu-Natal	2 599 445	2 633 105	2 752 176
				Limpopo	925 163	937 124	979 501
				Mpumalanga	942 978	955 168	998 362
				Northern Cape	279 033	282 641	295 422
				North West	1 302 346	1 319 183	1 378 838
				Western Cape	1 663 926	1 685 438	1 761 655
				TOTAL	14 149 943	14 332 932	14 981 078
	(b) Informal Settlements Upgrading	To provide funding to facilitate a programmatic and inclusive approach to upgrading informal C	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	307 920	103 374	108 049
				Free State	210 002	200 40 231 290	404 0C
				Gauteng K waZuhi-Natal	508 883	170 985	178 718
				Limpopo	181 106	60 800	63 550
				Mpumalanga	184 593	61 971	64 773
				Northern Cape	54 623	18 338	19 167
				North West	254 942	85 588	89 459
				Western Cape	325 722	109 350	114 296
				TOTAL	2 769 957	930 066	972 125
Public Works and	amme		Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	118 377	I	I
Infrastructure	Integrated Grant for Provinces	intensive delivery methods in the following identified focus areas, in compliance with the Expanded		Free State	37 025	1	I
(VOTE 13)		Public Works Programme guideines; road maintenance including but not limited to block paving and bothole natching: maintenance of huildinge: low traffic volume roads and miral roads: other sconomic		Gauteng	76 282	'	'
		pourous partaints, manustrature of outnomes, fow traine volume roads and turan oracs, outer economic and social infrastructure; tourism and cultural industries; sustainable land based livelihoods; waste		KwaZulu-Natal	147 019	'	1
		management and cleaning services; social services programmes and energy including but not limited		Limpopo	75 361	'	1
		to retro-fitting, solar.		Mpumalanga	42 568	'	1
				Northern Cape	32 169		'
				North West	54 708	I	1
				Western Cape	43 703		
				Unallocated		000 969	600 000
			2 15 1 15 2	TOTAL	627 212	656 000	685 669
Sport, Arts and Culture (Vote 37)	(a) Community Library Services Grant	1 o transform urban and rural community library infrastructure, facilities and services (primarily tareeting previously disadvantaged communities) through a recanitalised programme at provincial	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	187 261	195 804 200 757	204 873
		level in support of local government and national initiatives.		Lice State	DZI 001	101 007	100 007
				Uauteng K waZuhi-Natal	197 862	207 346	200 096
				Limnono	161 431	168 876	176.870
				Mpumalanga	179 385	187 199	196 060
				Northern Cape	187 737	194 398	203 400
				North West	160 181	167 940	176 850
				Western Cape	202 279	211 316	220 319
				TOTAL	1 648 989	1 724 690	1 802 692
	on and Sport	To facilitate sport and active recreation participation and empowerment in partnership with relevant C	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	75 137	81 400	85 227
		Stakenoluers.		Free State	48 583	46 164	47 794
				Gauteng	120 265	119 392	125 710
				KwaZulu-Natal	114 343	112 678	118 642
				Limpopo	68 893	75 705	79 176
				Mpumalanga	53 667	59 499	61 962
				Northern Cape	34 079	37 856	38 657
				Western Cane	49 219 63 058	54 291 69 020	72 075
					960.60	07070	CID 21
				TUTOT	++7 /70	CUU UCU	1/0 000

## SCHEDULE 5, PART B

# SPECIFIC-PURPOSE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

			Column A	Column B	n B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	2012000	Forward Estimates	stimates
			07/07/07	2026/27	2027/28
RECURRENT GRANTS			R'000	R'000	R'000
National Treasury (Vote 8)	(a) Infrastructure Skills Development Grant To recruit unemployed relevant statutory counc	To recruit unemployed graduates into municipalities to be trained and professionally registered as per the requirements of the relevant statutory councils within the built environment.	172 774	180 688	188 859
	(b) Local Government Financial Management Grant	(b) Local Government Financial Management To promote and support reforms in financial management by building capacity in municipalities to implement the Municipal Grant	589 685	616 701	644 589
Public Works and Infrastructure (Vote 13)	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Municipalities	To incentivise municipalities to expand work creation efforts through the use of labour-intensive delivery methods in the following identified focus areas, in compliance with the Expanded Public Works Programme guidelines: road maintenance including but not limited to block paving and pothole patching; maintenance of buildings; low traffic volume roads and rural roads; basic services infrastructure, including water and sanitation reticulation (excluding bulk infrastructure); other economic and social infrastructure; tourism and cultural industries; waste management and cleaning services; parks and beautification; sustainable land-based livelihoods, social services programmes, energy including but not limited to retro-fitting, solar.	567 281	593 271	620 099
		TOTAL	1 329 740	1 390 660	1 453 547

### SCHEDULE 5, PART B

## SPECIFIC-PURPOSE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

			Column A	Column B	ın B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	2025/26	Forward Estimates 2026/27 2027/	Estimates 2027/28
INFRASTRUCTURE GRANTS	SIN		R'000	R'000	R'000
Cooperative Governance (Vote 3)	(a) Integrated Urban Development Grant	To provide funding for public investment in infrastructure for the poor and to promote increased access to municipal own sources of capital finance in order to increase funding for public investment in economic infrastructure; to ensure that public investments are spatially aligned and to promote the sound management of the assets delivered.	1 278 114	1 386 347	1 449 114
	(b) Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant	To rehabilitate and reconstruct municipal infrastructure damaged by a disaster.	708 974		
	(c) Municipal Infrastructure Grant	To provide specific capital finance for eradicating basic municipal infrastructure backlogs through the construction of new infrastructure, and the renewal and refurbishment of existing infrastructure for poor households, microenterprises, and social institutions servicing poor communities; to provide specific funding for the development of asset management plans for infrastructure servicing the poor.	17 357 571	19 361 001	20 236 442
Human Settlements (Vote 33)	Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership Grant: Municipalities	To provide funding to facilitate a programmatic, inclusive and municipality-wide approach to upgrading informal settlements.	4 717 475	4 933 602	5 156 703
Electricity and Energy (Vote 10)	(a) Energy Efficiency and Demand-Side Management Grant	To provide subsidies to municipalities to implement energy efficiency and demand-side management initiatives within municipal infrastructure in order to reduce electricity consumption and improve energy efficiency.	246 260	257 542	269 188
	(b) Integrated National Electrification Programme (Municipal) Grant	To implement the Integrated National Electrification Programme by providing capital subsidies to municipalities to increase access to electricity, existing and planned residential dwellings (including informal settlements, farm dwellers, new and existing dwellings) and the installation of relevant bulk infrastructure.	1 697 076	1 654 605	1 729 427
National Treasury (Vote 8)	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant	To plan, catalyse, and invest in targeted locations to attract and sustain third party capital investments aimed at spatial transformation, that will improve the quality of life, and access to opportunities for residents in South Africa's targeted locations, under-served neighbourhoods, townships and rural towns in metro and non-metro municipalities; to support the targeted municipalities to develop a pipeline of investment ready capital programmes and projects through establishing and institutionalising an effective and efficient system of programmes and projects through establishing and institutionalising an effective and efficient system of programmes and projects that will attract private investment and assist non-metro municipalities to enhance revenues.	542 397	430 177	449 629
Transport (Vote 40)	(a) Public Transport Network Grant	To provide funding for accelerated construction and improvement of public and non-motorised transport infrastructure that forms part of a municipal integrated public transport network; to support the planning, regulation, control, management and operations of fiscally and financially sustainable municipal public transport network services.	7 241 074	8 044 281	7 098 853
	(b) Rural Roads Asset Management Systems Grant	To assist district municipalities to set up rural roads asset management systems, and collect road, bridges and traffic data on municipal road networks in line with the Road Infrastructure Strategic Framework for South Africa.	126 051	131 826	137 787
Water and Sanitation (Vote 41)	(a) Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	To develop new, refurbish, upgrade and replace ageing bulk water and sanitation infrastructure of regional significance that connects water resources to infrastructure serving extensive areas across municipal boundaries or large regional bulk infrastructure serving numerous communities over a large area within a municipality; to implement bulk infrastructure with a potential of addressing water conservation and water demand management projects or facilitate and contribute to the implementation of local water conservation and water demand management projects that will directly inpact on bulk infrastructure requirements.	3 756 930	3 230 325	3 026 045
	(b) Water Services Infrastructure Grant	Facilitate the planning and implementation of various water and sanitation projects to accelerate backlog reduction and enhance the sustainability of services especially in rural municipalities; provide basic and intermittent water and sanitation supply that ensures provision of services to identified and prioritised communities, including spring protection and groundwater development; support municipalities with refurbishment of water and sanitation infrastructure, including upgrades; support municipalities in implementing water conservation and water demand management projects; support the close-out of the existing Bucket Eradication Programme intervention in formal residential areas; support drought relief projects in affected municipalities.	4 218 561	4 411 831	4 611 337
		TOTAL	41 890 483	43 841 537	44 164 525

50

### SCHEDULE 6, PART A

### 2 623 999 . 2 623 999 2027/28 R'000 Forward Estimates Column B 450 000 2 573 525 3 023 525 2026/27 R'0004 909 234 1 626 680 3 282 554 Column A 2025/26 R'000 for the dispensing and distribution of chronic medication; develop and roll-out new health information systems in preparation for National Health Insurance; enable the health sector to address the deficiencies in the primary health care facilities systematically through the implementation of the ideal clinic programme; to expand the healthcare service benefits through the strategic purchasing of services from healthcare providers. nsurance; to accelerate the fulfilment of the requirements of occupational health and safety; to implement the centralised models To create an alternative track to improve spending, performance as well as monitoring and evaluation on infrastructure in preparation for National Health Insurance; to enhance capacity and capability to deliver infrastructure for National Health Eradication and upgrading of inappropriate school buildings; provision and upgrading of water and sanitation to schools; TOTAL Purpose provision and upgrading of classrooms to address overcrowding. National Health Insurance Indirect Grant School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant Name of allocation Vote **Basic Education** Health (Vote 18) (Vote 16)

# ALLOCATIONS-IN-KIND TO PROVINCES FOR DESIGNATED SPECIAL PROGRAMMES

### SCHEDULE 6, PART B

### 108 372 . 836 176 3 377 638 1 401 908 2 498 025 2027/28 R'000 Forward Estimates Column B 2 3 89 517 103 683 800 000 3 231 507 1 341 256 2026/27 R'000 99 140 3 226 507 493 807 2 274 401 650 000 1 118 932 Column A 2025/26 R'000 To implement the Integrated National Electrification Programme by providing capital subsidies to Eskom to increase access to electricity, existing and planned residential dwellings (including informal settlements, farm dwellers, new and existing dwellings) nunicipalities in implementing water conservation and water demand management projects; support the close-out of the existing transformation, that will improve the quality of life, and access to opportunities for residents in South Africa's targeted locations, 3ucket Eradication Programme intervention in formal residential areas, support drought relief projects in affected municipalities. Facilitate the planning and implementation of various water and sanitation projects to accelerate backlog reduction and enhance the sustainability of services especially in rural municipalities; provide basic and intermittent water and sanitation supply that infrastructure serving numerous communities over a large area within a municipality; to implement bulk infrastructure with a infrastructure, and the renewal and refurbishment of existing infrastructure for poor households, microenterprises, and social To develop new, refurbish, upgrade and replace ageing bulk water and sanitation infrastructure of regional significance that levelopment; support municipalities with refurbishment of water and sanitation infrastructure, including upgrades; support To provide specific capital finance for eradicating basic municipal infrastructure backlogs through the construction of new under-served neighbourhoods, townships and rural towns in metro and non-metro municipalities; to support the targeted institutions servicing poor communities; to provide specific funding for the development of asset management plans for nstitutionalising an effective and efficient system of programme and project preparation as well as facilitate long term Fo plan, catalyse, and invest in targeted locations to attract and sustain third party capital investments aimed at spatial otential of addressing water conservation and water demand management projects or facilitate and contribute to the mplementation of local water conservation and water demand management projects that will directly impact on bulk ensures provision of services to identified and prioritised communities, including spring protection and groundwater connects water resources to infrastructure serving extensive areas across municipal boundaries or large regional bulk nunicipalities to develop a pipeline of investment ready capital programmes and projects through establishing and programmes/ projects that will attract private investment and assist non-metro municipalities to enhance revenues. To enable municipalities to implement bi-directional smart metering systems and smart solutions. and the installation of relevant bulk infrastructure in Eskom licenced areas Purpose infrastructure servicing the poor. nfrastructure requirements. (a) Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (Technical Assistance) (b) Water Services Infrastructure Grant (a) Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant Integrated National Electrification Programme (Eskom) Grant Name of allocation Municipal Infrastructure Grant (b) Smart Meters Grant Cooperative Governance Electricity and Energy (Vote 10) Water and Sanitation (Vote 41) National Treasury Vote Vote 3) Vote 8)

# ALLOCATIONS-IN-KIND TO MUNICIPALITIES FOR DESIGNATED SPECIAL PROGRAMMES

8 222 119

7 865 963

7 862 787

TOTAL

### SCHEDULE 7, PART A

# UNALLOCATED PROVISIONS FOR PROVINCES FOR DISASTER RESPONSE

			Column A	Column B	ın B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	96/3606	Forward Estimates	stimates
			07/0707	2026/27	2027/28
			R'000	R'000	R'000
Cooperative Governance (Vote 3)	Cooperative Governance Provincial Disaster Response Grant (Vote 3)	To provide for the immediate release of funds for disaster response if an occurrence cannot be adequately addressed in line with section 2(1)(b) of the Disaster Management Act.	151 259	158 189	165 342
		TOTAL	151 259	158 189	165 342

### SCHEDULE 7, PART B

# UNALLOCATED PROVISIONS FOR MUNICIPALITIES FOR DISASTER RESPONSE

			Column A	Column B	nn B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	JUJEUL	Forward Estimates	Estimates
			07/0707	2026/27	2027/28
			R'000	R'000	R'000
Cooperative Governance (Vote 3)	Municipal Disaster Kesponse Grant	10 provide for the immediate release of funds for disaster response if an occurrence cannot be adequately addressed in line with section 2(1)(b) of the Disaster Management Act.	395 054	413 153	431 836
		TOTAL	395 054	413 153	431 836

### MEMORANDUM ON THE OBJECTS OF THE DIVISION OF REVENUE BILL, 2025

### 1. BACKGROUND

- 1.1 Section 214(1) of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996, ("the Constitution") requires that an Act of Parliament must provide for—
  - (a) the equitable division of revenue raised nationally among the national, provincial and local spheres of government;
  - (b) the determination of each province's equitable share of the provincial share of that revenue; and
  - (c) any other allocations to provinces, local government, or municipalities from the national government's share of that revenue, and for any conditions on which those allocations may be made.
- 1.2 Section 10 of the Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act, 1997 (Act No. 97 of 1997), requires that, as part of the process of the enactment of the Act of Parliament referred to in paragraph 1.1, each year when the annual budget is introduced, the Minister of Finance must introduce in the National Assembly a Division of Revenue Bill ("the Bill") for the financial year to which that budget relates.
- 1.3 The Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act, 1997, requires that the Bill be accompanied by a memorandum explaining—
  - (*a*) how the Bill takes account of each of the matters listed in section 214(2)(a) to (j) of the Constitution;
  - (b) the extent to which account was taken of any recommendations of the Financial and Fiscal Commission ("the FFC") that were submitted to the Minister of Finance or were raised during consultations with the FFC; and
  - (c) any assumptions or formulae used in arriving at the respective shares of the three spheres of government and the division of the provincial share between the nine provinces.
- 1.4 In terms of section 7(4) of the Money Bills and Related Matters Act, 2009 (Act No. 9 of 2009), when tabling the budget, a report must also be tabled that responds to the recommendations made in the reports by the Parliamentary Committees on Finance on the proposed fiscal framework in the Medium Term Budget Policy Statement and the reports by the Committees on Appropriations regarding the proposed division of revenue and the conditional grant allocations to provinces and local government as contained in the Medium Term Budget Policy Statement. The report must explain how the Bill and the national budget give effect to, or the reasons for not taking into account, the recommendations contained in the Committee reports.
- 1.5 The memorandum referred to in paragraph 1.3 is attached to this Memorandum and will also be attached as "Annexure W1" to the Budget Review, and the report referred to in paragraph 1.4 will be tabled with the budget.
- 1.6 The Bill is introduced in compliance with the Constitution, the Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act, 1997, and the Money Bills and Related Matters Act, 2009, as set out in paragraphs 1.1 to 1.4.
- 1.7 The allocations contemplated in section 214(1) of the Constitution are set out in the following Schedules to the Bill:
  - Schedule 1 contains the equitable shares of the three spheres of government;
  - *Schedule 2* sets out provincial equitable share allocations;
  - *Schedule 3* sets out local government equitable share allocations per municipality;
  - *Schedules 4 to 7* deal with grant allocations for provinces and municipalities, including allocations to supplement funding of functions funded from provincial and municipal budgets, specific purpose allocations, allocations-in-kind (indirect transfers to provinces and local government) and the

release of funds to provinces and municipalities for immediate response to a disaster.

### 2. SUMMARY OF BILL

The following is a brief summary of the Bill:

- Clause 1 contains definitions;
- *Clause 2* sets out the objects of the Bill, which are to provide for the equitable division of revenue raised nationally among the three spheres of government and to promote predictability and certainty in respect of allocations to provinces and municipalities as well as transparency and accountability in the resource allocation process;
- *Clause 3* provides for the equitable division of anticipated revenue raised nationally among the national, provincial and local spheres of government, which is set out in Schedule 1;
- *Clause 4* provides for each province's equitable share, which is set out in Schedule 2, and must be transferred in terms of a payment schedule;
- *Clause 5* provides for each municipality's equitable share, which is set out in Schedule 3, and must be transferred on the dates specified in this clause, in amounts as determined in terms of clause 22(2);
- *Clause 6* determines what must happen if actual revenue raised falls short or is in excess of anticipated revenue for the 2025/26 financial year, and allows for additional conditional and unconditional allocations to be made from the excess revenue as well as an increase of the equitable share of provinces or municipalities;
- *Clause* 7 provides for conditional allocations or an increase of conditional allocations to provinces in Part A of Schedules 4 to 7;
- *Clause 8* provides for conditional allocations or an increase of conditional allocations to municipalities in Part B of Schedules 4 to 7;
- *Clauses 9 and 10* set out the duties of a transferring national officer in respect of Schedules 4, 5 and 6 allocations;
- *Clauses 11 and 12* set out the duties of a receiving officer in respect of Schedules 4, 5 and 7 allocations;
- *Clause 13* sets out the additional duties of a receiving officer in respect of infrastructure conditional allocations to provinces;
- *Clause 14* prescribes the duties in respect of annual financial statements and annual reports for the 2025/26 financial year;
- *Clause 15* requires the publication of certain allocations and all conditional grant frameworks in the *Government Gazette*;
- *Clause 16* requires that spending must only be in accordance with the purpose and subject to the conditions set out in the grant frameworks for Schedules 4 to 7 allocations, and sets out funding related arrangements if a function partially or fully funded by a conditional grant is assigned by a province to a municipality;
- Clauses 17 and 18 provide for the withholding and stopping of allocations;
- *Clause 19* provides for the reallocation of funds;
- *Clause 20* provides for the conversion of certain allocations in order to prevent under-spending on the allocation or if the affected national or provincial department has demonstrated the capacity to implement projects;
- Clause 21 provides for the management of unspent conditional allocations;
- Clauses 22 and 23 provide for payment schedules and their amendment;
- *Clause 24* provides for the recovery of any allocation transferred in error or fraudulently;
- *Clause 25* provides for new allocations during the 2025/26 financial year and the use of funds allocated in Schedule 7;
- Clause 26 provides for preparations for the 2026/27 and 2027/28 financial years;
- *Clause* 27 deals with transfers before the commencement of the Division of Revenue Act for the 2026/27 financial year and the conditions attached to such transfers;
- Clause 28 sets out the duties of municipalities;
- Clause 29 sets out the duties and powers of provincial treasuries;
- Clause 30 sets out the duties and powers of the National Treasury;
- *Clauses 31 to 36* provide for general matters such as liability for costs incurred in violation of principles of cooperative governance and intergovernmental

relations, irregular expenditure, financial misconduct, delegations and assignments, departures, and the power of the Minister of Finance to make regulations;

- Clause 37 provides for the repeal of laws;
- Clause 38 provides for the short title and commencement.

### 3. ORGANISATIONS AND INSTITUTIONS CONSULTED

The following institutions were consulted on the Bill:

- Financial and Fiscal Commission;
- South African Local Government Association; and
- National and provincial departments.

### 3. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS TO THE STATE

The Bill outlines the division of revenue between the three spheres of government, and the financial implications to government are limited to the total transfers to provinces and local government as indicated in the Schedules to the Bill.

### 4. CONSTITUTIONAL IMPLICATIONS

The Bill gives effect to section 214 of the Constitution.

### 5. PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE

- 5.1 The Constitution prescribes the classification of Bills and thus prescribes the different procedures to be followed for such enactment. The national legislative process is governed by sections 73 to 77 of the Constitution.
- 5.2 The State Law Advisers and the National Treasury have considered the Bill against the provisions of the Constitution relating to the tagging of Bills, and against the functional areas listed in Schedule 4 (functional areas of concurrent national and provincial legislative competence) and Schedule 5 (functional areas of exclusive provincial legislative competence) to the Constitution.
- 5.3 For purposes of tagging, in the case of *Tongoane and Others v Minister for Agriculture and Land Affairs and Others 2010 (6) SA 214 (CC)*, the Constitutional Court ruled on the test to be used when tagging a Bill. The Constitutional Court held, in paragraph 70, that the "test for determining how a Bill is to be tagged must be broader than that for determining legislative competence".
- 5.4 In terms of section 76(3) of the Constitution, a Bill must be dealt with in accordance with the procedure established by either subsection (1) or subsection (2) if it falls within a functional area listed in Schedule 4 to the Constitution. Furthermore, in terms of section 76(4)(b) of the Constitution, a Bill must be dealt with in accordance with the procedure established by section 76(1) of the Constitution, if it provides for legislation envisaged in Chapter 13 of the Constitution and includes provisions affecting the financial interests of the provincial sphere of government.
- 5.5 The issue that needs to be determined is whether the proposed amendments as contained in the Bill, in substantial measure, fall within a functional area listed in Schedule 4 to the Constitution, or whether the proposed amendments fall under section 76(4)(b) of the Constitution.
- 5.6 The provisions of the Bill have been carefully examined, and in our view, they amount to legislation envisaged in Chapter 13 of the Constitution. Furthermore, the Bill includes provisions affecting the financial interests of the provincial sphere of government as contemplated in section 76(4)(b) of the Constitution. We are therefore of the opinion that the Bill must be dealt with in accordance with the procedure envisaged by section 76 of the Constitution.

5.7 The State Law Advisers and the National Treasury are of the opinion that it is not necessary to refer this Bill to the National House of Traditional and Khoi-San Leaders in terms of section 39(1)(a) of the Traditional and Khoi-San Leadership Act, 2019 (Act No. 3 of 2019), since it does not contain provisions that directly affect traditional or Khoi-San communities or pertain to customary law or the customs of traditional or Khoi-San communities.

### DIVISION OF REVENUE ATTACHMENTS

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### BACKGROUND

Section 214(1) of the Constitution requires that the nationally raised revenue be divided equitably between national government, the nine provinces and 257 municipalities. This is outlined in the annual Division of Revenue Act. The division of revenue takes into account the powers and functions assigned to each sphere; fosters transparency, predictability and stability; and is at the heart of constitutional cooperative governance.

The principles underpinning the equitable sharing and allocation of nationally raised revenue are prescribed in the Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act (1997). Sections 9 and 10(4) of the act set out the consultation process to be followed with the Financial and Fiscal Commission (FFC), including considering recommendations made regarding the division of revenue.

This explanatory memorandum to the 2025 Division of Revenue Bill fulfils the requirement set out in section 10(5) of the Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act that the bill be accompanied by an explanatory memorandum detailing how the bill takes account of each of the matters listed in section 214 (2)(a) to (j) of the Constitution; government's response to the FFC's recommendations submitted to the minister in terms of section 9 of the act or as a result of consultations with the FFC; and any assumptions and formulas used in arriving at the respective shares. Moreover, this memorandum complements the discussion on the division of revenue in Chapter 6 of the March 2025 *Budget Review*. It has six sections:

- Part 1 lists the factors that inform the division of resources between national, provincial and local government.
- Part 2 describes the 2025 division of revenue.
- Part 3 sets out how the FFC's recommendations on the 2025 division of revenue have been taken into account.
- Part 4 explains the formula and criteria for dividing the provincial equitable share and conditional grants among provinces.
- Part 5 sets out the formula and criteria for dividing the local government equitable share and conditional grants among municipalities.
- Part 6 summarises issues that will form part of subsequent reviews of provincial and local government fiscal frameworks.

The Division of Revenue Bill and its underlying allocations are the result of extensive consultations between national, provincial and local government. The Budget Council deliberated on the matters discussed in this memorandum at several meetings during 2024 and 2025. The approach to local government allocations was discussed with organised local government at technical meetings with the South African Local Government Association (SALGA) and the Department of Cooperative Governance, culminating in meetings of the Budget Forum (made up of the Budget Council, SALGA and the Minister of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs). The division of revenue, along with the government

### ANNEXURE W1 EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM TO THE DIVISION OF REVENUE

priorities that underpin it, was agreed for the next three years at a Cabinet meeting on 14 May 2025.

### **PART 1: CONSTITUTIONAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Section 214 of the Constitution requires that the annual Division of Revenue Act be enacted after 10 key principles outlined in sub-sections 2(a) to (j) are considered. The 10 constitutional principles considered in the 2025 division of revenue are briefly noted below.

### National interest and the division of resources

The National Development Plan sets out the national interest by outlining a long-term vision for the country through which South Africa can advance inclusive economic transformation. To achieve this vision, South Africa needs to use the division of resources in a manner that draws on the energies of its people; builds and grows an inclusive economy; builds capabilities; enhances the capacity of the state; and promotes leadership and partnerships throughout society. The 2024–2029 Medium Term Development Plan outlines the plan and a results framework for implementing South Africa's national development priorities for the seventh administration of the government of national unity.

In the 2024 *Medium Term Budget Policy Statement* (MTBPS), the Minister of Finance outlined how the resources available to government over the 2025 medium-term expenditure framework (MTEF) period would be allocated to help address government's areas of immediate focus. These focus areas are as follows:

- Achieving fiscal sustainability by stabilising debt.
- Promoting economic growth and maintaining higher levels of investment by directing a growing share of public spending towards capital projects.
- Supporting and protecting critical social services in the context of constrained budget resources.
- Focusing on the growth in the public-service wage bill.

These focus areas have informed the division of resources between the three spheres of government over the 2025 MTEF period. Chapter 4 of the 2024 MTBPS and chapters 5 and 6 of the March 2025 *Budget Review* discuss how funds have been allocated across the three spheres of government based on these focus areas. The framework for each conditional grant also notes how the grant is linked to government's 14 priority outcomes.

### **Provision for debt costs**

The resources shared between national, provincial and local government include proceeds from national government borrowing used to fund public spending. Gross loan debt will stabilise at 77.4 per cent of GDP in 2025/26. To protect and maintain the country's integrity and credit reputation, it is important that national government provide for the resulting debt costs. Chapter 7 of the March 2025 *Budget Review* provides a more detailed discussion.

### National government's needs and interests

The Constitution assigns exclusive and concurrent powers and functions to each sphere of government. National and provincial government have concurrent responsibility for a range of functions, such as basic education, health services, social welfare services, housing and agriculture. For these functions, national government is mainly responsible for providing leadership, formulating policy (including setting norms and standards) and providing oversight and monitoring, while provincial government is mainly responsible for implementation in line with the nationally determined framework.

National government is exclusively responsible for functions that serve the national interest and are best centralised, including national defence, the criminal justice system (safety and security, courts), higher education and administrative functions (home affairs, collection of national taxes). Provincial and local government receive equitable shares and conditional grants to enable them to provide basic services and perform their functions. Functions may shift between spheres of government in line with legislative prescripts to better meet the country's needs, which is then reflected in the division of revenue. Changes continue to be made to various national transfers to provincial and local government to improve their efficiency, effectiveness and alignment with national strategic objectives.

### Provincial and local government basic services

Provinces and municipalities are responsible for providing education, health, social development, housing, roads, electricity and water, and municipal infrastructure services. They have the autonomy to allocate resources to meet basic needs and respond to provincial and local priorities while giving effect to national objectives. The division of revenue provides equitable shares to provinces and local government to enable them to meet their basic service obligations. In addition, conditional grants are provided to enable them to improve and expand the provision of services.

Over the 2025 MTEF period, R2.95 trillion or 50.4 per cent of non-interest spending is allocated to provinces and local government. Excluding provisional allocations, R2.4 trillion or 42 per cent is allocated to provinces, while R552.7 billion or 9.7 per cent is allocated to local government. This is to continue funding local and provincial government priorities over the medium term, which include health, education and municipal basic services, and funding the rising costs of these services as a result of population growth and higher bulk electricity and water costs.

### **Fiscal capacity and efficiency**

Fiscal capacity refers to the revenue-raising power of each sphere of government. High-level Income and Expenditure Survey data was released on 28 January 2025. The detailed data – still outstanding – did not inform the 2025 budget allocations. Looking ahead, this data will play a crucial role in shaping the 2026 budget allocations, presenting an opportunity to refine the funding system to better reflect the fiscal capacity of each province and municipality. This is especially important, as fiscal capacity may have shifted significantly since the 2011 Census update.

Of all three spheres of government, national government has the highest revenue-raising capacity. The revenue generated is shared with other spheres to support various services and initiatives. National government has large spending responsibilities and therefore typically receives the largest share of nationally raised revenue after accounting for the contingency reserve and debt-servicing costs. Provinces, meanwhile, have limited revenue-raising capacity but significant spending responsibilities, so they receive the second-largest share of nationally raised revenue.

Municipalities, on the other hand, can raise revenue through property rates, user charges and fees. This revenue covers basic services such as sanitation, waste management, electricity and water. The costs of these services are typically recovered through tariffs. Therefore, municipalities finance most of their expenditure through these revenue sources.

However, the ability of individual municipalities to raise revenue varies greatly. Rural municipalities, for example, typically raise much less revenue than large urban and metropolitan municipalities. The design of the local government fiscal framework acknowledges this reality and acknowledges that many rural municipalities will depend on transfers for most of their funding. These transfers are made through the local government equitable share formula, which considers the fiscal capacity of each recipient municipality.

To improve the efficiency of funding distribution, mechanisms for allocating funds to provinces and municipalities are regularly reviewed. Conditional grant allocations to provincial and local government are informed by the recipient's efficacy and efficiency in using previous allocations. With the recent census data, it will be possible to further improve the allocation of funding to ensure that it reaches those with the greatest need.

### **Developmental needs**

Developmental needs are accounted for at two levels. First, in determining the division of revenue, which mostly grows the provincial and local government shares of nationally raised revenue faster than inflation, and second, in the formulas used to divide national transfers among municipalities and provinces. Developmental needs are built into the equitable share formulas for provincial and local government and included in specific conditional grants, such as the *municipal infrastructure grant*, which allocates funds according to the number of households without access to basic services in a municipality. Various infrastructure grants and the capital budgets of provinces and municipalities aim to boost economic and social development.

### **Economic disparities**

The equitable share and infrastructure grant formulas redistribute funds towards poorer provinces and municipalities (parts 4 and 5 of this annexure provide statistics illustrating this). Through the division of revenue, government continues to invest in economic infrastructure (such as roads), allocating R243 billion over the 2025 MTEF period, and social infrastructure (such as schools, hospitals and clinics), allocating R81 billion over the 2025 MTEF period. This is to stimulate economic development, create jobs and address economic and social disparities.

### **Obligations in terms of national legislation**

The Constitution gives provincial governments and municipalities the power to determine priorities and allocate budgets. National government is responsible for developing policy, fulfilling national mandates, setting national norms and standards for provincial and municipal functions, and monitoring the implementation of concurrent functions.

The 2025 MTEF, through the division of revenue, continues to fund the delivery of provincial, municipal and concurrent functions through a combination of conditional and unconditional grants.

### **Predictability and stability**

Provincial and local government equitable share allocations are based on estimates of nationally raised revenue. If this revenue falls short of estimates within a given year, the equitable shares of provinces and local government will not be reduced. Allocations are assured (voted, legislated and guaranteed) for the first year and are transferred according to a payment schedule. To contribute to longer-term predictability and stability, estimates for a further two years are published with the annual proposal for appropriations. Adjusted estimates as a result of changes to data underpinning the equitable share formulas and revisions to the formulas themselves are phased in to ensure minimal disruption.

### Flexibility in responding to emergencies

Government has a contingency reserve for unforeseen and unavoidable events. In addition, two conditional grants for disasters and housing emergencies (*provincial disaster response grant* and *municipal disaster response grant*) allow government to allocate and transfer funds to affected provinces and municipalities in the immediate aftermath of a disaster. Over the 2025 MTEF period, R1.7 billion is allocated to these grants. Furthermore, various pieces of legislation, such as sections 16 and 25 of the Public Finance Management Act (1999), provide for the allocation of funds (including adjustment allocations) to deal with emergencies, unforeseeable and unavoidable situations. Section 29 of the Municipal Finance Management Act (2003) allows a municipal mayor to authorise unforeseeable and unavoidable expenditure in an emergency.

### PART 2: THE 2025 DIVISION OF REVENUE

The 2025 fiscal strategy will prioritise fiscal sustainability by pursuing a debt-stabilising primary balance in 2025/26. Government's strategy continues to strike a balance between reducing risks to the fiscal framework and supporting economic growth and social programmes. The strategy will prioritise (as contained in Chapter 3 of the March 2025 *Budget Review*):

- Achieving a debt-stabilising main budget primary surplus in 2025/26 and maintaining sufficiently large primary surpluses over the remainder of the decade.
- Implementing the 2025 public-service wage agreement in a sustainable way that mitigates its impacts on the core fiscal metrics.

- Growing payments for capital assets at a consolidated level faster than inflation. Capital payments are the fastest-growing spending item.
- Shifting the borrowing strategy to prioritising capital payments, while ensuring that current revenue exceeds current spending.

The most important public spending programmes that help poor South Africans, contribute to growth and create jobs have been protected from major reductions. The 2025 division of revenue reprioritises existing funds to ensure these objectives are met.

Excluding debt-service costs, the contingency reserve and provisional allocations, allocated expenditure shared across government amounts to R1.86 trillion in 2025/26, R1.89 trillion in 2026/27 and R1.96 trillion in 2027/28. The division of these funds between the three spheres takes into account government's spending priorities, each sphere's revenue-raising capacity and responsibilities, and input from various intergovernmental forums and the FFC. The provincial and local equitable share formulas are designed to ensure fair, stable and predictable revenue shares, and to address economic and fiscal disparities.

### Increase in non-interest spending

Over the next few years, government plans to increase its consolidated government spending from R2.58 trillion in 2025/26 to R2.81 trillion in 2027/28. The bulk of this spending will go towards supporting the social wage, which is a crucial aspect of government's commitment to social welfare. The main budget deficit is expected to continue narrowing over the medium term, reaching 3.2 per cent of GDP by 2027/28.

Several provincial and local government infrastructure grants that are likely to go unspent based on historical spending trends are being reprioritised to other priorities. Parts 4 and 5 of this annexure set out in more detail how the changes to the baseline affect provincial and local government transfers.

### The fiscal framework

Table W1.1 presents the medium term macroeconomic forecasts for the 2025 Budget. It sets out the growth assumptions and fiscal policy targets on which the fiscal framework is based.

	2024/25		2025/26		2026/27		2027/28
	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2025
R billion/percentage of GDP	Budget						
Gross domestic product	7 452.2	7 406.9	7 913.8	7 872.2	8 422.3	8 351.4	8 890.6
Real GDP growth	1.4%	0.7%	1.7%	1.5%	1.8%	1.7%	1.9%
GDP inflation	4.2%	3.7%	4.5%	4.7%	4.5%	4.3%	4.5%
National budget framework							
Revenue	1 815.0	1 808.5	1 947.4	1 949.4	2 086.0	2 095.4	2 229.2
Percentage of GDP	24.4%	24.4%	24.6%	24.8%	24.8%	25.1%	25.1%
Expenditure	2 136.0	2 144.1	2 255.6	2 310.7	2 373.2	2 403.0	2 515.6
Percentage of GDP	28.7%	28.9%	28.5%	29.4%	28.2%	28.8%	28.3%
Main budget balance <sup>1</sup>	-320.9	-335.6	-308.2	-361.3	-287.2	-307.7	-286.4
Percentage of GDP	-4.3%	-4.5%	-3.9%	-4.6%	-3.4%	-3.7%	-3.2%

### Table W1.1 Medium-term macroeconomic assumptions

1. A positive number reflects a surplus and a negative number a deficit

Source: National Treasury

Table W1.2 sets out the division of revenue for the 2025 MTEF period after accounting for new policy priorities.

Table W1.2 Division (	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28
				Preliminary			
R million		Outcome	9	outcome	Med	lium-term est	timates
Division of available fund	s						
National departments	822 785	855 868	826 901	859 961	916 056	906 216	940 078
of which:							
Indirect transfers	3 757	3 536	4 099	3 877	4 909	3 024	2 624
to provinces							
Indirect transfers to	5 702	7 182	8 174	7 127	7 863	7 866	8 222
local government							
Provinces	660 799	694 131	706 258	730 632	767 791	798 427	833 804
Equitable share	544 835	570 868	585 086	600 476	633 166	660 569	690 243
Conditional grants	115 964	123 263	121 172	130 156	134 625	137 858	143 561
Local government	135 625	150 699	157 650	167 685	176 825	185 112	190 804
Equitable share	76 169	83 938	92 262	99 504	106 087	110 661	115 666
Conditional grants	44 839	51 426	49 955	52 055	53 889	56 830	56 720
General fuel levy	14 617	15 335	15 433	16 127	16 849	17 621	18 418
sharing							
with metros							
Provisional allocations	-	-	-	-	18 712	60 763	62 300
not appropriated <sup>1</sup>							
Non-interest allocations	1 619 208	1 700 698	1 690 809	1 758 279	1 879 384	1 950 518	2 026 986
Percentage increase	4.0%	5.0%	-0.6%	4.0%	6.9%	3.8%	3.9%
Debt-service costs	268 072	308 459	356 110	385 822	426 346	447 015	477 513
Contingency reserve	-	-	-	_	5 000	5 500	11 127
Main budget	1 887 280	2 009 157	2 046 919	2 144 101	2 310 730	2 403 033	2 515 626
expenditure							
Percentage increase	5.5%	6.5%	1.9%	4.7%	7.8%	4.0%	4.7%
Percentage shares							
National departments	50.8%	50.3%	48.9%	48.9%	49.2%	48.0%	47.8%
Provinces	40.8%	40.8%	41.8%	41.6%	41.3%	42.3%	42.4%
Local government	8.4%	8.9%	9.3%	9.5%	9.5%	9.8%	9.7%

### Table W1.2 Division of nationally raised revenue

1. Includes amounts for Budget Facility for Infrastructure projects and other provisional allocations Source: National Treasury

Table W1.3 shows how changes to the baseline are spread across government. The new focus areas are accommodated by small increases in non-interest spending.

Tuble W1.9 changes over baseline						
R million	2025/26	2026/27				
National departments	62 346	15 765				
Provinces	6 939	7 624				
Local government	-831	1 337				
Allocated expenditure	68 453	24 726				

### Table W1.3 Changes over baseline

Source: National Treasury

Table W1.4 sets out schedule 1 of the Division of Revenue Bill, which reflects the legal division of revenue between national, provincial and local government. In this division, the national share includes all conditional grants to provinces and local government in line with section 214(1) of the Constitution, and the allocations for each sphere reflect equitable shares only.

### ANNEXURE W1 EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM TO THE DIVISION OF REVENUE

Table W1.4 Schedule 1 of the Division of Revenue Diff					
	2025/26 2026/27		2027/28		
R million	Allocation Forward estin		estimates		
National <sup>1</sup>	1 571 477	1 631 803	1 709 717		
Provincial	633 166	660 569	690 243		
Local	106 087	110 661	115 666		
Total	2 310 730	2 403 033	2 515 626		

### Table W1.4 Schedule 1 of the Division of Revenue Bill

1. National share includes conditional grants to provinces and local government, general fuel levy sharing with metropolitan municipalities, debt-service costs, the contingency reserve and provisional allocations

Source: National Treasury

The 2025 *Budget Review* sets out in detail how constitutional considerations and government's priorities are taken into account in the division of revenue. It describes economic and fiscal policy considerations, revenue issues, debt and financing considerations, and expenditure plans. Chapter 6 of the 12 March Budget Review focuses on provincial and local government financing.

### PART 3: RESPONSE TO THE FFC'S RECOMMENDATIONS

Section 9 of the Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act requires the FFC to make recommendations regarding:

- "An equitable division of revenue raised nationally, among the national, provincial and local spheres of government;
- the determination of each province's equitable share in the provincial share of that revenue; and
- any other allocations to provinces, local government or municipalities from the national government's share of that revenue, and any conditions on which those allocations should be made."

The act requires that the FFC table these recommendations at least 10 months before the start of each financial year. The FFC tabled its *Submission for the Division of Revenue 2025/26* to Parliament in 2024. This year's theme is "public-sector productivity and economic growth". The 2025/26 recommendations cover the following areas: international best practices to enhance public-sector performance, rail transport, smallholder farmers, judicial reforms, healthcare delivery and local governance.

Section 214 of the Constitution requires that the FFC's recommendations be considered before tabling the division of revenue. Section 10 of the Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act requires that the Minister of Finance table a Division of Revenue Bill with the annual budget in the National Assembly. The Bill must be accompanied by an explanatory memorandum setting out how government has taken into account the FFC's recommendations when determining the division of revenue. This part of the explanatory memorandum complies with this requirement.

The FFC's recommendations can be divided into three categories:

• Recommendations that apply directly to the division of revenue

- Recommendations that indirectly apply to issues related to the division of revenue
- Recommendations that do not relate to the division of revenue.

Government's responses to the first and second categories are provided below. Recommendations that do not relate to the division of revenue are normally referred to the officials to whom they were addressed, who are requested to respond directly to the FFC. All the FFC recommendations can be accessed at <u>www.ffc.co.za</u>.

### RECOMMENDATIONS THAT APPLY DIRECTLY AND INDIRECTLY TO THE DIVISION OF REVENUE

Chapter 1: Improving public-sector performance: An international perspective

The FFC recommends the following: "The international experience shows that government investment in infrastructure is essential for economic growth and productivity. Therefore, the Commission recommends that National Treasury, through the division of revenue, in collaboration with the Department of Trade, Industry and Competition, the Department of Public Enterprises, and the Department of Public Works and Infrastructure, devise and consolidate the various grants and earmarked allocations into an infrastructure incentive grant for economic infrastructure development and public-private partnerships (PPPs)."

### Government response

South Africa already has a wide range of incentives within the grant system to support infrastructure development, particularly for the poor. Government's role in infrastructure investment is primarily to address market failures and ensure equitable access, which is why the grant system is skewed towards infrastructure that benefits the poor. For economic infrastructure, cost recovery mechanisms such as tariffs are designed to play a significant role, with government investment aimed at crowding in private-sector participation through public-private partnerships and other mechanisms.

A comprehensive review of all conditional grants was concluded in 2024. It explored options for reforming the grant system to improve efficiency and effectiveness, including consolidating grants. The review did not recommend establishing an infrastructure incentive grant as proposed by the FFC. Instead, the focus remains on optimising the existing grant system to balance the needs of the poor with the imperative to attract private-sector investment in economic infrastructure.

### Chapter 3: A review of the support provided to smallholder farmers in South Africa and opportunities for improving performance

The FFC recommends the following: "The Department of Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development should consider consolidating the three agriculture conditional grants (the Comprehensive Agricultural Support Programme, Ilima Letsema and the Land Care Grant), along with other existing pools of funding geared at assisting smallholder farmers, to ensure

that the assistance provided can contribute to the long-term sustainability of smallholder farmers."

### Government response

The conditional grants review proposes merging the *comprehensive agricultural support* programme grant and the Ilima/Letsema projects grant to address the administrative burdens and overlaps identified between the two grants, while the land care programme grant: poverty relief and infrastructure development will remain a standalone grant for the foreseeable future. The merger is intended to streamline administrative processes, reducing the workload on provincial departments, eliminate duplication of efforts in supporting smallholder and subsistence farmers, and provide a more cohesive and comprehensive support system for beneficiaries. The National Treasury, in collaboration with the Department of Agriculture, will work on the redesign process to ensure the merger is seamless. Moreover, the widespread acknowledgement by stakeholders that the land care programme grant: poverty relief and infrastructure development is underfunded highlights the need to retain it as a standalone grant. The programme plays a critical role in addressing the degradation of natural agricultural resources by promoting sustainable practices that ensure food security and support a productive agricultural sector. Its targeted interventions directly benefit farming communities and are essential for the long-term sustainability of agricultural resources.

The FFC recommends the following: "As a means of strengthening food security and facilitating transformation in the agricultural sector, public food procurement from smallholder farmers should be actively supported. Consideration should be given to establishing a conditional grant to enable provincial departments of Agriculture to assist smallholder farmers, at least initially, with costs associated with supply integration."

### Government response

Government emphasises that introducing new conditional grants is often not the optimal solution. The conditional grants review process has highlighted challenges such as the administrative costs associated with compliance and the risk of duplication, as seen with the *llima/Letsema projects grant* and the *comprehensive agricultural support programme grant*. These issues underscore the need to streamline existing grants rather than create additional ones.

The comprehensive agricultural support programme grant provides for effective and coordinated agricultural support through collaborations with industry transformation initiatives, while also promoting and facilitating agricultural development by targeting beneficiaries of land reform and other black producers who have acquired land through private means and are engaged in value-adding domestic enterprises. The redesign process of this grant will also explore how best to strengthen this support to farmers as a means of strengthening food security.

### Chapter 5: Measuring efficiency in the provision of healthcare

The FFC recommends the following: "The Commission reiterates its recommendation made in 2015 that National Treasury and line departments should consider indirect conditional grants as a measure of last resort while continuing to build capacity in other lower spheres of government if the belief is that provinces and municipalities lack capacity."

### Government response

Government acknowledges the FFC's recommendation and agrees that indirect conditional grants should be used as a measure of last resort. However, recent experiences have shown that national departments often favour indirect grants, not as a last resort, but as a default approach, even when evidence suggests that this does not always lead to improved service delivery. In many cases, national departments also struggle to spend these funds effectively, making it difficult to justify hasty interventions through indirect grants. This highlights the need for a more measured and strategic approach that prioritises building capacity in provinces and municipalities to ensure sustainable service delivery. Government also recognises the legal and policy gaps surrounding the use of indirect grants, including the lack of clarity on when they can be implemented and for how long. These issues have been a key focus of the review of conditional grants. As a short-term measure, the National Treasury is developing a policy on indirect grants to address these challenges and provide clearer guidance. This policy will aim to ensure that indirect grants are used appropriately and only in circumstances where they are truly necessary, while continuing efforts to strengthen capacity in lower spheres of government.

The FFC recommends the following: "National Treasury should review the funding of the National Health Insurance and ensure that all funding allocated under the National Health Insurance Programme is for activities and infrastructure directly related to the programme."

### Government response

The National Treasury and the Department of Health will collaborate to ensure that reforms to health grants are carefully aligned with the objectives of national health insurance (NHI), while safeguarding the delivery of health services. The determination of roles and responsibilities between national and provincial health functions, as well as the funding structure, will be prioritised before any reforms are implemented.

This approach will ensure that the implementation of the NHI is constitutionally sound, effectively coordinated across all spheres of government and supports the progressive realisation of universal health coverage.

### **PART 4: PROVINCIAL ALLOCATIONS**

Provincial government receives two forms of allocations from nationally raised revenue: the equitable share and conditional grants. Sections 214 and 227 of the Constitution require that an equitable share of nationally raised revenue be allocated to provincial government to provide basic services and perform its allocated functions. The equitable share is an unconditional transfer to provinces and constitutes their main source of revenue. Due to their

limited revenue-raising abilities, provinces receive 42 per cent of nationally raised revenue over the medium term. In addition, they receive conditional grants to help them fulfil their mandates. Transfers to provinces account for over 96 per cent of provincial revenue.

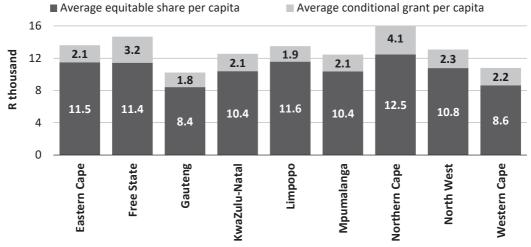
This section outlines national transfers to provinces for the 2025 MTEF period announced in the 2024 MTBPS and changes to the conditional grants that were effected after it was tabled. Having taken the revisions to the provincial fiscal framework into account, national transfers to provinces increase from R730.6 billion in 2024/25 to R767.8 billion in 2025/26. Over the MTEF period, provincial transfers will grow at an average annual rate of 4.5 per cent to R833.8 billion in 2027/28. Table W1.5 sets out the transfers to provinces for 2025/26. A total of R633.2 billion is allocated to the provincial equitable share and R134.6 billion to conditional grants, which includes an unallocated amount of R151 million for the *provincial disaster response grant*.

	Equitable	Conditional	Total
R million	share	grants	transfers
Eastern Cape	82 452	15 236	97 689
Free State	34 836	9 801	44 637
Gauteng	133 979	28 920	162 899
KwaZulu-Natal	128 095	26 366	154 461
Limpopo	74 064	12 300	86 364
Mpumalanga	52 487	10 450	62 937
Northern Cape	17 111	5 515	22 626
North West	44 765	9 618	54 383
Western Cape	65 376	16 268	81 644
Unallocated	-	151	151
Total	633 166	134 625	767 791

### Table W1.5 Total transfers to provinces, 2025/26

Source: National Treasury

The provincial fiscal framework takes account of the different pressures facing each province and allocates larger per capita allocations to poorer provinces and provinces with smaller populations.



### Figure W1.1 Per capita allocations to provinces, 2025/26

Source: National Treasury

### **Changes to provincial allocations**

For the 2025 MTEF period, changes to provincial allocations include the reprioritisation of funds from conditional grants to national government and additional allocations to the provincial equitable share and conditional grants. Table W1.6 provides a summary of the changes to the provincial fiscal framework.

An amount of R15.3 billion has been added to the provincial allocations to support provinces with the implementation of the costs associated with the 2025 public-service wage agreement. Of this amount, R14.5 billion is added to the provincial equitable share, with each province's allocation determined through the equitable share formula. The remaining R861 million is added to several conditional grants that fund compensation of employees. Funds have also been added to the provincial allocations as part of the presidential employment initiative. In 2025/26, R1.2 billion will be added to the provincial equitable share to fund the teacher assistants programme that was introduced in 2020.

Additions to the provincial allocations have also been made through the Budget Facility for Infrastructure. In the 2024/25 adjustments budget, the *education infrastructure grant* was allocated funding for the Western Cape Rapid Schools Build Programme under the Budget Facility for Infrastructure. This programme will continue to be funded in the 2025 MTEF period, with R1 billion allocated in 2025/26 and R1.3 billion in 2026/27. An amount of R1.1 billion has been provisionally allocated in 2025/26 and 2026/27 to the *national health insurance indirect grant: health facility revitalisation component* for the Siloam District Hospital. The project is approved for funding subject to the Limpopo Provincial Health Department fulfilling some requirements.

Similarly, R2.3 billion has been provisionally allocated to fund health technology for the Tygerberg Hospital in the *health facility revitalisation grant*. The funding is over a four-year period starting in 2027/28 with an allocation of R295 million. The project is contingent on the finalisation of a public-private partnership agreement and the submission of the final list of health technology costs.

Other changes to provincial allocations include reprioritisation of funds from and within conditional grants: R199 million is reprioritised from the *comprehensive agricultural support programme grant* to national government over the 2025 MTEF period. This funding will be used to augment funding for the blended finance scheme administered by the Department of Agriculture. Within the same conditional grant, R300 million is made available from the infrastructure portion of the grant to fund extension officers in the extension recovery planning services portion of the grant.

Over the 2025 MTEF period, R6 million in 2025/26, R7 million in 2026/27 and R8 million in 2027/28 are reprioritised from the Department of Health to the *national health insurance indirect grant: health systems component* for the central chronic medicines dispensing and distribution programme. This funding will be used to support the gradual transition of Centres for Disease Control and Prevention donor-funded posts into the department.

Over the MTEF period, R94 million is reprioritised from the *provincial roads maintenance grant* to the S'hamba Sonke Programme within the Department of Transport.

The funds will be used to augment the existing funds allocated towards providing technical support services for the monitoring of road maintenance projects implemented by provinces.

Several changes will also be made to the provincial conditional grants based on the recommendations of the review of the conditional grant system. These will be implemented in a phased manner, with the first set of recommendations introduced in the 2025 MTEF in the agriculture, education, public works and infrastructure, and sport, arts and culture sectors.

				MTEF total
R million	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	revision
Technical adjustments	-	-	-	-
Direct transfers	_	-	_	-
Expanded public works programme integrated	310	324	338	972
grant for provinces				
Social sector expanded public works	-310	-324	-338	-972
programme incentive grant for provinces				
Additions to baseline	6 820	7 991	7 545	22 356
Direct transfers	5 851	7 724	7 537	21 112
Provincial equitable share	4 534	4 864	5 094	14 492
Conditional grants	1 317	2 860	2 443	6 620
Comprehensive agricultural support	2	3	3	8
programme grant				
Ilima/Letsema projects grant	0	0	0	0
Land care	0	0	0	0
Early childhood development grant	0	100	110	211
Education infrastructure grant	1 052	2 475	1 739	5 266
HIV and AIDS (life skills education) grant	1	1	1	3
Maths, science and technology grant	0	0	0	0
Learners with profound intellectual disabilities	2	2	2	6
National School Nutrition Programme	4	5	5	14
District health programmes grant	111	119	125	355
Health facility revitalisation grant	3	3	298	305
National tertiary services grant	76	81	85	242
Human resources and training grant	52	56	59	167
National health insurance grant	4	5	5	14
Mass participation and sport development grant	1	1	1	3
Human settlements development grant	1	1	1	3
Informal settlements upgrading	0	0	0	1
Expanded public works programme	2	2	2	6
integrated grant for provinces				
Community library services grant	6	6	6	18
Indirect transfers	969	267	9	1 244
School infrastructure backlogs grant	104	_	_	104
National health insurance indirect grant	865	267	9	1 140
Reductions to baselines	-253	-1 520	-2 044	-3 817
Direct transfers	-103	-100	-90	-293
Conditional grants	-103	-100	-90	-293
Comprehensive agricultural support	-72	-69	-58	-199
Provincial roads maintenance grant	-31	-31	-31	-94
Indirect transfers	-150	-1 420	-1 955	-3 525
School infrastructure backlogs grant	-150	-1 420	-1 955	-3 525
Total change to provincial government allocations				
Change to direct transfers	5 749	7 624	7 447	20 820
Change to indirect transfers	819	-1 153	-1 946	1 244
Net change to provincial government allocations	6 567	6 471	5 501	18 539
Source: National Treasury	'			

#### Table W1.6 Revisions to direct and indirect transfers to provincial government

Source: National Treasury

After accounting for these changes, the provincial equitable share grows at an average annual rate of 4.8 per cent over the MTEF period, while direct conditional grant allocations grow at an average annual rate of 3.3 per cent.

# The provincial equitable share

The equitable share is the main source of revenue through which provinces are able to meet their expenditure responsibilities. To ensure that allocations are fair, the equitable share is allocated through a formula using objective data to reflect the demand for services across all nine provinces. For each year of the 2025 MTEF period, the following amounts are allocated to the provincial equitable share: R633.2 billion in 2025/26, R660.6 billion in 2026/27 and R690.2 billion in 2027/28.

# The equitable share formula

The equitable share formula consists of six components that account for the relative demand of services and take into consideration changing demographics in each of the provinces. The structure of the two largest components, education and health, is based on the demand and the need for education and health services. The other four components enable provinces to perform their other functions, taking into consideration the population size of each province, the proportion of poor residents in each province, the level of economic activity and the costs associated with running a provincial administration.

The review of the formula is ongoing. Changes are made to the components of the formula as the review progresses. For the 2025 MTEF, no structural changes will be made to the components of the provincial equitable share formula.

## **Data availability**

In the 2024 MTEF, the provincial equitable share formula continued to use the 2022 mid-year population estimates instead of the 2022 Census to inform the population figures in the formula. This was because at the time of determining the formula, most of the 2022 Census data needed to make the annual technical updates to the formula had not yet been made available. Although this 2022 Census data is now available, Statistics South Africa has released more recent population estimates through the 2024 mid-year population estimates. One of the principles underpinning the provincial equitable share formula requires the use of the latest official data. The 2024 mid-year population estimates supersede the 2022 Census data and are therefore more suited to make updates to the 2025 provincial equitable share formula.

Similarly, the economic activity component of the provincial equitable share formula for both the 2023 and 2024 MTEF periods was not updated with the most recent regional GDP figures. This was due to the pending review of the methodology used to determine the regional GDP figures. Statistics South Africa has concluded its review of the regional GDP methodology, so for the first time since 2019, the economic activity component will be updated with the most recent data.

The rest of the formula has been updated with preliminary 2024 data published by the Department of Basic Education on school enrolment from the Learner Unit Record Information Tracking System (LURITS) database. Data from the health sector for 2022/23 and 2023/24 and the 2022 General Household Survey for medical aid coverage is also used to update the formula.

Except for the poverty component, all the components of the provincial equitable share formula have been updated with new data sets. At the time of determining the provincial equitable share formula, the income and expenditure data required to make the annual technical updates to the poverty component was not yet available.

## Summary of the formula's structure

The formula's six components, shown in Table W1.7, capture the relative demand for services across provinces and take into account specific provincial circumstances. The components are neither indicative budgets nor guidelines as to how much should be spent on functions. Rather, the education and health components are weighted broadly in line with historical expenditure patterns to indicate relative need. Provincial executive councils determine the departmental allocations for each function, taking into account the priorities that underpin the division of revenue.

For the 2025 Budget, the formula components are set out as follows:

- An *education component* (48 per cent), based on the size of the school-age population (ages five to 17) and the number of learners (Grades R to 12) enrolled in public ordinary schools.
- A *health component* (27 per cent), based on each province's risk profile and health system caseload.
- A *basic component* (16 per cent), derived from each province's share of the national population.
- An *institutional component* (5 per cent), divided equally between the provinces.
- A *poverty component* (3 per cent), based on income data. This component reinforces the redistributive bias of the formula.
- An *economic activity component* (1 per cent), based on regional gross domestic product (GDP-R, measured by Statistics South Africa).

			Basic		Economic	Institu-	Weighted
	Education	Health	share	Poverty	activity	tional	average
Eastern Cape	13.1%	13.9%	11.4%	14.8%	7.7%	11.1%	12.9%
Free State	5.1%	5.5%	4.8%	5.0%	4.9%	11.1%	5.5%
Gauteng	20.5%	20.7%	25.3%	18.3%	33.2%	11.1%	20.9%
KwaZulu-Natal	21.4%	21.0%	19.5%	22.2%	16.2%	11.1%	20.4%
Limpopo	12.7%	11.4%	10.2%	13.5%	7.6%	11.1%	11.8%
Mpumalanga	8.4%	8.0%	8.0%	9.5%	7.8%	11.1%	8.4%
Northern Cape	2.3%	2.3%	2.2%	2.2%	2.3%	11.1%	2.7%
North West	6.6%	6.8%	6.6%	7.9%	6.4%	11.1%	6.9%
Western Cape	9.9%	10.5%	12.0%	6.6%	14.0%	11.1%	10.4%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

# EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM TO THE DIVISION OF REVENUE

**ANNEXURE W1** 

Source: National Treasury

# **Education component (48 per cent)**

The education component has two subcomponents, accounting for school-age population (five to 17 years) and enrolment data. Each element is assigned a weight of 50 per cent.

The school-age population data is updated using the 2024 mid-year population estimates data obtained from Statistics South Africa. The enrolment data is obtained from the Department of Basic Education's LURITS system, with the most recent data collected in 2024. These subcomponents are used to calculate a weighted share for the education component for each of the provinces. Table W1.8 shows the combined effect of updating the education component shares.

		School enrolment		Changes in	Weighter	Difference in	
	Age			enrolment			weighted
Thousand	5-17	2023	2024	data	2024 MTEF	2025 MTEF	average
Eastern Cape	1 919	1 804	1 790	-14	13.2%	13.1%	-0.07%
Free State	731	721	716	-5	5.2%	5.1%	-0.05%
Gauteng	3 150	2 618	2 660	42	20.7%	20.5%	-0.22%
KwaZulu-Natal	3 154	2 872	2 889	17	21.2%	21.4%	0.19%
Limpopo	1 776	1 798	1 818	20	12.5%	12.7%	0.20%
Mpumalanga	1 200	1 149	1 160	11	8.2%	8.4%	0.13%
Northern Cape	333	306	309	3	2.2%	2.3%	0.02%
North West	979	879	882	3	6.8%	6.6%	-0.22%
Western Cape	1 512	1 267	1 278	11	9.8%	9.9%	0.02%
Total	14 752	13 414	13 501	87	100.0%	100.0%	_

Table W1.8 Impact of changes in school enrolment on the education component share

Source: National Treasury

# Health component (27 per cent)

The health component uses a risk-adjusted capitation index and output data from public hospitals to estimate each province's share of the health component. These methods work together to balance needs (risk-adjusted capitation) and demands (output component).

The health component is presented in three parts below. Table W1.9 shows the shares of the risk-adjusted component, which accounts for 75 per cent of the health component.

10010 11213 10							
	Mid-year population estimates	Insured population	Risk- adjusted	Weighted	Risk-adjus	sted shares	
Thousand	2024	2025	index	population	2024 MTEF	2025 MTEF	Change
Eastern Cape	7 176	9.8%	119.7%	7 750	13.8%	14.3%	0.5%
Free State	3 044	13.3%	110.3%	2 909	5.4%	5.4%	-0.0%
Gauteng	15 932	22.4%	87.6%	10 837	20.6%	20.0%	-0.7%
KwaZulu-Natal	12 313	10.4%	101.9%	11 238	20.3%	20.7%	0.4%
Limpopo	6 403	9.5%	111.1%	6 438	11.8%	11.9%	0.1%
Mpumalanga	5 058	10.4%	103.2%	4 674	8.6%	8.6%	0.1%
Northern Cape	1 373	15.3%	113.5%	1 319	2.4%	2.4%	-0.0%
North West	4 155	13.5%	108.9%	3 915	7.7%	7.2%	-0.5%
Western Cape	7 563	25.7%	91.7%	5 152	9.4%	9.5%	0.1%
Total	63 016			54 231	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%

#### Table W1.9 Risk-adjusted sub-component shares

Source: National Treasury

The risk-adjusted subcomponent estimates a weighted population in each province using the risk-adjusted index. The percentage of the population with medical insurance, based on the 2022 General Household Survey, is deducted from the 2024 mid-year population estimates to estimate the uninsured population per province. The risk-adjusted index, which is an index of each province's health risk profile, is applied to the uninsured population to estimate the weighted population. Each province's share of this weighted population is used to estimate their share of the risk-adjusted subcomponent. The last column in Table W1.9 shows the change in this subcomponent between the 2024 and 2025 MTEF.

	Hospital workload								
		visits	;		patient-day equivalents				
Thousand	2022/23	2023/24	Average	Share	2022/23	2023/24	Average	Share	
Eastern Cape	14 118	13 943	14 030	13.3%	3 696	3 872	3 784	12.4%	
Free State	5 059	5 207	5 133	4.9%	2 012	1 881	1 946	6.4%	
Gauteng	19 725	19 293	19 509	18.5%	7 283	7 265	7 274	23.8%	
KwaZulu-Natal	24 714	24 041	24 377	23.1%	6 388	6 695	6 542	21.4%	
Limpopo	13 047	12 463	12 755	12.1%	2 809	2 864	2 836	9.3%	
Mpumalanga	8 134	8 167	8 150	7.7%	1 790	1 804	1 797	5.9%	
Northern Cape	2 538	2 683	2 610	2.5%	572	614	593	1.9%	
North West	7 004	7 118	7 061	6.7%	1 629	1 598	1 614	5.3%	
Western Cape	12 064	11 859	11 961	11.3%	4 235	4 216	4 225	13.8%	
Total	106 401	104 773	105 587	100.0%	30 414	30 809	30 612	100.0%	

#### Table W1.10 Output sub-component shares

Source: National Treasury

The output subcomponent (shown in Table W1.10) uses patient load data from the District Health Information Services. The average number of visits to primary healthcare clinics in 2022/23 and 2023/24 is calculated to estimate each province's share of this part of the output component, which makes up 5 per cent of the health component. For hospitals, each province's share of the total patient-day equivalents at public hospitals in 2022/23 and 2023/24 is used to estimate their share of this part of the output subcomponent, which makes up 20 per cent of the health component. In total, the output subcomponent is 25 per cent of the health component.

Table W1.11 presents the health component in three parts, the risk-adjusted component, which accounts for 75 per cent of the health component, and the output component, which accounts for 25 per cent of the health component.

		Primary	Hospital			
	Risk-adjusted	healthcare	component	Weigh	ted shares	
Weight	75.0%	5.0%	20.0%	2024 MTEF	2025 MTEF	Change
Eastern Cape	14.3%	13.3%	12.4%	13.6%	13.9%	0.3%
Free State	5.4%	4.9%	6.4%	5.6%	5.5%	-0.0%
Gauteng	20.0%	18.5%	23.8%	21.1%	20.7%	-0.4%
KwaZulu-Natal	20.7%	23.1%	21.4%	20.6%	21.0%	0.4%
Limpopo	11.9%	12.1%	9.3%	11.3%	11.4%	0.1%
Mpumalanga	8.6%	7.7%	5.9%	8.0%	8.0%	0.1%
Northern Cape	2.4%	2.5%	1.9%	2.3%	2.3%	0.0%
North West	7.2%	6.7%	5.3%	7.2%	6.8%	-0.4%
Western Cape	9.5%	11.3%	13.8%	10.4%	10.5%	0.1%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%

#### Table W1.11 Health component weighted shares

Source: National Treasury

#### **Basic component (16 per cent)**

The basic component is derived from each province's share of the national population. This component constitutes 16 per cent of the total equitable share. For the 2025 MTEF, population data is drawn from the 2024 mid-year population estimates produced by Statistics South Africa. Table W1.12 shows how population changes have affected the basic component's revised weighted shares.

				%			
	Mid-year population		Population	population	Basic component		
	estimates		change	change	shares		
Thousand	2023	2024			2024 MTEF	2025 MTEF	Change
Eastern Cape	6 677	7 176	500	7%	11.0%	11.4%	0%
Free State	2 922	3 044	122	4%	4.8%	4.8%	0%
Gauteng	16 099	15 932	-167	-1%	26.6%	25.3%	-1%
KwaZulu-Natal	11 538	12 313	774	7%	19.0%	19.5%	1%
Limpopo	5 941	6 403	461	8%	9.8%	10.2%	0%
Mpumalanga	4 720	5 058	337	7%	7.8%	8.0%	0%
Northern Cape	1 309	1 373	64	5%	2.2%	2.2%	0%
North West	4 187	4 155	-32	-1%	6.9%	6.6%	-0%
Western Cape	7 212	7 563	350	5%	11.9%	12.0%	0%
Total	60 605	63 016	2 411	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	_

#### Table W1.12 Impact of the changes in population on the basic component shares

Source: National Treasury

# Institutional component (5 per cent)

The institutional component recognises that some costs associated with running a provincial government and providing services are not directly related to the size of a province's population or factors included in other components. It is therefore distributed equally between provinces, with each province receiving 11.1 per cent. This component benefits provinces with smaller populations, especially the Northern Cape, Free State and North West, because the allocation per person for these provinces is much higher in this component.

## Poverty component (3 per cent)

The poverty component introduces a redistributive element to the formula and is assigned a weight of 3 per cent. For this component, the poor population is defined as people who fall into the lowest 40 per cent of household incomes in the 2010/11 Income and Expenditure Survey. The estimated size of the poor population in each province is calculated by multiplying the proportion of people in that province who fall into the poorest 40 per cent of South African households by the province's population figure from the 2024 mid-year population estimates. Table W1.13 shows the proportion of the poor in each province from the Income and Expenditure Survey, the 2024 mid-year population estimates and the weighted share of the poverty component per province.

	Income and		2024 MTEF			2025 MTEF		
	Expendi-	Mid-year			Mid-year			
	ture	population	Poor		population	Poor		Difference
	Survey	estimates	popula-	Weighted	estimates	popula-	Weighted	in weighted
Thousand	2011/12	2023	tion	shares	2024	tion	shares	shares
Eastern Cape	52.0%	6 677	3 474	14.4%	7 176	3 734	14.8%	0.4%
Free State	41.4%	2 922	1 209	5.0%	3 044	1 260	5.0%	-0.0%
Gauteng	28.9%	16 099	4 648	19.3%	15 932	4 599	18.3%	-1.0%
KwaZulu-Natal	45.3%	11 538	5 228	21.7%	12 313	5 579	22.2%	0.4%
Limpopo	52.9%	5 941	3 141	13.1%	6 403	3 384	13.5%	0.4%
Mpumalanga	47.3%	4 720	2 231	9.3%	5 058	2 390	9.5%	0.2%
Northern Cape	40.8%	1 309	534	2.2%	1 373	560	2.2%	0.0%
North West	47.9%	4 187	2 005	8.3%	4 155	1 990	7.9%	-0.4%
Western Cape	21.9%	7 212	1 577	6.6%	7 563	1 653	6.6%	0.0%
Total		60 605	24 046	100.0%	63 016	25 150	100.0%	-

#### Table W1.13 Comparison of current and new poverty component weighted shares

Source: National Treasury

# Economic activity component (1 per cent)

The economic activity component is a proxy for provincial tax capacity and expenditure assignments. Given that these assignments are a relatively small proportion of provincial budgets, the component is assigned a weight of 1 per cent. The economic activity component of the provincial equitable share formula for the 2023 and 2024 MTEF periods was not updated with the latest regional GDP figures due to Statistics South Africa's ongoing review of its calculation methodology. The regional GDP figures using the new methodology were published in September 2024. The 2025 MTEF provincial equitable share formula has been updated with this data. Table W1.14 shows the weighted shares of the economic activity component.

Table W1.14 Current and new economic activity component weighted shares 2024 MTEF 2025 MTEF 2025 MTEF							
	GDP-R, 2019 (R million)	Weighted shares	GDP-R, 2023 (R million) <sup>1</sup>	Weighted shares	Difference in weighted shares		
Eastern Cape	387 332	7.6%	537 352	7.7%	0.0%		
Free State	252 763	5.0%	342 064	4.9%	-0.1%		
Gauteng	1 750 062	34.5%	2 329 820	33.2%	-1.3%		
KwaZulu-Natal	806 843	15.9%	1 137 671	16.2%	0.3%		
Limpopo	374 064	7.4%	535 582	7.6%	0.3%		

EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM TO THE DIVISION OF REVENUE

158 236

449 149

984 653

7 023 994

2.3%

6.4%

14.0%

100.0%

103 349

329 363

691 934

5 077 625 100.0% 1. The latest available data on GDP-R is the 2019 series

Source: National Treasurv

Northern Cape

North West

Total

Western Cape

# Full impact of data updates on the provincial equitable share

2.0%

6.5%

13.6%

Table W1.15 shows the full impact of the data updates on the provincial equitable share per province after the six updated components have been added together. It compares the target shares for the 2024 and 2025 MTEF periods. The size of each province's share reflects the relative demand for provincial public services in that province. The changes in shares from 2024 to 2025 respond to changes in that demand. The details of how the data updates affect each component of the formula are described in detail in the sub-sections above.

	2024 MTEF weighted	2025 MTEF weighted	
	average	average	Difference
Eastern Cape	13.0%	13.0%	0.0%
Free State	5.5%	5.5%	-0.0%
Gauteng	21.3%	21.2%	-0.2%
KwaZulu-Natal	20.2%	20.2%	0.1%
Limpopo	11.6%	11.7%	0.1%
Mpumalanga	8.2%	8.3%	0.0%
Northern Cape	2.7%	2.7%	0.0%
North West	7.1%	7.1%	-0.1%
Western Cape	10.3%	10.3%	-0.0%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%

#### Table W1.15 Full impact of data updates on the equitable share

Source: National Treasury

# Phasing in the formula

The annual updates to the official data used to calculate the provincial equitable share formula result in changes to each province's share of the available funds. These changes reflect the changing balance of service delivery demands among the provinces, and the annual data updates are vital to ensuring that allocations can respond to these changes. However, provinces need stable and predictable revenue streams to allow for sound planning. As such, the new shares calculated using the most recent data are phased in over the threeyear MTEF period.

**ANNEXURE W1** 

0.2%

-0.1%

0.4%

0.0%

The equitable share formula data is updated every year, and a new target share for each province is calculated. The phase-in mechanism provides a smooth path to achieving the new weighted shares by the third year of the MTEF period. It takes the difference between the target weighted share for each province at the end of the MTEF period and the indicative allocation for 2025/26 published in the 2024 MTEF and closes the gap between these shares by a third in each year of the 2025 MTEF period. As a result, one third of the impact of the data updates is implemented in 2025/26 and two thirds in the indicative allocations for 2026/27. The updates are thus fully implemented in the indicative allocations for 2027/28.

# Allocations calculated outside the equitable share formula

In addition to allocations made through the formula, the provincial equitable share includes allocations that have been determined using other methodologies. These allocations are typically introduced when a new function or additional funding is transferred to provinces. National government indicates separately how much funding has been allocated to each province for this specific purpose. Funds are also added through this approach when a priority has been identified through the national budget process and provincial government performs the function or when a conditional grant is absorbed into the equitable share.

In 2025/26, R1.2 billion has been allocated to the provincial equitable share to support the continuation of the teacher assistants programme. Originally introduced in 2020 as part of the presidential employment initiative, this programme provided funding to provinces up until 2023/24. Through this funding, over 20 000 schools will benefit, resulting in the creation of 46 274 short-term jobs.

Table W1.16 provides a summary of the allocations made outside the provincial equitable share formula that carry through from previous financial years and a short description of how these amounts are allocated among provinces.

Table W1.16 Allo		· ·			
	2024/25 Revised	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	
R thousand	estimates	M	ledium-term estir	mates	Allocation criteria
Food relief shift	81 300	84 942	88 754	92 739	Allocated equally
					among the provinces
Social worker	273 433	285 683	298 502	311 907	Allocated in terms of
employment					what provinces would
grant shift					have received had the
					grant continued
Substance abuse	95 096	99 356	103 814	108 476	Allocated in terms of
treatment					what provinces would
grant shift					have received had the
NA states I	406 220	110.007	445.067	424 475	grant continued
Municipal intervention	106 228	110 987	115 967	121 175	Allocated equally among the provinces
	101070	100.011	405 770		
HIV prevention	124 370	129 941	135 772	141 869	Allocated based on
programmes					the non-profit organisations
					located in the 27
					priority districts
Social worker	159 390	166 530	174 003	181 817	Allocated according to
additional					areas of high
support shift					prevalence of gender-
					based violence,
					substance abuse and
					issues affecting children
Sanitary Dignity	246 093	257 118	268 655	280 719	Allocated proportionately
Programme					based on the number
					of girl learners per province in quintiles
					1 to 3 schools
Infrastructure	51 401	53 703	56 113	58 633	Allocated equally among
delivery	01 101	00,00	00110		the provinces
improvement					
programme shift					
Education sector	-	1 190 000	-	-	Allocations are based
presidential					on each provincial
employment					education
initiative					department's
					projected capacity to employ assistants in
					schools in line with
					the objectives of
					the initiative
BFI: Coega	632 000	848 000	307 000	115 000	Allocated only to
-		1			
					Eastern Cape

#### Table W1.16 Allocations outside provincial equitable share formula

Source: National Treasury

# Final provincial equitable share allocations

The final equitable share allocations per province for the 2025 MTEF period are detailed in Table W1.17. These allocations include the full impact of the data updates, phased in over three years, and the allocations that are made separately from the formula.

	ncial equitable sha	re	
R million	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28
Eastern Cape	82 452	85 665	89 502
Free State	34 836	36 305	37 876
Gauteng	133 979	138 934	144 161
KwaZulu-Natal	128 095	134 320	141 007
Limpopo	74 064	77 792	81 807
Mpumalanga	52 487	55 084	57 872
Northern Cape	17 111	17 924	18 793
North West	44 765	46 200	47 719
Western Cape	65 376	68 344	71 507
Total	633 166	660 569	690 243

#### Table W1.17 Provincial equitable share

Source: National Treasury

# **Conditional grants to provinces**

There are four types of provincial conditional grants:

- Schedule 4, part A grants supplement various programmes partly funded by provinces.
- Schedule 5, part A grants fund specific responsibilities and programmes implemented by provinces.
- Schedule 6, part A grants provide in-kind allocations through which a national department implements projects in provinces.
- Schedule 7, part A grants provide for the swift allocation and transfer of funds to a province to help it deal with a disaster.

#### **Changes to conditional grants**

The overall growth in direct conditional transfers to provinces averages 3.3 per cent over the medium term. Direct conditional grant baselines total R134.6 billion in 2025/26, R137.9 billion in 2026/27 and R143.6 billion in 2027/28. Indirect conditional grants amount to R4.9 billion, R3 billion and R2.6 billion respectively for each year of the same period.

Table W1.18 provides a summary of conditional grants by sector for the 2025 MTEF period. More detailed information, including the framework and allocation criteria for each grant, is provided in Annexure W2 of this Bill. The frameworks provide the conditions for each grant, the outputs expected, the allocation criteria used for dividing each grant between provinces and a summary of the grants' audited outcomes for 2023/24.

Table W1.18 Conditional grants to provinces					
R million	2024/25 Preliminary outcome	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	MTEF total
Agriculture	2 554	2 457	2 516	2 642	7 615
Comprehensive agricultural support programme	2 018	1 685	1 709	1 799	5 193
Ilima/Letsema projects	448	677	708	740	2 126
Land care programme: poverty relief and infrastructure development	87	94	99	103	296
Basic Education	26 362	28 564	30 834	31 387	90 785
Early childhood development	1 589	1 947	2 136	2 238	6 320
Education infrastructure	14 002	15 285	16 847	16 762	48 894
HIV and AIDS (life skills education)	250	262	274	286	821
Learners with profound intellectual disabilities	279	293	306	320	920
Maths, science and technology	444	459	480	502	1 441
National school nutrition programme	9 798	10 319	10 791	11 279	32 389
Cooperative Governance	149	151	158	165	475
Provincial disaster response	149	151	158	165	475
Health	56 358	57 696	60 351	63 376	181 423
District health programme grant	27 963	28 339	29 643	30 983	88 965
Health facility revitalisation	7 158	7 246	7 578	8 215	23 039
Human resources and training grant	5 517	5 650	5 911	6 179	17 740
National health insurance grant	456	467	476	497	1 440
National tertiary services	15 264	15 995	16 744	17 501	50 239
Human Settlements	16 906	16 920	15 263	15 953	48 136
Human settlements development	13 655	14 150	14 333	14 981	43 464
Informal settlements upgrading partnership	3 251	2 770	930	972	4 672
Public Works and Infrastructure	617	627	656	686	1 969
Social sector expanded public works programme incentive grant for provinces	306	-	-	-	-
Expanded public works programme integrated grant for provinces	312	627	656	686	1 969
Sport, Arts and Culture	2 230	2 276	2 381	2 488	7 145
Community library services	1 612	1 649	1 725	1 803	5 176
Mass participation and sport development	618	627	656	686	1 969
Transport	24 979	25 933	25 700	26 863	78 496
Provincial roads maintenance	17 243	17 851	17 247	18 029	53 128
Public transport operations	7 735	8 082	8 452	8 834	25 369
Total direct conditional allocations	130 156	134 625	137 858	143 561	416 044
Indirect transfers	3 877	4 909	3 024	2 624	10 557
Basic Education	1 677	1 627	450	-	2 077
School infrastructure backlogs	1 677	1 627	450	-	2 077
Health	2 200	3 283	2 574	2 624	8 480
National health insurance indirect	2 200	3 283	2 574	2 624	8 480

#### Table W1.18 Conditional grants to provinces

Source: National Treasury

## **Agriculture grants**

The *comprehensive agricultural support programme grant* aims to support newly established and emerging farmers, particularly subsistence, smallholder and previously disadvantaged farmers. The grant funds a range of projects, including providing training, developing agriprocessing infrastructure and directly supporting targeted farmers. The grant has been allocated R5.2 billion over the medium term.

Following the conditional grants review process, the *comprehensive agricultural support programme grant* and the *llima/Letsema projects grant* will be merged effective from the 2026 MTEF period. The merger will streamline administrative processes, reduce the workload

on provincial departments, eliminate duplication of efforts in supporting smallholder and subsistence farmers, and provide a more cohesive and comprehensive support system for beneficiaries. The National Treasury, in collaboration with the Department of Agriculture, will work on the redesign process throughout 2025/26. The conditional grant framework of the *llima/Letsema projects grant* has been amended to signal the pending merger to provinces.

The *llima/Letsema projects grant* aims to boost food production by helping previously disadvantaged farming communities. The grant has been allocated R2.1 billion over the medium term.

The *land care programme grant: poverty relief and infrastructure development* aims to improve productivity and the sustainable use of natural resources. Provinces are also encouraged to use this grant to create jobs through the Expanded Public Works Programme. The grant has been allocated R296 million over the medium term.

## **Basic education grants**

The *early childhood development grant* supports government's prioritisation of early childhood development, as envisioned in the National Development Plan. The grant aims to improve poor children's access to early childhood programmes and ensure that early childhood development centres have adequate infrastructure. The grant has been allocated R6.3 billion over the medium term.

The *education infrastructure grant* provides supplementary funding for ongoing infrastructure programmes in provinces. This includes maintaining existing infrastructure and building new infrastructure to ensure school buildings meet the required norms and standards. Provincial education departments go through a two-year planning process to be eligible to receive incentive allocations for infrastructure projects. The grant has been allocated R48.9 billion over the medium term. This allocation includes the funding that will be shifted from the *school infrastructure backlogs grant* from 2026/27.

To receive the 2025/26 incentive, the departments had to meet certain prerequisites in 2023/24 and have their infrastructure plans approved in 2024/25. The national Department of Basic Education and the National Treasury assessed the provinces' infrastructure plans. The national departments, provincial treasuries and provincial departments of basic education undertook a moderation process to agree on the final scores. Provinces needed a minimum score of 60 per cent to qualify for the incentive. Table W1.19 shows the final score and incentive allocation for each province.

In the 2024/25 adjustments budget, the grant was allocated funding for the Western Cape Rapid Schools Build Programme through the Budget Facility for Infrastructure. This project will continue to be funded over the 2025 MTEF period, with R1 billion allocated in 2025/26 and R1.3 billion in 2026/27.

Table W1.19 Education infrastructure grant anotations						
	Planning	202	2025/26			
	assessment			Final		
	results	Basic	Incentive	allocation		
R thousand	from 2024	component	component	for 2025/26		
Eastern Cape	78%	1 833 572	93 064	1 926 636		
Free State	78%	957 435	93 064	1 050 499		
Gauteng	75%	2 274 936	93 064	2 368 000		
KwaZulu-Natal	84%	2 396 532	93 064	2 489 596		
Limpopo	77%	1 474 135	93 064	1 567 199		
Mpumalanga	75%	1 273 650	93 064	1 366 714		
Northern Cape	81%	653 926	93 064	746 990		
North West	80%	1 266 219	93 064	1 359 283		
Western Cape	88%	2 317 235	93 064	2 410 299		
Total		14 447 640	837 580	15 285 220		

 Table W1.19 Education infrastructure grant allocations

Source: National Treasury

The national Department of Basic Education uses the indirect *school infrastructure backlogs grant* to replace unsafe and inappropriate school structures and to provide water, sanitation services and electricity on behalf of provinces.

Over the 2025 MTEF period, the *education infrastructure grant* (EIG) and the *school infrastructure backlogs grant* (SIBG) will be merged, as recommended by the conditional grants review process. Merging the two grants does not mean the objectives of the SIBG will no longer be considered. It is intended to improve the coordination of infrastructure delivery plans and programmes to ensure alignment in all the infrastructure projects. The Department of Basic Education will provide a comprehensive list of all ongoing and completed projects under the SIBG (including their current status, budget allocations and timelines) to help identify which projects can be seamlessly transitioned into the EIG.

The SIBG will be phased out incrementally over the MTEF period according to the following process:

- In 2025/26, the entire R1.6 billion SIBG allocation is retained in the SIBG for the department to finish and close out the remaining accelerated school infrastructure delivery initiatives and sanitation appropriate for education projects, to cover the 2024/25 accruals and to complete the omitted scope projects.
- In 2026/27, R450 million of the grant allocation will be retained in the SIBG to finalise the closeout of the projects, while the remaining allocations for capital payments are shifted to the EIG from 2026/27 onwards.
- The full allocation for compensation of employees in the SIBG will be shifted to the national department's compensation of employees from 2026/27 onwards to strengthen the department's oversight and monitoring capacity.

The remaining goods and services portion of the SIBG allocation will be shifted as follows:

• R46 million and R51.6 million is shifted to the department's goods and services to be earmarked allocations in 2026/27 and 2027/28 respectively to strengthen the department's infrastructure oversight and monitoring capacity.

- R40 million and R44 million is shifted to the department's goods and services to be earmarked allocations in 2026/27 and 2027/28 respectively for mother tongue-based bilingual education and early grade reading.
- R100 million and R110 million is shifted to the infrastructure portion of the *early childhood development grant* in 2026/27 and 2027/28 respectively.

The *national school nutrition programme grant* aims to improve the nutrition of poor school children, enhance their capacity to learn and increase their attendance at school. The programme provides a free daily meal to learners in the poorest schools (quintiles 1 to 3). Over the medium term, R32.4 billion has been allocated to the grant.

The *maths, science and technology grant* provides information and communications technology, workshop equipment and machinery to schools, which should lead to better outcomes in maths and science in the long term. Over the medium term, R1.4 billion has been allocated to the grant.

The *HIV* and *AIDS* (*life skills education*) *grant* provides for life skills training, and sexuality and HIV/AIDS education in primary and secondary schools. The programme is fully integrated into the school system, with learner and teacher support materials provided for Grades 1 to 9. Over the 2025 MTEF period, R821 million has been allocated to the grant.

The *learners with profound intellectual disabilities grant* aims to expand access to quality publicly funded education for such learners by recruiting outreach teams. A total of R920 million has been allocated to the grant over the medium term.

## **Cooperative governance grant**

The *provincial disaster response grant* is administered by the National Disaster Management Centre in the Department of Cooperative Governance. It is unallocated at the start of the financial year. The grant allows the National Disaster Management Centre to immediately release funds (in-year) after a disaster is classified, without the need for the transfers to be gazetted first. To ensure that sufficient funds are available in the event of a disaster, section 20 of the 2025 Division of Revenue Bill allows for funds allocated to the *municipal disaster response grant* to be transferred to provinces if funds in the *provincial disaster response grant* have already been exhausted, and vice versa. The bill also allows for more than one transfer to be made to areas affected by disasters, so that an initial payment for emergency aid can be made before a full assessment of damages and costs has been completed. Over the medium term, R475 million has been allocated to this grant.

#### **Health grants**

The *district health programmes grant* consists of two main components: a comprehensive HIV/AIDS component and a district health component. The grant supports HIV/AIDS prevention programmes and specific interventions, including voluntary counselling and testing, prevention of mother-to-child transmission, post-exposure prophylaxis, antiretroviral therapy and home-based care. A total of R89 billion has been allocated to this grant over the medium term.

The *national tertiary services grant* provides strategic funding to enable provinces to plan, modernise and transform tertiary hospital service delivery in line with national policy objectives. The grant operates in 35 tertiary hospitals across the nine provinces and continues to fund medical specialists, equipment and advanced medical investigation and treatment according to approved service specifications. Patient referral pathways often cross provincial borders and, as a result, many patients receive care in neighbouring provinces if the required services are unavailable in their home province. The grant has been allocated R16 billion in 2025/26, R16.7 billion in 2026/27 and R17.5 billion in 2027/28.

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A similar approach to allocating developmental funds is taken in the training component of the *human resources and training grant*. Further details on the amounts ring-fenced are discussed under this grant. The urban areas of Gauteng and the Western Cape continue to receive the largest share of the grant because they provide the largest proportion of high-level sophisticated services.

The *health facility revitalisation grant* funds the construction and maintenance of health infrastructure, including large projects to modernise hospital infrastructure and equipment, general maintenance and infrastructure projects at smaller hospitals, and the refurbishment and upgrading of nursing colleges and schools. In 2027/28, R295 million has been approved through the Budget Facility for Infrastructure for the Tygerberg Hospital Redevelopment Public-Private Partnership (PPP). The funding is contingent on the finalisation of the PPP agreement and the submission of the final list of health technology costs. The grant has been allocated R7.2 billion in 2025/26, R7.6 billion in 2026/27 and R8.2 billion in 2027/28.

Like the *education infrastructure grant*, a two-year planning process is required for provinces to access this grant's incentive component. The national Department of Health and the National Treasury assessed the provinces' infrastructure plans. This was followed by a moderation process involving the national departments, provincial treasuries and provincial departments of health to agree on the final scores. Provinces needed a minimum score of 60 per cent to qualify for the incentive. Funds for the incentive component in the outer years are shown as unallocated. Table W1.20 sets out the final score and the incentive allocation per province.

	Planning	2025/26		
	assessment results	Basic	Incentive	Final allocation
R thousand	from 2024	component	component	for 2025/26
Eastern Cape	83%	699 733	76 220	775 953
Free State	73%	599 815	-	599 815
Gauteng	80%	1 069 355	76 220	1 145 575
KwaZulu-Natal	95%	1 441 700	76 220	1 517 920
Limpopo	79%	546 122	76 220	622 342
Mpumalanga	87%	397 902	76 220	474 122
Northern Cape	78%	451 709	76 220	527 929
North West	80%	611 385	76 220	687 605
Western Cape	89%	818 225	76 220	894 445
Total		6 635 945	609 760	7 245 705

#### Table W1.20 Health facility revitalisation grant allocations

Source: National Treasury

The *human resources and training grant* has two components. The training component funds the training of health sciences professionals, including specialists, registrars and their supervisors. The statutory human resources component funds internship and community service posts, as well as some posts previously funded from the equitable share. Additional funds have been allocated for the developmental portion of the grant. These funds have been allocated to the Eastern Cape, Limpopo, Mpumalanga, the Northern Cape and the North West. A total of R17.7 billion has been allocated to the grant over the medium term.

The *national health insurance grant* continues to fund the contracting of health professionals in the former national health insurance pilot sites. The conditional grant allows provinces to pay contractors directly. In addition, the grant funds the provision of mental health services. Over the medium term, the grant is allocated R1.4 billion.

The *national health insurance indirect grant* continues to fund all preparatory work for universal health coverage, as announced in 2017/18. The grant has been allocated R3.3 billion in 2025/26, R2.6 billion in 2026/27 and R2.6 billion in 2027/28. Through the Budget Facility for Infrastructure, R858 million in 2025/26 and R259 million in 2026/27 has been approved for the Siloam District Hospital in Limpopo. The funding is subject to the finalisation of a socioeconomic analysis, a clear demand analysis and the funding structure of the project.

#### Human settlements grants

The *human settlements development grant* addresses housing inadequacies and promotes sustainable human settlements. The Department of Human Settlements and the National Treasury will review the allocation methodology in 2025/26 to improve the grant's effectiveness.

This grant is allocated using a formula with three components:

- The first component shares 70 per cent of the total allocation between provinces in proportion to their portion of the total number of households living in inadequate housing. Data from the 2011 Census is used for the number of households in each province living in informal settlements, shacks in backyards and traditional dwellings. Given that not all traditional dwellings are inadequate, information from the 2010 General Household Survey on the proportion of traditional dwellings with damaged roofs and walls per province is used to adjust these totals so that only dwellings providing inadequate shelter are counted in the formula.
- The second component determines 20 per cent of the total allocation based on the share
  of poor households in each province. The number of households with an income of less
  than R1 500 per month is used to determine 80 per cent of the component and the share
  of households with an income of between R1 500 and R3 500 per month is used to
  determine the remaining 20 per cent. Data used in this component comes from the
  2011 Census.
- The third component, which determines 10 per cent of the total allocation, is shared in proportion to the number of people in each province, as measured in the 2011 Census.

Table W1.21 shows how the *human settlements development grant* formula calculates the shares for each province and the metropolitan municipalities within the provinces. Section 12(6) of the Division of Revenue Bill requires provinces to gazette how much they will spend within each accredited municipality (including the amounts transferred to that municipality and the amounts spent by the province in that municipal area). Funds for mining towns and disaster recovery are allocated separately from the formula.

The reliance on outdated data from the 2011 Census and 2010 General Household Survey is a notable limitation. More recent data is needed to ensure allocations reflect current realities. The planned review of the allocation methodology for the 2026 MTEF provides an opportunity to incorporate updated data sources, especially the 2022/23 Income and Expenditure Data survey.

Components	Housing needs component Weighted share of inadequate	Poverty component	Population component Share of	Grant formula shares Weighted share of
Description	housing	Share of poverty	population	grant formula
Component weight				
Eastern Cape	10.1%	13.9%	12.7%	11.1%
Nelson Mandela Bay	1.6%	2.1%	2.2%	1.8%
Buffalo City	2.2%	1.6%	1.5%	2.0%
Other Eastern Cape municipalities	6.3%	10.2%	9.0%	7.3%
Free State	5.9%	6.1%	5.3%	5.9%
Mangaung	1.4%	1.5%	1.4%	1.5%
Other Free State municipalities	4.4%	4.6%	3.9%	4.4%
Gauteng	30.9%	22.5%	23.7%	28.5%
Ekurhuleni	9.1%	6.2%	6.1%	8.2%
City of Johannesburg	10.5%	8.0%	8.6%	9.8%
City of Tshwane	6.8%	4.8%	5.6%	6.3%
Other Gauteng municipalities	4.5%	3.5%	3.4%	4.2%
KwaZulu-Natal	18.0%	19.0%	19.8%	18.4%
eThekwini	7.0%	6.2%	6.6%	6.8%
Other KwaZulu-Natal municipalities	11.0%	12.8%	13.2%	11.6%
Limpopo	4.4%	12.0%	10.4%	6.5%
Mpumalanga	6.2%	7.9%	7.8%	6.7%
Northern Cape	1.9%	2.0%	2.2%	2.0%
North West	10.0%	7.8%	6.8%	9.2%
Western Cape	12.7%	8.7%	11.2%	11.8%
City of Cape Town	9.3%	5.5%	7.2%	8.3%
Other Western Cape municipalities	3.4%	3.2%	4.0%	3.4%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table W1.21 Human settlements development grant formula calculation

Source: 2011 Census and General Household Survey

Funds are ring-fenced within the *human settlements development grant* in 2025/26 to upgrade human settlements in mining towns in four provinces. These allocations respond to areas with significant informal settlement challenges, with a high proportion of economic activity based on the natural resources sector. Over the medium term, R43.5 billion has been allocated to this grant.

The *informal settlements upgrading partnership grant* intensifies efforts to upgrade informal settlements in partnership with communities. The grant is dedicated to increasing investment in upgrading existing informal settlements, which includes identifying informal settlements for upgrades, providing households with tenure and providing municipal engineering services. The grant has been allocated R2.8 billion in 2025/26, R930 million in 2026/27 and R972 million in 2027/28.

# Public works and infrastructure grants

The expanded public works programme (EPWP) integrated grant for provinces incentivises provincial departments to use labour-intensive methods in infrastructure, environmental and other projects. Grant allocations are determined upfront based on the performance of provincial departments in meeting job targets in the preceding financial year. The social sector EPWP incentive grant for provinces rewards provinces for creating jobs in the preceding financial year in the areas of home-based care, early childhood development, adult literacy and numeracy, community safety and security, and sports programmes. The grant's allocation model incentivises provincial departments to participate in the EPWP and measures the performance of each province relative to its peers, providing additional incentives to those that perform well.

The National Treasury, in collaboration with the Presidency, is reviewing all public employment programmes. This review aims to explore the synergies between the public employment programmes and the EPWP programmes and ensure alignment between the programmes. From 2025/26, the *EPWP integrated grant for provinces* and the *social sector EPWP incentive grant for provinces* will be merged into one grant, the *EPWP integrated grant for provinces*. The merged allocations of the two grants amount to R2 billion over the medium term.

#### Sport, arts and culture grants

The *community library services grant*, administered by the Department of Sport, Arts and Culture, aims to help South Africans access information to improve their socioeconomic situation. The grant is allocated to the relevant provincial department and administered by that department or through a service-level agreement with municipalities. In collaboration with provincial departments of basic education, the grant also funds libraries that serve both schools and the general public. Funds from this grant may be used to enable the shift of the libraries function between provinces and municipalities. A total amount of R5.2 billion has been allocated over the medium term.

The conditional grants review process also recommended incorporating the *community library services grant* into the provincial equitable share. Work on this integration is already under way in some of the provinces.

The incorporation of the grant into the provincial equitable share will be undertaken in a phased approach. The following process will be followed:

• The cost of employees component will be the first to be moved, at the end of 2025/26, while the capital component remains in the grant. Further engagements will take place

over the course of 2025/26 to determine when the grant should be fully incorporated into the provincial equitable share.

 The building of new libraries while the incorporation is under way will be limited, with funding instead being redirected to library upgrades and maintenance. This approach will ensure that no new projects are affected, a formal handover of the infrastructure to provinces is undertaken and provinces are equally equipped to start implementing new projects.

The *mass participation and sport development grant* aims to increase and sustain mass participation in sport and recreational activities in the provinces, with greater emphasis on provincial and district academies. The grant has been allocated R627 million in 2025/26, R656 million in 2026/27 and R686 million in 2027/28.

#### **Transport grants**

The *public transport operations grant* subsidises commuter bus services. It helps ensure that provinces meet their contractual obligations and provide services. Most of the contracts subsidised through this grant continue to operate on long-standing routes that link dormitory towns and suburbs established under apartheid to places of work. The grant allows provinces to renegotiate contracts and routes, and/or to assign the function and funding to municipalities. This provides an opportunity for routes to be restructured in line with new settlement patterns and to promote more integrated urban development patterns in future. A total of R25.4 billion has been allocated to the grant over the 2025 MTEF period.

The *provincial roads maintenance grant* is a supplementary grant that supports the cost of maintaining provincial roads. Provinces are expected to fund the construction of new roads from their own budgets and supplement the cost of maintaining and upgrading existing roads. Grant allocations are determined using a formula based on provincial road networks, road traffic and weather conditions. These factors reflect the varying costs of maintaining road networks in each province. The grant requires provinces to follow best practices for planning and to use and regularly update road asset management systems. A total of R53.1 billion has been allocated over the medium term.

The incentive portion of the grant is allocated based on performance indicators relating to traffic loads, safety engineering and visual condition indicators. Over the 2025 MTEF period, R94 million will be reprioritised from the *provincial roads maintenance grant*.

## PART 5: LOCAL GOVERNMENT FISCAL FRAMEWORK AND ALLOCATIONS

Funds raised by national government are transferred to municipalities through conditional grants and unconditional transfers. National transfers to municipalities are published to enable them to plan fully for their 2025/26 budgets and to promote better accountability and transparency by ensuring that all national allocations are included in municipal budgets.

This section outlines national transfers to local government for the 2025 MTEF period announced in the 2024 MTBPS and changes to the equitable share and conditional grants that were effected after it was tabled. Having taken the revisions to the local government fiscal

framework into account, R552.7 billion will be transferred directly to local government and a further R24 billion has been allocated to indirect grants. Direct transfers to local government over the medium-term account for 9.7 per cent of national government's non-interest expenditure.

	80.0						
	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28
				Adjusted			
R million		Outcome		budget	Mediu	ım-term esti	mates
Direct transfers	135 625	150 699	157 650	169 803	176 825	185 112	190 804
Equitable share and related	76 169	83 938	92 262	101 178	106 087	110 661	115 666
Equitable share formula <sup>1</sup>	69 197	76 649	84 694	93 460	98 063	102 295	106 926
RSC levy replacement	5 963	6 249	6 524	6 647	6 909	7 207	7 533
Support for councillor	1 009	1 040	1 044	1 071	1 115	1 160	1 206
remuneration and ward							
committees							
General fuel levy sharing	14 617	15 335	15 433	16 127	16 849	17 621	18 418
with metros							
Conditional grants	44 839	51 426	49 955	52 499	53 889	56 830	56 720
Infrastructure	42 635	48 992	47 294	50 427	52 164	55 026	54 835
Capacity building and other	2 204	2 434	2 661	2 072	1 725	1 804	1 885
Indirect transfers	7 638	7 182	8 209	7 127	7 863	7 866	8 222
Infrastructure	7 592	7 118	8 062	6 954	7 863	7 866	8 222
Capacity building and other	46	64	147	173	-	-	-
Total	143 262	157 880	165 859	176 930	184 688	192 978	199 026

#### Table W1.22 Transfers to local government

1. Outcome figures for the equitable share reflect amounts transferred after funds have been withheld to offset underspending by municipalities on conditional grants. Rollover funds are reflected in the year in which they were transferred

Source: National Treasury

The local government fiscal framework is designed to respond to the constitutional assignment of powers and functions to municipalities, encompassing all resources available to meet their expenditure responsibilities. National transfers form a relatively small portion of this framework, with municipalities primarily relying on their own substantial revenue-raising powers. However, this varies significantly, with poor rural municipalities depending heavily on transfers, while urban municipalities generate most of their own revenue. Consequently, transfers per household to rural municipalities are more than double those to metropolitan municipalities.

However, the dynamics are rapidly shifting. Developments in the energy sector are placing increasing pressure on electricity sales as a key revenue source, even for larger municipalities. This has led to a growing reliance on the fiscus, forcing metros to compete with rural municipalities for limited national revenues. Compounding this are inefficiencies in revenue collection, the affordability of services and rising expenditures, all of which have placed the local government fiscal framework under intense pressure.

As municipalities face these mounting challenges, the framework must adapt to ensure financial sustainability and equitable service delivery across diverse contexts. The evolving energy landscape, coupled with structural inefficiencies, underscores the need for reforms to strengthen the resilience and effectiveness of local government financing.

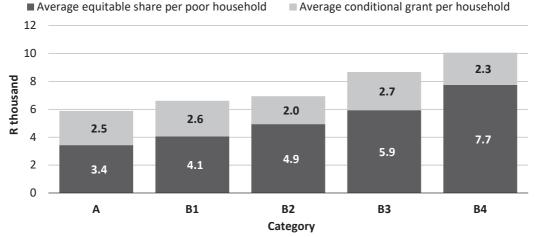


Figure W1.2 Per household allocations to municipalities, 2025/26\*

\*Reflects funds allocated through the Division of Revenue Bill. Allocations to district municipalities are re-assigned to local municipalities where possible Source: National Treasury

## **Changes to local government allocations**

Several changes to local government allocations proposed in the 2024 MTBPS have been endorsed. Key adjustments include the reprioritisation of R408 million in 2025/26 from the *public transport network grant* to the Taxi Relief Fund to extend the programme, and the reprioritisation of R40 million over the 2025 MTEF period from the *integrated national electrification (Eskom) grant* to complete the National Electrification Master Plan.

Since the tabling of the 2024 MTBPS, several other changes have been proposed. These include:

- Shifting R245 million over the MTEF period from the *municipal infrastructure grant* to the *integrated urban development grant*. This follows Alfred Duma Local Municipality qualifying to participate in the *integrated urban development grant*.
- Shifting R494 million in 2025/26 from the direct component of the *municipal infrastructure grant* to the indirect component to address wastewater infrastructure issues in 21 municipalities.
- Introducing a new *urban development financing grant*. The baseline of this grant is funded from the metro component of the *neighbourhood development partnership grant* (R924 million over the MTEF period) and 80 per cent of the *programme and project preparation support grant* (R981 million over the MTEF period).
- An additional R450 million in 2025/26, from the Public Employment Programme, to the *urban development financing grant* to fund the extension of city-led employment programmes.
- Additional funding from the Budget Facility for Infrastructure that will flow through the *urban development financing grant* as follows:

- City of Johannesburg: R578 million in 2026/27 and R533 million in 2027/28 for a wastewater project.
- eThekwini Metropolitan Municipality: R56 million in 2025/26, R109 million in 2026/27 and R101 million in 2027/28 for a project to address non-revenue water.
- Merging the non-metro component of the *neighbourhood development partnership grant* and the remaining 20 per cent of the *programme and project preparation support grant* into a single grant, with a baseline of R1.4 billion over the MTEF period.
- A reduction of R435 million in 2025/26 and increases of R425 million in 2026/27 and R660 million in 2027/28 to the *public transport network grant* to align with the revised implementation plan and cash flow projections for the City of Cape Town's MyCiTi programme, funded from the Budget Facility for Infrastructure.
- An additional R225 million in 2026/27 to the *regional bulk infrastructure grant* allocation for Drakenstein Local Municipality. This adjustment, carried through from the 2024 Division of Revenue Amendment Act, aligns with the municipality's revised implementation plan and cash flow projections.
- Discontinuing the *municipal systems improvement grant*. Its baseline will be redirected to the Department of Cooperative Governance and earmarked for national government to support municipalities.

The changes to each local government allocation are summarised in Table W1.23.

				2025 MTEF total
R million	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	revisions
Technical adjustments	-435	425	660	650
Direct transfers	-929	425	660	156
Conditional grants	-929	425	660	156
Integrated urban development	76	83	86	245
Municipal infrastructure	-570	-83	-86	-739
Neighbourhood development partnership	-127	-270	-282	-679
Urban development financing	518	678	709	1 905
Public transport network	-435	425	660	650
Programme and project preparation support	-391	-409	-427	-1 227
Indirect transfers	494	-	_	494
Municipal infrastructure	494	_	_	494
Additions	506	912	634	2 052
Direct transfers	506	912	634	2 052
Conditional grants	506	912	634	2 052
Urban development financing	506	687	634	1 827
Regional bulk infrastructure	-	225	-	225
Reductions to baselines	-579	-168	-175	-923
Direct transfers	-408	-	-	-408
Conditional grants	-408	-	-	-408
Public transport network	-408	-	-	-408
Indirect transfers	-171	-168	-175	-515
Integrated national electrification programme	-20	-10	-10	-40
Municipal systems improvement	-151	-158	-165	-475
Total change to local government allocations				
Change to direct transfers	-831	1 337	1 294	1 800
Change to indirect transfers	323	-168	-175	-21
Net change to local government allocations	-508	1 169	1 119	1 779

#### Table W1.23 Revisions to direct and indirect transfers to local government

Source: National Treasury

Having taken these revisions into account, local government allocations increase by R1.8 billion over the 2025 MTEF period. Direct allocations to municipalities over the next three years grow at an average annual rate of 4 per cent. Indirect allocations grow at an average annual rate of 4.9 per cent.

# The local government equitable share

In terms of section 227 of the Constitution, local government is entitled to an equitable share of nationally raised revenue to enable it to provide basic services and perform its allocated functions. The local government equitable share is an unconditional transfer that supplements the revenue that municipalities can raise themselves (including revenue raised through property rates and service charges). The equitable share provides funding for municipalities to deliver free basic services to poor households and subsidises the cost of administration and other core services for those municipalities with the least potential to cover these costs from their own revenues.

Over the 2025 MTEF period, the local government equitable share, including the Regional Service Council/Joint Service Board (RSC/JSB) levies replacement grant and the special support for councillor remuneration and ward committees grant, amounts to R332.4 billion (R106.1 billion in 2025/26, R110.7 billion in 2026/27 and R115.7 billion in 2027/28).

# Formula for allocating the local government equitable share

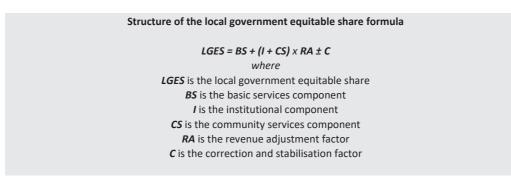
The portion of national revenue allocated to local government through the equitable share is determined in the national budget process and endorsed by Cabinet (the vertical division). Local government's equitable share is divided among the country's 257 municipalities, using a formula to ensure objectivity (the horizontal division). The principles and objectives of the formula are set out in detail in the Explanatory Memorandum to the 2013 Division of Revenue Bill.

# Structure of the local government equitable share formula

The formula uses demographic and other data to determine each municipality's portion of the local government equitable share. It has three parts, made up of five components:

- The first part of the formula consists of the *basic services component*, which provides for the cost of free basic services for poor households.
- The second part enables municipalities with limited resources to afford basic administrative and governance capacity and perform core municipal functions. It does this through three components:
  - The *institutional component* provides a subsidy for basic municipal administrative costs.
  - The *community services component* provides funds for other core municipal services not included under basic services.

- The revenue adjustment factor ensures that funds from this part of the formula are only provided to municipalities with limited potential to raise their own revenue. Municipalities that are least able to fund these costs from their own revenues should receive the most funding.
- The third part of the formula provides predictability and stability through the *correction and stabilisation factor*, which ensures that all of the formula's guarantees can be met.



Each of these components is described in detail in the sub-sections that follow.

# The basic services component

This component helps municipalities provide free basic water, sanitation, electricity and refuse removal services to households that fall below an affordability threshold. Following municipal consultation, the formula's affordability measure (used to determine how many households need free basic services) is based on the level of two state old age pensions. When the 2011 Census was conducted, the state old age pension was worth R1 140 per month, which means that two pensions were worth R2 280 per month. A monthly household income of R2 300 per month in 2011 has therefore been used to define the formula's affordability threshold. Statistics South Africa has calculated that 59 per cent of all households in South Africa fall below this income threshold. However, the proportion in each municipality varies widely. In 2025 terms, this monthly income is equivalent to about R4 619 per month.

The threshold is not an official poverty line or a required level to be used by municipalities in their own indigence policies. If municipalities choose to provide fewer households with free basic services than they are funded for through the local government equitable share, then their budget documentation should clearly set out why they have made this choice and how they have consulted with their community during the budget process.

The number of households per municipality, as well as the number below the poverty threshold, is updated annually using the most recent official data available. However, for the 2025 MTEF, the household numbers will not be updated with the outcomes of the 2024 mid-year population estimates (the latest official data published by Statistics South Africa) because the population estimates do not incorporate the 2022 Census results.

This decision was informed by discussions in several intergovernmental forums, including the Local Government Equitable Share Working Group, the Technical Budget Forum, the Technical Committee for Finance and the Budget Forum. These forums collectively agreed to

pause the growth of household numbers over the 2025 MTEF period to allow Statistics South Africa to finalise a new data series rebased on the 2022 Census.

As a result, the local government equitable share formula for the 2025 MTEF period will continue to use the 2023/24 household estimates from the 2024 MTEF formula. This approach ensures stability in municipal allocations until the new, Census-rebased data series becomes available.

The proportion of households below the affordability threshold in each municipality is still based on 2011 Census data. This is because the release of the 2023 Income and Expenditure Survey data was delayed, and the data has not been released at the municipal level to enable updates to the local government equitable share formula for the 2025 Division of Revenue Bill. Over the 2025 MTEF period, the subsidy is allocated to 100 per cent of the households below the poverty threshold. In 2025/26, the basic services subsidy will fund 11.2 million households.

The basic services component provides a subsidy of R609.70 per month in 2025/26 for the cost of providing basic services to each of these households. The subsidy includes funding for the provision of free basic water (six kilolitres per poor household per month), energy (50 kilowatt-hours per month) and sanitation and refuse removal (based on service levels defined by national policy). The monthly amount provided for each service is detailed in Table W1.24 and includes an allocation of 10 per cent for service maintenance costs.

	Allocation thr	Total allocation		
	Operations Maintenance Total			per service (R million)
Energy	135.0	15.0	150.0	20 131
Water	192.4	21.4	213.8	28 681
Sanitation	120.4	13.4	133.8	17 946
Refuse removal	100.9	11.2	112.1	15 044
Total basic services	548.7	61.0	609.7	81 802

Table W1.24 Amounts per basic service allocated through the local government equitable share, 2025/26

Source: National Treasury

The formula uses the fairest estimates of the average costs of providing each service that could be derived from available information. More details of how the costs were estimated can be found in the discussion paper on the proposed structure of the new local government equitable share formula, available on the National Treasury website. The per household allocation for each of the basic services in Table W1.24 is updated annually based on the following factors.

The electricity cost estimate is made up of bulk and other costs. Bulk electricity costs will increase by 12.7 per cent in 2025/26 and 5.3 per cent in 2026/27. They are updated based on the bulk multi-year price determination approved by the National Energy Regulator of South Africa for period 6. The increase for the outer year, along with other (non-bulk) electricity costs, is updated based on the National Treasury's inflation projections in the 2024 MTBPS (4.52 per cent).

The water cost estimate is also made up of bulk and other costs. Bulk water costs are updated based on the average increase in bulk tariffs charged by water boards (although not all municipalities purchase bulk water from water boards, their price increases serve as a proxy for the cost increases for all municipalities). The average increase in tariffs for bulk water from water boards is calculated at 11.1 per cent for 2025/26 and 2026/27. The increase for the outer year and other (non-bulk) water costs are updated based on the National Treasury's inflation projections in the 2024 MTBPS (4.52 per cent).

The estimated costs for sanitation and refuse removal are updated based on the National Treasury's inflation projections in the 2024 MTBPS (4.52 per cent).

The basic services component allocation to each municipality is calculated by multiplying the monthly subsidy per household by the updated number of households below the affordability threshold in each municipal area.

**The basic services component** BS = basic services subsidy x number of poor households

Funding for each basic service is allocated to the municipality (metro, district or local) that is authorised to provide that service. If another municipality provides a service on behalf of the authorised municipality, it must transfer funds to the provider in terms of section 28 of the Division of Revenue Bill. The basic services component is worth R81.8 billion in 2025/26 and accounts for 83.4 per cent of the value of the local government equitable share formula allocation.

## The institutional component

To provide basic services to households, municipalities need to be able to run a basic administration. Most municipalities should be able to fund the majority of their administration costs with their own revenue. But because poor households are unable to contribute in full, the equitable share includes an institutional support component to help meet some of these costs. To ensure that this component supports municipalities with limited revenue-raising abilities, a revenue adjustment factor is applied so that municipalities with less potential to raise their own revenue receive a larger proportion of the allocation. The revenue adjustment factor is described in more detail later in this annexure.

In 2025/26, this component consists of a base allocation of R9 million, and an additional amount that is based on the number of council seats in each municipality. The number of council seats accounts for the councillor numbers that took effect on the date of the 2021 local government elections. This component reflects the relative size of a municipality's administration and is not intended to fund the costs of councillors only (the Minister of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs determines the number of seats recognised for the formula). The base allocation acknowledges that all municipalities have some fixed costs.

#### The institutional component

*I* = base allocation + [allocation per councillor x number of council seats]

The institutional component accounts for 6.6 per cent of the local government equitable share formula and is worth R6.5 billion in 2025/26. This component is also complemented by special support for councillor remuneration in poor municipalities, which is not part of the equitable share formula.

#### The community services component

This component funds services that benefit communities rather than individual households (which are provided for in the basic services component). It includes funding for municipal health services, fire services, municipal roads, cemeteries, planning, stormwater management, street lighting and parks. To ensure this component assists municipalities with limited revenue-raising abilities, a revenue adjustment factor is applied so that these municipalities receive a larger proportion of the allocation.

The allocation for this component is split between district and local municipalities, which both provide community services. In 2025/26, the allocation to district municipalities for municipal health and related services is R13 per household per month. The component's remaining funds are allocated to local and metropolitan municipalities for other services, based on the number of households in each municipality.

**The community services component** CS = [municipal health and related services allocation x number of households] + [other services allocation x number of households]

The community services component accounts for 10 per cent of the local government equitable share formula and is worth R9.8 billion in 2025/26.

## The revenue adjustment factor

The Constitution gives local government substantial revenue-raising powers (particularly through property rates and surcharges on services). Municipalities are expected to fund most of their own administrative costs and cross-subsidise some services for indigent residents. Given the varied levels of poverty across South Africa, the formula does not expect all municipalities to be able to generate similar amounts of own revenue. A revenue adjustment factor is applied to the institutional and community services components of the formula to ensure that the funds assist municipalities that are least likely to be able to fund these functions from their own revenue.

To account for the varying fiscal capacities of municipalities, this component is based on a per capita index using the following factors from the 2011 Census:

• Total income of all individuals/households in a municipality (as a measure of economic activity and earning).

- Reported property values.
- Number of households on traditional land.
- Unemployment rate.
- Proportion of poor households as a percentage of the total number of households in the municipality.

Based on this index, municipalities were ranked according to their per capita revenue-raising potential. The top 10 per cent of municipalities have a revenue adjustment factor of zero, which means that they do not receive an allocation from the institutional and community services components. The 25 per cent of municipalities with the lowest scores have a revenue adjustment factor of 100 per cent, which means that they receive their full allocation from the institutional and community services components. Municipalities between the bottom 25 per cent and top 10 per cent have a revenue adjustment factor applied on a sliding scale, so that those with higher per capita revenue-raising potential receive a lower revenue adjustment factor and those with less potential have a larger revenue adjustment factor.

The revenue adjustment factor is not based on the actual revenues that municipalities collect. This ensures that this component does not create a perverse incentive for municipalities to under-collect revenue to receive a higher equitable share.

Because district municipalities do not collect revenue from property rates, the revenue adjustment factor applied to these municipalities is based on the *RSC/JSB levies replacement grant* allocations. This grant replaces a source of own revenue previously collected by district municipalities and it is still treated as an own revenue source in many respects. Similar to the revenue adjustment factor for local and metropolitan municipalities, the factor applied to district municipalities is based on their per capita *RSC/JSB levies replacement grant* allocations. District municipalities are given revenue adjustment factors on a sliding scale – those with a higher per capita *RSC/JSB levies replacement grant* allocation receive a lower revenue adjustment factor, while those with lower allocations have a higher revenue adjustment factor.

## **Correction and stabilisation factor**

Providing municipalities with predictable and stable equitable share allocations is one of the principles of the equitable share formula. Indicative allocations are published for the second and third years of the MTEF period to ensure predictability. To provide stability for municipal planning while giving national government flexibility to account for overall budget constraints and amend the formula, municipalities are guaranteed to receive at least 90 per cent of the indicative allocation for the middle year of the MTEF period.

#### **Ensuring the formula balances**

The formula is structured so that all of the available funds are allocated. The basic services component is determined by the number of poor households per municipality and the estimated cost of free basic services, so it cannot be manipulated. This means that balancing the formula to the available resources must take place in the second part of the formula,

which includes the institutional and community services components. The formula automatically determines the value of the allocation per council seat in the institutional component and the allocation per household for other services in the community services component to ensure that it balances. Increases in the cost of providing basic services can result in lower institutional and community services allocations.

# **Details of new allocations**

In addition to the three-year formula allocations published in the Division of Revenue Bill, a copy of the formula, including the data used for each municipality and each component, is published online (<u>http://mfma.treasury.gov.za/Media\_Releases/LGESDiscussions/Pages/default.aspx</u>).

# Other unconditional allocations

#### RSC/JSB levies replacement grant

Before 2006, district municipalities raised levies on local businesses through a Regional Services Council (RSC) or Joint Services Board (JSB) levy. This source of revenue was replaced in 2006/07 with the *RSC/JSB levies replacement grant*, which was allocated to all district and metropolitan municipalities based on the amounts they had previously collected through the levies. The *RSC/JSB levies replacement grant* for metropolitan municipalities has since been replaced by the sharing of the general fuel levy.

The *RSC/JSB levies replacement grant* allocations are based on projected inflation. This allocation methodology will be in place until the Department of Cooperative Governance finalises its review of section 84 of the Municipal Structures Act (1998) to clarify and streamline the powers and functions of district municipalities. The review should inform the development of an appropriate funding model for district municipalities. The grant is allocated R21.6 billion over the 2025 MTEF period and grows at an average annual rate of 4.3 per cent.

## Special support for councillor remuneration and ward committees

Councillors' salaries are subsidised in poor municipalities. The total value of the support provided in 2025/26 is R1.1 billion, calculated separately to the local government equitable share and in addition to the funding for governance costs provided in the institutional component. The level of support for each municipality is allocated based on a system gazetted by the Minister of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs, which classifies municipal councils into six grades based on their total income and population size. Special support is provided to the lowest three grades of municipal councils (the smallest and poorest municipalities).

A subsidy of 90 per cent of the gazetted maximum remuneration for a part-time councillor is provided for every councillor in grade 1 municipalities, 80 per cent for grade 2 municipalities and 70 per cent for grade 3 municipalities. In addition to this support for councillor remuneration, each local municipality in grades 1 to 3 receives an allocation to provide stipends of R500 per month to 10 members of each ward committee in their municipality.

Each municipality's allocation for this special support is published in the Division of Revenue Bill appendices.

# **Conditional grants to local government**

National government allocates funds to local government through a variety of conditional grants. These grants fall into two main groups: infrastructure and capacity building. The total value of conditional grants directly transferred to local government grows from R53.9 billion in 2025/26 to R56.8 billion in 2026/27 and declines slightly to R56.7 billion in 2027/28.

There are four types of local government conditional grants:

- Schedule 4, part B sets out general grants that supplement various programmes partly funded by municipalities.
- Schedule 5, part B grants fund specific responsibilities and programmes implemented by municipalities.
- Schedule 6, part B grants provide in-kind allocations through which a national department implements projects in municipalities.
- Schedule 7, part B grants provide for the swift allocation and transfer of funds to a municipality to help it deal with a disaster.

## Infrastructure conditional grants to local government

National transfers for infrastructure, including indirect or in-kind allocations to entities executing specific projects in municipalities, amount to R186 billion over the 2025 MTEF period.

Table W1.25 Infrastructure g	Fable W1.25 Infrastructure grants to local government						
	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28
				Adjusted			
R million		Outcome		budget	Mediu	n-term esti	mates
Direct transfers	42 635	48 992	47 294	50 427	52 164	55 026	54 835
Integrated urban development	1 009	1 085	1 172	1 146	1 278	1 386	1 449
Municipal disaster recovery	-	3 319	1 335	1 425	709	-	-
Municipal infrastructure	15 593	16 842	16 342	17 054	17 358	19 361	20 236
Informal settlements upgrading partnership	3 945	4 273	4 059	4 515	4 717	4 934	5 157
Urban settlements upgrading	7 405	7 352	7 596	8 705	9 250	9 819	9 327
Energy efficiency and demand-side management	221	223	224	236	246	258	269
Integrated national electrification programme	2 002	2 120	2 032	1 746	1 697	1 655	1 729
Neighbourhood development partnership	1 318	1 293	1 346	1 291	542	430	450
Urban development financing	_	-	-	-	1 024	1 365	1 343
Public transport network	5 175	6 013	6 194	6 523	7 241	8 044	7 099
Rural roads asset management systems	110	115	115	121	126	132	138
Regional bulk infrastructure	2 237	2 656	3 259	3 627	3 757	3 230	3 026
Water services infrastructure	3 620	3 701	3 620	4 038	4 219	4 412	4 611
Indirect transfers	7 592	7 118	8 062	6 954	7 863	7 866	8 222
Municipal infrastructure	-	_	_	58	494	_	_
Integrated national	2 824	3 588	3 518	2 196	2 274	2 390	2 498
electrification programme							
Neighbourhood development partnership	181	190	189	95	99	104	108
Smart meters	-	-	-	500	650	800	836
Regional bulk infrastructure	3 857	2 725	3 240	3 058	3 227	3 232	3 378
Water services infrastructure	730	615	1 114	1 047	1 119	1 341	1 402
Total	50 227	56 110	55 356	57 381	60 027	62 892	63 057

#### Table W1.25 Infrastructure grants to local government

Source: National Treasury

# **Municipal infrastructure grant**

The largest infrastructure transfer to municipalities is made through the *municipal infrastructure grant*, which supports government's aim to expand service delivery and alleviate poverty. The grant funds the provision of infrastructure for basic services, roads and social infrastructure for poor households in all non-metropolitan municipalities. The total allocations for this grant amount to R57 billion over the medium term and grow at an average annual rate of 5.9 per cent. The *municipal infrastructure grant* is allocated through a formula with a vertical and horizontal division. The vertical division allocates resources between sectors and the horizontal division takes account of poverty, backlogs and municipal powers and functions in allocating funds to municipalities. The five main components of the formula are described in the box that follows.

#### Municipal infrastructure grant = C + B + P + E + N

- C Constant to ensure a minimum allocation for small municipalities (this allocation is made to all municipalities)
- **B** Basic residential infrastructure (proportional allocations for water supply and sanitation, roads and other services such as street lighting and solid waste removal)
- P Public municipal service infrastructure (including sport infrastructure)
- **E** Allocation for social institutions and micro-enterprise infrastructure
- N Allocation to the 27 priority districts identified by government

Allocations for the water and sanitation subcomponents of the basic services component are based on the proportion of the national backlog for that service in each municipality. Other components are based on the proportion of the country's poor households located in each municipality. The formula considers poor households without access to services that meet sector standards to be a backlog.

Component	Input for horizontal calculation	Proxy used in 2025 (corresponding with data available from 2011 Census)
B	Number of water backlogs	Water access: Poor households <sup>1</sup> report
		having access to piped water inside
		their dwelling, in the yard or within
		200 meters of their dwelling
	Number of sanitation backlogs	Sanitation access: Poor households
	0	report flush toilet, chemical toilet,
		pit toilet with ventilation
		or ecological toilet
	Number of road backlogs	Roads backlog: Number of households
	Number of other backlogs	Refuse access: Poor households report
		that refuse is mainly removed by local
		authorities or a private company once a
		week (urban, traditional and farms).
		It should be noted that acceptable
		services standards differ by area.
		For traditional and farms the following
		conditions apply: removed by local
		authority / private company /
		community members less
		than once a week, communal refuse
		dump and communal contained /
		central collection point.
		For farms the following further
		addition applies: own refuse dump
0	Number of poor households	Number of poor households
	Number of poor households	Number of poor households
N	Number of poor households	Allocated to the 27 priority districts
	in nodal areas	identified by Cabinet as having large
		backlogs. Allocation is based on
		total households
		(not poor households)

Table W1.26 Data used in the municipal infrastructure grant formula

1. Poor household defined as a monthly household income of less than R2 300 per month in 2011 Census data Source: National Treasury

Table W1.27 sets out the proportion of the grant accounted for by each component of the formula. The constant component provides a R5 million base to all municipalities receiving *municipal infrastructure grant* allocations. However, from the 2026 MTEF, this base allocation

will be increased in line with inflation to keep up with rising infrastructure costs. This reform emanates from the conditional grants review process, which was concluded in 2024. Please see Part 6 for further details regarding the review.

Municipal infrastructure grant (formula)	Component weights	Value of component 2025/26 (R million) <sup>1</sup>	Proportion of municipal infrastructure grant per sector
B-component	75.0%	12 240	68.6%
Water and sanitation	72.0%	8 812	49.4%
Roads	23.0%	2 815	15.8%
Other	5.0%	612	3.4%
P-component	15.0%	2 448	13.7%
Sports	33.0%	808	4.5%
E-component	5.0%	816	4.6%
N-component	5.0%	816	4.6%
Constant		1 080	6.0%
Ring-fenced funding for spo	rt	452	2.5%
infrastructure			
Total		17 851	100.0%

 Table W1.27 Municipal infrastructure grant allocations per sector

1. Inclusive of the indirect component of the grant

Source: National Treasury

The *municipal infrastructure grant* includes an amount allocated outside of the grant formula and earmarked for specific sport infrastructure projects identified by the Department of Sport, Arts and Culture. These earmarked funds amount to R1.4 billion over the 2025 MTEF period (R452 million in each year of the three-year period). While ringfencing funds can ensure national priorities are addressed, the conditional grants review highlighted its impact on locally determined priorities. Consequently, the review proposes eliminating the ringfencing of the sports component in this grant. This change will enable municipalities to prioritise spending based on local needs identified in their integrated development plans. The recommendation has been shared with the sector, with further discussions planned after the 2025 budget to finalise implementation.

In addition, municipalities are required to spend a third of the P-component (equivalent to 4.5 per cent of the grant) on sport and recreation infrastructure identified in their own integrated development plans. Municipalities are also encouraged to increase their investment in other community infrastructure, including cemeteries, community centres, taxi ranks and marketplaces.

Over the 2025 MTEF period, municipalities will continue to be allowed to use up to 5 per cent of their allocations to fund the development of infrastructure asset management plans. This is intended to build the necessary asset management capabilities in municipalities. It allows for phased-in and systematic reforms to incentivise municipalities to start appropriately budgeting for the repairs and maintenance of municipal infrastructure. To make use of this provision, municipalities must submit a business plan to the Department of Cooperative Governance, accompanied by a copy of their audited asset register. To support municipalities experiencing project implementation challenges, the Department of Cooperative Governance will continue to use the indirect component of the grant to implement projects on behalf of identified municipalities over the next three years. The indirect component will be R494 million for 2025/26. Further details regarding the criteria that will be used, including the conditions, and the responsibilities of the transferring officer and receiving officer are contained in the grant framework.

## Integrated urban development grant

The *integrated urban development grant* is allocated to selected urban local municipalities in place of the *municipal infrastructure grant*. The grant recognises that municipalities differ in terms of their context and introduces a differentiated approach to encourage integrated development in cities.

The grant is intended to:

- Support spatially aligned public infrastructure investment that will lead to functional and efficient urban spaces.
- Enable and incentivise municipalities to invest more non-grant funding in infrastructure projects in intermediate cities.

The grant extends some of the fiscal reforms already implemented in metropolitan municipalities to non-metropolitan cities and is administered by the Department of Cooperative Governance.

Municipalities must meet certain criteria and apply to receive the *integrated urban development grant* instead of the *municipal infrastructure grant* in terms of a process set out in section 26(5) of the Division of Revenue Bill. The qualification criteria cover the following areas:

- Management stability (low vacancy rates among senior management).
- Audit findings.
- Unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure.
- Capital expenditure.
- Reporting in terms of the Municipal Finance Management Act.

To remain in the grant, cities must continue to meet or exceed the entry criteria. If they do not do so, they will be placed on a performance improvement plan. If they still do not meet the criteria in the subsequent year, they will shift back to receiving grant transfers through the *municipal infrastructure grant*, which comes with closer oversight and support from national and provincial departments. The base allocations a municipality receives through the *municipal infrastructure grant* and the *integrated urban development grant* will be the same and are determined in terms of the *municipal infrastructure grant* formula described above. In addition to the basic formula-based allocation, municipalities participating in the *integrated* 

*urban development grant* are eligible to receive a performance-based incentive component, which is based on performance against the weighted indicators set out below.

integrated	integrated urban development grant				
Indicators	Purpose	Weight	Scores		
Non-grant capital as a	Encourage cities to	40%	1 if 70% or higher		
percentage of total	increase their capital		0 if 30% or lower		
capital expenditure	investments		Linear scale in between		
	funded through own				
	revenue and borrowing				
Repairs and maintenance	Reward cities that take	30%	1 if 8% or higher		
expenditure as percentage	good care of their				
of operating expenditure	existing asset base				
Asset management plan	Must have a plan in	30%	1 if yes for all three		
	place that has been		0 if no for any of the three		
	approved by				
	municipal council				
	and updated in the last				
	three years				
Land-use applications in	Due to the lack of		1 if 50% or higher		
priority areas	available data, these		0 if 10% or lower		
	indicators, which are				
	intended to reward				
	spatial targeting				
	of investment, remain				
	dormant in 2025/26				
Building plans applications in	Due to the lack of		Linear scale in between		
priority areas	available data,				
	these indicators,				
	which are intended				
	to reward spatial				
	targeting of				
	investment, remain				
	dormant in 2025/26				

#### Table W1.28 Performance-based component weighted indicators for

Source: National Treasury

The conditional grants review highlighted the need to reassess the relevance of certain indicators in the grants incentive component calculation that have remained dormant since the grant's inception due to data limitations. It also identified the need to introduce greater flexibility by allowing intermediate cities more discretion in the use of incentives. These reforms will be discussed after the tabling of the 2025 Budget, with implementation planned from 2026/27.

The total allocations for this grant amount to R4.1 billion over the 2025 MTEF period and grow at an average annual rate of 8.2 per cent. The above-inflation growth rate is due to the inclusion of Alfred Duma Local Municipality as a grant participant over the 2025 MTEF period.

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			Performance incentive						
	Planning	Non-grant capital as percent- age of total	Mainten- ance	Asset manage-	Land use and building plans in		Total	Total for incentive and	
	allocation	capital	spend	ment	priority	Weighted	incentive	planning	
	(R 000)	spend		plan	areas	score	(R 000)	(R 000)	
Mogale City	-	10%	20%	0%	-	6%	10 780	10 780	
Ray Nkonyeni	-	10%	20%	10%	-	8%	14 374	14 374	
Alfred Duma	2 278	20%	20%	0%	-	8%	14 374	16 652	
uMhlathuze	-	30%	20%	20%	-	14%	25 154	25 154	
Polokwane	-	10%	10%	20%	-	8%	14 374	14 374	
Steve Tshwete	-	10%	10%	10%	-	6%	10 780	10 780	
Sol Plaatje	-	10%	30%	10%	-	10%	17 967	17 967	
Drakenstein	-	10%	20%	30%	-	12%	21 561	21 561	
Stellenbosch	-	30%	10%	20%	-	12%	21 561	21 561	
George	-	20%	20%	30%	-	14%	25 154	25 154	
Total	2 278					100%	176 081	178 359	

#### Table W1.29 Formula for integrated urban development grant incentive component

Source: Department of Cooperative Governance

## **Urban settlements development grant**

Over the years, the *urban settlements development grant* has been criticised for limiting the amount of discretion provided to municipalities that benefit from it, with the grant being largely associated with housing or human settlements. This has neglected other important municipal functions, such as bulk infrastructure. In 2024/25, the grant framework was amended to emphasise the importance of spending on both new and existing bulk infrastructure. This emphasis remains and will be strengthened through metro trading services reforms over the 2025 MTEF period.

The *urban settlements development grant* serves as an integrated source of funding for infrastructure development in municipal services in the eight metropolitan municipalities. This grant is allocated as a supplementary fund to these cities under schedule 4, part B of the Division of Revenue Bill. Accordingly, the eight metropolitan municipalities are expected to use a combination of grant and own revenue funds to support the development of urban infrastructure and integrated human settlements.

To ensure progress on these projects, cities must report their progress against the set targets in their service delivery and budget implementation plans. From 2019/20, cities have also been required to report in line with the requirements of the Municipal Finance Management Act Circular 88. Consequently, cities report on an agreed set of indicators used by multiple stakeholders to monitor progress on the integrated and functional outcomes instead of reporting separately to each department.

The grant is allocated R28.4 billion over the medium term. This amount includes R2.4 billion from the Budget Facility for Infrastructure for the City of Johannesburg's Lufhereng Mixed Used Development Programme. The allocation per municipality (excluding the Budget Facility for Infrastructure allocations) is based on the *municipal infrastructure grant* formula. Up to

3 per cent of a municipality's allocation may be used to fund municipal capacity in the built environment in line with the Department of Human Settlements' capacity-building guideline.

## Informal settlements upgrading partnership grant

Upgrading informal settlements remains a priority over the medium term. The *informal settlements upgrading partnership grant* is allocated R4.7 billion in 2025/26, R4.9 billion in 2026/27 and R5.2 billion in 2027/28. Upgrading informal settlements is an inclusive process through which informal residential areas are incrementally improved, formalised and incorporated into the city or neighbourhood by extending land tenure security, infrastructure and services to residents of informal settlements. This grant requires cities to work in partnership with communities to develop and complete their strategies for such upgrades.

## Programme and project preparation support grant

The *programme and project preparation support grant* ceases to exist in its current form from 2025/26. This emanates from the conditional grants review, which recommended rationalising several conditional grants to address duplication and mitigate the unintended consequences associated with the proliferation of grants and for better alignment. Over the MTEF period, R245 million from the *programme and project preparation support grant* will be merged into the newly redesigned *neighbourhood development partnership grant*, with a specific focus on non-metropolitan municipalities. Meanwhile, R981 million from this grant municipalities.

## Public transport network grant

The *public transport network grant*, administered by the Department of Transport, helps cities create or improve public transport systems in line with the National Land Transport Act (2009) and the Public Transport Strategy. This includes all integrated public transport network infrastructure, such as bus rapid transit systems, conventional bus services and pedestrian and cycling infrastructure. The grant also subsidises the operation of these services.

Following the conditional grants review, the allocation methodology for this grant has been amended to augment the incentive component, which has only accounted for 5 per cent of the grant baseline since the introduction of the formula in 2016/17. This change allows for more allocative efficiency as a larger portion of the grant will now be based on performance.

The grant is allocated R22.4 billion over the medium term. Allocations are still largely determined through a formula, accounting for 90 per cent of the baseline. This is to give continued certainty about the extent of national funding that municipalities can expect when planning their public transport networks and encourages cities to make more sustainable public transport investments.

The performance-based incentive component accounts for the remaining 10 per cent of the baseline. To qualify for an allocation from the performance incentive, a city must have an operational municipal public transport system approved by the national Department of Transport and it must have spent more than 80 per cent of its grant allocation in the previous

financial year. Incentive allocations are calculated based on the coverage of costs from fares, passenger trips and the city's own financial commitment to the system. Cities must exceed the minimum threshold in at least two of these three indicators.

The calculation of the performance incentive allocations for 2025/26 is set out in Table W1.30. The raw scores for the cities are weighted using the sum of the base and formula components to account for the size of the city.

	Oper- ational public transport system	Grant spent in 2023/24	Eligible for incentive	Coverage of direct costs from farebox	Average weekday passenger trips (% of population)	City's contri- bution (% of property rates)	Raw scores for incentive	Incentive allocation for 2025/26 (R 000)
Minimum threshold								
City of Cape Town	Yes	83%	Yes	0.9%	1.5%	0.0%	0.38	415 759
City of Johannesburg	Yes	58%	No	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	-
City of Tshwane	Yes	87%	Yes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	-
Ekurhuleni	Yes	87%	Yes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	-
eThekwini	No	49%	No	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	-
George	Yes	125%	Yes	0.0%	9.0%	2.4%	0.62	117 848
Mangaung	No	12%	No	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	-
Msunduzi	No	0%	No	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	-
Nelson Mandela Bay	Yes	20%	No	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	-
Polokwane	Yes	67%	No	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	-
Rustenburg	Yes	228%	Yes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	-
Total							1.00	533 607

Source: National Treasury

During 2020/21, three cities were suspended from receiving this grant due to having been in the planning phase since the grant's introduction in the 2006 MTEF period. Msunduzi Local Municipality was among these cities but has since demonstrated notable progress in implementing its integrated public transport network plan, with the goal of making its system operational over the medium term. As a result, the Department of Transport began to gradually reintroduce the municipality into the grant from 2024/25. As determined outside of the formula, the municipality has been allocated R300 million over the medium term.

In the formula for the grant, a base component accounts for 20 per cent of total allocations and is divided equally among all participating cities – this ensures that smaller cities in particular have a significant base allocation to run their transport system regardless of their size. A portion of the City of Johannesburg and eThekwini Metropolitan Municipality's base allocations for 2025/26 are reprioritised to fund the phased-in re-entry of Msunduzi Local Municipality. The bulk of the formula (70 per cent) is allocated based on three demand-driven factors, which account for the number of people in a city, the number of public transport users in a city (the weighting of train commuters is reduced as trains are subsidised separately through the Passenger Rail Agency of South Africa) and the size of a city's economy.

Table W1.31 sets out how the final allocation for each municipality is determined, taking account of both the formula and incentive component.

	Base 20%	Demand-driven factors 70%					100%
			Regional	Public	Subtotal:		
			gross value	transport	base and		
		Population	added	users	demand-		Grant
	Equally	component	component	component	driven	Performance	allocations <sup>2</sup>
	shared <sup>1</sup>	shares	shares	shares	factors	10%	(R 000)
City of Cape Town	10.0%	17.8%	16.8%	15.1%	15.1%	415 759	972 486
City of Johannesburg	5.5%	21.1%	26.9%	22.3%	19.4%	-	972 942
City of Tshwane	10.0%	13.9%	16.0%	15.2%	13.9%	-	696 253
Ekurhuleni	10.0%	15.1%	10.1%	16.2%	13.0%	-	649 286
eThekwini	5.5%	16.4%	16.9%	19.6%	14.9%	-	746 609
George	10.0%	0.9%	0.5%	0.3%	2.6%	117 848	250 300
Mangaung	10.0%	3.6%	2.5%	3.5%	4.7%	-	235 430
Msunduzi	9.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.0%	-	100 000
Nelson Mandela Bay	10.0%	5.5%	5.0%	3.9%	6.0%	-	298 225
Polokwane	10.0%	3.0%	1.6%	1.4%	3.8%	-	189 331
Rustenburg	10.0%	2.6%	3.7%	2.5%	4.5%	-	225 211
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	533 607	5 336 074

Table W1.31 Formula for the public transport network grant

1. Equally shared among 8 of the 11 cities. A portion of the City of Johannesburg and eThekwini's base allocations for 2025/26 is reprioritised to fund the phased-in re-entry of Msunduzi Local Municipality

2. Excludes additional funds for the City of Cape Town allocated through the Budget Facility for Infrastructure Source: National Treasury

The baseline of this grant includes R4.4 billion over the medium term to complete Phase 2A of the City of Cape Town's MyCiTi public transport network, linking the underserved areas of Khayelitsha and Mitchells Plain to the city centre. This project is funded through the Budget Facility for Infrastructure.

#### Neighbourhood development partnership grant

The *neighbourhood development partnership grant* (NDPG) will be redesigned from 2025/26, merging the non-metro component of the NDPG with a portion of the *programme and project preparation support grant* into a single grant, still called the NDPG. The grant will be phased out over the 2025 MTEF period, with its focus now on completing all projects at various stages of development and implementation. No new projects will be initiated. The redesigned grant will aim to identify, plan and invest in strategic locations in non-metropolitan municipalities to attract and sustain third-party capital investments for spatial transformation. It will also develop a pipeline of investment-ready capital projects by establishing an efficient system for programme and project preparation.

The metro component of the NDPG and a portion of the *programme and project preparation support grant* will transition to the new *urban development financing grant* in 2025/26, focusing exclusively on metropolitan municipalities. Once existing projects are completed,

funds will be redirected to enhance incentives for trading services reforms under the *urban development financing grant*. The indirect NDPG will be integrated into the National Treasury's budget baseline, ensuring that allocations remain earmarked for their original purpose.

A total of R1.7 billion has been allocated to the NDPG over the 2025 MTEF period to support the phased transition and alignment with broader urban development objectives. This

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amount is made up of R1.4 billion for the direct component and R311 million for the indirect technical assistance component.

The technical assistance funding will assist in enhancing the capabilities of both metropolitan and non-metropolitan local municipalities to prepare infrastructure project pipelines. Enhanced capacity at the national and local municipality level will be required to drive the changes identified by the conditional grants review to ensure efficiency.

#### **Urban development financing grant**

The National Treasury will introduce the *urban development financing grant* in 2025/26 to support spatially targeted urban development, strengthen the project preparation system for infrastructure and address declining service delivery in metropolitan municipalities caused by underinvestment in infrastructure and a lack of technical expertise. This grant consolidates previous urban grants and aims to boost investment in resilient infrastructure, improve urban services and promote financial sustainability in metros.

The grant will be administered through three components:

- Metro trading services: Focuses on improving water, electricity and waste management services by linking funding to performance milestones such as governance reforms, service delivery improvements and financial transparency that will create an enabling environment for municipalities to increase investment in infrastructure through loan finance.
- **Neighbourhood development partnership:** Supports targeted investments in strategic locations to attract third-party capital and promote spatial transformation.
- **Programme and project preparation:** Develops a pipeline of investment-ready capital projects by institutionalising efficient systems for project preparation.

Over the 2025 MTEF period, R3.7 billion has been allocated to the grant to support sustainable urban development and improve service delivery outcomes in South Africa's metropolitan municipalities. This amount includes R450 million in 2025/26 to the neighbourhood development partnership component to fund the Cities Public Employment Programme, which will target informal settlements upgrading and waste-related issues, as well as R56 million as viability gap funding for the implementation of a project to address non-revenue water in eThekwini Metropolitan Municipality.

The grant also extends fiscal reforms to metro trading services, incentivising efficient operations and enabling access to loan finance. Performance will be monitored through key indicators covering institutional, financial and operational reforms. Over the medium term, the fiscal framework provides for a provisional allocation of R6.4 billion as the financial incentive for municipalities to implement these changes, with allocations for 2025/26 to be confirmed in the 2025 adjustments budget. Municipalities need to meet the conditions of having Council-approved plans and clean or qualified financial audits to be eligible for funding. Non-compliant metros will lose funding access but can rejoin on meeting the conditions.

Allocations will prioritise water (40 per cent), electricity (20 per cent) and waste (10 per cent), with flexibility for metros to set priorities.

### **Regional bulk infrastructure grant**

This grant supplements the financing of the social component of regional bulk water and sanitation infrastructure. It targets projects that cut across several municipalities or large bulk projects within one municipality. The grant funds the bulk infrastructure needed to provide reticulated water and sanitation services to individual households. It may also be used to appoint service providers to carry out feasibility studies, related planning or management studies for infrastructure projects.

This grant has a direct and indirect component. In areas where municipalities have the capacity to implement projects themselves, funds are transferred through a direct component. In other areas, the Department of Water and Sanitation implements projects on behalf of municipalities through an indirect component. A parallel programme, funded by the Department of Water and Sanitation, also funds water boards for the construction of bulk infrastructure. Though not part of the division of revenue, these projects still form part of the Department of Water and Sanitation's larger programme of subsidising the construction of regional bulk infrastructure for water and sanitation.

The direct component of the grant is allocated R10 billion over the 2025 MTEF period. This amount includes amounts from the Budget Facility for Infrastructure over the medium term. Sol Plaatje Local Municipality is allocated R1.6 billion over the medium term to refurbish and renew old water supply infrastructure. Drakenstein Local Municipality is allocated R490 million in 2025/26 and R225 million in 2026/27 to upgrade sanitation infrastructure. Nelson Mandela Bay Metropolitan Municipality is allocated R390 million in 2025/26 to avert the water supply crisis caused by the ongoing drought. The programme includes fixing water leaks, upgrading the water treatment works, exploring and developing boreholes, and upgrading a bulk water pipeline.

The indirect component of this grant is allocated R9.8 billion over the 2025 MTEF period.

#### Water services infrastructure grant

This grant, administered by the Department of Water and Sanitation, aims to accelerate the delivery of clean water and sanitation facilities to communities that do not have access to basic water services. It provides funding for various projects, including the construction of new infrastructure and the refurbishment and extension of existing water schemes. This grant has a direct and indirect component. In areas where municipalities have the capacity to implement projects themselves, funds are transferred through a direct component. In other areas, the Department of Water and Sanitation implements projects on behalf of municipalities through the indirect component.

Over the 2025 MTEF period, the direct component of this grant is allocated R13.2 billion and the indirect component is allocated R3.9 billion.

## Integrated national electrification programme grants

These grants aim to provide capital subsidies to municipalities to provide electricity to poor households and fund bulk infrastructure to ensure a constant supply of electricity. Allocations are based on the backlog of households without electricity and administered by the Department of Electricity and Energy. These grants only fund bulk infrastructure and alternative energy technologies that serve poor households. Recent census data from 2022 indicates that the national electrification programme has been successful in providing electricity access to 95 per cent of poor households. This is a notable increase from the 91 per cent documented in the 2016 Community Survey and the 85 per cent documented in the 2011 Census. To sustain this progress, government will spend R12.2 billion on the programme over the 2025 MTEF period.

The integrated national electrification programme (municipal) grant is allocated R5.1 billion over the 2025 MTEF period. The integrated national electrification programme (Eskom) grant is allocated R7.2 billion over the medium term.

## Energy efficiency and demand-side management grant

The energy efficiency and demand-side management grant provides selected municipalities with funds to implement projects focused on public lighting, traffic lights and energy-efficient municipal infrastructure such as wastewater treatment works and pump stations. This grant also enables municipalities to use funding for planning and preparing for the Energy Efficiency in Public Infrastructure and Building Programme, which aims to create a market for private investment in the large-scale retrofitting of municipal infrastructure, with repayment made through the achieved energy cost savings. Such an approach has the potential to unlock much-needed energy and cost savings on a large scale. Furthermore, municipalities can use 15 per cent of this grant funding to develop a project pipeline and strengthen the market for energy companies offering retrofitting services.

Expanding energy-efficiency retrofits is a critical component of achieving the objectives outlined in the National Climate Change Response Strategy and the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change. The approach also supports municipalities in accessing donor financing. The grant has been allocated R773 million over the medium term and is projected to grow at an average annual rate of 4.5 per cent. From the 2026/27 financial year, this grant will be merged with the Integrated National Electrification Programme (INEP) grants. Initially, the EEDSM grant will be incorporated as a dedicated window within the INEP framework to ensure a smooth transition, while maintaining a focus on energy efficiency initiatives and demand-side management objectives.

## Rural roads asset management systems grant

The Department of Transport administers the *rural roads asset management systems grant*. The grant funds the collection of data on the condition and usage of rural roads in line with the Road Infrastructure Strategic Framework for South Africa. This information guides investments to maintain and improve these roads. District municipalities collect data on all the municipal roads in their area, ensuring that infrastructure spending (from the *municipal infrastructure grant* and elsewhere) can be properly planned to maximise impact. As data becomes available, incentives will be introduced to ensure that municipalities use this information to plan road maintenance appropriately.

The Department of Transport will continue to work with the *municipal infrastructure grant* administrators to ensure that municipal roads projects are chosen, prioritised and approved using roads asset management systems data wherever possible. The conditional grants review proposes merging the *rural roads asset management systems grant* with the roads component of the *municipal infrastructure grant* to better allow for this required interface. This grant is allocated R396 million over the 2025 MTEF period.

#### Municipal disaster recovery grant

After the initial response to a disaster has been addressed, including through funding from the *municipal disaster response grant* discussed below, repairing damaged municipal infrastructure is funded through the *municipal disaster recovery grant*. This grant is allocated R709 million over the 2025 MTEF period for municipalities in the Eastern Cape, KwaZulu-Natal, Limpopo and Mpumalanga to fund the repair and reconstruction of municipal infrastructure damaged by disaster incidents that occurred in 2023.

#### Capacity-building grants and other current transfers

Capacity-building grants help develop municipalities' management, planning, technical, budgeting and financial management skills. Other current transfers include the *EPWP integrated grant for municipalities*, which promotes increased labour intensity in municipalities, and the *municipal disaster response grant*. A total of R5.4 billion is allocated to capacity-building grants and other current transfers to local government over the medium term.

	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28
			•	Adjusted		:	
R million	Out	come		budget	Medium-	term estima	ates
Direct transfers	2 204	2 434	2 661	2 072	1 725	1 804	1 885
Municipal disaster response	330	517	873	378	395	413	432
Municipal emergency housing	66	53	-	-	_	-	-
Infrastructure skills	155	159	151	165	173	181	189
development							
Local government financial	552	566	569	582	590	617	645
management							
Programme and project	341	361	319	386	-	-	-
preparation support							
Expanded public works	759	778	749	560	567	593	620
programme integrated							
grant for municipalities							
Indirect transfers	46	64	147	173	-	-	-
Municipal systems improvement	46	64	147	173	-	-	-
Total	2 250	2 498	2 807	2 245	1 725	1 804	1 885

#### Table W1.32 Capacity building and other current grants to local government

Source: National Treasury

## Local government financial management grant

The *local government financial management grant*, managed by the National Treasury, funds the placement of financial management interns in municipalities over a multi-year period, with the aim of retaining their skills. This includes building in-house municipal capacity to implement multi-year budgeting, linking integrated development plans to budgets and producing quality and timely in-year and annual reports. This grant prioritises supporting municipalities with challenges in processes, procedures and systems to effectively implement the Municipal Finance Management Act and to improve compliance and areas of weakness identified in the financial management capability maturity model. The grant also provides funds for the implementation of the municipal standard chart of accounts. Over the 2025 MTEF period, R1.9 billion is allocated to this grant, with an allocation of R590 million in 2025/26, R617 million in 2026/27 and R645 million in 2027/28.

The conditional grants review highlighted the importance of a unified approach to capacity building by streamlining existing initiatives within the National Treasury and leveraging best practices. Over the 2025 MTEF period, the National Treasury will explore consolidating its financial management support initiatives – the *local government financial management grant*, the Municipal Finance Improvement Programme and the Municipal Revenue Management Improvement Programme – into a single, integrated programme tentatively referred to as the Local Government Financial Management Capability Programme. Further details on the consolidated programme are provided in Part 6.

## Infrastructure skills development grant

The *infrastructure skills development grant* develops capacity within municipalities by creating a sustainable pool of young professionals with technical skills in areas such as water, electricity and town planning. The grant places interns under the relevant supervision in municipalities or entities so that they can complete the requirements of the relevant statutory council within their respective built environment fields. The interns can be hired by any municipality at the end of their internship. The grant aims to collaborate with other sectors, such as the Department of Water and Sanitation and the Department of Cooperative Governance, with the primary objective of improving *infrastructure skills development grant* services. A memorandum of agreement must be established in instances where a graduate is placed in another entity (private or public). The grant is allocated R542 million over the 2025 MTEF period, with an allocation of R173 million in 2025/26, R181 million in 2026/27 and R189 million in 2027/28.

#### Municipal systems improvement grant

The *municipal systems improvement grant* funds a range of projects in municipalities in support of the implementation of the district development model approach and the back to basics strategy, including helping municipalities set up adequate record management systems, drawing up organograms for municipalities and reviewing their appropriateness relative to their assigned functions, implementing the Integrated Urban Development Framework and assisting municipalities with revenue collection plans and the implementation of the municipal standard chart of accounts. From 2025/26, this grant will cease to exist as

funds are shifted to the vote of the Department of Cooperative Governance. This reform aims to improve overall effectiveness and allow greater flexibility in resource allocation and spending efficiency. The funding will be earmarked to ensure continued prioritisation of the grant's original intent of optimising municipal systems improvements.

## **EPWP integrated grant for municipalities**

This grant promotes the use of labour-intensive methods in delivering municipal infrastructure and services. To determine eligibility for funding, municipalities must have reported performance on the EPWP, including performance in the infrastructure, social and environment and culture sectors and on the full-time equivalent jobs created in these sectors in the last 18 months. A formula then determines allocations based on this performance as well as the labour intensity of the work opportunities created. The number of bands in which labour intensity is recorded in the formula has been expanded from seven to eight, providing an incentive for labour-intense projects to further increase their intensity. The formula is weighted to give larger allocations to rural municipalities. The grant is allocated R1.8 billion over the 2025 MTEF period, with an allocation of R567 million in 2025/26, R593 million in 2026/27 and R620 million in 2027/28.

#### Municipal disaster response grant

The *municipal disaster response grant* is administered by the National Disaster Management Centre in the Department of Cooperative Governance as an unallocated grant to local government. The centre is able to disburse disaster-response funds immediately, without the need for the transfers to be gazetted first. The grant supplements the resources local government would have already used in responding to disasters. To ensure that sufficient funds are available in the event of disasters, section 20 of the Division of Revenue Bill allows for funds allocated to the *provincial disaster response grant* to be transferred to municipalities if funds in the municipal grant have already been exhausted, and vice versa. The Bill also allows for more than one transfer to be made to areas affected by disasters, so that initial emergency aid can be provided before a full assessment of damages and costs is conducted.

Over the 2025 MTEF period, R1.2 billion is available for disbursement through this grant: R395 million in 2025/26, R413 million in 2026/27 and R432 million in 2027/28. The grant increases by an average annual rate of 4.5 per cent over the 2025 MTEF period.

To ensure that sufficient funds are available to respond to disasters, section 20(7) of the Division of Revenue Bill allows funds from other conditional grants to be reallocated for this purpose, subject to the National Treasury's approval.

#### Smart meters grant

The National Treasury administers the *smart meters grant* as an indirect grant through a transversal contract to manage distribution quality and costs. The purpose of this grant is to provide better efficiency in energy provision and the integration of renewable energy to meet consumer demands. Smart grid technologies can also help municipalities protect existing

revenue and optimise overall revenue collection from their existing bases. As such, the grant will continue to prioritise the initial capital outlay and operational expenditure.

Over the 2025 MTEF period, the grant will continue to complement the municipal debt to Eskom relief measures by targeting municipalities already part of the programme. The grant is expected to progressively extend across municipalities to help improve financial sustainability and management.

A total of R2.3 billion has been allocated towards this grant: R650 million in 2025/26, R800 million in 2026/27 and R836 million in 2027/28.

## PART 6: FUTURE WORK ON PROVINCIAL AND MUNICIPAL FISCAL FRAMEWORKS

#### Evolving fiscal frameworks for a dynamic intergovernmental system

The fiscal frameworks for provincial and local government represent the cornerstone of their ability to deliver on their mandates, encompassing all revenue sources and expenditure responsibilities. As the social and economic landscape shifts and the assignment of intergovernmental functions evolves, these frameworks must adapt to remain fit for purpose. The National Treasury, in collaboration with key stakeholders, undertakes rigorous reviews to ensure an equitable and sustainable balance between the revenue streams available to provinces and municipalities and their expenditure obligations. These reviews are guided by the principles of predictability, stability and responsiveness, while remaining cognisant of the finite resources available.

This section of the annexure outlines the critical areas of focus for the 2025 MTEF period as part of the ongoing refinement of the intergovernmental fiscal framework. The work ahead will ensure that the framework continues to support effective governance and service delivery while addressing emerging challenges. Provinces and municipalities will be fully engaged throughout the process, ensuring that all proposed changes are informed by their insights and aligned with the needs of the communities they serve.

#### **Cross-cutting reforms**

#### Review of the conditional grants system

In September 2024, government concluded a comprehensive review of the conditional grants system and developed reforms based on the findings. These reforms, which will be implemented progressively over the next three years, are designed to rationalise the conditional grant framework, integrate certain grants into the provincial equitable share and enhance the overall effectiveness of the system. This initiative underscores government's commitment to improving service delivery while ensuring the prudent management of public resources.

The review process was underpinned by an extensive consultation phase conducted between July and December 2024 during which the National Treasury presented the findings and recommendations arising from the review. While most of the proposed reforms are intended for medium- to long-term implementation, a select number of reforms have been prioritised

for the short term and will be introduced during the 2025 MTEF period. These short-term reforms are detailed in parts 4 and 5 of this document under the relevant conditional grants.

Further consultations are planned to follow the tabling of the 2025 Budget, with a focus on reforms earmarked for medium- to long-term implementation. These engagements will include impact assessments and preparatory work to ensure the successful rollout of the proposed changes. The reforms aim to address systemic challenges within the grant system and are guided by the principles of equity, efficiency and sustainability. Key areas of reform include the following:

## Enhancing differentiation and effectiveness in the grant system

A central objective of the reforms is to introduce greater differentiation within the grant system to address the diverse needs of municipalities. This includes reducing the growing reliance on grants by metropolitan municipalities while providing targeted support to municipalities with limited capacity. By addressing service delivery challenges and locational disparities, the reforms aim to create a more responsive and equitable system. Specific measures under this initiative include refining allocation methodologies to balance equity and efficiency considerations, strengthening co-funding requirements to promote shared responsibility and sustainability, reducing restrictive earmarking and ring-fencing to allow for greater flexibility in the use of funds, introducing or enhancing performance-based incentives to drive accountability and improve outcomes, and improving the alignment of related grants to reduce fragmentation and duplication.

## **Rationalising the number of grants**

As part of the reforms, the number of conditional grants allocated to subnational governments will be streamlined to address the duplication of grants and mitigate the administrative burdens associated with the proliferation of funding streams. By simplifying the grant system, government aims to improve efficiency and reduce reporting requirements, enabling municipalities to focus on service delivery. Proposed measures include:

- Merging water reticulation grants to create a unified funding mechanism for water infrastructure.
- Consolidating energy grants to streamline support for energy-related projects.
- Combining urban development grants to enhance the coordination of urban infrastructure investments.
- Discontinuing grants that are better suited as provincial programmes, such as those for road maintenance, sports development and capacity-building initiatives.

These reforms represent a decisive step towards a more efficient and effective intergovernmental fiscal framework. By addressing systemic inefficiencies and aligning resources with service delivery priorities, government reaffirms its commitment to fostering sustainable development and improving the quality of life for all citizens. The implementation of these reforms will be closely monitored to ensure that they achieve their intended objectives while maintaining fiscal discipline and accountability.

### **Review of the disaster management system**

Government is implementing a multipronged approach to strengthen disaster management systems, addressing immediate challenges while building long-term resilience. To improve the assessment and allocation of disaster response funding, the Development Bank of Southern Africa has been contracted to assist in reviewing current processes. For the 2025 MTEF, R12.1 billion is required to address backlog disaster funding and in-year requests, including R10.3 billion for disaster response and R1.8 billion for emergency housing. Simultaneously, the National Disaster Management Centre is leading a review of the national disaster management system, supported by a synthesis report and benchmarking against international best practices by the Department of Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation. These efforts aim to address inefficiencies, improve resource allocation and ensure that disaster management is mainstreamed into the Medium-Term Strategic Framework, embedding risk reduction into future planning processes.

Recognising the growing risks posed by climate change, government is shifting from reactive to proactive disaster management. The National Treasury and the National Disaster Management Centre are reviewing disaster funding systems to prioritise preparedness and long-term resilience, particularly for protracted disasters like droughts. Reforms to local government conditional grants in the built environment will further support disaster risk reduction by incentivising asset maintenance, infrastructure resilience and comprehensive preparedness. These measures aim to reduce vulnerabilities, improve land and environmental management and streamline decision-making processes. By embedding disaster risk reduction into planning and funding mechanisms, government is laying the foundation for a more sustainable and resilient future, ensuring that disaster management becomes an integral part of governance across all spheres.

To complement these efforts, the National Treasury has developed a Disaster Risk Financing Strategy to address the financial challenges posed by climate-induced disasters. This strategy adheres to the "build back better" principle and focuses on three key areas. First, effective finance mobilisation through tailored risk financing strategies, enhanced legislation and partnerships with financial institutions. Second, improved fund distribution by streamlining grant mechanisms, eliminating inefficiencies and decentralising response systems to include non-governmental organisations and the private sector for rapid aid delivery. Third, enhanced data collection through strengthened municipal asset registries and collaboration with the insurance sector to leverage claims data for better budgeting and risk management. Together, these reforms aim to create a resilient financial framework that supports effective disaster response, recovery and long-term risk reduction.

**Review of the provincial fiscal framework** 

#### Review of the provincial equitable share formula

The Constitution mandates that provinces receive a share of nationally raised revenue to fulfil their service delivery responsibilities. This allocation is determined through the provincial equitable share formula, which is designed to reflect government priorities, address inequality and account for the varying service delivery burdens across provinces. The formula

includes weighted elements that are periodically reviewed to ensure they remain relevant and effective in achieving their intended objectives. However, over the years, several items have been allocated outside the formula, and these will need to be reviewed to prevent them from diluting the impact of the provincial equitable share. The intention is to seek an endorsement from the Technical Committee for Finance to review these items, ensuring that the formula remains robust and aligned with its purpose.

The ongoing review of the provincial equitable share formula, led by the provincial equitable share task team comprising representatives from the National Treasury and provincial treasuries, has already achieved significant progress.

More recently, the National Treasury, in collaboration with the Department of Basic Education and Statistics South Africa, has continued to explore options available to improve the current structure of the education component. The education component has two subcomponents, school enrolment and the school-going age. The school enrolment data is sourced from the Learner Unit Record Information Tracking System (LURITS), while the school-going-age population (5-17) is sourced from the mid-year population estimates published by Statistics South Africa.

The proposed reforms to the enrolment subcomponent consist of two changes. The first is including learners with special needs from special needs centres into the enrolment numbers as they are currently not accounted for. This is a legacy of the way data was made available in the old SNAP survey, in which data on special needs schools was not presented together with data on ordinary schools. The second change is to the structure of the enrolment subcomponent to ensure that there is differentiation among learners. The redesigned enrolment subcomponent addresses this by assigning a higher weight to learners from a poor background than learners who are better off.

The proposed reforms are envisaged to be implemented in the 2026 MTEF. This is because the latest data on the Income and Expenditure Survey, which is required to update the quintile table used to categorise learners, was received on 28 January 2025, which was too late for the annual provincial equitable share technical updates.

## Preparing for national health insurance implementation

Certain provisions of the National Health Insurance Act (NHI) (2023) have been challenged in the Constitutional Court, including concerns about the usurpation of provincial powers and the shifting of health functions from provinces without following the due process for function shifts. The outcome of this court process is expected to provide clarity on the intergovernmental and funding arrangements for the NHI, enabling greater agility in how the act is implemented. This legal determination will be pivotal in shaping the division of responsibilities across the three spheres of government and ensuring that the implementation process adheres to constitutional principles.

The funding model for the NHI will also be informed by the envisaged role of municipalities outlined in the act. This aspect remains subject to extensive consultation with the local government sector, given the significant implications for municipal health services and their integration into the broader NHI framework.

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Preparatory work towards the progressive implementation of the NHI will continue, including strengthening the health system through strategic purchasing, piloting provider payment mechanisms and expanding the national insurance beneficiary registry. The quality improvement initiative, funded through the health systems component of the *NHI indirect grant*, will support health facilities in meeting the standards required for NHI accreditation. These efforts, combined with the clarity expected from the Constitutional Court, will guide the phased and consultative implementation of the NHI, ensuring alignment with constitutional mandates and the needs of all spheres of government.

#### **Review of the local government fiscal framework**

Government remains committed to reviewing the local government fiscal framework. The Budget Forum has approved a comprehensive programme of action to guide this work, including the terms of reference for the review and the initiation of a procurement process to secure expertise for the detailed technical work.

The aim of the review is to critically examine the financial viability of the local government fiscal framework and identify key factors influencing its effectiveness, stability, and long-term sustainability. This will be achieved by conducting an in-depth examination of existing policies, practices, and mechanisms governing the allocation, management, and utilisation of fiscal resources at the local government level.

The review will be structured as per the following thematic areas:

- Overall local government fiscal framework baseline profile of distressed and optimally functioning municipalities and refinement of the problem statement.
- Local government equitable share formula.
- Local government expenditure reviews.
- Fiscal leakages in local government.
- Additional revenue considerations, including existing revenues options, including those that are undersubscribed, and exploring new additional own revenue sources and improved municipal borrowing for strengthening infrastructure investment and maintenance.

This work will be undertaken with the support of a task teams comprising the Department of Cooperative Governance, SALGA, the FFC and Statistics South Africa over the 2025 MTEF.

#### Reforms to local government own revenue sources

Municipal own revenue is a critical component of the local government fiscal framework, as it enables municipalities to exercise financial autonomy, respond to local priorities and ensure sustainable service delivery. Unfortunately, the challenges of low revenue collection, inefficiencies and fiscal leakages make it increasingly difficult for municipalities to meet the demands of a rapidly urbanising population and support growth. The National Treasury continues to play an active role by exploring alternative financing options for municipalities

with higher revenue bases to supplement conventional infrastructure funding sources. The National Treasury is committed to implementing the reforms outlined below to address these challenges.

## *I)* Norms and standards for electricity surcharges

The National Treasury is taking steps to develop compulsory national norms and standards for regulating municipal surcharges on electricity and to identify alternative sources of revenue that can replace or supplement these surcharges.

The process municipalities need to follow to levy surcharges remains unclear, which has led to some municipalities being legally challenged when imposing these surcharges. Electricity used to be the largest component of service charges from which municipalities generated their revenue. However, the declining reliability of supply, increasing electricity prices and a gradual shift to renewable energy sources by households and businesses have led to a need for structural changes in the municipal electricity market that requires the reconsideration of charging and revenue collection processes.

To date, the draft compulsory national norms and standards for regulating the municipal electricity surcharge have been developed, and the National Treasury is consulting the relevant external stakeholders to solicit their views. Once reviewed in line with the views received, the draft compulsory national norms and standards will be published for public comment before being submitted to Parliament for scrutiny.

II) Development charges

Development charges are important components of a sustainable municipal infrastructure financing system, especially for cities and large urban municipalities, as they are used to finance the provision of infrastructure resulting from land intensification. Despite the potential of development charges as an alternative option to finance infrastructure, municipalities have not fully used them due to uncertainty surrounding the regulatory frameworks.

To address this uncertainty, amendments to the Municipal Fiscal Powers and Functions Act (2007) have been introduced. To date, the Municipal Fiscal Powers and Functions Amendment Act has been enacted. These amendments allow municipalities to mobilise their own revenue resources to fund their infrastructure needs and support economic growth. The amendment act creates legal certainty for municipalities to levy development charges, regulate their applicability and create a more standardised, equitable and sustainable framework for development charges.

Following the enactment of the amendment act, the National Treasury resumed the process of developing regulations to ensure effective implementation of development charges. To date, the draft development charges regulations have been developed and are being reviewed internally. It is anticipated that the review process will conclude by the end of January 2025 and the National Treasury will engage external stakeholders to solicit their views. Once the external consultation processes are concluded, the National Treasury will submit the draft regulations to Parliament for scrutiny.

#### III) Municipal borrowing

Government is witnessing a steady yet slow rise in outstanding municipal long-term debt, which has grown at an average annual rate of 3.7 per cent over the last 24 years. Long-term debt has increased from R20.3 billion in 1999/2000 to R67.8 billion at the end of 2023/24. Municipal long-term debt shows a decline in loans and bonds taken up over 2023/24 relative to 2022/23.

The National Treasury has observed that the slow growth in municipal borrowing is largely due to the creditworthiness of municipalities. In conjunction with reforms aimed at strengthening municipal financial sustainability, the National Treasury is also embarking on staging a creditworthiness academy with the World Bank. This week-long workshop is designed to help municipalities assess both their capacity and readiness to borrow funds for infrastructure development. It is an effort to improve local financial management from the perspective of potential lenders and investors.

The increased participation of financiers in the municipal debt market notwithstanding, unlocking financing for bulk infrastructure to drive economic growth remains a challenge. The National Treasury is implementing reforms to unlock greater financing. The first reform is the metro trading services reform, where the turnaround and the increased sustainability of services will lead to metros borrowing more to expand their services. Furthermore, government has committed significantly to the just energy transition process. This reform provides a platform for the National Treasury, financiers and municipalities to pilot innovative financing mechanisms such as performance-based contracts in the energy and water sectors. These contracts will not only provide additional financing from the private sector but innovation in how to efficiently and effectively deliver critical basic services to communities.

The disaster space is anchored by the Disaster Risk Financing Strategy, which advocates for the use and increased issuance of climate-related bonds and blended financing structures to increase investment in resilient infrastructure. To support the design and implementation of these financing mechanisms, studies are being undertaken to determine barriers such as financial constraints, governance inefficiencies and capacity deficits. This is to understand the applicability of these innovative instruments at the municipal level.

The National Treasury continues to publish the Municipal Borrowing Bulletin on a quarterly basis. Copies can be obtained from <u>www.mfma.treasury.gov.za</u>.

# ENHANCING THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT FISCAL FRAMEWORK THROUGH TARGETED REFORMS

Enhancing the effectiveness of the local government fiscal framework is essential to ensuring that municipalities can fulfil their service delivery mandates while maintaining financial sustainability. Over the upcoming MTEF period, the National Treasury will prioritise targeted reforms focused on capability development. This area remains critical to empowering

municipalities to manage their resources more effectively and efficiently, thereby improving service delivery to their communities. These reforms include:

## Review of the municipal capacity-building system

As part of the next phase of the ongoing review of local government capacity-building programmes, the National Treasury will consolidate its financial management support initiatives into a unified Local Government Financial Management Capability Programme. This integrated programme will provide a comprehensive framework for equipping municipalities with the tools, knowledge and resources needed to strengthen governance and improve service delivery. By streamlining existing initiatives and fostering collaboration, the programme aims to deliver targeted, impactful and sustainable support to municipalities across the country.

The programme will align with the National Treasury's Capability Development Framework and adopt a differentiated approach tailored to the unique needs and maturity levels of municipalities. Key features include pre-grant capacity assessments to identify gaps, multiyear grants to build sustainable in-house capabilities and a municipal scorecard to monitor progress and link it to grant allocations. Collaboration with partners such as SALGA, the Department of Cooperative Governance and academic institutions will ensure the design and delivery of customised capacity-building packages. Beyond financial management, the programme will serve as a foundation for a broader government-wide initiative to integrate capability development across all municipal functions, including governance and service delivery. This cohesive, long-term strategy underscores the importance of a unified effort to achieve sustainable municipal development and improve outcomes for communities nationwide.

Provisional allocations for the metro trading services incentive grant component

The metro trading services component of the urban development finance grant will initially be allocated to the metros according to a formula based on two variables:

- Households as a proxy for expenditure needs.
- Poverty for equity considerations.

The metros will be allowed a level of discretion in setting priorities across the trading services but would need to allocate the grant with a minimum floor of at least 40 per cent for water, 20 per cent for electricity and 10 per cent for solid waste.

The metro trading services component will operate as a performance-based finance incentive for metros, with payments linked to achieving milestones linked to improvements in governance and accountability, and service delivery performance. Key performance indicators will be used to set performance targets for the metros. The performance indicators will cover institutional reforms, financial transparency reforms, business reforms, and operational and service efficiencies. Eligibility for this component is based on two conditions:

- **Condition 1 (at start):** Submission of Council-approved documents, namely a sector strategy, an institutional roadmap, a business and investment plan, and a performance improvement action plan of acceptable quality within the prescribed period requested by the National Treasury. The metros that do not submit timeously or at the quality required will be excluded from grant access for the subsequent financial year. Such a metro will be given an opportunity to join the year after provided they meet the criteria.
- Condition 2 (throughout the programme's duration): Clean or qualified financial audit report of the metro for the previous financial year. Metros that receive an adverse or disclaimed audit report will not access the grant in the next financial year but can rejoin the programme after showing improvement.

Provisional allocations, based on metros' compliance with Condition 1, for the metro trading services incentive grant component are in Table W1.33. These provisional allocations will be confirmed as actual allocations in the Division of Revenue Amendment Bill. Metros' ability to access their allocations will be based on an independent assessment of metros meeting performance targets in their approved performance improvement action plans.

incentive grant component						
R million	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	MTEF		
Johannesburg	430	873	1 665	2 969		
Cape Town	367	745	1 421	2 533		
eThekwini	365	740	1 411	2 515		
Ekurhuleni	112	682	1 301	2 096		
Tshwane	304	618	1 179	2 101		
Nelson Mandela Bay	-	369	704	1 073		
Buffalo City	163	330	630	1 123		
Mangaung	101	308	588	998		
Unallocated	225	225	225	675		
Total	2 067	4 890	9 126	16 083		
Courses National Treasury						

# Table W1.33 Provisional allocations for metro trading services

Source: National Treasury

# Annexure W2: Frameworks for Conditional Grants to Provinces

Detailed frameworks on Schedule 4, Part A; Schedule 5, Part A; Schedule 6, Part A; and Schedule 7, Part A grants to provinces

## Introduction

This annexure provides a brief description for each grant in Schedule 4, Part A; Schedule 5, Part A; Schedule 6, Part A; and Schedule 7, Part A of the 2025 Division of Revenue Bill. The following are key areas considered for each grant:

- Strategic goal and purpose of the grant
- Outcome statements and outputs of the grant
- Priority(ties) of government that the grant primarily contributes to
- Conditions of the grant (additional to what is required in the Bill)
- Criteria for allocation between provinces
- Rationale for funding through a conditional grant
- Past performance
- The projected life of the grant
- 2025 MTEF allocations
- The payment schedule
- Responsibilities of transferring national department and receiving provinces
- Process for approval of business plans for 2026/27

The attached frameworks are not part of the Division of Revenue Bill but are published in order to provide more information on each grant to parliament, legislatures, municipal councils, officials in all three spheres of government and the public. Once the Division of Revenue Bill, 2025 is enacted, these frameworks will be gazetted in terms of the Act.

The financial statements and annual reports for 2025/26 will report against the Division of Revenue Act, Division of Revenue Amendment Act and their schedules, and the grant frameworks as gazetted in terms of the Act. Such reports must cover both financial and non-financial performance, focusing on the outputs achieved.

# AGRICULTURE GRANTS

Transferring department	Comprehensive Agricultural Support Programme Grant
Transferring department	Agriculture (Vote 29)
Grant schedule	• Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	• To create a favourable and supportive agricultural services environment for the farming community, in particular subsistence and smallholder farmers and distressed commercial farmers within strategically identified grain, livestock and horticulture production areas
Grant purpose	• To provide effective and coordinated agricultural support services through collaborations with industry transformation initiatives where possible
	• To promote and facilitate agricultural development by targeting beneficiaries of land reform and other black producers who have acquired land through private means and are engaged in value-adding enterprises domestically, or involved in export
Outcome statements	<ul> <li>To revitalise agricultural colleges into centres of excellence</li> <li>Broadened access to agricultural support for black subsistence, smallholder and distressed commercial farmers</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Increased number of sustainable and profitable black producers in horticulture, grains, livestock, fibre and aquaculture value chains</li> </ul>
	• Increased capacity to support and oversee productivity and farming efficiency of beneficiaries of the Comprehensive Agricultural Support Programme (CASP)
	• Improved systems required for the maintenance of a foot and mouth disease free status as prescribed by the World Organisation for Animal Health
	• Increased wealth creation and sustainable employment in rural areas
	<ul> <li>Increased access to formal and institutional markets by beneficiaries of CASP</li> </ul>
	Improved household and national food security
Onderset	Reliable and accurate agricultural information available for management decision making
Outputs	• On and off-farm infrastructure provided and repaired, including agro-processing infrastructure
	<ul> <li>Number of farmers supported per category (subsistence, smallholder and commercial) and per commodity</li> <li>50 per cent women, 40 per cent youth and 6 per cent people living with disabilities (farmers supported per</li> </ul>
	category)
	<ul> <li>Quantity of output (tons) produced by beneficiaries of CASP per commodity</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Number of beneficiaries of CASP that are South African Good Agricultural Practices certified</li> </ul>
	• Number of jobs created
	Number of unemployed graduates placed on commercial farms
	• Number of beneficiaries of CASP trained on farming methods or opportunities along the value chain
	Percentage of CASP beneficiaries with access to formal and institutional markets
	• Tracing system for animal identification and movement provided and maintained for cattle in the foot and mouth disease controlled areas of Limpopo, Mpumalanga and KwaZulu-Natal
	• Physical boundary between the foot and mouth disease free zone and the protection zone provided and maintained
	• Food and veterinary laboratory infrastructure, including quality systems accreditation, revitalised in eight provinces (except Gauteng)
	• Number of animals vaccinated for foot and mouth disease in Limpopo and Mpumalanga
	• Number of extension officers including Assistant Agricultural Practitioners recruited and/or maintained in the system
	<ul><li>Number of extension officers trained or deployed to commodity organisations</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Partnerships with commodity organisations</li> </ul>
Priority of government	<ul> <li>Priority 2: Economic transformation and job creation</li> </ul>
that this grant primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the	• Outcome indicators
business plan	• Outputs indicators
	• Inputs
	<ul><li>Key activities</li><li>Monitoring framework</li></ul>
	Risks and mitigation strategies
Conditions	<ul> <li>At least 70 per cent of the project allocation must support infrastructure development for production areas</li> </ul>
contaitions	prioritised in the Agriculture and Agro-processing Master Plan
	• At least 10 per cent of the project allocation must be spent on market access and development
	• At least 6 per cent of the project allocation must be spent on training and capacity building of farmers, and
	4 per cent can be used for mentorship programme
	• At least 1 000 unemployed agricultural graduates should be placed in commercial farms nationally as follows:
	• Gauteng and Northern Cape must place at least 80 graduates each
	• the remainder of the provinces must place at least 120 graduates each
	• all graduates must be employed at a rate of R87 000 per annum
	• Provinces should prioritise and implement livestock improvement programmes especially those aligned to Kaonafatso ya Dikgomo in partnership with the Agricultural Research Council
	• The farmers supported must be linked to, but not limited to, commodity organisations including the commercial and emerging commodity organisations. The province should have formal partnership

	Comprehensive Agricultural Support Programme Grant
	agreements with these commodity organisations to ensure appropriate support is provided to farmers (i.e. specialised technical support, joint funding, access to markets and joint implementation as outlined by the dynamic business model)
	• In cases where farmers requiring support are outside a commodity organisation agreement, their proposals received from the advertisement process must be approved by committees and authorities established by the province as outlined in the standard operating procedure
	<ul> <li>All assisted farmers should be listed or registered in the provincial and national project registers</li> <li>The Department of Agriculture (DoA) will reprioritise the allocated funds on the following basis:         <ul> <li>in the event of poor spending on the part of a province where poor spending is the result of poor planning or failure by service provider to meet contractual obligations</li> <li>in the event of a disaster that affects the implementation of approved plans</li> <li>provinces not adhering to the CASP standard operating procedure framework when implementing projects or implementing projects that are not approved by DoA</li> <li>in the event that the ring fenced funds are used for other things without prior approval by the transferring officer</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The funds will be transferred as per the disbursement schedule approved by National Treasury; and only after receipt of performance reports against already transferred allocations</li> <li>Provinces must inform the transferring officer of any proposed changes to the business plans. Such changes must be approved by the transferring officer before they are implemented</li> <li>The provincial business plans must be signed-off by the heads of departments of the provincial agriculture</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>departments in collaboration with Chief Financial Officers or their representatives, and must be co-signed by the heads of provincial treasuries</li> <li>The signed business plan for CASP must be submitted to the DoA for approval</li> <li>The project list contained in the business plan must be submitted in the provincial infrastructure reporting model</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The allocations for agricultural colleges must only be used to revitalise infrastructure and equipment at these colleges, as determined in the business plan</li> <li>An amount of R58 million is allocated to KwaZulu-Natal through the Budget Facility for Infrastructure for KwaZulu Natal equipment at these fundament of R58 million is allocated to KwaZulu-Natal through the Budget Facility for Infrastructure for KwaZulu Natal equipment at these fundament of R58 million is allocated to KwaZulu-Natal through the Budget Facility for Infrastructure for KwaZulu Natal equipment at these fundament of R58 million is allocated to KwaZulu-Natal through the Budget Facility for Infrastructure for KwaZulu Natal equipment at the second equipment at t</li></ul>
Allocation criteria	<ul> <li>KwaZulu-Natal agri-hubs. These funds may only be used for that purpose</li> <li>The formula used to allocate funds is a weighted average of the following variables: agricultural land area, households involved in agriculture (General Household Survey 2019 report), previous CASP performance and current benchmarks on production and national policy imperatives</li> </ul>
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	<ul> <li>Agriculture is identified as a game changer and investment in agriculture must be guided under strict conditions to achieve the aspirations of the National Development Plan and the Agriculture and Agroprocessing Master Plan</li> <li>In 2026/27 the grant will merge with the Ilima/Letsema Projects Grant into a single grant. The grant will continue to support both commercial and subsistence farmers. This merger will streamline administration, improve resource allocation, and ensure clear, equitable support for both commercial and subsistence farming</li> </ul>
Past performance	<ul> <li>2023/24 audited financial outcomes</li> <li>Of the R1.5 billion available and transferred, R1.5 billion (100 per cent) was spent by the end of the financial year</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>2023/24 service delivery performance</li> <li>1 179 subsistence farmers were supported</li> <li>5 661 smallholder farmers were supported</li> <li>Beneficiaries were supported from 396 projects implemented, with 275 projects completed at the end of the financial year</li> <li>53 (13 per cent) supported projects were owned by youth and 191 (48 per cent) were owned by women</li> <li>44 per cent of beneficiaries supported were women, 9 per cent were youth and 0.5 per cent were people with disabilities</li> <li>On and off farm infrastructure delivered include 262 irrigation systems, 6 stock and irrigation dams, 58 boreholes, 19 stock water structures, 22 stock handling facilities, 2 projects of solar systems erected, 16 dipping tanks, 8 small stock structures, 4 poultry structures, 8 aquatic nursery structures, 3 nursery infrastructure, 547. 49 km of fencing, 6 pack house facilities, 3 processing infrastructure, 42 storage facilities, 2 orchards infrastructure, 1634 vet structures revamped, 2 ablution facilities and 41 hydroponic structures.</li> <li>4 624 jobs created</li> <li>Foot and mouth disease control deliverables achieved: two animal holding camps for quarantine, guard shelter, office space, vaccinations and promotion of dipping in KwaZulu Natal, in Limpopo, 406 vaccination sessions were conducted vaccinating over 120 000 animals; and in Mpumalanga 120 000 animals were vaccinated. North West revitalised the somatic cell count machine and laboratory management system.</li> <li>35 158 farmers benefitted from Kaonafatso ya Dikgomo programme only in KwaZulu Natal, Limpopo, Mpumalanga and Northern Cape</li> <li>89 farms were pre-audited for South African Good Agricultural Practices certification (SAGAP), final audits were conducted on 52 farms (58 per cent) and 49 farms were certified (94 per cent), while 107 farms were re-certified</li> <li>98 per cent of the smallholder farmers supported had access to formal markets</li> <li>29 467 farmers were trained in targeted training programmes, 50.2 per cent tra</li></ul>
	• 29 467 farmers were trained in targeted training programmes, 50.2 per cent trained were women, 38 per cent

	Comprehensive Agricultural Support Programme Grant
	• 985 agricultural graduates were placed on commercial farms for a period of two years as part of the youth
	entrepreneurial programme
	• 58 extension officers were recruited nationally and 385 extension personnel is maintained in the system
	10 agricultural colleges upgrading infrastructure (ongoing)
Projected life	Grant continues until 2027/28, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2025/26: R1.7 billion; 2026/27: R1.7 billion; and 2027/28: R1.8 billion
Payment schedule	• Four instalments: 9 May 2025; 29 August 2025; 14 November 2025; and 23 January 2026
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	• Agree on outputs and targets with provincial departments in line with grant objectives for 2025/26
receiving officer	• Provide the guidelines and criteria for the development, approval and implementation of business plans
	Provide a template for project registration and reporting
	• CASP transfers (planned, actual and revised) related to infrastructure projects must be reported in the national infrastructure reporting model
	• In preparation for the merger, the DoA shall, in consultation with Provincial departments of agriculture and national treasury, review the conditional grants Standard Operating Procedure, review the grant frameworks and grant allocations guided by the 2024 National Food and Nutrition Security Survey Report and the comprehensive producer development support policy among others
	• Monitor monthly financial expenditure by provinces and conduct sampled project site visits quarterly
	• Submit monthly financial reports to National Treasury 20 days after the end of the month
	• Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter
	• Submit an annual evaluation performance report to National Treasury within four months after the end of the financial year
	• Oversee and monitor implementation of the grant during Ministerial Technical Committee and quarterly review meetings
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments

- Provinces to adhere to the conditions of this framework and the 2025 Division of Revenue Act
- Provinces to submit a detailed project list and project profiles as per the DoA project list template

٠	Provinces must report infrastructure projects and related infrastructure support funded through CASP in the
	provincial infrastructure reporting model monthly and quarterly

• Provinces to implement the CASP business plans as approved

All receiving departments must abide by the Public Finance Management Act, Treasury Regulations and the • 2025 Division of Revenue Act when executing projects as well as for reporting purposes

• In preparation for the merger of the grants, provinces shall participate in all meetings and workshops arranged
by DoA to review the Standard operating procedure, the grant frameworks and grant allocations

٠	Provinces are to report monthly (for financial performance) 15 days after the end of each month, and quarterly
	(for non-financial performance) 20 days after the end of each quarter, and annually two months after the end
	of the financial year on the progress and achievements of the programme
-	Submit mentals and instant of menance menants to Da A

- Submit quarterly project performance reports to DoA
- Assign and delegate officials to manage and monitor the implementation of the programme before April 2025 • Keep a record of projects supported
- · Monitor project implementation on a quarterly basis and evaluate the impact of projects in achieving CASP goals

Provinces to adhere to the approved CASP standard operating procedure framework

- Process for approval of • Provide provincial departments with business plan format, guidelines, criteria and outputs as prescribed by 2026/27 business plans National Treasury by 23 May 2025
  - DoA to develop a roadmap to guide provinces on the timelines for the merger and the submission of business for the 2026/27 financial year
    - Submission of provincial CASP business plans by provinces by 29 August 2025
    - Engagement with provinces (pre-national assessment panel) on submitted business plans during October/November 2025 prior to final national assessment panel meeting
    - Evaluation and recommendation of business plans by national assessment panel between November 2025 and February 2026
    - Send funding agreements to provinces by February/March 2026 to be signed by heads of departments, Chief Financial Officers, and CASP coordinators
  - Approval of business plans by the transferring officer before 27 March 2026
  - Inform provinces of approval of the business plans by March/April 2026
  - Approval by the transferring officer regarding 2026/27 business planning process compliance during April 2026 and send to the National Treasury by end April 2026

	Ilima/Letsema Projects Grant
Transferring department	Agriculture (Vote 29)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	To reduce poverty through increased food production initiatives
Grant purpose	• To assist vulnerable South African farming communities to achieve an increase in agricultural production and invest in infrastructure that unlocks agricultural production within strategically identified grain, livestock, horticulture and aquaculture production areas
Outcome statements	<ul> <li>Increased agricultural production of field crops such as grains and oilseeds, livestock, horticulture, fibre and aquaculture at both household and national level</li> <li>Improved access to production inputs</li> <li>Number of black subsistence, smallholder and distressed commercial farmers supported</li> <li>Increased quantities (tons) of agricultural commodities produced by smallholder and household farmers</li> <li>Reduced underutilisation of land in high potential areas in the state-owned land and former homelands</li> <li>Improved farm income (in rands)</li> <li>Increased job opportunities</li> <li>Reduced poverty and improved food security</li> <li>Rehabilitated and expanded irrigation schemes</li> </ul>
Outputs	<ul> <li>Land under agricultural production (field crops such as grains and oilseeds, horticulture fibre, and livestock)</li> <li>Beneficiaries/farmers supported by the grant per category</li> <li>50 per cent women, 40 per cent youth and 6 per cent people living with disabilities (farmers supported per category)</li> <li>Superior breeding animals acquired and distributed to farmers</li> <li>Job opportunities created</li> <li>Hectares of rehabilitated and expanded irrigation schemes</li> <li>Partnerships with commodity organisations</li> <li>Community gardens supported</li> <li>School gardens supported</li> </ul>
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 2: Economic transformation and job creation
Details contained in the business plan	<ul> <li>Outcome indicators</li> <li>Outputs indicators</li> <li>Inputs</li> <li>Key activities</li> <li>Monitoring framework</li> <li>Risks and mitigation strategies</li> </ul>
Conditions Allocation criteria	<ul> <li>Ilima/Letsema grant should be allocated to support food production (crop and livestock production) in support of the Fetsa Tlala initiatives, prioritising vulnerable households, communal areas and areas under traditional leadership, targeting subsistence and smallholder producers supported with inputs and mechanisation</li> <li>Only commercial farmers in distress can receive production inputs from Ilima/Letsema to assist with their production and recovery</li> <li>Partnerships with black commodity organisation should be prioritised for joint support, joint funding and joint implementation</li> <li>At most 30 per cent of Ilima/Letsema allocations can be used for rehabilitation of irrigation schemes in Eastern Cape, Free State, Northern Cape, North West and KwaZulu-Natal. All assisted farmers should be listed in the provincial and national farm registers</li> <li>The funds will be transferred as per the disbursement schedule approved by National Treasury; and only after receipt of performance reports against already transferred allocations. Provinces must inform the transferring officer of any proposed changes to business plans. Such changes must be approved by the transferring officer before they are implemented</li> <li>The business plans must be signed-off by the heads of the provincial agriculture departments in collaboration with the Chief Financial Officers or their representatives, and co-signed by the heads of provincial treasuries</li> <li>The signed business plans must be submitted to the Department of Agriculturet (DoA) for approval</li> <li>The project list contained in the business plan must be submitted in the provincial infrastructure reporting model by provinces utilising funds for irrigation schemes</li> <li>The formula used to allocate funds is a weighted average of the following variables: agricultural land available, previous homeland areas, households involved in agriculture (General Household Survey 2019),</li> </ul>
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	<ul> <li>For the second second</li></ul>
Past performance	<ul> <li>2023/24 audited financial outcomes</li> <li>Of the R585 million available and transferred to provinces, R546 million (94 per cent) was spent</li> </ul>

	Ilima/Letsema Projects Grant
	2023/24 service delivery performance
	62 248 subsistence farmers were supported
	• 16 563 smallholder farmers were supported
	22 black commercial farmers were supported
	• 16 415 jobs created
	64 563 households supported with starter packs for backyard gardens
	• 232 schools assisted in establishing food gardens (Free State, Gauteng, Limpopo, North West and Western
	Cape)
	• 8 582 community food gardens established (Free State, Gauteng, Limpopo, Mpumalanga, North West and
	Western Cape)
	• 85 438 beneficiaries supported by the programme (59 per cent were women, 16 per cent were youth and
	0.5 per cent were people with disabilities)
	• 86 424 hectares of land cultivated
	• Between three and seven tons per hectare of maize achieved
	Vaalharts and Makhathini irrigation schemes were revitalised
Projected life	Grant continues until 2026/27
MTEF allocations	• 2025/26: R677 million; 2026/27: R708 million; and 2027/28: R740 million
Payment schedule	• Four instalments: 9 May 2025; 29 August 2025; 31 October 2025; and 23 January 2026
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	• Agree on outputs and targets with provincial departments in line with grant objectives for 2025/26
receiving officer	Provide the guidelines and criteria for the development and approval of business plans
	Provide template for project registration and reporting
	• Transfers for infrastructure projects must be reported in the national infrastructure reporting model
	• In preparation for the merger, the DoA shall, in consultation with provincial departments of agriculture and
	National Treasury, review the conditional grants standard operating procedure, review the grant frameworks
	and grant allocations guided by the 2024 National Food and Nutrition Security Survey Report and the
	comprehensive producer development support policy among others. Monitor monthly financial expenditure
	by provinces and conduct sampled project site visits quarterly
	• Submit monthly financial reports to National Treasury 20 days after the end of the month
	• Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter
	• Submit annual evaluation of performance report to National Treasury within four months after the end of
	the financial year
	• Oversee and monitor implementation of the grant during Ministerial Technical Committee and quarterly
	review meetings
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	• Provinces to adhere to the conditions of this framework and the 2025 Division of Revenue Act (DoRA)
	• Provinces to submit detailed project list as per the DoA project list template
	Provinces must report infrastructure projects and related infrastructure support funded through the grant in the provincial infrastructure projects and related infrastructure support funded through the grant in
	the provincial infrastructure reporting model monthly and quarterly
	• In preparation for the merger of the grants, provinces shall participate in all meetings and workshops arranged by DoA to review the standard operating procedure, the grant frameworks and grant allocations
	<ul> <li>Provinces to report monthly (on financial performance) 15 days after the end of each month, and quarterly</li> </ul>
	(on non-financial performance) 20 days after the end of each quarter, and annually two months after the end
	of the financial year on the progress and achievements of the programme
	<ul> <li>Provinces to implement the Ilima/Letsema business plans as approved</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>All receiving departments must abide by the Public Finance Management Act, Treasury Regulations and the</li> </ul>
	2025 DoRA when executing projects as well as for reporting purposes
	<ul> <li>Assign and delegate officials to manage and monitor implementation of the programme by 28 March 2025</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Keep records of projects supported</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Monitor project implementation on a quarterly basis and evaluate the impact of projects in achieving</li> </ul>
	Ilima/Letsema goals
Process for approval of	<ul> <li>Provide provincial departments with business plan format, guidelines, criteria and outputs as prescribed by</li> </ul>
2026/27 business plans	National Treasury by 27 May 2025
Free Press	<ul> <li>DoA to develop a roadmap to guide provinces on the timelines for the merger and the submission of business</li> </ul>
	for the 2026/27 financial year
	<ul> <li>Submission of provincial Ilima/Letsema business plans by provinces on 29 August 2025</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Engagement with provinces (pre-national assessment panel) on submitted business plans during</li> </ul>
	October/November 2025 prior to final national assessment panel meeting
	<ul> <li>Evaluation and recommendation of business plans by national assessment panel between November 2025</li> </ul>
	and February 2026
	<ul> <li>Send funding agreements to provinces by February/March 2026 to be signed by heads of departments, Chief</li> </ul>
	Financial Officers and Ilima/Letsema coordinators
	<ul> <li>Approval of business plans by the transferring officer before 27 March 2026</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Inform provinces of approval of the business plans in March or April 2026</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Approval by the transferring officer regarding 2026/27 business planning process compliance during</li> </ul>
	April 2026, and send to National Treasury by the end of April 2026
	April 2020, and solid to Hartonial Treasury by the child of April 2020

	LandCare Programme Grant: Poverty Relief and Infrastructure Development
Transferring department	Agriculture (Vote 29)
Grant schedule	• Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	• To optimise productivity and sustainability of natural resources leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better quality of life for all
Grant purpose	• To promote sustainable use and management of natural resources by engaging in community-based initiatives that support the pillars of sustainability (social, economic and environmental), leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better well-being for all
Outcome statements	Improved veld grazing and carrying capacity and livestock productivity
	Improved production potential of arable land leading to increased yield
	<ul> <li>Improved quantity and quality of South Africa's water resources through projects in SoilCare, VeldCare, Conservation Agriculture and WaterCare focus areas of LandCare programmes</li> <li>Improved youth participation in the agricultural sector through agricultural schools activities and</li> </ul>
	intergenerational skills transfer to develop the capacity of youth as well as provide an opportunity to learn agricultural skills and knowledge
	<ul> <li>Improved custodianship and stewardship of natural agricultural resources through community-based initiatives by all land users</li> <li>Improved livelihoods of rural communities within the ambit of the green economy</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Improved inventious of rular communities within the antiou of the green economy</li> <li>Improved partnerships with private, public, non-governmental organisations and community sectors</li> <li>Improved knowledge and skills base of participants and land users</li> </ul>
	Enhanced ecosystem services and biodiversity for current and future generations
	Improved governance of natural agricultural resources of the country
	Improve policy and legislative frameworks for natural agricultural resources management
	• Sustained renewable energy solutions for small scale/emerging farmers aligned to farm management plan
Outputs	Hectares of rangeland protected and rehabilitated
	Number of hectares of agricultural land under fodder production
	Hectares of arable land protected and rehabilitated
	Hectares of land under conservation agriculture
	Number of farmers using conservation agriculture
	• Number of youths and agricultural schools successfully attended all the organised Junior LandCare initiatives
	Number of schools supported through JuniorCare activitiesNumber of hectares of land where water     resources are protected and rehabilitated
	<ul> <li>Number of capacity building initiatives conducted for land carers and institutions</li> </ul>
	• Number of people who benefited from capacity building initiatives
	<ul> <li>Number of awareness campaigns conducted</li> </ul>
	Number of people more aware of sustainable use of natural agricultural resources
	• Hectares of land where weeds and invader plants are under control
	Hectares of land where bush encroachment is under control
	Number of kilometres of fence erected
	<ul> <li>Number of green jobs created expressed as full-time equivalents</li> </ul>
	Number of LandCare committees established
	Number of protocols, guidelines, strategies, policy and legislative frameworks developed for natural resources management
	Number of agricultural schools supported
	<ul> <li>Number of agricultural graduates' projects/initiatives supported</li> </ul>
	Number of renewable energy technologies supported
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 2: Economic transformation and job creation
Details contained in the	Project header
business plan	Project background
<b>I</b>	Farm plan map
	Farm management plan detail
	Beneficiaries and job creation
	<ul> <li>Change pathways</li> </ul>
	Pre-project assessment
	Risk assessment
	Implementation map
	Implementation map     Implementation details
	Exit strategy
	<ul> <li>Exit strategy</li> <li>Monitoring and evaluation</li> </ul>

	LandCare Programme Grant: Poverty Relief and Infrastructure Development
Conditions	Provinces must confirm capacity to implement projects before funds can be transferred
	• The province to delegate the responsibility of the Receiving Officer to the Provincial LandCare
	Coordinator at a Deputy Director or Director level
	• Provincial departments annual evaluations must be submitted two months after the end of the financial
	year using an approved LandCare template
	• The impact (before and after) of the LandCare programme should also be quantified during initiation,
	implementation and handing-over phases of the projects
	• Projects should be implemented guided by farm management plan in terms of Conservation of Agricultural
	Resources Act
	• Provinces should report signed financial performance per project on the 15th of every month in compliance
	with the 2025 Division of Revenue Act. Provinces should report on the number of jobs created 15 days
	after the end of each month using an approved LandCare template. The number of jobs created should further be reported on the Expanded Public Works Programme reporting system
	<ul> <li>Projects should adhere to the reporting dates as stipulated in the 2025 Division of Revenue Act and</li> </ul>
	furthermore adhere to dates as agreed during the quarterly meetings and national LandCare secretariat
	<ul> <li>Provinces should submit their portfolio of evidence (acknowledgement letters, project maps etc.) 30 days</li> </ul>
	after the end of quarter to national LandCare secretariat. The report should be in line with quarterly and
	monthly reports
	• Provinces should undertake skill audit of beneficiaries, provide training, and submit reports to the national
	Department of Agriculture (DoA)
	• VeldCare projects should be comprehensive to include fencing, stock water system, bush control and value
	chain
Allocation criteria	• Allocations are based on an index comprising of nodes, land capability, poverty, degradation and land size
	derived from the following sources:
	<ul> <li>nodes of the most deprived wards in the country</li> </ul>
	• land capability: total hectares class I, II and III (spatial analysis - land capability data)
	• size: hectares (new boundaries from the Municipal Demarcation Board)
	<ul> <li>poverty: poverty gap based on food poverty line of Statistic South Africa Living Conditions Survey 2018</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>land degradation: hectares (Land Degradation Report 2018)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>o raid degradation, nectares (Land Degradation Report 2018)</li> <li>o policy imperatives and development for sustainable land management</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>past performance by provinces</li> </ul>
<b>Reasons not incorporated</b>	• The funding originated with the special poverty allocations made by national government for a specific
in equitable share	purpose
in equitable share Past performance	purpose 2023/24 audited financial outcomes
· ·	purpose         2023/24 audited financial outcomes         • Allocated R79 million and transferred R79 million to provinces, of which provinces spent R77 million
· ·	<ul> <li>purpose</li> <li>2023/24 audited financial outcomes</li> <li>Allocated R79 million and transferred R79 million to provinces, of which provinces spent R77 million (97 per cent) by the end of the financial year</li> </ul>
· ·	purpose         2023/24 audited financial outcomes         • Allocated R79 million and transferred R79 million to provinces, of which provinces spent R77 million (97 per cent) by the end of the financial year         2023/24 service delivery performance
· ·	purpose         2023/24 audited financial outcomes         • Allocated R79 million and transferred R79 million to provinces, of which provinces spent R77 million (97 per cent) by the end of the financial year         2023/24 service delivery performance         • 16 350 hectares of rangeland protected and rehabilitated
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Past performance Projected life MTEF allocations Payment schedule Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	purpose         2023/24 audited financial outcomes         • Allocated R79 million and transferred R79 million to provinces, of which provinces spent R77 million (97 per cent) by the end of the financial year         2023/24 service delivery performance         • 16 350 hectares of rangeland protected and rehabilitated         • 0 hectares of arable land protected and rehabilitated         • 0 hectares of arable land protected and rehabilitated         • 2 975 hectares of land under conservation agriculture         • 5 228 youths successfully attending organised Junior LandCare initiatives         • 78 household and school food gardens established through Junior LandCare         • 3 692 water sources developed or protected against over-utilisation         • 18 386 capacity building initiatives conducted for land carers         • 3 769 people with improved capacity and skill levels benefiting from capacity building initiatives         • 67 awareness campaigns conducted and attended by Land Carers         • 15 650 people more aware of sustainable use of natural resources         • 9 834 hectares of land where weeds and invader plants are under control         • 3 404 hectares of fland where bush encroachment is controlled         • 214 kilometres of fencing erected         • 151 LandCare committees established         • Grant continues until 2027/28, subject to review         • 2025/26: R94 million; 2026/27: R99 million; and 2027/28: R103 million

-	LandCare Programme Grant: Poverty Relief and Infrastructure Development
	• Submit evaluation reports to the National Treasury within four months after the end of the financial year
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	<ul> <li>Ensure that procurement processes and procedures have been adhered to and plan in place to source service providers proactively for the implementation of LandCare projects to commence on 1 April 2025</li> <li>Ensure that provinces organisational structure for programme 2 as prescribed by National Treasury is established and capacitated to manage LandCare and ensure adequate capacity of director, line functional managers of each area and soil scientists, pasture scientists, soil conservation technicians and engineers, land use planners and LandCare facilitators exists in the provinces to implement the LandCare projects</li> <li>Submit signed monthly financial report on the 15th day of every month</li> <li>Report jobs created to the DoA using the prescribed expanded public works programme reporting</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>template/format within 15 days after the end of each month</li> <li>Submit signed quarterly reports (non-financial) with portfolio of evidence 30 days after the end of each quarter on the progress of the projects</li> </ul>
	• Provinces should further adhere to agreements approved in quarterly meetings on performance, reporting and any other matter related to natural resource management
	• Implement projects according to the approved business plans. Deviation affecting outputs and budgets should first be communicated to the transferring officer in writing and approved before implementation
	• Hold provincial assessment panels, use multidisciplinary team to assess individual projects plans, use LandCare standard assessment criteria before submission of preliminary individual and provincial business plans to DoA by 30 September 2025
	<ul> <li>Monitor project implementation and evaluate the impact of projects in achieving LandCare goals</li> <li>Submit evaluation reports to DoA within two months after the end of the financial year</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Ensure and support the upscaling of conservation agriculture practices within communities</li> <li>Assist farmers with soil testing to improve and maintain soil health</li> </ul>
	• Conduct training for farmers and officials on soil fertility and testing, veld survey tools and veld management
	Provinces to attend Natural Resources Management Working Group (NRMWG) and other strategic meeting convened by DoA
Process for approval of	• DoA must provide provincial departments with business plan formats and guidelines by July 2025
2026/27 business plans	• Engagement by DoA with provinces on business plans submission before provincial assessment panel and submission of signed business plans prior to the national assessment panel
	• Evaluation and recommendation of business plans by the national assessment panel before the end of March 2026
	<ul> <li>Interactions with provinces on the national assessment panel comments and final submission of signed individual and provincial business plans by the provinces prior to approval by Accounting Officer</li> <li>Notify provinces of the approval of business plans before implementation</li> </ul>

# **BASIC EDUCATION GRANTS**

	Early Childhood Development Grant
Transferring department	Basic Education (Vote 16)
Grant schedule	• Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal Grant purpose	<ul> <li>To increase access to quality early childhood development (ECD) programmes for poor children</li> <li>To increase the number of poor children accessing subsidised ECD programmes</li> </ul>
Grant purpose	<ul> <li>To support ECD providers delivering ECD programmes to meet basic health and safety</li> </ul>
	requirements for registration
	• To construct low-cost ECD centres
Outcome statements	The provision of ECD to poor children contributing towards universal access
	Improving health and safety conditions in which early learning takes place
Outputs	<ul> <li>This grant has two components with detailed outputs, conditions and responsibilities for each component specified in separate frameworks. The two components are:         <ul> <li>infrastructure component</li> <li>subsidy component</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	• Priority 3: Education, skills and health
Details contained in the business plan	<ul> <li>The provincial departments will use a single business plan issued by the national Department of Basic Education (DBE) for the two grant components which contain the following:</li> <li>project background</li> <li>project objectives</li> <li>scope of the work</li> <li>deliverables and outputs to be achieved</li> <li>risk assessment with mitigation plan</li> </ul>
Conditions	<ul> <li>risk assessment with mugation plan</li> <li>Conditional grant funding cannot be used to reduce overall provincial own revenue and equitable</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>share funding allocated to ECD subsidies. Each province may use a maximum of R6 million of their total conditional grant allocation (subsidy plus infrastructure components) for administrative management of the grant which includes capacity to manage the grant and funding for assessments of ECD centres. Provinces may choose to use this amount from the allocation for either one of the components or both as outlined in the practice note</li> <li>All officials must be employed in line with the conditional grant on a three-years or more contract or permanently</li> </ul>
Allocation criteria	As specified in the two grant component frameworks
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	• To allow DBE to better ring-fence expansion of ECD in the country and to facilitate compliance with the National Integrated ECD Policy approved by Cabinet on 9 December 2015 ensuring that the delivery and maintenance of any capital investment is coordinated in an efficient manner that
	<ul> <li>ECD is a national priority and requires uniform implementation in order to achieve the minimum coverage of 60 per cent of all poor children and to have the desired impact of achieving universal access by 2030</li> </ul>
Past performance	2023/24 audited financial outcomes
	• Of the total grant allocation of R1.2 billion, 100 per cent was transferred to provinces
	2023/24 service delivery performance
	348 146 children benefitted from the subsidy
Projected life	• Given the nature of the programme and the drive to expand the provision of ECD services, the grant will be needed for the medium-term expenditure framework period, subject to review
MTEF allocations	<ul> <li>2025/26: R1.9 billion; 2026/27: R2.1 billion; and 2027/28: R2.2 billion allocated as follows:</li> <li>subsidy component: 2025/26: R1.8 billion; 2026/27: R1.9 billion; and 2027/28: R2 billion</li> <li>infrastructure component: 2025/26: R162 million; 2026/27: R269 million; and 2027/28: R287 million</li> </ul>
Payment schedule	Quarterly instalments based on the approved payment schedule
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	• Review the standardised reporting framework and monitoring tool
receiving officer	• Review the standardised format for the business plans
	<ul> <li>Assess and approve the business plans submitted by provinces</li> <li>Monitor project progress and compliance with the conditional grant framework</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Monitor project progress and compliance with the conditional grant framework</li> <li>Manage, support, monitor and evaluate the implementation of the grant to provinces</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Manage, support, monitor and evaluate the implementation of the grant to provinces</li> <li>Submit a monthly financial report to the National Treasury 20 days after the end of the reporting</li> </ul>
	month
	• Consolidate and submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter
	• Monitor the utilisation of the grant against the set outcomes and take appropriate action in cases
	<ul><li>of non-compliance with the framework</li><li>Facilitate approval of the payment schedule and approval of in-year adjustments to the payment</li></ul>
	schedule
	• The DBE will develop ECD infrastructure grant guidelines to be issued to the provinces by 28 March 2025
	Visit selected infrastructure sites in provinces

Early Childhood Development Grant	
	Support provinces to improve infrastructure delivery capacity and systems
	<ul> <li>Provide guidance to provinces in planning and prioritisation</li> </ul>
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	• Submit approved business plans signed off by the head of department to the DBE by 24 February 2025
	• Implement the business plan as approved by the DBE
	• Submit monthly financial reports to DBE 15 days after the end of the reporting month
	• Provinces must upload all ECD maintenance projects on the infrastructure reporting model and update it monthly
	• Submit quarterly performance reports to DBE within 30 days after the end of each quarter
Process for approval of 2026/27 business plans	• Engagements will be held with provincial departments on the submission of business plans between September 2025 and February 2026
	• Submit final provincial business plan, including cash flow projections and compliance certificates signed-off by the heads of departments for the 2026/27 financial year must be submitted to DBE by 13 February 2026
	• DBE must approve the final business plans by 31 March 2026

T	Early Childhood Development Grant: Infrastructure Component
Transferring department	Basic Education (Vote 16)
Grant schedule	• Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	To increase access to quality early childhood development (ECD) programmes for poor children
Grant purpose	• To support ECD providers delivering an ECD programme to meet basic health and safety requirements for registration
	• To construct low-cost ECD centres
Outcome statements	The provision of ECD services to poor children contributing towards universal access
	• Improving health and safety conditions in which early learning takes place
Outputs	• Number of ECD centres provided with Health and Safety support for compliance with registration
	Number of conditionally registered ECD centres maintained
	Number of low-cost ECD centres constructed
Priority outcome(s) of	• Priority 3: Education, skills and health
government that this grant primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the	• The provincial departments will use a single business plan issued by the national Department of Basic
business plan	Education (DBE) for the two grant components (subsidy and infrastructure) which contains the following:
	<ul> <li>project background</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>project objectives</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>scope of the work</li> </ul>
	• deliverables and outputs to be achieved
Conditions	<ul> <li>risk assessment with mitigation plan</li> <li>Health and Safety support</li> </ul>
Conditions	<ul><li>Health and Safety support</li><li>This allocation may be used for:</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>unregistered ECD centres to provide health and safety support to enable conditional registration</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>conditionally registered ECD centres to provide health and safety support to improve their</li> </ul>
	registration status
	ECD Programmes must select ECD centres for health and safety support
	Maintenance and upgrading
	• This allocation may be used for:
	<ul> <li>conditionally registered ECD centres to do minor infrastructure maintenance works and upgrades to</li> </ul>
	enable them to improve their registration status
	<ul> <li>infrastructure units in the provinces must receive a list of selected ECD centres for maintenance or upgrading from program centres must sign service level agreements with the provincial department</li> </ul>
	before implementing maintenance or upgrades
	<ul> <li>provinces shall include all projects in the final infrastructure asset management plan to be submitted</li> </ul>
	at the end of March 2025
	• all projects must be recorded on the infrastructure reporting model
	<ul> <li>provinces must update the infrastructure project details for each funded project in the infrastructure reporting model. This must be approved and submitted to National Treasury and DBE within 22 days</li> </ul>
	after the end of each quarter
	New centre construction
	• This allocation may be used for:
	<ul> <li>construction of low-cost ECD centres where existing structures must be replaced or to address new</li> </ul>
	demand in areas where the need is the greatest
	<ul> <li>a maximum of R3 million may be used for the construction of new ECD centres, inclusive of all costs</li> </ul>
	• ECD centres must sign service level agreements with the provincial department before new construction
	of a centre
	• Every province must construct at least one ECD centre in 2025/26
	• Each province must include the number of ECD centres to be constructed and the costs for the construction
	in the business plan for 2025/26
	• Provinces shall include all projects in the final infrastructure asset management plan to be submitted at
	<ul><li>the end of March 2025</li><li>All projects must be recorded on the infrastructure reporting model</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Provinces must update the infrastructure project details for each funded project in the infrastructure</li> </ul>
	reporting model. This must be approved and submitted to National Treasury and DBE within 22 days
	after the end of each quarter
	General conditions
	• DBE will develop guidelines for implementation that must be issued to the provinces by 28 March 2025
	• All ECD sites may only benefit from this fund if they are eligible as per the requirements in the guideline
	issued by DBE
	• All projects must be selected, planned and implemented in a manner consistent with the guideline issued by the DBE
	• For conditionally registered centres a maximum amount of R500 000 per ECD centre may be spent on
	health and safety support, maintenance improvement and upgrades, inclusive of all costs (Value Added
	Tax, disbursements etc)

	Early Childhood Development Grant: Infrastructure Component
	be obtained from the head of department or the Chief Financial Officer with a detailed assessment and
	cost analysis to justify the additional amount
	• Provinces must conduct assessments of conditionally registered ECD sites and cost them in order to
	qualify for funding in 2026/27 and submit by 30 September 2025
Allocation criteria	• The provincial infrastructure allocations are determined based on:
	<ul> <li>a base allocation for the construction of at least one low cost ECD</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>the allocation of the balance is based on the ECD census data</li> </ul>
<b>Reasons not incorporated</b>	• To allow DBE to manage the expansion of ECD in the country and to facilitate compliance to the National
in equitable share	Integrated ECD Policy approved by Cabinet on 9 December 2015 ensuring that the delivery and any
	capital investment is coordinated in an efficient manner that is consistent with norms, standards and
	guidelines
	• ECD is a national priority and requires uniform implementation to achieve the minimum coverage of
	60 per cent of all poor children and to have the desired impact of achieving universal access by 2030
Past performance	2023/24 audited financial outcomes
	• Of the total maintenance grant allocation of R81 million, R81 million (100 per cent) was transferred to
	provinces, with provinces spending R57 million (72 per cent) by end of the financial year
	2023/24 service delivery performance
	336 ECD centres were maintained and 2 new low-cost ECD centres were constructed
Projected life	• Given the nature of the programme and the drive to expand provision of ECD services, the grant will be
	needed for the medium-term expenditure framework period, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2025/26: R162 million; 2026/27: R269 million; and 2027/28: R287 million
Payment schedule	Quarterly instalments according to approved payment schedule
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	• DBE will develop ECD infrastructure grant guidelines for each of the two areas listed above that must be issued to the provinces by 28 March 2025
receiving officer	
	• DBE will conduct monitoring on the grant, support provincial education departments and consolidate quarterly grant performance reports received from PEDs
	<ul> <li>DBE ensures all provinces adhere to norms and standards developed for ECD</li> </ul>
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	• Provinces must provide a procurement plan on how they will implement their projects in the 2026/27 financial year by 30 August 2025
	<ul> <li>The ECD infrastructure project manager must maintain a secure database of all ECD centres that have</li> </ul>
	been assisted with maintenance, upgrades or new construction
	• The ECD programme manager must maintain a secure database of all ECD centres that have received
	health and safety support
	• The ECD programme manager must maintain a secure database of all ECD centres that have improved
	their registration status
	• Provinces must record all maintenance and new construction projects on the national infrastructure
	reporting model and education facilities management system
	• Provinces must adhere to the requirements in the ECD infrastructure grant guidelines issued by DBE in
	the implementation of the grant
	• Provincial education departments must comply with the framework for infrastructure delivery and
	procurement management in the planning and implementation of projects
Process for approval of	• Engagements will be held with provincial departments on the submission of business plans between
2026/27 business plans	September 2025 and February 2026
	• Provincial education of department to submit approved business plans signed off by the head of
	department to the DBE by 24 February 2026
	• The transferring officer must approve the final business plans by 31 March 2026

Basic Education (Vote 16)
Schedule 5, Part A
• To increase access to quality early childhood development (ECD) programmes for poor children
To increase the number of poor children accessing subsidised ECD programmes
The provision of ECD programmes to poor children contributing towards universal access
<ul> <li>Number of eligible children subsidised, as agreed in the service level agreement (SLA)</li> <li>Number of all children enrolled in ECD programmes in fully registered ECD centres</li> <li>Number of all children enrolled in ECD programmes in conditionally registered ECD centres</li> <li>Number of children subsidised from the conditional grant in fully registered ECD centres</li> <li>Number of children subsidised from the conditional grant in conditionally registered ECD centres</li> <li>Number of days subsidised for centre-based programmes</li> <li>Number of children subsidised through provincial own revenue including equitable share that are benefiting from the top-up grant in fully registered ECD centres</li> <li>Number of children subsidised from the equitable share in fully registered ECD centres</li> <li>Number of children subsidised from the equitable share in fully registered ECD centres</li> <li>Number of children subsidised from the equitable share in fully registered ECD centres</li> <li>Number of children subsidised from the equitable share in fully registered ECD centres</li> <li>Number of children subsidised from the equitable share in conditionally registered ECD centres</li> <li>Number of all children enrolled in fully registered non-centre based programmes</li> <li>Number of all children enrolled in conditionally registered non-centre based programmes</li> <li>Number of children subsidised from the conditional grant in fully registered non-centre based programmes</li> <li>Number of children subsidised from the conditional grant in fully registered non-centre based programmes</li> <li>Number of children subsidised from the conditional grant in fully registered non-centre based programmes</li> <li>Number of children subsidised from the conditional grant in fully registered non-centre based programmes</li> </ul>
<ul><li>centrebased programmes</li><li>Number of ECD practitioners and other staff employed in fully and conditionally registered ECD</li></ul>
<ul> <li>programmes benefiting from the conditional grant</li> <li>Priority 3: Education, skills and health</li> <li>The provincial departments will use a single business plan issued by the national Department of</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Basic Education (DBE) for the two grant components (i.e. subsidy and infrastructure) which contains the following:</li> <li>project background</li> <li>project objectives</li> <li>scope of the work</li> <li>deliverables and outputs to be achieved</li> <li>risk assessment with mitigation plan</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Only fully and conditionally registered ECD programmes (centre and non-centre-based) will be eligible for the subsidy</li> <li>The subsidy is targeted for children from birth until the year before children enter formal school or in the case of children with developmental difficulties and disabilities, until the year before the calendar year they turn six, which marks the age of compulsory schooling or special education</li> <li>The provincial education departments and ECD programmes will enter into SLAs which stipulate the purpose of the subsidy, the amount of the subsidy, conditions of the subsidy and obligations of both provincial education departments and ECD programmes with regard to the payment of the subsidy, compliance to funding and the reporting requirements</li> <li>The value of the subsidy paid to each centre-based ECD programme is R17 multiplied by the number of days (264), multiplied by the number of qualifying children attending the centre-based ECD programme as agreed to in the SLA</li> <li>The value of the subsidy paid to each registered non-centre-based ECD programme is R6 multiplied by the number of sessions, multiplied by the number of qualifying children attending as agreed to in the SLA</li> <li>The full value of the subsidy will be paid in equal parts in line with the SLA and any changes to the payment schedule must be aligned to a determination of non-compliance as defined in the SLA</li> <li>Once funds are transferred to an ECD programme, the department may not pre-approve how the funds are to be utilised other than what is stipulated in the SLA</li> <li>All allocations must be aligned to the number of children as per the SLA and can only be reduced as per the process outlined in the SLA. Allocations must not be changed in-year, based on how many children attend</li> <li>The subsidy must target qualifying children in centre and non-centre-based programmes in line with the process set out below:</li> </ul>

Early Childhood Development Grant: Subsidy Component	
	<ul> <li>subsidy funding up to the total confirmed enrolment of the programme. These programmes will not be subject to any individual income-based means test</li> <li>eligible programmes which provide proof that 80 per cent or more enrolled children meet the income-based means test described below, are to be prioritised for full subsidy funding up to the total confirmed enrolment</li> <li>eligible programmes not in designated wards, where less than 80 per cent of enrolled children meet the income-based means test, will be funded on a per child basis</li> <li>a child is eligible to be subsidised if his/her parents' income falls below the following prescribed test</li> </ul> Income-based means test: <ul> <li>Income of parents or caregivers may not exceed the means test values applied for the receipt of the child support grant for a single parent and married parents as gazetted by the national Department of Social Development in 2023. This is updated each year with an increase in the grant value</li> <li>In the case of children receiving a child related grant (child support grant or the foster care grant) as issued by the South African Social Security Agency must be submitted In the case of children who are not beneficiaries of a child related grant the following must be submitted:</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>proof of income of parents (or caregivers)</li> <li>three months bank statements of parents or guardians</li> </ul>
Allocation criteria	<ul> <li>affidavit declaring status of income</li> <li>The provincial subsidy allocations are determined based on the gap between:         <ul> <li>the number of poor children that should be accessing ECD subsidy</li> <li>the number of poor children currently accessing the ECD subsidy</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Reasons not incorporated	• To allow DBE to better facilitate the expansion of ECD services in the country
in equitable share	• ECD is a national priority and requires uniform implementation in order to achieve the minimum coverage of 60 per cent of all poor children and to have the desired impact of achieving universal access by 2030
Past performance	2023/24 audited financial outcomes
	<ul> <li>Of the R1.1 billion on the subsidy component, 100 per cent has been transferred to provinces</li> <li>2023/24 service delivery performance</li> <li>348 146 children benefitted from the subsidy</li> </ul>
Projected life	• Given the nature of the programme and the drive to expand the provision of ECD services, the grant will be needed for the medium-term expenditure framework period, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2025/26: R1.8 billion; 2026/27: R1.9 billion; and 2027/28: R2 billion
Payment schedule	Quarterly instalments according to approved payment schedule
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and receiving officer	<ul> <li>Responsibilities of the national department</li> <li>Review standardised SLAs to be entered into between provincial departments of basic education and ECD programmes if necessary</li> <li>Review the standardised business plan</li> <li>Develop guidelines for the implementation of the ECD subsidy</li> </ul>
Process for approval of	<ul> <li>Responsibilities of provincial departments</li> <li>Conclude SLAs with ECD programmes in a format prescribed by the DBE</li> <li>Ensure that payments are made in line with the payment schedule as per the SLAs with ECD programmes</li> <li>Subsidies must be made into the ECD programmes designated bank accounts, which must be with a registered deposit taking institution in the Republic of South Africa</li> <li>Subsidies may only be reduced in cases of non-compliance as outlined in the prescribed SLA</li> <li>Use the information reported in the quarterly reports from ECD programmes to develop and maintain a master list of all children benefitting from the ECD subsidy</li> <li>Maintain a secure database on the status of registration of all ECD programmes in the province that is inclusive of the following basic information: <ul> <li>registration status</li> <li>capacity of the centre</li> <li>number of children enrolled</li> <li>number of children with disabilities subsidised</li> <li>number of children with disabilities enrolled</li> </ul> </li> <li>Provincial department of education to submit approved business plans signed-off by the head of</li> </ul>
the 2026/27 business plans	<ul> <li>department of education to submit approved basiness plans signed on by the near of department to the DBE by 24 February 2026. The transferring officer must submit payment schedules and compliance certificates by February 2026</li> <li>The transferring officer must approve provincial business plans by 31 March 2026</li> </ul>

	Education Infrastructure Grant
Transferring department	Basic Education (Vote 16)
Grant schedule	Schedule 4, Part A
Strategic goal	• To supplement provinces to fund the provision of education infrastructure in line with the regulations relating to minimum uniform norms and standards for public school infrastructure
Grant purpose	<ul> <li>To help accelerate construction, maintenance, upgrading and rehabilitation of new and existing infrastructure in education including district and circuit accommodation</li> <li>To address achievement of the targets set out in the minimum norms and standards for school infrastructure</li> <li>To address damages to infrastructure</li> <li>To enhance capacity to deliver infrastructure in education</li> </ul>
Outcome statements	<ul> <li>Inproved quality of education service delivery by provincial departments as a result of an improved and increased stock of school infrastructure</li> <li>Aligned and coordinated approach to infrastructure development at the provincial sphere</li> <li>Improved education infrastructure expenditure patterns</li> <li>Improved response to the rehabilitation of school infrastructure</li> <li>Improved rates of employment and skills development in the delivery of infrastructure</li> <li>Improved safety in school facilities through occupational health and safety</li> </ul>
Outputs	<ul> <li>Number of new schools, additional education spaces, education support spaces and administration facilities constructed as well as equipment and furniture provided</li> <li>Number of existing schools' infrastructure upgraded and rehabilitated including schools constructed of asbestos material and other inappropriate material</li> <li>Number of new and existing schools maintained</li> <li>Number of disaster damaged schools rehabilitated</li> <li>Number of schools provided with water, sanitation, and electricity</li> <li>Number of new special schools provided, and existing special and full-service schools upgraded and maintained</li> </ul>
Priority of government that this grant primarily	• Priority 3: Education, skills and health
contributes to	
Details contained in the business plan	<ul> <li>This grant uses an infrastructure plan that includes:         <ul> <li>the infrastructure programme management plan</li> <li>the procurement strategy</li> <li>the capacitation strategy</li> <li>the infrastructure reporting model</li> <li>the year-end evaluation report</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Conditions	<ul> <li>Provinces may utilise a portion of grant funding for the appointment of public servants on a permanent basis to their infrastructure units in line with human resource capacitation circular published by National Treasury (including maximums set in the circular)</li> <li>The flow of each instalment of the grant depends upon provinces submitting to national Department of Basic Education (DBE), provincial treasuries and National Treasury financial and non-financial performance reports on programmes partially and fully funded by the grant</li> <li>The flow of the first instalment of the grant depends upon receipt by the DBE and provincial treasuries and National Treasury of:         <ul> <li>approved and signed-off infrastructure plan with tabled prioritised project lists for the 2025 mediumterm expenditure framework (MTEF) by no later than 14 March 2025. The infrastructure plan must, where applicable, also include the implementation plans for schools affected by natural disasters</li> <li>approved and signed-off infrastructure project list (Table B5) for the 2025 MTEF on the infrastructure reporting model</li> <li>preventative and corrective maintenance plan for all maintenance programmes over the 2025 MTEF period accompanied by a project list no later than 14 March 2025</li> </ul> </li> <li>The flow of the second instalment depends upon receipt by DBE, provincial treasuries and National Treasury of the approved and signed-off:         <ul> <li>monthly infrastructure reports in a format determined by the National Treasury and DBE</li> <li>a summary report on all projects that have reached practical completion and captured on the education facilities management system mobile application for the fourth quarter of the 2024/25 financial year no later than 29 April 2025</li> </ul> </li> <li>a report on the filling of posts on the approved establishment for the infrastructure unit in the format approved by Nat</li></ul>

Education Infrastructure Grant	
	<ul> <li>the 2025/26 project list must be drawn from the prioritised project list for the MTEF tabled in 2024/25</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>preventative and corrective maintenance plans for all maintenance programmes over the MTEF</li> <li>period accompanied by a project list on a date specified in the performance-based approach</li> <li>guidelines</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>monthly infrastructure reports in the format determined by National Treasury and the DBE</li> <li>a summary report on all projects that have reached practical completion and captured on the education facilities management system mobile application for the first quarter of 2025/26 by</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>25 July 2025</li> <li>a report on the filling of posts on the approved establishment for the infrastructure unit in the format approved by National Treasury for the first quarter of the 2025/26 financial year within 22 days</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>after the end of the first quarter</li> <li>the conditional grant year-end evaluation report on financial and non-financial performance no later</li> <li>than 27 May 2025</li> </ul>
	The flow of the fourth instalment is conditional upon receipt by the DBE and provincial treasuries and National Treasury of the approved and signed off: o monthly infrastructure reports in the format determined by National Treasury and the DBE
	<ul> <li>monthly infrastructure reports in the format determined by National Treasury and the DBE</li> <li>a summary report on all projects that have reached practical completion and captured on the education facilities management system mobile application for the second quarter of 2025/26 by 24 October 2025</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>infrastructure programme management plans for infrastructure programmes envisaged to commence within the period for the MTEF on a date specified in the performance-based approach guidelines</li> <li>procurement strategy for infrastructure programmes envisaged to commence within the period of the MTEF on a date specified in the performance-based approach guidelines</li> </ul>
	• a report on the filling of posts on the approved establishment for the infrastructure unit in the format approved by National Treasury for the second quarter of the 2025/26 financial year within 22 days after the end of the second quarter
	The flow of the fifth instalment is conditional upon receipt by the DBE, the relevant provincial treasuries and National Treasury on a date determined by National Treasury, of the approved and signed-off: o monthly infrastructure reports in the format determined by National Treasury and the DBE o a summary report on all projects that have reached practical completion and captured on the education facilities management system mobile application for the third quarter of 2025/26 to DBE no later than 20 January 2026
	<ul> <li>a report on the filling of posts on the approved establishment for the infrastructure unit in the format approved by National Treasury for the third quarter of the 2025/26 financial year within 22 days after the end of the third quarter</li> </ul>
•	Provincial education departments must ensure that a programme and project management system is in place for planning, management and monitoring of infrastructure delivery funded from the grant Provincial education departments must comply with the framework for infrastructure delivery and procurement management
1	Provincial education departments must provide school governing bodies with maintenance guidelines to conduct minor maintenance. This should be in accordance with the sector maintenance strategy
	Provincial education departments should allocate no less than 60 per cent of the Education Infrastructure Grant allocation to address preventative and corrective maintenance at schools, which should appear as such on the infrastructure reporting model and MTEF database
•	Provincial education departments to prioritise and fund from the grant, the eradication of pit latrines and other unacceptable forms of sanitation The grant allocation can be transferred to schools in line with the guidelines which will be issued by
•	DBE Provincial education departments to prioritise the rehabilitation of storm damaged schools, schools built of asbestos and other inappropriate material
•	In implementing the three streams model, provincial education departments to prioritise the planning for construction of technical schools and schools of skill as well as conversion of academic stream schools to vocational and occupational streams in 2025/26, for commissioning of projects in 2026/27
	Provincial education departments may use multiple implementing agents when implementing projects funded from the grant To promote conducive teaching and learning within the acceptable occupational, health and safety
	standards, provincial education departments must implement maintenance projects in all education facilities In schools without section 21 responsibilities, provincial education departments should put in place the
	necessary measures to ensure that planned maintenance at these schools occurs as per the scheduled maintenance plan for such schools
1	Provincial education departments must provide all the necessary equipment and furniture in the spaces provided when constructing new projects
1	Provincial education departments must submit their plans for the procurement of mobile classrooms to the DBE and any deviation from these plans should be approved in writing by the DBE Provincial education departments to ensure cost-effectiveness as they implement infrastructure projects

	Education Infrastructure Grant
	• The DBE approved 10-point plan must be implemented to ensure improvements in infrastructure
	delivery
	• Non-compliance with any of the above conditions may result in the withholding and subsequent
	stopping of transfers
	• The following amounts are allocated through the Budget Facility for Infrastructure for the construction of schools in Gauteng and Western Cape. These funds may only be used for these projects and are
	subject to the conditions set out in the 2025 MTEF preliminary allocation letter to DBE:
	• Gauteng: R498 million in 2025/26
	• Western Cape: R1.3 billion in 2025/26
Allocation criteria	• Allocations for 2025/26 are based on historical allocations for this grant
	• Allocations also include incentive-based allocations as described in part 4 to Annexure W1 of the 2025
	Division of Revenue Bill
Reasons not incorporated	• Funding infrastructure through a conditional grant enables the national department to ensure the delivery
in equitable share	and maintenance of education infrastructure in a coordinated and efficient manner, consistent with
Past performance	national norms and standards for school buildings 2023/24 audited financial outcomes
i ast per for mance	<ul> <li>Of the R12.3 billion allocated, R12.3 billion (100 per cent) was transferred and spent by provinces</li> </ul>
	2023/24 service delivery performance
	• 2 265 teaching spaces and 72 administrative spaces provided
	• 1 464 maintenance projects, 474 water, 554 sanitation, 112 electricity and 102 fencing infrastructure
	projects
	Completed five boarding facilities
	• The sector has provided a total of 22 new and replacement schools in provinces, while 108 schools
	commenced with construction
Projected life	Grant continues until 2027/28, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2025/26: R15.3 billion; 2026/27: R16.8 billion; and 2027/28: R16.8 billion
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	Responsibilities of the national department
receiving officer	<ul> <li>Visit selected infrastructure sites in provinces</li> <li>DBE and National Treasury to support provinces to improve infrastructure delivery capacity and</li> </ul>
receiving onneer	systems
	<ul> <li>Provide guidance to provinces in planning and prioritisation</li> </ul>
	• Issue guidelines on the capacitation process of infrastructure units as well as the conditions attached to
	the utilisation of the funding
	• DBE and National Treasury to jointly evaluate progress with the capacitation of provincial infrastructure
	units and provide feedback to all provinces in terms of the guidelines
	• DBE and National Treasury must jointly evaluate and provide feedback to all provinces on the
	<ul> <li>assessment of all documents as outlined on the performance-based approach system guidelines</li> <li>Assess the reports submitted by provincial education departments and provide feedback before</li> </ul>
	• Assess the reports submitted by provincial education departments and provide reedback before transferring the instalment
	• Submit reports to the National Treasury in terms of quarterly achievements by provincial education
	departments
	• Comply with the conditions of this grant framework and the relevant clauses within the stipulated time
	frames of the 2025 Division of Revenue Act (DoRA)
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	• Approve monthly provincial infrastructure reports on infrastructure programme in the infrastructure
	reporting model within 15 days after the end of each month and submit to the relevant provincial treasury and DBE
	• Submit a signed-off monthly provincial infrastructure report on infrastructure programmes in the
	infrastructure reporting model within 22 days after the end of each month to the relevant provincial
	treasury, DBE and National Treasury
	• Comply with the conditions of this grant framework and the relevant clauses within the stipulated time
	frames in 2025 DoRA
	• Submit quarterly capacitation reports within 22 days after the end of each quarter
	Ensure that section 42 transfers as per the Public Finance Management Act are effected
Process for approval of	• The process for approval for the 2026 MTEF allocations will be in line with the performance-based
2026/27 business plans	incentive approach guidelines published by National Treasury

	HIV and AIDS (Life Skills Education) Grant
Transferring department	Basic Education (Vote 16)
Grant schedule	• Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	• Addressing social and structural drivers of HIV, sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and tuberpulse (TP) provention are and impact
	<ul><li>tuberculosis (TB) prevention, care and impact</li><li>Contribute to preventing new HIV, STIs and TB infections</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>To increase access to sexual and reproductive health services including HIV, as well as TB services</li> </ul>
	for learners and educators, with a specific focus on schools that are located in high priority areas
Grant purpose	• To support South Africa's HIV prevention strategy by:
	o providing comprehensive sexuality education and access to sexual and reproductive health
	services to learners
	<ul> <li>supporting the provision of employee health and wellness programmes for educators</li> <li>To mitigate the impact of HIV and TB by providing a caring, supportive and enabling environment</li> </ul>
	for learners, educators and school support staff
	• To reduce the vulnerability of children to HIV, TB and STIs, with a particular focus on orphaned
	children and girls
Outcome statements	• Increased HIV, STI and TB knowledge and skills amongst learners, educators, school support staff
	and officials
	• Decrease in risky sexual behaviour among learners, educators, school support staff and officials
Outputs	<ul> <li>Decreased barriers to retention in schools, in particular for vulnerable learners (girls and boys)</li> <li>5 674 educators trained to implement comprehensive sexuality education and TB prevention</li> </ul>
Outputs	• 5 674 educators trained to implement comprehensive sexuality education and TB prevention programmes for learners to be able to protect themselves from HIV and TB and the associated key
	drivers including alcohol and drug use, leading to unsafe sex, learner pregnancy and HIV infection,
	prioritising schools located in areas with a high burden of HIV and TB infections
	<ul> <li>3 520 school management teams and school governing bodies trained to develop policy</li> </ul>
	implementation plans focusing on keeping mainly young girls in school, ensuring that
	comprehensive sexuality education and TB education is implemented for all learners in schools, access to comprehensive sexual and reproductive health and TB services. A provision for training
	will also address multiple sexual partnerships among boys and learner pregnancy prevention
	• Co-curricular activities on provision of comprehensive sexuality education, access to sexual and
	reproductive health and TB services implemented in 12 016 primary and secondary schools
	including a focus on prevention of alcohol, drug use and learner pregnancy, targeting 93 466
	learners. Priority will be in schools located in high priority areas. Co-curricular activities in primary
	schools will focus on raising awareness of social issues and vulnerabilities, such as how to report abuse and support affected learners
	<ul> <li>Care and support programmes implemented to reach 142 430 learners and 3 610 educators. Expand</li> </ul>
	the appointment of learner support agents to 2 575 to support vulnerable learners prioritising
	primary schools, using the care and support for teaching and learning framework
	• 70 810 copies of curriculum and assessment policy statement compliant material, including material
	for learners with barriers to learning, printed and distributed to 24 080 schools. Printing of the school
	policy pack will be prioritised over learner teacher support material to ensure that all schools have a copy of the Department of Basic Education's (DBE) National Policy on HIV, STIs and TB for
	learners, educators, support staff and officials in all primary and secondary schools in the basic
	education sector; and the DBE Policy on the Prevention and Management of Learner Pregnancy
	(Learner Pregnancy Policy)
	• Host advocacy and social mobilisation events with 140 333 learners and educators and 21 633
	school community members on the DBE National Policy on HIV, STIs and TB; and the DBE
	Learner Pregnancy Policy to review and change societal norms and values on the provision of comprehensive sexuality education and access to sexual and reproductive health and TB services
	with 5 600 schools, including a focus on key risk behaviours, such as alcohol and drug use, learner
	pregnancy, inter-generational and transactional sex amongst girls, multiple concurrent sexual
	partnerships, power relations, respect for girls and other issues that compel negative behaviour
	amongst boys, as well as to advocate for the integrated school health programme including provision
	of sexual and reproductive health services such as contraception, STIs, pregnancy and HIV testing,
	<ul> <li>condom distribution and information on safe circumcision in secondary schools</li> <li>3 875 schools will be reached through monitoring and support visits</li> </ul>
Priority of government that	Priority 3: Education, skills and health
this grant primarily	
contributes to	
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	• Output indicators
	Inputs     Kov activities
Conditions	<ul> <li>Key activities</li> <li>Provincial education departments must distribute the grant allocation in accordance with the</li> </ul>
Conditions	• Provincial education departments must distribute the grant allocation in accordance with the following weights for the key performance areas:
	<ul> <li>support for prevention and management (to be integrated in existing focal areas)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>support of proteinion and management (6 so more the strong root areas)</li> <li>training and development (5 per cent)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>co-curricular activities (15 per cent)</li> </ul>
	o care and support (45 per cent)

HIV and AIDS (Life Skills Education) Grant		
	<ul> <li>learning and teaching support material (10 per cent)</li> </ul>	
	• advocacy and social mobilisation (10 per cent)	
	• monitoring and support (8 per cent)	
	<ul> <li>management and administration (7 per cent)</li> <li>Provincial education departments must report on implementation and expenditure according to the</li> </ul>	
	above seven key performance areas per quarter	
	<ul> <li>Instalments are dependent on the DBE receiving these reports, adherence to approved business plans</li> </ul>	
	and attendance at the biannual inter-provincial meetings	
	• The above percentages are guidance and may be deviated from in accordance with provincial needs	
	with the approval of the national transferring officer. However, provinces must prioritise areas with	
	high rates of HIV, TB and learner pregnancy	
	• Deviations should be informed and motivated by achievements and/or critical challenges relating to	
	the trends in the epidemic as relevant to respective provincial education departments	
	• Provincial education departments must ensure they have the necessary capacity and skills to manage	
	the implementation of the grant	
	• First aid kits may no longer be funded from the conditional grant. In addition, condoms and sanitary	
Allocation criteria	pads must also not be funded from this conditional grant	
Anocation criteria	• The education component of the provincial equitable share formula, as explained in part 4 of Annexure W1 of the 2025 Division of Revenue Bill, is used to allocate the grant amongst provinces	
Reasons not incorporated in	• To enable the DBE to provide overall guidance, to ensure congruency, coherence and alignment	
equitable share	with:	
-	<ul> <li>National Strategic Plan for HIV, TB and STIs (2023–2028)</li> </ul>	
	o DBE National Policy on HIV, STIs and TB for learners, educators, school support staff in all	
	primary and secondary schools in the basic education sector	
	<ul> <li>Learner Pregnancy Policy</li> </ul>	
	• This enables the DBE to exercise an oversight role in the implementation of the HIV and AIDS life	
Dest noufeumenee	skills education programme in schools 2023/24 audited financial outcomes	
Past performance		
	• Of the R242 million allocated to provinces, R28 million was reduced during in year monitoring and R214 million (100 per cent of adjusted allocation) was transferred to provinces, of which	
	R229 million (93 per cent) was spent by the end of the financial year. Under-expenditure was noted	
	in Free State, Limpopo, Mpumalanga and North West provinces	
	2023/24 service delivery performance	
	• 7 011 life orientation educators and 3 242 educators trained in integration of life skills in the	
	curriculum	
	• 32 218 functional peer education programmes were undertaken, 54 176 learners trained on the	
	learner retention and learner pregnancy programme, 63 351 learners trained in the substance abuse	
	programme	
	• 3 952 school-based support teams established, 2 889 learner support agents in schools, 3 797 school	
	management teams and school governing bodies trained to develop policy implementation plans, and 198 175 vulnerable learners identified and referred for services	
	<ul> <li>167 991 sets of learning and teaching support material delivered to 7 150 schools</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Advocacy reached 171 246 learners and educators as well as 52 386 members of the school</li> </ul>	
	communities on the new DBE National Policy on HIV, STIs and TB and Learner Pregnancy Policy	
	to review and change societal norms and values on the provision of comprehensive sexuality	
	education and access to sexual and reproductive health and TB services and reaching 5 539 schools	
	through advocacy activities focusing on the prevention of TB	
	3 933 schools reached through monitoring and support visits	
Projected life	• Grant will be reviewed on an ongoing basis to respond to nature and trends in the HIV and TB	
MTEL alle - 4	epidemics	
MTEF allocations	• 2025/26: R262 million; 2026/27: R274 million; and 2027/28: R286 million	
Payment schedule Responsibilities of the	Four instalments: 15 April 2025; 29 July 2025; 28 October 2025; and 27 January 2026	
transferring officer and	<b>Responsibilities of the national department</b>	
receiving officer	• To provide evidence-based guidance towards the development of a standardised annual conditional grant framework and nine provincial specific annual business plans for the HIV and AIDS life skills	
i contrang unicol	education programme	
	<ul> <li>Identify risks and challenges impacting provincial implementation</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Develop risk management strategies to address these risks</li> </ul>	
	• Ensure synergy with national strategies and processes aimed at reducing HIV and related chronic	
	illnesses, such as TB infection together with the associated risk factors, such as alcohol and drug	
	use, prevention of unbecoming behavior and teenage pregnancy in schools	
	• Agree on outputs and targets with provincial education departments in line with grant objectives	
	and national imperatives for 2026/27 from 23 September 2025	
	Monitor implementation of the programme and provide support to provinces	
	• Establish partnerships with key stakeholders	
	• Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each	
	quarter (including monthly and annual reports on the implementation of the programme	

HIV and AIDS (Life Skills Education) Grant	
	and expenditure against the allocated budget)
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	• Ensure synergy with national strategies and processes aimed at reducing HIV and TB infections and other related issues including the associated risk factors such as alcohol and drug use, prevention of unbecoming behavior and teenage pregnancy in schools
	<ul> <li>Identify risks and challenges impacting implementation</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Develop risk management strategies and implementation plans to address these risks</li> </ul>
	• Submit monthly reports, quarterly and annual performance evaluation reports to the DBE in line with the 2025 Division of Revenue Act and Public Finance Management Act
	• Agree with the DBE on outputs and targets to ensure effective implementation and expenditure of the programme
	<ul> <li>Monitor implementation of the programme and provide support to districts and schools</li> </ul>
	• Provincial education departments to implement the projects according to the approved business plans
	• Any deviation should first be communicated to and approved by the DBE before implementation
	• Evaluate and submit a provincial evaluation report on the performance of the conditional grant to the DBE in May/June 2025 (date will be determined by the national department)
Process for approval of	• Communicating and meeting with provinces to inform targets for 2026/27 from 28 October 2025
2026/27 business plans	• Provincial education departments submit draft business plans to DBE for evaluation from
	28 November 2025
	• DBE evaluates provincial business plans from 9 December 2025
	• Comments sent to provincial education departments to amend the plans from 9 January 2026
	<ul> <li>Provincial education departments submit amended and signed plans to DBE from 24 February 2026</li> <li>DBE approves provincial business plans from 2 April 2026</li> </ul>

Transferring department	Learners with Profound Intellectual Disabilities Grant     Basic Education (Vote 16)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	• To ensure that learners with severe to profound intellectual disabilities access quality, publicly funded
Grant purpose	<ul> <li>To ensure that rearrers with severe to prototing interfectual disabilities access quarky, publicly funded education and support</li> <li>To provide the necessary support, resources and equipment to identified special care centres and schools for</li> </ul>
• •	the provision of education to children with severe to profound intellectual disabilities
Outcome statements	• Improved access to quality basic education for children with severe to profound intellectual disabilities in conditions that ensure dignity, promote self-reliance and facilitate active participation in the community
Outputs	<ul> <li>Nine deputy chief education specialists as provincial grant managers and 255 transversal itinerant outreach team members appointed to provide support in special care centres and targeted schools</li> <li>483 special care centre data captured and managed using the South African School Administration and Management System</li> <li>255 transversal itinerant outreach team members, 2 490 caregivers trained on the learning programme for learners with profound intellectual disabilities and other programmes that support the facilitation of the learning programme</li> <li>Number of caregivers trained on accredited training</li> <li>9 672 children with severe to profound intellectual disabilities supported through a range of services</li> <li>279 children with profound intellectual disabilities of school going age in special care centres placed in schools</li> </ul>
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	• Priority 3: Education, skills and health
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
	• Inputs
	• Key activities
	Annual budget and resource allocation schedules
	Monitoring and reporting
	<ul><li>Risk management plan</li><li>Cash flow projections</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Participating centres and schools list (separate annexure)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Organogram for transversal itinerant outreach team within the district</li> </ul>
Conditions	Grant structure and allocation
	<ul> <li>The grant is utilised on an interventional basis and is not a general source of funding for all special care centres and schools</li> <li>The focus of the grant is children with severe to profound intellectual disabilities who are currently not accessing publicly funded education in special care centres</li> <li>Learners with severe, mild and moderate intellectual disabilities and with specific learning difficulties enrolled in special care centres should be assessed for placement in schools</li> <li>Schools that have enrolled learners with profound intellectual disabilities from special care centres in schools should be supported</li> <li>The allocation of funds per provincial education department should be divided as follows: <ul> <li>9 per cent for the training of caregivers</li> <li>17 per cent for assistive devices, storage containers and top-up learning and teaching support materials and classroom furniture and equipment for newly on-boarded special care centres</li> <li>65 per cent for compensation of transversal itinerant outreach team members and provincial grant managers</li> <li>9 per cent for administration including travel, vehicles, accommodation and subsistence</li> </ul> </li> <li>Provinces may deviate from the prescribed allocations only after having complied with the conditions of the framework and obtained the relevant approval from the transferring officer. The request for deviations must be submitted to the transferring officer no later than 14 November 2025</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>In order to ensure the effective management of the grant, receiving departments should not allocate other responsibilities to a staff member appointed to manage the grant</li> <li>The receiving department must appoint outreach teams, as part of the district-based support team, made up of one senior education specialist (learning support - post level three), one chief education occupational therapist, one chief education speech therapist, one chief education physiotherapist and an educational psychologist</li> <li>In order to ensure effective and adequate support to learners, receiving departments should not allocate other responsibilities to a staff member appointed to manage the grant</li> <li>Outreach teams must be appointed and compensated in accordance with post levels as agreed upon with the national Department of Basic Education (DBE)</li> </ul>

	Learners with Profound Intellectual Disabilities Grant
	<ul> <li>Learners with Profound Intellectual Disabilities Grant</li> <li>Outreach team members must be appointed on district posts and be part of the district-based support team and be based at the district, circuit or school level, in order to ensure integration of the services they provide into district plans and efficiency when they facilitate and support the implementation of the learning programme and provide psycho-social and other therapeutic support to learners enrolled in special care centres and targeted schools</li> <li>Where in-service therapists are not available, outreach team members should provide therapeutic, including any other, support to learners with profound intellectual disabilities enrolled in schools</li> <li>The receiving department must facilitate and support the implementation of the learning programme for learners with profound intellectual disabilities and other programmes that enhance accountability in the implementation of the learning programme for learners with profound intellectual disabilities.</li> <li>The receiving departments, using outreach team members and other programmes that directly enhance accountability in the implementation of the learning programme for learners with profound intellectual disabilities.</li> <li>The receiving departments, using outreach team members and other programmes that directly enhance accountability in the implementation of the learning programme for learners with profound intellectual disabilities, and other programmes that directly enhance accountability in the implementation of the learning programme and provision of outreach services to targeted special care centres and schools</li> <li>The receiving department must work with DBE and ensure that caregivers receive accredited training that results in recognised qualifications</li> <li>Administrative support will include purchasing or leasing appropriate vehicles in cases where cars have not been purchased (one car per team), purchasing tools of trade (in line with the DBE guidelines), fue</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>centres in schools at all levels of the education system as well as in the broader community</li> <li>Procurement</li> <li>In order to expedite the delivery of assistive devices and learning and teaching support materials, provincial education departments must utilise transversal contracts where available, unless they can demonstrate gains from an exemption in their business plans</li> <li>To effectively use finances the use of implementing agencies to procure items must be avoided</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>In order to address the buying of inappropriate equipment and learning and teaching support materials, provincial education departments must consult with DBE by sharing and discussing the specifications of the items to be bought</li> <li>The receiving departments must procure relevant and adequate learning and teaching support materials, classroom furniture and equipment, equipment for basic non-accredited skills programmes for learners with severe intellectual disabilities that cannot be placed in schools and assistive devices for learners in special care centres in consultation with the DBE</li> <li>Buying of assistive devices must be informed by an assessment by a therapist</li> <li>The receiving department must procure specialised tools of trade and storage equipment in special care centres and where storage is inadequate</li> <li>Procurement should include training of caregivers, teachers and end-users in the utilisation of all resources provided</li> <li>Transfer of the first tranche to provincial education departments will be done on submission of approved business, procurement and training plans</li> <li>This framework must be read in conjunction with the practice note as agreed to with National Treasury</li> </ul>
Allocation criteria Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	<ul> <li>Allocations consider the number of special care centres, children with severe or profound intellectual disabilities in special care centres, schools that have enrolled learners with profound intellectual disabilities referred from special care centres per province as well as the urban and rural nature of each province</li> <li>In order to address the needs of this marginalised population of children with severe or profound intellectual disabilities that are not in school and not accessing educational subsidies through the educational norms</li> </ul>
Past performance	applied at schools, the funding is ring-fenced in the form of a conditional grant. This enables DBE to provide overall guidance to ensure congruence and coherence in programme implementation <b>2023/24 audited financial outcomes</b>
	<ul> <li>Of the R260 million allocated to provinces, R260 million (100 per cent) was transferred to provinces and R239 million (91.9 per cent) was spent by the end of the financial year</li> <li>2023/24 service delivery performance</li> <li>Eight deputy chief education specialists appointed as provincial grant managers</li> <li>A total of 225 appointed transversal itinerant outreach team members recruited to guide and support curriculum delivery and provide therapeutic support in special care centres and targeted schools</li> <li>Data Management: 452 special care centres that support children with severe to profound intellectual disabilities managed using South African School Administration and Management System</li> <li>Training: 225 transversal itinerant outreach team members, 2 891 care givers, 387 teachers, 107 in-service</li> </ul>
	therapists and 105 officials trained on the learning programme for learners with profound intellectual disabilities

Learners with Profound Intellectual Disabilities Grant
• 551 caregivers received certification for a range of accredited training including training in ECD Levels 4
and 5 and 222 enrolled in various accredited training programmes that end in 2025/26 financial year
• Outreach services: outreach services provided to 10 391 children/learners with severe to profound intellectual
disabilities. The following services were rendered:
<ul> <li>2 210 learners assessed by psycho-education psychologists and determined their education strengths and</li> </ul>
needs, and assessment reports used to guide nature of support
o 4 217 learners with profound intellectual disabilities were taught using the learning programme for
learners with profound intellectual disabilities

- 2 020 learners participated in basic skills programmes, 2 781 learners received therapy and 510 received 0 assistive devices
- o 417 special care centres were provided with a range of learning and teaching support materials to use to support teaching and the learners enrolled in these centres
- o 42 shipping storage were bought for special care centres that do not have safe and adequate storage to store learning and teaching support materials
- 86 laptops, 36 power banks, 26 printers, 24 cartridges, 12 laminating machines, 2 monitors bought for 0 transversal itinerant outreach team members as tools of trade 226 children from special care centres, enrolled in schools

	<ul> <li>226 children, from special care centres, enrolled in schools</li> </ul>
Projected life	• The grant framework will be reviewed on an ongoing basis to respond to the nature and trends in the education
	of learners with severe to profound intellectual disabilities
MTEF allocations	• 2025/26: R293 million; 2026/27: R306 million; and 2027/28: R320 million
Payment schedule	• Transfer payments shall be effected in April 2025; August 2025; November 2025 and January 2026
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	Evaluate, approve and submit provincial business plans to National Treasury
receiving officer	• Refine monitoring and evaluation guidelines tools that will be used to monitor and evaluate the implementation of the grant
	• Refine standard operation procedures and tools, if and when necessary, that will be used to enhance performance management and accountability
	• Work with provincial education departments in developing a guiding document to guide provincial education departments with the appointment of practitioners in 2026/27 on a 12-month contract to implement the learning programme in special care centres and the appointment of class assistants in 2025/26 on a 12-month contract to support teachers in schools that have enrolled learners from special care centres
	• Train provincial grant managers and transversal itinerant outreach team members on programmes that will ensure effective implementation of the grant including the learning programme for learners with profound intellectual disabilities
	• Monitor and support the implementation of the grant by provincial education departments
	• Collaborate with other government departments and ensure the provision of integrated services to severe or profound intellectual disabilities
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	<ul> <li>Develop and submit approved business, procurement and training plans to the DBE</li> <li>Manage the implementation of business plans in line with the 2025 Division of Revenue Act and the Public Finance Management Act to ensure that expenditure is on track and there is no withholding of transfers by transferring officer</li> </ul>
	• Ensure systems, capacity and controls are in place to ensure the successful implementation of the grant
	• Facilitate the appointment of outreach team members and grant managers in permanent posts as per the grant conditions
	• Work with the DBE in developing a document to guide provincial education departments on the appointment of practitioners in 2025 on a 12-month volunteer contract to implement the learning programme in special care centres
	• Work with the DBE in developing a document to guide provincial education departments on the appointment of class assistants in 2025 on 12-month contracts to support teachers in schools that have enrolled learners with profound intellectual disabilities from special care centres
	• Ensure grant activities are implemented as approved in the business plans. Any deviation should first be communicated to the DBE in writing and approved by the transferring officer before implementation
	• Monitor, support and quality assure the provision of outreach services to special care centres and schools on a monthly and quarterly basis or as and when required
	• Use the DBE systems to manage special care centre data
	• Ensure that children enrolled in special care centres are enrolled in schools
	• Ensure compliance with reporting requirements by providing consolidated quality-assured and approved quarterly reports 30 days after the end of the quarter
	• Facilitate collaboration with key government departments in the delivery of services to children with severe or profound intellectual disabilities. This will entail the establishment of inter-departmental structures that will ensure integrated service delivery of services to children with severe or profound intellectual disabilities.
	• Plan and implement advocacy programmes for the implementation of an inclusive education system

Learners with Profound Intellectual Disabilities Grant	
Process for approval of	• Meeting with provinces to review and discuss grant framework for the next financial year and receive input
2026/27 business plans	<ul> <li>from provincial education departments by 29 August 2025</li> <li>DBE uses inputs from meeting with provincial education departments and drafts the grant framework by</li> </ul>
	30 September 2025
	• Support grant manager to compile first daft business plans and provincial education departments submit first draft business plans to DBE for evaluation by 5 December 2025
	• DBE evaluates draft provincial business plans and provide comments to provincial education departments to amend plans by 12 December 2025
	• Provincial education departments submit amended plans by 9 January 2026
	• Final comment sent to provincial education departments to amend by 16 January 2026
	• Provincial education departments submit amended and signed-off plans to DBE by 20 February 2026
	DBE approves provincial business plans by 31 March 2026

	Maths, Science and Technology Grant
Transferring department	Basic Education (Vote 16)
Grant schedule	• Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	• To strengthen the implementation of the National Development Plan and the Action Plan of 2019 by increasing the number of learners taking mathematics, science and technology subjects, improving the success rates in the subjects and improving teachers' capabilities
Grant purpose	• To provide support and resources to schools, teachers and learners in line with the Curriculum Assessment Policy Statements for the improvement of mathematics, science and technology teaching and learning at selected public schools
Outcome statements	• Improved learner participation and success in mathematics, science and technology subjects in the country
Outputs	<ul> <li>School support         <ul> <li>1 256 maths, science and technology schools</li> <li>485 schools supplied with subject specific computer hardware and related software in accordance with the minimum specifications prescribed by the Curriculum Assessment Policy Statements including coding and robotics pilot schools</li> <li>232 schools offering technical subjects (including pilot schools for the vocationally oriented curriculum) and schools offering agricultural subjects supplied with workshop tools, machinery, equipment and consumables for technology subjects repaired, maintained and/or replaced in accordance with the minimum specifications</li> <li>1 256 laboratories supplied with apparatus and consumables for mathematics, science and technology subjects in accordance with the minimum specifications including coding and robotics kits</li> </ul> </li> <li>Learner support         <ul> <li>50000 learners registered for participation in mathematics, science and technology olympiads/fairs/expos and other events based on a structured annual calendar including support through learner camps and additional learning, teaching and support material such as study guides</li> </ul> </li> <li>Teacher support         <ul> <li>1 500 participants attending specific structured training and orientation for teachers and subject advisors in subject content and teaching methodologies on curriculum assessment policy statements for electrical, civil and mechanical technology, technical mathematics, and technical sciences</li> <li>1 000 teachers and subject advisors attending targeted and structured training in teaching methodologies and subject content either for mathematics, physical, life, natural and agricultural sciences, technology, subjects</li> </ul> </li> <li>Grant administration support         <ul> <li>all provincial grant managers are supported to manage, administer, mon</li></ul></li></ul>
Priority of government that this grant primarily	<ul> <li>accommodation, stationery, flight fares, subsistence and other incidental costs         <ul> <li>administration staff appointed on a three-year contract</li> </ul> </li> <li>Priority 3: Education, skills and health</li> </ul>
contributes to	
Details contained in the business plan	<ul> <li>Outcome indicators</li> <li>Output indicators</li> <li>Inputs</li> <li>Key activities</li> <li>Annual budget and resource allocation schedules</li> <li>Monitoring and reporting</li> <li>Risk management plan</li> <li>Cash flow projections</li> <li>Participating schools list (separate annexure)</li> </ul>
Conditions	<ul> <li>Grant structure and allocations</li> <li>The grant is utilised on an interventional basis and is not a general grant for all schools</li> <li>Schools needs and allocation of funds must be identified through criteria indicated in the framework in partnership with provinces and districts in the preceding financial period</li> <li>The grant will support a total of 1 256 schools across all provinces covering all mathematics, science and technology subjects from grades R-12</li> <li>The grant will support the national Department of Basic Education (DBE)-Cuba mathematics, science and technology subjects support programme in the Eastern Cape, Gauteng, KwaZulu-Natal, Limpopo, and Mpumalanga provinces</li> <li>The allocations should be divided in accordance with the following guideline for Eastern Cape, Gauteng, KwaZulu-Natal, Limpopo, and Mpumalanga: <ul> <li>34 per cent for information communication technologies including coding and robotics resources</li> <li>15 per cent for the supply, repair/replacement and maintenance of workshop machinery, equipment and tools for technical (including pilot schools for vocationally oriented curriculum) and agricultural schools</li> <li>15 per cent for laboratory equipment/apparatus, manipulatives and consumables including coding and robotics</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

	Maths, Science and Technology Grant
	<ul> <li>curriculum pilots <ul> <li>14 per cent for learner support including learners in teaching mathematics for understanding pilot schools</li> <li>1 per cent for grant administration, monitoring, support and evaluation</li> <li>6 per cent for the DBE-Cuba mathematics, science and technology subjects support programme, including remuneration</li> </ul> </li> <li>The allocations should be divided in accordance with the following guideline for Free State, Northern Cape, North West and Western Cape: <ul> <li>40 per cent for information communication technologies including coding and robotics resources</li> <li>15 per cent for the supply, repair/replacement and maintenance of workshop machinery, equipment and tools for technical (including pilot schools for vocationally oriented curriculum) and agricultural schools</li> <li>15 per cent for laboratory equipment/apparatus, manipulatives and consumables including coding and robotics</li> <li>15 per cent for teacher support including teacher support for coding and robotics and vocationally oriented curriculum pilots</li> <li>14 per cent for learner support including learners in teaching mathematics for understanding pilot schools</li> <li>19 per cent for learner support including learners in teaching mathematics for understanding pilot schools</li> <li>19 per cent for grant administration, monitoring, support and evaluation</li> </ul> </li> <li>Priorities</li> <li>All the grant outputs are prioritised in accordance with the allocation percentages unless the province has requested a deviation and this is approved by the transferring officer</li> </ul> <li>Outputs</li> <li>Information, Communication and Technology (ICT) resource items should be procured as per the minimum specifications defined by the DBE and in line with Curriculum Assessment Policy Statements. Subject specific ICT resources refer to hardware and software, which are compulsory and required by the curriculum. The grant also supports the training of all end-users in the utilisation of all ICT re</li>
	<ul> <li>Workshop equipment and machinery items should be supplied, repaired, maintained and/or replaced where appropriate in order to meet the minimum specifications defined by the DBE and in line with curriculum assessment policy statements</li> <li>Laboratories' workshop equipment, apparatus and consumables should be procured as per the minimum specifications as defined by the DBE and in line with Curriculum Assessment Policy Statements. This should be prioritised in line with the budget allocated to this item. These resources are provided to improve practical teaching and learning in all mathematics, science and technology subjects with special attention to mathematics and physical science</li> <li>Learner support is provided to all identified learners in line with provincial needs in support of curriculum delivery based on a structured annual calendar. This includes competition participation expenses, learner coaching, printing, delivery and mediation of study materials. This support includes study camps for identified learners as per the provincial programme including a focus on girl learners. Teaching mathematics for understanding support material learner activity book</li> <li>Teacher support is provided to all identified teachers in line with provincial needs in support of curriculum delivery. Teacher training or development should be based on a structured programme, which must be submitted to the transferring department as and when required. No ad-hoc training will be supported from the grant</li> </ul>
Allocation oritoria	<ul> <li>Procurement</li> <li>Provinces must participate in DBE's three-year transversal contract to enable provincial education departments to secure three-year contracts but may request permission for exemption if they can demonstrate gains from such exemption. In the absence of a DBE transversal tender, provinces must continue to procure on their own</li> <li>The grant funds and implementation (procurement, delivery and payment) must be managed at provincial level unless a transversal tender has been issued or the school has demonstrated capacity, systems and controls to efficiently manage the processes of the grant</li> <li>Before funds can be transferred to schools, there should be assurance that systems, controls and capacity to manage the funds, implementation and delivery processes of the grant are in place</li> <li>Provinces will be required to submit approved deviations before submitting amended business plans on or before the last week of January every year</li> </ul>
Allocation criteria	<ul> <li>Participating schools should be identified according to the following criteria:         <ul> <li>priority should be given to schools classified in quintiles 1-3</li> <li>provinces may include schools in quintiles 4 and 5, as per provincial needs. The approval of the transferring officer (provided the average learner performance in all subjects including mathematics, science and technology is at a level below 60 per cent at Grade 12)</li> <li>primary schools will be supported as feeder schools to secondary schools participating in the grant based on the provincial needs analysis in line with the outputs of the grant</li> <li>at least 10 - 30 learners are enrolled for each grade in mathematics and science subjects at a general education and training, and further education and training (FET) band, and 10 - 15 learners are enrolled for technology subjects in further education and training band</li> <li>maths, science and technology schools offering technical and agricultural subjects including pilot schools for vocationally oriented curriculum</li> <li>pilot schools for coding and robotics curriculum</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	• The grant is a targeted systemic capacity improvement programme. The number of schools requiring support is not proportionally distributed across the provinces. The level of support required by schools differs across provinces

	Maths, Science and Technology Grant
Past performance	<ul> <li>2023/24 Audited Financial Outcomes</li> <li>Of the R383 million allocated to provinces, R383 million (100 per cent) was transferred to provinces. R382 million (99.9 per cent) was spent by the end of the financial year</li> </ul>
	2023/24 service delivery performance
	<ul> <li>ICT <ul> <li>4 412 schools (40: Eastern Cape, 3 650: Free State, 190: Gauteng, 18: KwaZulu-Natal, 158: Limpopo, 20: Mpumalanga, 136: Northern Cape, 90: North West and 110: Western Cape) were supplied with information, communication and technology resources such as laptops, tablets and software for Mathematics, Science and Technology Curriculum to support curriculum and teaching methodology at MST schools</li> <li>Workshop equipment, machinery and tools <ul> <li>221 schools (32 Eastern Cape, 23: Free State, 40: Gauteng, 10: KwaZulu-Natal, 24: Limpopo, 42: Mpumalanga, 10: Northern Cape, 8: North West and 32: Western Cape) were supplied with equipment, tools and machinery for technology to support curriculum and practical teaching methodology at MST</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>
	<ul> <li>schools</li> <li>Laboratories and workshop equipment, apparatus and consumables</li> <li>811 schools (130: Eastern Cape, 50: Free State, 156: Gauteng, 30: KwaZulu-Natal, 83: Limpopo, 128: Mpumalanga, 39: Northern Cape, 100: North West and 110: Western Cape) were supplied with consumables and subject related apparatus to support curriculum and practice teaching methodology at MST schools</li> <li>Learner support</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Learner support</li> <li>290 995 learners (10 630: Eastern Cape, 200: Free State, 2 535: Gauteng, 7 512: KwaZulu-Natal, 112 425: Limpopo, 31 501: Mpumalanga, 19 075: Northern Cape, 16 125: North West and 24 842: Western Cape) were funded to participate in Mathematics, Science and Technology Olympiads including coaching and revision camps to improve learner preparedness for the NSC examinations</li> <li>Teacher support</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Statistic Support</li> <li>Statistic State</li> <li>State</li>     &lt;</ul>
Projected life	Grant continues until 2027/28, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2025/26: R459 million; 2026/27: R480 million; and 2027/28: R502 million
Payment schedule	• 6 May 2025; 12 August 2025; 11 November 2025; and 3 February 2026
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and receiving officer	<ul> <li>Responsibilities of the national department</li> <li>Identify and analyse areas requiring support in mathematics, science and technology</li> <li>Evaluate, approve and submit provincial business plans to National Treasury</li> <li>Provide the administrative services for the grant (manage, coordinate, monitor and support programme implementation at all levels)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Develop and distribute planning, implementation, monitoring and evaluation guidelines and/or templates including minimum specifications for school resources</li> <li>The transferring officer must develop centralised procurement processes that provinces can participate in</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Ensure compliance with reporting requirements in line with the provisions of the 2025 Division of Revenue Act (DoRA)</li> <li>Monitor implementation at provincial, district and school level on a quarterly basis or as and when required, in</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>line with the grant framework</li> <li>Evaluate the performance of the conditional grant and submit an evaluation report to National Treasury as per the requirements of the 2025 DoRA</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Responsibilities of provincial departments</li> <li>Identify and analyse areas requiring support in mathematics, science and technology</li> <li>Develop and submit approved business plans to DBE</li> <li>Submit lists of schools to DBE as per the timeframes set in the grant framework</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Develop and submit an approved procurement plan in line with the business plan targets by the end of the financial year</li> <li>Ensure compliance with reporting requirements by providing consolidated monthly expenditure reports 15 days</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>after the end of the month, and quarterly reports 30 days after the end of the quarter including other monitoring or diagnostic reports and reviews as required from time to time</li> <li>Manage and implement the programme in line with the 2025 DoRA and the Public Finance Management Act</li> <li>Where applicable, participate in transversal tenders issued by the DBE or other provinces in order to procure</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>goods and services related to the outputs of the grant</li> <li>Monitor and provide support to districts/regions, circuits and schools on a monthly and quarterly basis or as and when required</li> </ul>
	• Provide human resource capacity at all relevant levels including the appointment or identification of a qualified and experienced person/s to administer, manage and co-ordinate the activities of the grant in accordance with the provisions of the framework and compliance certificates
	• Evaluate the performance of the grant and submit evaluation reports to DBE within two months after the end of the financial year

Maths, Science and Technology Grant	
	• Implement projects according to the approved business plan. Any deviation should be communicated in writing
	and approved by the transferring officer before implementation
	• Submit school's business plans to DBE by the end of June every year if funds are being transferred to schools
	Responsibilities of schools
	• Submit school's needs on mathematics, science and technology to the districts as required by the province
	Submit school's business plans to provinces before funds can be transferred to schools
	• Submit quarterly mathematics, science and technology activity reports on equipment, machinery, consumables, maintenance, learner and teaching support material and training support
	• Submit learner performance data for all grades in mathematics, science and technology subjects to the district and grant manager
	• Ensure that capacity, systems and controls are in place to implement the grant, to receive funds where a transfer to a school has been agreed upon
	• Receive funds from provincial departments of education and manage the procurement, delivery and payment processes where necessary
	• Participate in relevant structures that have been put in place to support implementation of the grant such as annual principals' meetings
	• Monitor and ensure the quality of work of the service providers and sign-off on the completeness of the service delivery processes
Process for approval of 2026/27 business plans	• The first draft of the consolidated provincial business plans and revised school lists to be submitted to DBE for appraisal by 28 October 2025
	• The DBE team will meet to evaluate the consolidated business plans by 11 November 2025
	• The comments on the business plans will be sent to provinces for amendments by 12 December 2025
	• Provinces will be required to submit the provincially approved amended business plans to DBE by 24 February 2025, DBE will approve the final business plans by 31 March 2026

	National School Nutrition Programme Grant
Transferring department	Basic Education (Vote 16)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	To enhance learning capacity and improve access to education
Grant purpose	To provide nutritious meals to targeted schools
Outcome statements	Enhanced learning capacity and improved access to education
Outputs	21 000 schools that prepare nutritious meals for learners
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	• Priority 3: Education, skills and health
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
	• Inputs
	Key activities
	Risk management plan
Conditions	• Spending must be in line with national and provincial business plans
	• The budget allocation must be distributed in terms of the following weightings for both secondary and primary schools:
	<ul> <li>school feeding: minimum of 97 per cent</li> <li>kitchen facilities, equipment and utensils: minimum of 0.3 per cent and not exceeding R10 million</li> <li>administration: maximum of 2.5 per cent</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>administration: maximum of 2.5 per cent</li> <li>nutrition education (including deworming and hygiene practices): maximum of 0.2 per cent</li> <li>Minimum feeding requirements:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>o provide nutritious meals to learners in quintile 1 - 3 primary and secondary schools, as well as identified special schools on all school days</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>provide nutritious meals to targeted learners in identified quintile 4 and 5 schools in line with available resources</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>meal costs per learner will increase at a minimum of 5 per cent in all benefiting primary schools and 3 per cent for all secondary schools. Far-flung/low enrolment farm and rural schools that are receiving funds directly should be allocated a higher meal cost to cover higher transport costs</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>pay honorarium of a minimum of R16,45 (R2 190) per person per hour for 8 hours daily plus UIF at 1 per cent per month. Food handlers must be allocated in line with approved sliding scales</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>submitted with provincial business plans</li> <li>comply with approved food specifications and menu guidelines consisting of meals containing: starch, protein and fresh vegetable/fruit</li> </ul>
	• breakfast porridge should be served incrementally in selected schools as per provincial business plans
	<ul> <li>fresh vegetables/fruits must be served daily and vary between green, yellow and red</li> <li>a variety of protein-rich foods must be served in line with approved menu options</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>processed chicken livers should be served incrementally in selected schools once a week as per provincial business plans</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>grade 1 and 2 raw sugar beans must be packed separately from samp, not mixed in one packet</li> <li>soya mince should not be served more than once a week and must meet approved specifications. Soya may not be used as seasoning/thickening for other dishes</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>canned pilchards/mackerel/sardines must be served at least once a week. High quality protein products can replace pilchards in areas where these are not socially acceptable</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>ultra-high temperature treated full cream milk or pasteurised maas must be served once a week. Milk must be approved in line with dairy standards set by Milk South Africa</li> </ul>
	• seasoning should be provided for all meals except on days when milk is served
	Provinces must support and promote sustainable food production and nutrition education in schools
	<ul> <li>Provinces must promote local economic empowerment, including procurement of fresh produce from smallholder farmers. The farmers should be registered with the Department of Agriculture and adhere to good agricultural practices.</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>to good agricultural practices</li><li>Provincial business plans will be approved in line with the above minimum requirements and available</li></ul>
	resources. The following variations may be approved by the transferring officer based on achievements
	and/or critical challenges in each province:
	<ul> <li>feeding cost below the minimum requirements, provided the quality of meals is not compromised</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>reduction in the number of learners due to learner verification</li> </ul>
	• number of learners that exceed the gazetted quintiles
	• breakfast porridge and chicken livers served as per available funding
	• serving of processed vegetables or fruit in remote areas
	<ul> <li>quintile 1-3 schools that do not feed all learners due to food wastage in all provinces need to approve letters from schools requesting a deviation from whole school feeding</li> </ul>
	officer not later than 28 November 2025

- Education (DBE) of procurement process plans as well as quarterly performance (narrative and indicators) and financial reports The flow of the December 2025 and the January 2026 instalments of the grant depends upon receipt by the DBE of quarterly performance (narrative and indicators) and financial reports Non-compliance with any of the above conditions may result in the withholding and subsequent stopping of budget transfers · Provinces reserve the right to withhold funds from schools in case of financial mismanagement, noncompliance to guidelines and excessive surplus funds. If schools are closed due to a declared state of disaster, funds from the grant that would have been spent on providing meals in schools may instead be used to provide meals to learners through alternative means Allocation criteria The distribution formula is poverty-based in accordance with the poverty distribution table used in the national norms and standards for school funding as gazetted by the Minister of Basic Education on 17 October 2008 Unallocated amounts will be distributed to provinces on the basis of identified programme priorities, of which feeding shall take precedence above all other priorities **Reasons not incorporated** The National School Nutrition Programme (NSNP) is a government programme for poverty in equitable share alleviation, specifically initiated to uphold the rights of children to basic food and education The conditional grant framework enables the DBE to play an oversight role in the implementation of all NSNP activities in schools 2023/24 audited financial outcomes Past performance • Of the total allocation of R9.3 billion, R9.3 billion (100 per cent) was transferred to provinces, with provinces spending R9.4 billion (101 per cent) by end of the financial year 2023/24 service delivery performance • 20 343 schools were provided with nutritious meals Food Safety workshops were conducted across all provinces to raise awareness on proper food ٠ handling practices Breakfast and processed chicken livers were served in all provinces in identified schools **Projected life** It is envisaged that, given the high poverty and unemployment rates in the country, the need for such a grant will persist for at least another 10 years. The programme ensures that learners from the poorest communities have decent opportunities to learn **MTEF** allocations 2025/26: R10.3 billion; 2026/27: R10.8 billion; and 2027/28: R11.3 billion **Payment schedule** The payment schedule will be in line with respective provincial procurement models as follows: provinces that transfer funds directly to all schools (Eastern Cape, Free State, North West and Northern Cape) receive five instalments as follows: 4 April 2025; 27 June 2025; 15 August 2025; 22 September 2025; and 5 December 2025 provinces that procure from service providers on behalf of schools receive five instalments as follows: 4 April 2025; 18 July 2025; 15 August 2025; 10 October 2025; 22 January 2026 the 15 August 2025 budget transfer is for kitchen facilities, equipment and utensils as per 0 equipment specifications provided by the DBE payment schedules may be revised in line with implementation and spending trends Responsibilities of the Responsibilities of the national department transferring officer and · Evaluate, approve and submit provincial business plans to the National Treasury receiving officer Manage, monitor and support programme implementation in provinces and districts Ensure compliance with reporting requirements and NSNP guidelines • • Transfer funds to provinces in line with the approved payment schedule · Consolidate and submit quarterly performance reports to the National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter Evaluate performance of the conditional grant and submit an evaluation report to the National Treasury four months after the end of the financial year **Responsibilities of provincial departments** · Develop and submit approved business plans to DBE. The business plans should include procurement process plans for equipment and utensils Monitor and provide support to districts/regions/area project officers and schools • Manage and implement the programme in line with the 2025 Division of Revenue Act and the Public Finance Management Act · Provinces must update databases on kitchen facilities (specifying those with certificates of acceptability), equipment and utensils · Ensure that districts are resourced in line with provincial business plans to conduct effective monitoring and support to schools in line with Goal 27 of the Action Plan of 2019, towards the realisation of schooling 2030 Consult districts on the development and implementation of their provincial business plans Provide oversight for districts to develop and implement monitoring and evaluation plans • Provide human resource capacity at all relevant levels
  - Evaluate the performance of the conditional grant annually and submit evaluation reports to the DBE two months after the end of the financial year

National School Nutrition Programme Grant	
	<ul> <li>Submit quarterly financial and performance reports including consolidated monitoring, reporting and response system reports to DBE after the end of each quarter. The fourth quarter report should include kitchen facilities, equipment and utensils procured</li> </ul>
	• Provinces that are transferring funds to schools are required to reconcile expenditure by schools against budget transfers on a quarterly basis
	Responsibilities of districts
	Monitor and support schools
	Implement monitoring and evaluation plans
	• Submit monthly and quarterly reports (narrative and expenditure reports to the provincial department, as well as reports on expenditure by schools, where applicable). This should include consolidated monitoring, reporting and response system reports, where applicable
	Coordinate all NSNP activities in the district
	Responsibilities of schools
	<ul> <li>Implement the programme in line with the conditions of the NSNP framework</li> </ul>
	• Submit reports to districts as per the provincial reporting requirements, i.e. performance and expenditure reports in provinces that are transferring funds to schools
	Safeguarding of programme resources, i.e. cooking facilities, equipment and utensils
Process for approval of	First inter-provincial meeting during the first quarter
2026/27 business plans	• Consultation with district officials, provincial treasuries, provincial finance sections and the National
	Treasury on business plans in June 2025
	<ul> <li>Provinces submit first draft business plans to the DBE by 31 July 2025</li> </ul>
	• DBE evaluates first draft business plans and sends comments to provinces by 29 August 2025
	• Provinces submit final approved business plans and requisite attachments to DBE by 12 December 2025
	• The transferring national officer to approve national and provincial business plans by 31 March 2026

	School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant
Transferring department	Basic Education (Vote 16)
Grant schedule	Schedule 6, Part A
Strategic goal	The eradication of inappropriate education structures and backlogs in basic services
Grant purpose	• Eradication and upgrading of inappropriate school buildings
	Provision and upgrading of water and sanitation to schools
Outcome statements	Provision and upgrading of classrooms to address overcrowding
Outcome statements	• Improved access to enabling learning and teaching environments
	• Build the capacity of provinces benefiting from an indirect grant allocation to carry out this function in the future
Outputs	<ul> <li>Number of inappropriate schools replaced and provided with related school furniture</li> <li>Number of schools provided with water or upgraded to meet norms and standards</li> <li>Number of schools provided with sanitation or upgraded to meet norms and standards</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Number of classrooms provided or upgraded to address overcrowding</li> <li>Final accounts for the accelerated school infrastructure delivery initiative and sanitation appropriate for education provided.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>for education projects</li> <li>Section 42 transfer of assets developed under the accelerated school infrastructure delivery initiative and sanitation appropriate for education</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Update of infrastructure information on the national education infrastructure system/education facilities management system</li> </ul>
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 3: Education, skills and health
Details contained in the business plan	This grant uses an infrastructure programme management plan that includes the following:         o institutional framework
	<ul> <li>procurement and contract management plan</li> <li>scope management</li> </ul>
	o time management plan
	<ul> <li>cost management plan</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>risk management plan</li> </ul>
	o quality management plan
	<ul> <li>monitoring and reporting details</li> <li>hydratics and reporting details</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>budgeting and programme accounting details</li> <li>performance management plan</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>communication management plan</li> </ul>
Conditions	<ul> <li>This is an in-kind grant administered by the national Department of Basic Education (DBE) that may be transferred to a province through the Education Infrastructure Grant (EIG) if the province is able to demonstrate through a proven track record, that it has the capacity to implement the projects</li> <li>DBE must submit to National Treasury an infrastructure programme management plan by</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>12 February 2025</li><li>Programme governance will be conducted by the following committees established to ensure that various processes are initiated within the programme:</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>national steering committee</li> </ul>
	o technical committee
	• project steering committee
	<ul> <li>infrastructure bid specification and evaluation committee</li> <li>infrastructure bid adjudication committee</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>infrastructure bid adjudication committee</li> <li>The provincial planning and monitoring teams or equivalent in each province should meet monthly to ensure information flows between the stakeholders, unblock processes, monitor progress, and</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>enhance cooperation</li> <li>DBE must load all infrastructure funded projects in the infrastructure reporting model before the start</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>of the financial year (1 April 2025)</li> <li>DBE must submit monthly project reports with cash flows to National Treasury 15 days after the end of each month, that show how actual payments and cash flows reconcile with the projected cash flow</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>DBE must update the infrastructure project details for each funded project in the infrastructure</li> </ul>
	reporting model. This must be approved and submitted to National Treasury within 22 days after the end of each quarter
	• Assets will be transferred to custodians in the respective provinces at final completion. The provincial education departments must report in their annual report how the schools have been considered in their future maintenance plans
	<ul> <li>The DBE must agree in writing with the provinces on projects that they will administer on behalf of each province</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>DBE and/or implementing agents must ensure skills transfer takes place as part of the implementation of projects</li> </ul>
	• The DBE approved 10 point plan must be implemented to ensure improvements in infrastructure delivery
Allocation criteria	• The grant allocation is based on the distribution of inappropriate structures and schools without access to water and sanitation across provinces
	• Final allocations will be based on the finalised infrastructure programme management plan of the DBE as approved by the transferring officer

Decement in the	School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	• This is a specific purpose grant to provide and upgrade basic facilities such as water and sanitation, replace schools constructed from inappropriate material, including mud schools, provision and upgrading of classrooms to address overcrowding to contribute towards improved learning and teaching. The grant will be administered by the DBE to achieve maximum impact in the shortest time possible
Past performance	2023/24 audited financial performance
	• Allocated R2.4 billion of which R2.2 billion (93 per cent) was spent by the end of the financial year
	<ul> <li>2023/24 service delivery performance</li> <li>1 new school built, 4 schools provided with water, 346 schools provided with sanitation and nil</li> </ul>
	schools provided with electricity (electricity sub-programme has been completed)
Projected life	<ul> <li>The grant will be phased into the Education Infrastructure Grant from 2026/27. In order for the transition to take place, submission to National Treasury by DBE of the Infrastructure Programme Management Plan by 1 September 2025</li> <li>The skills transfer and capacity building plans must be submitted to National Treasury before the start</li> </ul>
	of the 2026/27 financial year
MTEF allocations	• 2025/26: R1.6 billion and 2026/27: R450 million
Payment schedule	• Payments will be made according to verified invoices from service providers or advance payments in line with approved memoranda of agreement, implementation plans and reviewed monthly cash flow projections from implementing agents
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and receiving officer	• Undertake planning of processes, activities, and accelerated school infrastructure delivery initiative programme policies required to realise the outputs and identify required resources
	• Undertake the necessary procurement measures to secure the services of implementing agents, professional service providers, contractors and secondary procurement objectives to respond to the scope of work identified in the infrastructure programme management plan
	<ul> <li>Monitor and evaluate performance of the programme support unit, implementing agents, conduct project site inspections at selected sites to verify progress and quality of the works to secure programme outputs and deliverables</li> </ul>
	• DBE must report infrastructure projects implemented with voted funds in the national infrastructure reporting model within 22 days after the end of the quarter
	• Harness the opportunities offered through the programme to contribute towards skills development
	• DBE must submit an annual assessment of progress against its skills transfer and capacity building
	plan to National Treasury two months after the end of the national financial year
	• DBE will convene and chair meetings of the national steering committee which will:
	• provide strategic direction to the accelerated school infrastructure delivery initiative programme
	<ul> <li>provide general oversight on the programme</li> <li>ensure that the management of the programme brings together those players responsible for different elements of project success and ensure a holistic approach in support of the programme</li> <li>ensure that standards are in line with different prescripts e.g. norms and standards for school</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>o ensure that standards are in line with different prescripts e.g. norms and standards for school infrastructure are adhered to</li> <li>o facilitate the establishment of sub-programme management, their membership, reporting</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>modalities and their interaction with the steering committee</li> <li>establish the modalities linking the targeted provincial education departments with DBE</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>supervise the programme and ensure appropriate coordination and cooperation between different agencies and departments involved</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>facilitate the linkages between national stakeholders such as the National Treasury (infrastructure delivery improvement plan), Construction Industry Development Board, and the national departments of Human Settlements, Water and Sanitation, Electricity and Energy, and Public</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Works and Infrastructure</li> <li>ensure accelerated school infrastructure delivery initiative strategies and targets are in line with national goals and targets</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>monitor progress in terms of national goals and targets</li> <li>assist the management of the programme in solving particular issues that may arise and that may</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>require the intervention of the committee</li> <li>report to the Minister of Basic Education, the Council for Education Ministers, the heads of education departments committee, and senior management</li> </ul>
	• DBE must ensure that a programme and project management system is in place for planning, management and monitoring of infrastructure delivery
	<ul> <li>The grant may be transferred to provinces to address overcrowding in schools</li> <li>Develop a sector procurement strategy and procurement strategy for this grant in terms of the practice</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>guide prescribed by the infrastructure delivery management toolkit</li><li>DBE will develop a procurement strategy for this grant that will lead to the quickest possible achievement of the grant objectives which may require the clustering of projects across provincial</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Submit an approved infrastructure programme management plan including projects list to the National</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Ensure compliance with reporting requirements and adherence to projected cash flow schedules</li> </ul>
	• Consolidate and submit quarterly reports to National Treasury and the National Council of Provinces within 45 days after the end of each quarter
	Conduct site visits to selected projects to assess performance

School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant	
	• Create the necessary organisational structures and build capacity within the department to oversee and monitor the implementation of the grant
	• DBE must ensure that the heads of education departments committee meets at least once a month and is provided with sufficiently detailed reports to assess project implementation and projected cash flow schedules reconciled at the end of the month preceding the monthly meetings
	<ul> <li>Provide an operations and maintenance manual to the provincial education departments</li> <li>The DBE must submit a draft skills transfer and capacity building plan for Schedule 6A allocations to National Treasury by 1 July 2025; a final plan must be submitted to National Treasury by 1 September 2025. The skills transfer and capacity building plan must set out how the capacity of benefiting provinces will be developed so that they can continue to perform the function after the schedule 6A funded project ends. The plan must set measurable targets that will be achieved over the 2026 medium term expenditure framework. The plan must set out how existing and new capacity building initiatives will be used to achieve these targets</li> </ul>
	• The DBE must submit an annual assessment of progress against its skills transfer and capacity building plan to National Treasury two months after the end of the national financial year
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	• Provide the list of schools to be included in the accelerated school infrastructure delivery initiative programme and sanitation appropriate for education
	• Ensure that the list of schools identified includes all the schools that never had basic sanitation, water and electricity
	• Ensure that, where schools are identified for rationalisation and mergers, DBE is made aware on time, in writing, and that all necessary supporting documents are provided
	• Establish provincial planning and monitoring teams that will provide support to the DBE when implementing projects funded by this grant
	<ul> <li>Monitor projects implemented at their respective provinces</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>Convene the provincial planning and monitoring teams and report to the national steering committee</li><li>Generate a maintenance plan from the operations and maintenance manual provided</li></ul>
Process for approval of 2026/27 business plans	<ul> <li>Submission to National Treasury by DBE of the infrastructure programme management plan for 2025/26 projects by 13 February 2026</li> </ul>

## **COOPERATIVE GOVERNANCE GRANT**

Transferring department	Provincial Disaster Response Grant     Cooperative Governance (Vote 3)
Grant schedule	Cooperative Governance (vote 5)     Schedule 7, Part A
Strategic goal	<ul> <li>To enable timely response to address community needs regarding impending or disastrous events classified by the National Disaster Management Centre</li> </ul>
Grant purpose	• To provide for the immediate release of funds for disaster response if an occurrence cannot be adequately addressed in line with section 2(1)(b) of the Disaster Management Act
Outcome statements	Immediate consequences of disasters are mitigated or alleviated
Outputs	Emergency repair of critical infrastructure
<b>D</b> 1 1 0 1	Emergency provision of critical goods and services
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
Details contained in the business plan	<ul> <li>Applications for funding from this grant use the National Disaster Management Centre (NDMC) disaster grant guideline which includes the following:         <ul> <li>copy of the applicable contingency plan and emergency procedures in use by the provincial department (in terms of section 35(1)(d) of the Disaster Management Act)</li> <li>prevention and mitigation strategies as per the disaster management plan</li> <li>documentation linked to Sections 56 and 57 of the same Act</li> <li>details of insurance and insured infrastructure, where applicable including factors outlined in Sections 56 and 57 of the same Act as well proof from the insurance company on the matter</li> <li>number of people, households, livestock and infrastructure affected and the extent of damages and losses</li> <li>sectors affected</li> <li>total funds required for disaster response and relief measures</li> <li>resources (both financially and in-kind) allocated by the province to respond and mitigate the effects of the disaster</li> <li>resources (both financially and in-kind) committed by other role players, including municipalities, national departments, state owned entities and non-government organisations</li> <li>the affected provincial sector department must indicate funds spent or contributed towards dealing with the disaster</li> <li>support received from non-government organisations and businesses or any other stakeholder</li> <li>cost-benefit analysis of the projects to be implemented</li> </ul> </li> <li>An implementation plan with the following:         <ul> <li>details of the projects to be repaired reflecting the condition of the asset</li> <li>consolidated projects to be repaired reflecting the condition of the asset</li> <li>consolidated projects cash flow over six-month period as an annexure to the implementation plan</li></ul></li></ul>
Conditions	<ul> <li>Specifics on the rapid response capacity to implement the projects and account for allocated funding</li> <li>An occurrence should be classified as a disaster by the NDMC in terms of the Disaster Management Act and documentation linked to conditions within sections 56 and 57 of the above-mentioned Act submitted to the NDMC</li> <li>This grant may only be used to fund expenditure in the event that the responsible line function/organ of state is unable to deal with the effects of the disaster utilising their own legislation, guidelines and available resources</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The grant may not be utilised for insured infrastructure. In case of inadequate insurance, reasons for inadequate insurance to be provided as well as proof from the insurer on the amount paid/ to be paid</li> <li>The emergency procurement system as provided for in the Public Finance Management Act should be invoked by the provincial department to ensure immediate response and relief measures to support affected communities</li> <li>Funds may only be used in line with the approved implementation plan by NDMC. Any amendments to the implementation plan must be submitted to the NDMC for approval at least three months prior to end of the six-month implementation period. Copies of the approved amendments to be shared with National Treasury</li> </ul>
Allocation criteria	<ul> <li>The provincial department must provide details of their capacity in implementing emergency projects and accounting for allocated funding</li> <li>The grant is allocated for classified disasters based on reports from assessments conducted by the NDMC and</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>the relevant Provincial Disaster Management Center (PDMC) and affected sectors for immediate disaster response and relief needs. This should include implementation of Sections 56 and 57 of the Disaster Management Act. Additionally, it must be established that there are immediate disaster response and relief needs that cannot be met by the province through the contingency arrangements already in place</li> <li>The Accounting Officer for the relevant organ of state must provide proof together with the funding request indicating that the total funds required from the grant for disaster response exceed the available resources and/or resources already allocated for disaster response</li> <li>Funding may be released in tranches, with the first tranche based on the rapid assessment, verification of the immediate disaster response and relief needs and the submitted cash flow projection. The next tranches will be released once proof is submitted that the first tranche has been fully spent or committed and all grant conditions have been met</li> </ul>

	Provincial Disaster Response Grant
Reasons not incorporated	• This grant caters for response and relief measures from unforeseen and unavoidable disasters where the
in equitable share	provincial departments are unable to cope with the effects of the disaster only utilising own resources
Past performance	<ul> <li>2023/24 audited financial outcome</li> <li>The Provincial Disaster Response Grant allocation, R145 million, for 2023/24 was converted to the Municipal</li> </ul>
	Disaster Response Grant
	2023/24 service delivery performance
	Not applicable
Projected life	This grant is expected to continue over the medium-term subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2025/26: R151 million; 2026/27: R158 million; and 2027/28: R165 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made subject to approval by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	Responsibilities of the National Disaster Management Centre
receiving officer	• Verify the applications for funding as per the requirements of the Disaster Management Act and submit funding request to National Treasury for consideration within 14 days following the receipt of the assessment
receiving officer	report and written funding request from the sector departments through the PDMCs and when all grant conditions have been met
	Confirm support to be provided by relevant national sector departments to prevent duplication of support and resources
	• Notify the relevant PDMC and provincial treasury of a transfer at least three days before transfer. Funds must be transferred no later than five days after notification
	<ul> <li>Provide National Treasury with written notification of the transfer within 14 days of a transfer of the grant</li> <li>Submit financial report to National Treasury within 20 days of the end of each month</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Provide a performance report, within 45 days of the end of the quarter in which the funds were spent, to the National Treasury using the disaster allocation monitoring template agreed to with the National Treasury</li> <li>Together with the PDMC, monitor the implementation of disaster funded projects</li> </ul>
	• Participate in the review of disaster response implementation, led by the Development Bank of Southern Africa
	Responsibilities of Provincial Disaster Management Centres
	• Together with the affected provincial departments, conduct rapid assessments of disaster impacts to verify the applications for initial funding within 14 days following the occurrence of a reported incident that meets the conditions
	<ul> <li>Conduct assessments of disaster impacts together with the NDMC and the affected provincial departments, to verify applications for funding, within 35 days of the incident while adhering to the requirements of the Disaster Management Act</li> </ul>
	• Confirm support to be provided by relevant provincial sector departments to prevent duplication of support and resources
	• Submit requests for disaster funding, monitor projects and provide reports to the NDMC, and provincial treasury
	<ul> <li>Provide financial reports to NDMC within 10 days of the end of each month</li> <li>Provide a performance report which includes evidence on progress implementation of the projects to the NDMC within 35 days of the end of the quarter in which funds are spent using the relevant disaster grant</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>allocation-reporting template</li><li>The PDMC should activate a project task team comprising of the affected national and provincial sector departments</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Monitor the implementation of funded disaster project by sectors</li> <li>Establish provincial project steering committees to coordinate the monitoring and reporting of</li> </ul>
	implementation of projects
	Responsibilities of provincial sector departments
	Conduct damage assessment and costing of emergency repair work
	• Together with required supporting documentation, submit disaster assessment reports and funding requests signed-off by the Accounting Officer to the PDMC within 14 days following the classification of a disaster
	• Consult with the relevant national sector departments and provincial treasury for support on existing resources to address the disasters
	<ul> <li>Consult with the relevant national sector department on a funding request before submission to the PDMC, request to be accompanied by proof of engagement and response from relevant national department</li> <li>Notify provincial treasury of all requests for funding submitted</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Notify provincial deasity of an requests for funding submitted</li> <li>Invoke emergency procurement processes to implement the immediate disaster response and relief projects</li> <li>Activate a provincial departmental task team to monitor, report and evaluate the impact of projects</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Monitor implementation of projects and report on their impact</li> <li>Provide a financial report to the PDMC and relevant national sector department within 10 days of the end of</li> </ul>
	each month, signed off by the Accounting Officer. Include evidence (invoices, payment certificates and pictures of the projects) as annexures
	• Provide a performance report which includes evidence, and progress on implementation of the projects, to the PDMC and relevant national sector department within 20 days of the end of the quarter in which funds are spent, signed off by the Accounting Officer
	Sector departments to submit the relevant contingency plans
	<ul> <li>Responsibilities of national sector departments</li> <li>Provide support and guidance in resource mobilisation to provincial sectors before a funding request is lodged</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>to the NDMC through the PDMC</li> <li>Provide support and guidance to provincial sector departments and NDMC regarding line function related</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>matters on assessments and costing verifications</li><li>Sector departments to submit the relevant contingency plans</li></ul>

Provincial Disaster Response Grant	
	• Provide support and guidance to provincial sector departments and the NDMC in the preparation of funding requests
	• Provide support and guidance to provincial sector departments in the preparation of reports, performance and realisation of the impacts of the projects as well as ensure compliance to the grant framework and relevant guidelines
	• Monitor through site visits, report and evaluate implementation of projects by provincial sectors
	Activate an internal departmental task team to monitor, report and evaluate the impact of projects
Process for approval of	Not applicable
2026/27 business plans	

## HEALTH GRANTS

	District Health Programmes Grant
Transferring department	• Health (Vote 18)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	• The implementation of the national strategic plan on the HIV, sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and tuberculosis (TB) and implementation of the national strategic plan on malaria elimination
	• To improve access to community based primary health care services through ward based primary health care outreach teams
	<ul> <li>There are two components to this grant that allow for the achievement of the stated strategic goal:</li> <li>comprehensive HIV/AIDS component (with a separate framework)</li> <li>district health component (with a separate framework)</li> </ul>
Grant purpose	<ul> <li>To enable the health sector to develop and implement an effective response to HIV/AIDS</li> <li>To enable the health sector to develop and implement an effective response to TB</li> </ul>
	• To ensure provision of quality community outreach services through ward based primary health care outreach
	<ul> <li>teams</li> <li>To improve efficiencies of the ward based primary health care outreach teams programme by harmonising and standardising services and strengthening performance monitoring</li> </ul>
	• To enable the health sector to develop and implement an effective response to support the effective implementation of the national strategic plan on malaria elimination
	• To enable the health sector to prevent cervical cancer by making available Human Papillomavirus (HPV) vaccinations to all eligible girls aged 9-14 years with a single dose of HPV vaccine in all settings
Outcome statements	As specified in the two component frameworks
Outputs	As specified in the two component frameworks
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 3: Education, skills and health
Details contained in the business plan	As specified in the two component frameworks
Conditions	As specified in the two component frameworks
Allocation criteria	As specified in the two component frameworks
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	As specified in the two component frameworks
Past performance	2022/23 audited financial performance
	• As specified in the two component frameworks
	2022/23 service delivery performance
	As specified in the two component frameworks
Projected life	As specified in the two component frameworks
MTEF allocations	• 2025/26: R28.3 billion; 2026/27: R29.6 billion; and 2027/28: R31 billion, of which the two components are
	allocated:
	<ul> <li>comprehensive HIV/AIDS component: 2025/26: R24.9 billion; 2026/27: R26.1 billion; and 2027/28: R27.3 billion</li> </ul>
D ( 1 ' '	o district health component: 2025/26: R3.4 billion; 2026/27: R3.6 billion; and 2027/28: R3.7 billion
Payment schedule	Monthly instalments based on the approved payment schedule
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and receiving officer	As specified in the two component frameworks  Responsibilities of provincial departments
receiving uniter	As specified in the two component frameworks
Process for approval of	<ul> <li>As specified in the two component frameworks</li> <li>As specified in the two component frameworks</li> </ul>
2026/27 business plans	• As specified in the two component nameworks

	District Health Programmes Grant: Comprehensive HIV/AIDS Component
Transferring department	• Health (Vote 18)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	• The implementation of the national strategic plan on HIV, sexually transmitted infections (STI) and tuberculosis (TB)
Grant purpose	To enable the health sector to develop and implement an effective response to HIV/AIDS
	• Prevention and protection of health workers from exposure to hazards in the workplace
<u> </u>	To enable the health sector to develop and implement an effective response to TB
Outcome statements	Improved coordination and collaboration in the implementation of HIV/AIDS programme between national and provincial government
	<ul> <li>Improved quality of HIV/AIDS response through provision of access to prevention, treatment, care and</li> </ul>
	support services
	• Improved coordination and collaboration in the TB response between national and provincial governments
	• Improved quality of TB (including drug resistant-TB) services including access to prevention, screening,
Outputs	<ul> <li>testing, treatment and adherence monitoring and support</li> <li>Number of new patients started on antiretroviral therapy</li> </ul>
Outputs	<ul> <li>Total number of patients on antiretroviral therapy remaining in care</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Number of male condoms distributed</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Number of female condoms distributed</li> </ul>
	• Number of infants tested through the polymerase chain reaction test at 10 weeks
	Number of clients tested for HIV (including antenatal)
	Number of medical male circumcisions performed
	Number of clients started on pre-exposure prophylaxis
	Number of HIV positive clients initiated on TB preventative therapy
	• Number of TB contacts initiated on TB preventive treatment (under five years and five years and older
	combined)
	<ul> <li>Number of patients tested for TB using TB nucleic acid amplification test</li> <li>Number of eligible HIV positive patients tested for TB using urine lipoarabinomannan assay</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Number of englote FIV positive patients tested for FB using unne inpoarabilionalinal assay</li> <li>Drug sensitive TB treatment start rate (under five years and five years and older combined)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Rifampicin resistant confirmed treatment start rate</li> </ul>
Priority of government	Priority 3: Education, skills and health
that this grant primarily	
contributes to	
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
	• Inputs
Conditions	Key activities
Conditions	<ul> <li>The following priority areas must be supported through the grant:</li> <li>o antiretroviral therapy related interventions</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>care and support</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>condom distribution and high transmission area interventions</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>prevention of mother to child transmission</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>post-exposure prophylaxis and pre-exposure prophylaxis</li> </ul>
	• programme management strengthening
	<ul> <li>advocacy, communication and social mobilisation</li> <li>regional training centres</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>regional training centres</li> <li>HIV counselling and testing</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>medical male circumcision</li> </ul>
	• TB prevention
	• screening and testing people for TB
	<ul> <li>linkage to TB treatment</li> </ul>
Allocation criteria	• retention on TB treatment
Anocation criteria	<ul> <li>Allocations are based on antenatal HIV prevalence, estimated share of AIDS cases and population numbers post-demarcation</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Allocation is based on TB workload cases and population numbers post-demarcation</li> </ul>
Reasons not incorporated	<ul> <li>HIV, AIDS and TB are key national priorities and require a coordinated response for the country as a whole</li> </ul>
in equitable share	and this is effectively achieved through a conditional grant
	• TB, multi-drug resistant, and extremely drug resistant strains, are key national priorities and require a
	countrywide coordinated response which is best achieved through a conditional grant
Past performance	2023/24 audited financial performance
	• HIV/AIDS component: allocated and transferred R22.9 billion to provinces of which R22.7 billion
	(99 per cent) was spent by provinces by the end of the national financial year
	• TB component: allocated and transferred R524 million to provinces, of which R475 million (91 per cent) was spent by provinces
	2023/24 service delivery performance
	<ul> <li>HIV/AIDS component:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>385 019 new patients that started on antiretroviral therapy</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>5.6 million patients on antiretroviral therapy remaining in care</li> </ul>

	District Health Programmes Grant: Comprehensive HIV/AIDS Component	
	<ul> <li>601 million male condoms distributed</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>21 million female condoms distributed</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>153 722 infant polymerase chain reaction tests around 10 weeks</li> </ul>	
	• 18.2 million clients tested for HIV (including antenatal)	
	<ul> <li>381 970 medical male circumcision performed</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>258 425 patients on antiretroviral therapy initiated on isoniazid preventative therapy</li> </ul>	
	• TB component	
	• 2.6 million patients tested for TB using gene xpert	
	<ul> <li>98 855 eligible HIV positive patients tested for TB using urine lipoarabinomannan assay</li> <li>94.3 nor cont drug consistive TB treatment stort rate (under five years and five years and elder combined)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>94.3 per cent drug sensitive TB treatment start rate (under five years and five years and older combined)</li> <li>77.2 per cent rifampicin resistant confirmed treatment start rate</li> </ul>	
Projected life	<ul> <li>Ongoing in line with national strategic plan on the HIV, STI and TB for 2023 – 2027</li> </ul>	
MTEF allocations	<ul> <li>Ongoing in file with national strategic plan on the file, 3 f1 and 1D for 2023 – 2027</li> <li>2025/26: R24.9 billion; 2026/27: R26.1 billion; and 2027/28: R27.3 billion</li> </ul>	
Payment schedule		
Responsibilities of the	Monthly instalments based on the approved payment schedule     Responsibilities of the national department	
transferring officer and	<ul> <li>Visit provinces twice a year to monitor implementation and provide support</li> </ul>	
receiving officer	<ul> <li>Report to the National Treasury on an additional set of indicators on progress against the 95-95-95 targets</li> </ul>	
receiving oneer	<ul> <li>Meet with National Treasury to review grant performance twice a year</li> </ul>	
	Responsibilities of provincial departments	
	<ul> <li>Quarterly performance output reports to be submitted within 30 days following the reporting period using</li> </ul>	
	standard formats as determined by the national department. Submit an electronic version to be followed by	
	a hard copy signed by the provincial grant receiving manager	
	• Clearly indicate measurable objectives and performance targets as agreed with the national department in	
	the provincial departmental business plans for 2025/26 and over the medium-term expenditure framework	
	period	
Process for approval of	Submission of draft business plans to the national Department of Health by 31 October 2025	
2026/27 business plans	• Submission of final business plans to the national Department of Health by 27 February 2026	
	Submission of final business plans to the National Treasury by 31 March 2026	

	District Health Programmes Grant: District Health Component
Transferring department	Health (Vote 18)
Grant schedule	• Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	• Prevention and treatment of malaria, including the implementation of national strategic plan on malaria elimination
	<ul> <li>To enable the health sector to prevent cervical cancer by making available Human Papillomavirus (HPV)</li> </ul>
	vaccinations to all eligible girls aged 9-14 years with a single dose of HPV vaccine in all settings
	<ul> <li>To improve access to community based primary health care services through ward based primary health care</li> </ul>
	outreach teams
Grant purpose	• To enable the health sector to develop and implement an effective malaria response in support of the
	implementation of the national strategic plan on malaria elimination
	• To enable the health sector to prevent cervical cancer by making available HPV vaccinations to all eligible
	girls aged 9-14 years with a single dose of HPV vaccine in all settings
	• To ensure provision of quality community outreach services through ward based primary health care outreach teams by ensuring community health workers receive remuneration, tools of trade and training in
	line with scope of work
Outcome statements	Improved implementation of malaria strategies in support of malaria elimination efforts
	<ul> <li>90 per cent of girls aged 9-14 years are vaccinated with a single dose of HPV vaccine in all settings</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>90 per cent of schools with eligible girls reached with a single dose during the multi-aged cohort campaign</li> </ul>
	and in all settings
	Progressive integration of HPV vaccinations into the integrated school health programme
	• Improved access to quality primary health care services at community level with a focus on preventive and
	promotive care, screening for health conditions and referral for relevant services
Outputs	• Malaria:
	• number of malaria-endemic municipalities with 95 per cent or more indoor residual spray coverage
	<ul> <li>percentage of confirmed malaria cases notified within 24 hours of diagnosis in endemic areas</li> <li>percentage of confirmed malaria cases investigated and classified within 72 hours in endemic areas</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>percentage of confirmed malaria cases investigated and classified within 72 hours in endemic areas</li> <li>percentage of identified health facilities with recommended malaria treatment in stock</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>percentage of identified health workers trained on malaria elimination</li> </ul>
	o percentage of population reached through malaria information education and communication on malaria
	prevention and early health-seeking behaviour interventions
	<ul> <li>percentage of vacant funded malaria positions filled as outlined in the business plan</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>number of malaria camps refurbished and/or constructed</li> </ul>
	• HPV vaccination:
	<ul> <li>90 per cent of girls aged 9-14 years are vaccinated with a single dose of HPV vaccine in all settings</li> <li>90 per cent of schools with aligible girls reached with a single dose during the multi-aged school action of the single dose during the multi-aged school action of the single dose during the school action of the single dose during the single dose during the school action of the school action of the single dose during the school action of the</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>90 per cent of schools with eligible girls reached with a single dose during the multi-aged cohort campaign and in all settings (in and out of schools)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Community outreach services:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>number of community health workers receiving a stipend</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>number of community health workers trained</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>number of HIV clients lost to follow-up traced</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>number of TB clients lost to follow-up traced</li> </ul>
<b>D</b> : '/ C /	<ul> <li>number of households 1st and follow-up visits conducted</li> </ul>
Priority of government that this grant primarily	• Priority 3: Education, skills and health
contributes to	
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
	Inputs
	Key activities
Conditions	The following priority areas must be supported through the grant:
	• Programme management strengthening for malaria elimination through hiring of staff for approved malaria
	posts
	Establishment of malaria response core groups or teams
	Malaria elimination acceleration strategies
	<ul> <li>implementation of activities under the foci clearing programme</li> <li>malaria drug officiary and argitures manituring</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>malaria drug efficacy and resistance monitoring</li> <li>malaria insecticide resistance monitoring</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Malaria surveillance, prevention and treatment</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Mataria surveinance, prevention and treatment</li> <li>mobile active testing units</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>testing and treating through active testing in the community</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>health promotion activities which address indoor residual spraying importance</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>health promotion activities to promote preventative measures to be taken during travel to endemic areas</li> </ul>
	and treatment seeking behavior
	Malaria vector control
	<ul> <li>entomological surveillance during routine surveillance and foci investigations</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>indoor residual spraying</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>integrated vector management activities</li> <li>improvement of index provided activities</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>improvement of indoor residual spray camp infrastructure</li> </ul>

	District Health Programmes Grant: District Health Component
	• Provinces must maintain funding for malaria from their equitable share at 2016/17 levels, as adjusted for
	<ul><li> A maximum of 3 per cent of each allocation of this grant may be utilised for administration costs related to</li></ul>
	malaria, HPV, and community outreach services programmes
	• Social mobilisation to promote the uptake of the HPV vaccination to prevent cervical cancer should be done
	<ul><li>as part of the integrated school health programme</li><li>The grant must be used for the implementation of the ward based primary health care outreach teams policy</li></ul>
	framework and strategy
	• All contracted non-governmental organisations receiving funding from this grant for community outreach services must have a service level agreement with the relevant provincial department of health including
	<ul> <li>performance indicators. This is applicable to Western Cape only as per the standing arrangement</li> <li>Provinces that make transfer payments to non-governmental organisations for the community outreach</li> </ul>
	services programme should follow the stipulations of section 8.4 of the Treasury Regulations and section 38(1)(j) of the Public Finance Management Act
	• For community outreach services, the grant can only fund the maximum of the community health worker
	stipend and any adjustment in line with the cost-of-living adjustment as approved and gazetted by the Department of Employment and Labour
	<ul> <li>The following is the allocation for all the programmes funded from this grant:</li> </ul>
	HPV vaccination Malaria Community Outreach Services
	• Eastern Cape:R44 millionR211 million• Free State:R15 millionR155 million
	• Gauteng: R36 million R582 million
	• KwaZulu-Natal: R58 million R18 million R661 million
	<ul> <li>Limpopo: R35 million R75 million R425 million</li> <li>Mpumalanga: R23 million R31 million R328 million</li> </ul>
	• Northern Cape: R6 million R114 million
	oNorth West:R17 millionR298 millionoWestern Cape:R25 millionR226 million
	<ul> <li>Western Cape: R25 million R226 million</li> <li>The above allocations must be linked to an objective segment on the basic accounting system</li> </ul>
	Approval to shift funds between programmes is vested with the transferring officer and should be
Allocation criteria	<ul> <li>communicated with National Treasury</li> <li>Allocations are based on malaria incidence and provincial equitable share allocations in endemic provinces,</li> </ul>
Anocation criteria	• Anocations are based on marana incidence and provincial equitable share anocations in endemic provinces, the number of girls aged 9-14 years from the education management information system in each province,
	the population numbers post-demarcation, assessment of the need in different provinces and the availability of funds
Reasons not incorporated	<ul> <li>Malaria is a key national priority, and a seasonal disease, and requires a coordinated response during defined</li> </ul>
in equitable share	periods for all endemic provinces which is most effectively achieved through a conditional grant and not all
	<ul><li>provinces are affected</li><li>Cervical cancer is a high national priority and requires uniform implementation to achieve the minimum</li></ul>
	coverage of 90 per cent and have the desired impact of significantly reducing incidences of cervical cancer
	• The approval of the policy in 2018 formalised the community health workers programme as a component of
	primary health care and as a national priority. The implementation of the policy requires a focused approach to implementation and monitoring to achieve the desired outputs and outcomes on defined health indicators
Past performance	2023/24 audited financial outcomes
	Malaria: allocated and transferred R108 million to provinces, of which R106 million (98 per cent) was spent     hutha and of the form aid user
	<ul> <li>by the end of the financial year</li> <li>HPV vaccination: allocated and transferred R225 million to provinces, of which R210 million (93 per cent)</li> </ul>
	was spent by the end of the financial year
	• Community Outreach Services: allocated and transferred R2.6 billion to provinces, of which R2.5 billion (97 per cent) was spent by the end of the financial year
	2023/24 service delivery performance
	Malaria:
	<ul> <li>18 out of the 20 targeted municipalities reached above 95 per cent of the indoor residual spray coverage</li> <li>33 per cent of all the confirmed cases were notified with 24 hours of diagnosis in the endemic districts</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>80 per cent of the confirmed cases were investigated and classified within 72 hours in the endemic districts</li> </ul>
	• 100 per cent of identified health facilities had the recommended treatment in stock
	<ul> <li>90 per cent of all identified health workers trained on malaria elimination</li> <li>90 per cent of the population were reached through malaria information education and communication</li> </ul>
	campaigns
	<ul> <li>90 per cent of vacant funded malaria positions were filled</li> <li>6 malaria camps were refurbished and/or constructed</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>HPV vaccination:</li> </ul>
	• 97 per cent of schools with grade five girls reached by the HPV vaccination team with one dose, with all
	<ul> <li>provinces reaching above 90 per cent of schools</li> <li>88.6 per cent of grade five school girls vaccinated for HPV with one dose with all provinces above 80 per</li> </ul>
	cent learners vaccinated with HPV vaccine
	• The national advisory group for immunization recommended the one dose vaccines to all girls. For the
	2023/24 financial year HPV vaccination campaign, all girls in public schools were vaccinated with only one dose

	District Health Programmes Grant: District Health Component
	<ul> <li>Community Outreach Services:         <ul> <li>42 500 community health workers receiving stipend</li> <li>22 895 community health workers trained</li> <li>815 041 HIV defaulters traced</li> <li>99 672 TB defaulters traced</li> <li>14 million households 1st and follow-up visits conducted (new indicator)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Projected life	Grant will continue until 2027/28, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2025/26: R3.4 billion; 2026/27: R3.6 billion; and 2027/28: R3.7 billion
Payment schedule	Monthly instalments based on the approved payment schedule
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and receiving officer	<ul> <li>Responsibilities of the national department</li> <li>Visit provinces twice a year to monitor implementation and provide support</li> <li>Report to the National Treasury on an additional set of indicators if and when agreed upon between the two departments</li> <li>Meet with National Treasury to review grant performance twice a year</li> <li>Manage the contracts for HPV vaccines and the supporting information systems</li> <li>Monitor and support provincial planning and implementation and reporting</li> <li>Strengthen the capacity of provinces to deliver the HPV vaccination programme</li> <li>Submission of quarterly reports to the National Treasury as prescribed by the 2025 Division of Revenue Act (DoRA) and monthly expenditure with variance explanations in terms of the Public Finance Management Act</li> <li>Approved business plans must be submitted by the national Department of Health (DoH) to National Treasury by 28 March 2025</li> <li>Responsibilities of provincial departments</li> <li>The business plan, signed by the receiving officer and in the prescribed format, must be submitted to the transferring officer by 28 February 2025</li> <li>Quarterly financial and performance output reports to be submitted within 30 days following the reporting period using standard formats as determined by the national department, including measurable objectives and performance targets as agreed with DoH. Reports must include budgets and expenditure under both provincial health departments must provide DoH with full and unrestricted access to all records and data related to the programme</li> <li>Assign a dedicated official the responsibility for managing the grant and related components</li> <li>Where possible, utilise existing human resource and transport capacity at all relevant levels and augment capacity where needed on a contractual basis</li> <li>Provide a list of contracted non-governmental organisations that will provide services</li> <li>Include the indicators in the provincial annual performance plans and en</li></ul>
Process for approval of 2026/27 business plans	<ul> <li>district health information system and that there is accordance between the metrics in the district health information system and the 2025 DoRA reporting for community outreach services</li> <li>Submission of a draft business plan to DoH by 31 October 2025</li> <li>Submission of final business plans to the DoH by 27 February 2026</li> <li>Submission of final business plans to National Treasury by 31 March 2026</li> </ul>

	Health Facility Revitalisation Grant
Transferring department	Health (Vote 18)
Grant schedule	• Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	• To enable provinces to plan, manage, and transform health infrastructure in line with national and provincial policy objectives
Grant purpose	<ul> <li>To help to accelerate maintenance, renovations, upgrades, additions, and construction of infrastructure in health</li> <li>To help on replacement and commissioning of health technology in existing and revitalised health facilities</li> <li>To enhance capacity to deliver health infrastructure</li> <li>To accelerate the fulfilment of the requirements of occupational health and safety</li> </ul>
Outcome statements	<ul> <li>Improved service delivery by provincial departments as a result of an enhanced and better quality of health services</li> <li>Improved quality and quantity of well-maintained health infrastructure (backlog and preventative maintenance)</li> <li>Improved rates of employment and skills development in the delivery of infrastructure</li> <li>Value for money and cost-effective design of facilities in line with the framework for infrastructure procurement and delivery management</li> </ul>
Outputs	<ul> <li>Number of primary health care facilities constructed or revitalised</li> <li>Number of hospitals constructed or revitalised</li> <li>Number of facilities maintained or refurbished</li> </ul>
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 3: Education, skills and health
Details contained in the business plan	<ul> <li>The business plan for this grant consists of the following:         <ul> <li>the user-asset management plan for at least 10 years</li> <li>infrastructure programme management plan over the 2025 medium term expenditure framework (MTEF) including a list of projects</li> <li>annual implementation plan</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Conditions	<ul> <li>Projects should be initiated in terms of the control framework of the framework for infrastructure procurement and delivery management stage one which requires an initiation report. Pre-feasibility and feasibility reports are required for all projects</li> <li>With the exception of funding for costs incurred on stages one and two of the framework for infrastructure procurement and delivery management, projects (business case, project brief and design for all new or replacement facilities and upgrades or additions projects that need licensing) must be approved by the national transferring officer before funds can be released for such projects</li> <li>The management and procurement of all projects funded through this grant must follow the prescripts of the infrastructure delivery management system and framework for infrastructure procurement and delivery management</li> <li>Provinces may utilise a portion of grant funding for the appointment of public servants on a permanent basis to their infrastructure units in line with human resource capacitation circular published annually by National Treasury</li> <li>In instances where the capacity of the provincial departments of public works is deemed insufficient, the provincial department of health will be entitled to engage alternative implementing agents, provided that supply chain management processes as prescribed in the Treasury Regulations for appointment of service providers are followed</li> <li>Provincial departments of health must enter into a service delivery agreement with their implementing agents</li> <li>Appropriately qualified built environment representatives from the provincial departments' infrastructure units must assist in the procurement of professional service providers and contractors by its implementing agent. Hrough representation as a member on the specification, evaluation and adjudication committees of the implementing agent</li> <li>New facilities will only be funded from the grant if proof of operational budget that includes the</li></ul>
Allocation criteria	Allocations for 2025/26 are project and performance based
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	• Funding infrastructure through a conditional grant enables the national department to ensure the delivery, rehabilitation, maintenance and upgrading of health infrastructure in a coordinated and efficient manner and to ensure consistency with national norms, standards and guidelines for health facilities
Past performance	<ul> <li>2023/24 audited financial outcomes</li> <li>Of the R6.7 billion available and transferred to provinces, R6.7 billion (100 per cent) was spent by provinces</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>2023/24 service delivery performance</li> <li>49 primary health care facilities constructed or revitalised</li> <li>29 hospitals constructed or revitalised</li> <li>299 public health care facilities (clinics, hospitals, nursing colleges, emergency medical service base) maintained, repaired and/or refurbished</li> </ul>
Projected life	• Health is a key government priority and given the need to continually maintain health infrastructure to ensure that norms and standards are maintained, the grant is expected to remain in place until at least the end of the 2025 MTEF
MTEF allocations	• 2025/26: R7.2 billion; 2026/27 R7.6 billion; and 2027/28: R8.2 billion
Payment schedule	Transfers are made on a quarterly basis in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and receiving officer	<ul> <li>Responsibilities of the national department</li> <li>Coordinate and facilitate site visits</li> <li>Attend quarterly provincial infrastructure progress review meetings with National Treasury</li> </ul>
	Provide guidance to provinces on planning, prioritisation and evaluating of user-asset management plan, infrastructure

	Health Facility Revitalisation Grant
	programme management plan, annual implementation plan, project proposals and concept reports that provinces develop and submit
	<ul> <li>Capital transfers to provinces (planned, actual and revised) related to this conditional grant must be reported in the</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Capital transfers to provinces (planned, actual and revised) related to this conditional grant must be reported in the national infrastructure reporting model</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Review if provinces comply with the framework for infrastructure procurement and delivery management</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Issue guidelines on the capacitation process of infrastructure units, as well as the conditions attached to the utilisation</li> </ul>
	of funds
	• National Department of Health (DoH) and National Treasury must jointly evaluate progress with capacitation of provincial infrastructure units and provide feedback to all provinces
	• DoH must submit quarterly infrastructure reports to National Treasury, according to the template agreed between
	National Treasury and DoH within 45 days after the end of each quarter
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	Provincial departments must hold progress review meetings with the relevant implementing agents
	• Annual implementation plans (which include an equipment list) signed-off by the head of department, sent to the DoH for approval by 28 February 2025
	• The 2025 MTEF project list as captured in the annual implementation plan for both current and capital budgets should cover:
	o planned and unplanned maintenance of infrastructure, except day-to-day maintenance
	<ul> <li>renovations, upgrading and additions of infrastructure</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>new and replacement of infrastructure</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>health technology provision</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>quality assurance interventions linked to infrastructure projects</li> </ul>
	• Provinces must submit to DoH quarterly reports for all projects funded in the 2025/26 financial year in this grant to the infrastructure reporting model through the project management information system
	• Provinces must report infrastructure projects and related infrastructure support funded through this conditional grant in the provincial infrastructure reporting model monthly and quarterly
	• Provincial departments of health must align infrastructure plans (user-asset management plan and infrastructure
	programme management plan) with their respective strategic plans and annual performance plans
	• Provinces will include or transfer to the Department of Public Works and Infrastructure the list of completed projects to be part of their asset register
	• Provinces should undertake life cycle maintenance as well as the full operation, staffing and management of the
	projects in facilities completed under this grant
Process for approval of	• The process for approval for the 2026 MTEF will be in line with the performance-based incentive approach guidelines
2026/27 business plans	published by National Treasury and DoH
	• Submission of the user-asset management plan for 2026/27 to National Treasury and DoH by 27 June 2025
	• Submission of the infrastructure programme management plan for 2026/27 to National Treasury and DoH by 29 August 2025
	• Submission of the final 2026/27 project list aligned with the MTEF allocations and annual implementation plan by
	27 February 2026

Transforming department	Human Resources and Training Grant
Transferring department Grant schedule	Health (Vote 18)     Schedule 5. Part A
Strategic goal	<ul> <li>Schedule 5, Part A</li> <li>To contribute to the implementation of the national human resource plan for health through the clinical</li> </ul>
Strategie goai	training and supervision of health science trainees in designated public health facilities in South Africa
	• Effective implementation of the human resources for health strategy and health workforce capacity
	development for sustainable service delivery
Grant purpose	• To appoint statutory positions in the health sector for systematic realisation of the human resources for health
	strategy and the phase-in of National Health Insurance
	• Support provinces to fund service costs associated with clinical training and supervision of health science
2	trainees on the public service platform
Outcome statements	Progressive realisation of the national human resource plan for health
	• Clinical training and supervision capacity established in designated developmental provinces (Eastern Cape,
	Limpopo, Mpumalanga, Northern Cape, and North West)
Outputs	<ul> <li>Enhanced access to healthcare services by addressing critical skills shortages in underserved communities</li> <li>Number and percentage of statutory posts funded from this grant (per category and discipline) and other</li> </ul>
Outputs	• Number and percentage of statutory posts funded from this grant (per category and discipline) and other funding sources
	<ul> <li>Number and percentage of registrars' posts funded from this grant (per discipline) and other funding sources</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Number and percentage of registrars' posts funded from this grant (per discipline) and other funding sources</li> <li>Number and percentage of specialists' posts funded from this grant (per discipline) and other funding sources</li> </ul>
Priority of government	<ul> <li>Priority 3: Education, skills and health</li> </ul>
that this grant primarily	
contributes to	
Details contained in the	• Non-financial business plan - number of specialists, registrars, medical officers, clinical supervisors/tutors
business plan	per category in nursing, emergency medical services, allied health, pharmacy and grant administration staff
	funded from the grant
	Financial business plan – allocation by economic classification to each category of clinical trainer/supervisor
Conditions	• Cost of administration of the grant must not exceed 1 per cent of the total grant allocation
	• This grant has two components
	<ul> <li>Statutory Human Resources Component</li> <li>The statutory human resources component must only be utilised for funding of statutory posts</li> </ul>
	Training Component
	<ul> <li>The training component must prioritise all registrar posts and the balance of the allocation may be utilised</li> </ul>
	for specialist (supervisors) and other approved categories
	<ul> <li>Additional funds have been allocated for the developmental portion and the breakdown per province is as</li> </ul>
	follows:
	• Eastern Cape: R9 million
	<ul> <li>Limpopo: R5 million</li> </ul>
	o Mpumalanga: R4 million
	• Northern Cape: R3 million
	• North West: R4 million
	<ul> <li>The developmental allocation will be withheld and transferred to other developmental provinces if a province fails to spend these funds. Developmental allocations are only applicable to the training and development</li> </ul>
	component
Allocation criteria	Statutory Human Resources component allocations are based on the following criteria:
	<ul> <li>provinces with greatest needs have been prioritised</li> </ul>
	• number of statutory posts
	<ul> <li>future projections of professional production versus need</li> </ul>
	Training component is based on historical allocations and spending patterns
Reasons not incorporated	• Provinces give effect to the national human resource strategy through the clinical training and supervision
in equitable share	of health science trainees on the public health service platform
	National coordination is needed for health science training
	• To ensure that the additional human resources funded through this component address unmet health needs
	as opposed to perpetuating historical allocation patterns
D 4 6	Allocation of medical interns and community service applicants is a national function
Past performance	2023/24 audited financial outcomes
	• Statutory Human Resources component: allocated and transferred R2.7 billion to provinces, of which R2.7 billion (99.1 per cent) was spent by the end of the financial year
	• Training component: allocated and transferred R2.8 billion to provinces, of which R2.8 billion
	(99.9 per cent) was spent by the end of the financial year
	2023/24 service delivery performance
	• 2 546 statutory medical interns posts funded from this grant and other funding sources
	<ul> <li>7 688 statutory community service posts funded from this grant and other funding sources</li> </ul>
	• 3 281 registrars posts funded from this grant and other funding sources
	• 3 266 specialist posts funded from this grant and other funding sources
Projected life	• The grant is subject to review at the end of 2027/28. Its projected life will be guided by the need for health
·	science trainees to be trained and supervised on the public health service platform
MTEF allocations	• Total allocation in 2025/26: R5.6 billion; 2026/27: R5.9 billion; and 2027/28: R6.2 billion, of which
	o Statutory Human Resources component: 2025/26: R2.6 billion; 2026/27: R2.8 billion; and
	2027/28: R2.9 billion
	<ul> <li>Training component: 2025/26: R3 billion; 2026/27: R3.2 billion; and 2027/28: R3.3 billion</li> </ul>

	Human Resources and Training Grant
Payment schedule	Monthly instalments as per approved payment schedule
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and receiving officer	• National Department of Health (DoH) to submit approved business plans to the National Treasury by 28 March 2025
	<ul> <li>Convene at least one annual meeting of national or provincial and facility programme managers</li> <li>Monitor the number of health science trainers/clinical supervisors that are responsible for health science training on the public health service delivery platform</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Conduct a minimum of one site visit to provinces and site visits to selected facilities on a rotational basis</li> <li>Submission of quarterly financial and non-financial performance reports to National Treasury</li> </ul>
	Meet with National Treasury to review the performance of the grant twice a year
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	• Provinces are to submit an approved business plan in the prescribed format signed by the provincial head of department to the DoH by 24 February 2025
	Provinces are encouraged to maintain a separate budget for each benefiting facility/cluster
	Monitor the implementation of the grant and report quarterly to DoH
	<ul> <li>Provincial health departments must provide DoH with full and unrestricted access to all records and data related to the programme and to facilities to implement systems</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>All developmental provinces must ring-fence the developmental allocation and report on expenditure and implementation progress in their quarterly reports</li> </ul>
	• To report on the number of clinical supervisors associated with clinical training and supervision of students, funded on the public health service delivery platform:
	<ul> <li>number of specialists</li> </ul>
	o number of registrars
	<ul> <li>number of medical officers</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>number of clinical associates</li> <li>number of cardon ductor</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>number of postgraduates</li> <li>number of clinical supervisors/trainers per category in nursing, emergency medical services and allied</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>number of clinical supervisors/trainers per category in nursing, emergency medical services and allied health and pharmacy</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>number of grant administration staff</li> </ul>
Process for approval of	<ul> <li>Draft business plans for 2026/27 must be submitted in the approved format by 31 October 2025</li> </ul>
2026/27 business plans	<ul> <li>Completion of an approved business plan, in the prescribed format, signed by each receiving officer by 27 February 2026 and the transferring officer by 31 March 2026</li> </ul>

	National Health Insurance Grant
Transferring department	Health (Vote 18)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	• To achieve universal health access through the phased implementation of National Health Insurance (NHI)
<u> </u>	and to improve access to quality health care services
Grant purpose	• To expand the health care service benefits through the strategic purchasing of services from health care providers
Outcome statements	<ul> <li>Implementation of strategic purchasing platform for primary health care providers</li> <li>Strengthen mental health care service delivery in primary health care and community-based mental health services</li> </ul>
Outputs	Improved forensic mental health services  Health Professionals Contracting
Outputs	Number of health care providers contracted
	<ul> <li>Number of sessions covered by contracted health care providers</li> </ul>
	Mental Health
	• Number of mental health care providers contracted (per category: psychiatrists, medical officers with a diploma in mental health or psychiatry, psychologists, registered counsellors, occupational therapists and, social workers
	Number of users seen by the contracted mental health care providers
	Number of forensic mental observations conducted by the contracted mental health care providers
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 3: Education, skills and health
Details contained in the	• Background of the grant, including service gaps that the health care providers contracted with the grant
business plan	will assist to address
	• Key activities and resources funded by the grant
	• Contracting models
	<ul> <li>Indicators and targets for each quarter. Indicators and targets must be aligned to the different health care providers contracted</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Monitoring and evaluation framework</li> </ul>
	Risk management plan
	Cash flow requirements
	<ul> <li>An appendix with all contracts and related documents</li> </ul>
Conditions	<ul> <li>A health care provider cannot be contracted with any component of the NHI Grant if they are not registered and in good standing with a relevant South African statutory professional council. This council must recognise all relevant qualifications of the health care provider</li> <li>All health care providers contracted must primarily render direct patient clinical interventions</li> <li>The funding from this grant should be used to:         <ul> <li>test contracting models to purchase primary health care services. With approval from the transferring officer, provinces may consider alternative health care service benefits, delivery platforms and delivery models</li> <li>contract with individual health care providers, health establishments or multidisciplinary teams of primary health care providers. Different models of contracting are encouraged to enable strategic purchasing. Funds may be used to test capitation models within proof-of-concept contracting units for primary health care</li> <li>contract with mental health care providers to deliver mental health care services at primary health care level, and to assist with forensic mental observations. Psychiatrists, medical officers with a diploma in mental health or psychiatry psychologists, registered counsellors, occupational therapists and social workers are the only categories of mental health care providers that are funded for mental health:</li></ul></li></ul>
	<ul> <li>of-trade' to enable the work of the contracted health care providers</li> <li>Approval to shift funds between programmes is vested with the transferring officer and any shift should be communicated with National Treasury</li> </ul>
Allocation criteria	<ul> <li>Allocations are based on         <ul> <li>historical allocations</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>user and provider needs</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>number of health care providers contracted</li> </ul>

	National Health Insurance Grant
	<ul> <li>number of patients reported</li> </ul>
	o past expenditure
<b>Reasons not incorporated</b>	• Capitation contracting of providers and establishments for primary health care service provision will be the
in equitable share	primary method of reimbursement under the NHI. Towards successful implementation of the NHI,
	dedicated funding to test and improve these processes is necessary
Past performance	2023/24 audited financial outcomes
	• Of the R694 million made available for the grant, R694 million (100 per cent) was spent
	2023/24 service delivery performance
	476 health care providers contracted
	257 976 users seen by contracted mental health care providers at primary health care level
Projected life	Expected to remain in place until the NHI Fund is created through legislation
MTEF allocations	• 2025/26: R467 million; 2026/27: R476 million; and 2027/28: R497 million
Payment schedule	Payments will be made monthly in line with the approved payment schedule
<b>Responsibilities of the</b>	Responsibilities of national department
transferring officer and	Provide oversight and support to provincial departments to ensure achievement of the grant outcomes
receiving officer	Submission of quarterly financial and non-financial performance reports to the National Treasury
	Business Plans must be submitted to National Treasury by 3 April 2025
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	Facilitate the achievement of grant outputs
	• Ensure that the provision and funding of existing programmes and services continues and is not substituted by the implementation of this grant
	• Provincial departments of health must provide the transferring officers with full and unrestricted access to all records and data related to the programme and to accommodate oversight site visits
	• Contract management must be done internally by the receiving officers
	Receiving officers must perform adequate monitoring and evaluation of the programme
	• Submission of quarterly financial and non-financial performance reports to the transferring officer not later than 30 days after the end of the quarter
	• Submission of an annual financial and non-financial performance report to the transferring officer not later than 60 days after the end of the financial year
Process for approval of	Provinces must submit a draft business plan to the transferring officer by 31 October 2025
2026/27 business plans	• Provinces must submit a final approved business plan to the transferring officer by 27 February 2026
	<ul> <li>Submission of approved business plan by the transferring officer to the National Treasury by 31 March 2026</li> </ul>

	National Health Insurance Indirect Grant
Transferring department	Health (Vote 18)
Grant schedule	Schedule 6, Part A
Strategic goal	<ul> <li>To strengthen the public health care system in preparation for implementation of National Health Insurance (NHI), design of NHI through innovative testing of new reforms and to improve quality of services at primary health care facilities</li> <li>To achieve universal health access through the phased implementation of NHI and to improve access to quality health care services</li> <li>To ensure appropriate health infrastructure that is in line with national and provincial policy objectives</li> <li>This grant has two components: <ul> <li>health facility revitalisation component</li> <li>health systems component</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Grant purpose	<ul> <li>To create an alternative track to improve spending, performance as well as monitoring and evaluation on infrastructure in preparation for NHI</li> <li>To enhance capacity and capability to deliver infrastructure for NHI</li> <li>To accelerate the fulfilment of the requirements of occupational health and safety</li> <li>To implement the centralised models for the dispensing and distribution of chronic medication</li> <li>Develop and roll-out new health information systems in preparation for NHI</li> <li>Enable the health sector to address the deficiencies in the primary health care facilities systematically through the implementation of the ideal clinic programme</li> <li>To expand the healthcare service benefits through the strategic purchasing of services from health care providers</li> </ul>
Outcome statements	As specified in the two component frameworks
Outputs	As specified in the two component frameworks
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	• Priority 3: Education, skills and health
Details contained in the business plan	As specified in the two component frameworks
Conditions	As specified in the two component frameworks
Allocation criteria	As specified in the two component frameworks
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	As specified in the two component frameworks
Past performance	2023/24 audited financial outcome
	As specified in the two component frameworks
	2023/24 service delivery performance
R + / 11/4	As specified in the two component frameworks
Projected life	Subject to policy developments that will be finalised as part of the implementation of NHI
MTEF allocations	<ul> <li>2025/26: R3.3 billion; 2026/27: R2.6 billion and 2027/28: R2.6 billion of which the two components are:</li> <li>Health Facility Revitalisation Component: 2025/26: R2.5 billion; 2026/27: R1.8 billion and 2027/28: R1.8 billion</li> <li>Health Systems Component: 2025/26: R797 million; 2026/27: R820 million and 2027/28: R857 million</li> </ul>
Payment schedule	As specified in the two component frameworks
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and receiving officer	Responsibilities of the national department         • As specified in the two component frameworks         Responsibilities of provincial departments
<b>e</b> -	· · ·
Process for approval of	As specified in the two component frameworks
Process for approval of 2026/27 business plans	As specified in the two component frameworks

Nat	tional Health Insurance Indirect Grant: Health Facility Revitalisation Component
Transferring department	• Health (Vote 18)
Grant schedule	Schedule 6, Part A
Strategic goal	• To ensure appropriate health infrastructure that is in line with national and provincial policy objectives
Grant purpose	<ul> <li>To create an alternative track to improve spending, performance as well as monitoring and evaluation on infrastructure in preparation for National Health Insurance (NHI)</li> <li>To enhance capacity and capability to deliver infrastructure for NHI</li> </ul>
	To accelerate the fulfilment of the requirements of occupational health and safety
Outcome statements	<ul> <li>Appropriate procurement of service providers for infrastructure delivery for NHI</li> <li>Improved spending, performance, monitoring and evaluation of infrastructure projects for NHI</li> <li>Improved employment and skills development in the delivery of infrastructure for NHI</li> <li>Value for money and cost-effectively designed facilities in line with the framework for infrastructure delivery and procurement management</li> <li>Improved patient experience of care</li> </ul>
Outputs	<ul> <li>Number of primary health care facilities constructed or revitalised</li> <li>Number of hospitals constructed or revitalised</li> <li>Number of facilities maintained, repaired and/or refurbished</li> </ul>
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 3: Education, skills and health
Details contained in the business plan	<ul> <li>The infrastructure programme management plan for the 2025 medium term expenditure framework (MTEF) aligned to the infrastructure delivery management system and framework for infrastructure delivery and procurement management will be submitted on 31 March 2025 and will include the following:         <ul> <li>costed project lists with annual cash flow projections per project for the full duration of the projects on the programme</li> <li>projected milestones per project for framework for infrastructure delivery and procurement management control framework stages indicating current stage of the project</li> <li>project allocation list to the various implementing agents</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Conditions	<ul> <li>The national Department of Health (DoH) must, in consultation with the provinces, have in place an intergovernmental protocol framework covering the 2025 MTEF and outlining how the grant will operate as well as the responsibility and functions of each sphere. Project sheets will form part of the agreement</li> <li>Should there be an amendment to an existing protocol agreement, the amended agreement should be submitted to the National Treasury by 31 March 2025</li> <li>Prior to submitting the infrastructure programme management plan, each provincial department must have signed-off a project sheet for all projects funded from the grant which lists program name, sub programme or project name, facility associated, current status, projected status for the MTEF, expected stage at handover to the province and any high level comments associated</li> <li>With all new projects, DoH must comply with the framework for infrastructure delivery and procurement management processes</li> <li>Only projects that are aligned to priorities and needs as defined within the health infrastructure portfolio plan would be considered for implementation through this grant</li> <li>For projects with a total project cost exceeding R500 million, DoH must notify National Treasury when framework for infrastructure delivery and procurement management stage three is reached</li> <li>The grant component must only be spent on projects included in the infrastructure programme management plan and project lists signed by provinces. Projects can only be added after approval by the National Treasury</li> <li>Appropriately qualified built environment representatives from the national department must assist in the procurement of professional service providers and contractors by its implementing agent</li> <li>DoH may utilise a portion of grant funding for the appointment of public servants to their infrastructure units.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The amount that can be used for this is determined in terms of the conditions set in terms of the 2025 Appropriation Act</li> <li>All completed projects must have a close-out report with a documented maintenance plan</li> <li>New facilities will only be funded from the grant if proof of operational budget that includes the approved organisational structure (staff structure) is submitted prior to the approval of the clinical brief. Endorsement of the operational budget by the provincial treasury must be acquired as part of the approval</li> <li>An amount of R569 million is allocated to Limpopo through the Budget Facility for Infrastructure (BFI) for the construction of the Limpopo Academic Hospital in 2025/26. The amounts earmarked for Limpopo Academic Hospital may only be used for this project and are subject to the conditions set out in Annexure B of the 2018 MTEF allocation letter of the DoH</li> <li>An amount of R858 million is allocated Limpopo through the Budget Facility for Infrastructure for the construction of the Siloam District Hospital in 2025/26. The amount earmarked for Siloam District Hospital may only be used for this project and are subject to the conditions set out in Annexure B of the 2018 MTEF allocation letter of the DoH</li> </ul>
Allocation criteria	<ul> <li>Allocations for 2025/26 are project based</li> <li>Allocation is dependent on the existence of a signed and agreed to implementation protocol agreements</li> </ul>
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	<ul> <li>Allocation for budget adjustment is dependent on project performance and associated priority</li> <li>Funding infrastructure through an indirect conditional grant enables the national department to ensure the delivery and maintenance of health infrastructure in a coordinated and efficient manner that is consistent with national norms, standards and guidelines for health facilities</li> </ul>
Past performance	<ul> <li>2023/24 audited financial outcomes</li> <li>Allocated R1.3 billion, of which R1.3 billion (101 per cent) was spent by the end of the financial year (including the earmarked allocation for Limpopo Academic Hospital)</li> </ul>

N	ational Health Insurance Indirect Grant: Health Facility Revitalisation Component
	2023/24 service delivery performance
	Two primary health care facilities constructed or revitalised
	Two hospitals constructed or revitalised
Projected life	• NHI is a key government priority and given the need to continually maintain health infrastructure and ensure
MTEE - 11 4*	that norms and standards are maintained, the grant will continue over the 2025 MTEF, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2025/26: R2.5 billion; 2026/27: R1.8 billion; and 2027/28: R1.8 billion
Payment schedule	• Estimated monthly cashflow forecast available on all projects implemented through the grant
	Monthly payments made according to verified and approved invoices from the services providers for projects
	that are implemented by the department. Quarterly tranche payments are made to implementing agents
	responsible for other projects
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	Build and demonstrate the capacity necessary to manage this grant
receiving officer	• Ensure alignment between the infrastructure programme management plan and the annual performance plan
	• Undertake the infrastructure development cycle as per the framework for infrastructure delivery and
	procurement management
	Convene progress review committees with appropriate reporting and invite National Treasury and provinces
	• DoH must maintain an up-to-date database (project management information system), with all contracts that are fully or partially funded by this grant
	<ul> <li>DoH must report infrastructure projects implemented with voted funds in the national infrastructure reporting model within 22 days after the end of the quarter</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Collaboration and coordination with provincial departments of health for the full development cycle of infrastructure development in respect of projects funded by this grant</li> </ul>
	• In instances where the capacity of the DoH and the provincial department are deemed insufficient, DoH is entitled to engage alternative implementing agents, provided that supply chain management processes as prescribed in the Treasury Regulations for the appointment of service providers are followed. In those cases,
	<ul> <li>service level agreements between DoH and the implementing agent must be in place</li> <li>DoH must convene quarterly progress review committee meetings with all project managers and implementing agents for monitoring and oversight of the performance of all funded projects. National Treasury should be invited to the meetings</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Provide provincial departments of health with progress of the projects under this grant for inclusion in provincial annual reports</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>DoH must submit quarterly infrastructure reports to National Treasury, according to the agreed template between National Treasury and DoH, within 45 days after the end of each quarter</li> </ul>
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	<ul> <li>Provide accurate and detailed clinical brief to projects defining the need of projects. This should include any prefeasibility and feasibility works to obtain sufficient approval of projects</li> </ul>
	• Participate in design and delivery activities of projects implemented within their provinces as part of the grant. This includes facilitation of issues and risks mitigation under their ambit of control
	• Be responsive and time conscious in the review and validation of project deliverables on the critical path of the projects undertaken through the grant
	• Ensure that sufficient budget is made available for the staffing, operationalisation and maintenance of facilities post works
	• Ensure that the completed projects are included in the asset registers of the provincial custodian of state- owned facilities
	• Undertake life cycle maintenance as well as the full operation, staffing and management of the facilities completed under this grant by the DoH
	• All immovable asset management and maintenance responsibilities of the completed projects under this gran as prescribed by the Government Immovable Asset Management Act of 2007 rests with the provinces
	<ul> <li>Provinces should report on progress of the projects under this grant in their annual reports and describe how these facilities have been considered in their future planning and budgeting. The projects must be included in the provincial user-asset management plans</li> </ul>
Process for approval of 2026/27 business plans	Submission of a draft infrastructure programme management plan to the National Treasury by 31 October 2025
2026/27 business plans	<ul> <li>Submission of the final infrastructure programme management plan to the National Treasury by 31 March 2026</li> </ul>
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	National Health Insurance Indirect Grant: Health Systems Component
Transferring department	• Health (Vote 18)
Grant schedule	• Schedule 6, Part A
Strategic goal	• To strengthen the public healthcare system in preparation for National Health Insurance (NHI)
	• To strengthen the design of NHI through innovative testing of new reforms
	• To improve the quality of services at primary health care facilities
Grant purpose	<ul> <li>To improve the quality of services in health care facilities</li> <li>To expand the alternative models for the dispensing and distribution of chronic medication</li> </ul>
Grant purpose	<ul> <li>To expand the alternative models for the dispensing and distribution of chronic medication</li> <li>To develop and roll out new health information systems in preparation for NHI, including human resource</li> </ul>
	for health information systems
	• To enable the health sector to address the deficiencies in primary health care facilities systematically and to
	yield fast results through the implementation of the ideal clinic programme
	• To implement a quality improvement plan
Outcome statements	• Improved access to and quality of healthcare through:
	<ul> <li>expansion of the alternative dispensing and distribution model for chronic medication</li> </ul>
	• improved quality health services in all primary health care facilities through the ideal clinic programme
	<ul> <li>building and implementation of the enterprise architecture design for national health insurance digital information systems.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>information systems</li> <li>development and implementation of systems for medicines stock management and procurement</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>certification of all public health facilities by the Office of Health Standards Compliance (OHSC)</li> </ul>
Outputs	Alternative chronic medicine dispensing and distribution model implemented
	• Number of new and number of total patients registered in the programme, broken down by the following:
	o antiretroviral treatment
	<ul> <li>antiretroviral with co-morbidities</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>non-communicable diseases</li> </ul>
	• number of pickup points (state and non-state)
	Intern community service programme system maintained and improvements effected
	<ul> <li>Number and percentage of primary healthcare facilities peer reviewed against the ideal clinic standards</li> <li>Number and percentage of primary healthcare facilities achieving an ideal status</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Number of public health facilities implementing the health patient registration system</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Number of public health facilities implementing the health patient registration system</li> <li>Number and percentage of the population registered on the health patient registration system</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>National data centre hosting environment for NHI information systems established, managed and maintained</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Development and implementation of the master facility list policy</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Number of primary healthcare facilities implementing an electronic stock monitoring system</li> </ul>
	• Number of hospitals implementing an electronic stock management system
	• Number of fixed health establishments reporting medicines availability to the national surveillance centre
	Number of quality learning centres established
	• Number of facilities improving their baseline OHSC scores (or other approved quality metrics)
	Number of proof-of-concept contracting units for primary health care established
	• Number of engagements towards developing contracting units for primary health care
	Number of frameworks drafted to enable strategic purchasing
Priority of government	• Priority 3: Education, skills and health
that this grant primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the	Input, output indicators and outcome indicators
business plan	<ul> <li>Milestones with projected dates when this will be achieved</li> </ul>
r i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	• Description of how the project will be managed including the roles and responsibilities of national and
	provincial departments
	Key activities and resource schedule
	Monitoring and evaluation plan
	Risk management plans and cash flow projections
Conditions	• Completion of a business plan by the national Department of Health (DoH) signed by the transferring officer
	by 2 April 2025 and submitted to the National Treasury by 2 April 2025
	• All information systems developed and implemented under this grant component must comply with the intercomputitive normal and standards as approved by the national health council.
	interoperability norms and standards as approved by the national health council • No more than 3 per cent of this grant component may be used for grant administration
Allocation criteria	<ul> <li>No more than 3 per cent of this grant component may be used for grant administration</li> <li>The alternative chronic care medication dispensing and distribution model allocations will be based on the</li> </ul>
inocation criteria	• The alternative chronic care medication dispensing and distribution model allocations will be based on the volume of patients per province
	<ul> <li>Ideal clinic allocation is based on the number of identified facilities and their needs in each province</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Information systems allocation is not allocated per province and will be utilised towards the development and</li> </ul>
	making sure that implementation is standardised across provinces, districts and public health facilities, and
	towards the establishment of unified health information and management of health commodities for the
	country
	• The proof-of-concept contracting units for primary health care programme allocation is based on the needs
	of the national project team, the provincial and contracting units for primary health care project teams, and
	the user and health care service provider needs within the proof-of-concept contracting units for primary
	health care

	National Health Insurance Indirect Grant: Health Systems Component
<b>Reasons not incorporated</b>	• The importance of central coordination in the development of models and the establishment of NHI to inform
in equitable share	ongoing NHI designs
	• Ideal clinic is a key national priority and requires a systematic implementation to achieve quality health care
	services • In line with the sections 74(1) and 74(2) of the National Health Act 61 of 2003, DoH has to develop and
	• In line with the sections 74(1) and 74(2) of the National Health Act of of 2005, Dort has to develop and coordinate all health information systems in the country. This is a complex programme with many facets that
	requires an iterative process of testing and implementation in a phased manner. This situation calls for
	dedicated funding which will allow for institutionalisation over time
Past performance	2023/24 audited financial outcomes
	• Of the R709 million made available, R652 million was spent (92.2 per cent) by the end of the financial year
	2023/24 service delivery performance
	Alternative chronic medicine dispensing, and distribution model implemented
	• 6.8 million new and total patients registered in the programme broken down
	• 1.8 million antiretroviral treatments
	• 464 603 antiretroviral with co-morbidities
	• 700 750 non-communicable diseases
	• 2 885 pickup points (non-state) and 3 543 health establishments (state) rendering the central chronic medicines dispensing and distribution service
	<ul> <li>21 primary health care facilities peer reviewed against ideal clinic standards (replaced by peer review updates</li> </ul>
	facilities of which achieved ideal status) and 242 peer reviewed updates
	• 2 706 and 104 per cent of primary health care facilities achieving an ideal status against target of 2600
	• 3 130 primary health care facilities and 76 hospitals implementing the health patient registration system
	• 65.4 million individuals from the population registered on the health patient registration system
	• 3 304 primary health care facilities implementing an electronic stock monitoring system
	• 376 hospitals implementing an electronic stock monitoring system
	• National data centre hosting environment for NHI information systems established, maintained and
	operational
	<ul> <li>First phase of the national health information centre platform completed</li> <li>3 862 fixed health establishments reporting medicine availability to the national surveillance centre</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Sold fixed fication establishments reporting incurcine availability to the national surveinance centre</li> <li>Nine proof-of-concept contracting units for primary health care established</li> </ul>
Projected life	<ul> <li>Subject to policy developments that will be finalised as part of the implementation of NHI</li> </ul>
MTEF allocations	2025/26: R797 million; 2026/27: R820 million; and 2027/28: R857 million
Payment schedule	Payments will be made according to verified invoices or advance payments in line with approved programme
	implementation plans from the service providers
	Monthly instalments which may be altered at the discretion of National Treasury based on invoices paid
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	• To establish contracts with service providers for the delivery of goods and services as necessary in the four
receiving officer	sub-components outlined above
	• Establish the necessary organisational structures and build capacity within the DoH to implement, oversee and monitor the execution of all approved projects using the 3 per cent administrative costs provision
	<ul> <li>Manage, monitor and support provincial programme planning and implementation</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Meet with the National Treasury to review the performance of the grant on a quarterly basis</li> </ul>
	• Strengthen the technical support to provinces to expand the programme
	• Strengthen the capacity of provinces to realise and maintain ideal clinic status
	• Maintain the ideal clinic and central chronic medicines dispensing and distribution software
	• Evaluate the impact of quality improvement activities and submit preliminary reports on progress to National
	Treasury and the Presidency by 29 July 2025 and 2 December 2025 and a final report by 31 March 2026
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	• Facilitate the achievement of grant outputs
	• Delegate person/s responsible for managing the ideal clinic programme, health patient registration system programme, medicines information systems and central chronic medicine dispensing and distribution,
	respectively
	• Provinces are responsible for ensuring medicines availability to service providers for the central chronic
	medicine dispensing and distribution programme aligned to the medicine's formulary
	• Ensure compliance with all reporting requirements and adherence to the provisions of service level
	agreements
	• Provincial health departments must provide DoH with full and unrestricted access to all records and data
	related to the programmes and to facilities to implement systems (monitoring and evaluation, storage space for filing arbitrate at a)
	<ul><li>for filing cabinets etc.)</li><li>Include performance indicators related the four sub-components in the provincial annual performance plans</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Include performance indicators related the four sub-components in the provincial annual performance plans</li> <li>Provinces must develop draft implementation plans to assume responsibility for the centralised chronic</li> </ul>
	medicines dispensing and distribution, ideal clinic and information systems
	<ul> <li>Submit quarterly performance reports to DoH</li> </ul>
Process for approval of	• Submission of the business plan signed by the transferring officer on 31 March 2026 to National Treasury
2026/27 business plans	
•	

	National Tertiary Services Grant
Transferring department	• Health (Vote 18)
Grant schedule	• Schedule 4, Part A
Strategic goal	• To enable provinces to plan, modernise, rationalise and transform the tertiary hospital service delivery platform
Grant purpose	<ul> <li>Ensure the provision of tertiary health services in South Africa</li> <li>To compare to tertiary facilities for the additional costs associated with the provision of these carvices</li> </ul>
Outcome statements	<ul> <li>To compensate tertiary facilities for the additional costs associated with the provision of these services</li> <li>Modernised and transformed tertiary services that allow for improved access and equity to address the</li> </ul>
outcome statements	burden of disease
	• Accelerated modernisation of tertiary services (new services) in developmental provinces (Eastern Cape,
	Limpopo, Mpumalanga and North West)
	Accelerated oncology infrastructure (Eastern Cape, KwaZulu-Natal, Limpopo, Mpumalanga, Northern     Cape, North Wast)
Outputs	Cape, North West) <ul> <li>Number of inpatient separations</li> </ul>
•	<ul> <li>Number of day patient separations</li> </ul>
	Number of outpatient first attendances
	Number of outpatient follow-up attendances
	Number of inpatient days
	• Average length of stay by facility (tertiary)
	<ul><li>Average length of stay by facility (psychiatry)</li><li>Bed utilisation rate by facility (tertiary)</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Bed utilisation rate by facility (return)</li> <li>Bed utilisation rate by facility (psychiatry)</li> </ul>
Priority of government	<ul> <li>Priority 3: Education, skills and health</li> </ul>
that this grant primarily	
contributes to	
Details contained in the business plan	• This grant uses business plans which are signed between the national Department of Health (DoH) and each
business plan	<ul> <li>provincial department of health and contain the following information:</li> <li>provincial and institutional budget allocations</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>tertiary services specifications (approved YES list) funded by the grant, by facility per province</li> </ul>
	o annual targets and baselines for funded specialists, specialised nurses, allied health, grant management,
	inpatient separations, inpatient days, day patient separations, outpatient first visits, outpatient follow up
	visits per facility per province per year
	<ul> <li>monitoring and reporting responsibilities</li> <li>validation and revision of data</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>deviations or changes to tertiary services</li> </ul>
	o referral responsibilities
	o approved business plan (including details on the developmental portion the modernisation of tertiary
	services portion and the oncology portion)
	<ul> <li>approved specialists funded from the grant (approved specialist detail list)</li> <li>national guidelines on definitions of tertiary services that may be funded by the grant</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>description of the planned use of the developmental allocations (only provinces who receive these)</li> </ul>
	o description of the planned use of the oncology developmental allocations (only provinces who receive
	this)
Conditions	• The grant allocation to each central/provincial tertiary facility must not exceed a maximum of 65 per cent
	of the total facility budget
	• To facilitate the acceleration of modernisation of tertiary services in developmental provinces, up to 10 per cent of the provincial grant allocation should be used for the development of tertiary services
	currently not provided in the province or expansion of critical services where there is currently a backlog of
	untreated patients
	• An approved service specification requires the appointment of a Health Professionals Council of South
	Africa registered specialist and in accordance with nationally approved business plan
	• Funds have been allocated for the developmental portion for four provinces. The breakdown per province is as follows:
	• Eastern Cape: R65 million
	• Limpopo: R5 million
	• Mpumalanga: R10 million
	• North West: R62 million
	All developmental provinces must ring-fence the developmental allocation and report on it quarterly     Additional funds have been allocated for the development of another infective true and project related
	<ul> <li>Additional funds have been allocated for the development of oncology infrastructure and project related costs in provinces. This allocation is project based. The breakdown per province is as follows:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Eastern Cape: R54 million</li> </ul>
	o KwaZulu- Natal: R20 million
	• Limpopo: R66 million
	• Mpumalanga: R20 million
	Northern Cape: R20 million     North West: R50 million
	<ul> <li>North West: R50 million</li> <li>The allocation for the development of oncology infrastructure must be ring-fenced and reported on quarterly</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The anocation for the development of oncology infrastructure must be ring-ienced and reported on quarterly</li> <li>Cost of administration of the grant must not exceed 1 per cent of the total grant allocation</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Cost of administration of the grant must not exceed 1 per cent of the total grant anocation</li> <li>The following amounts in the allocation to Gauteng are earmarked to fund the operations of the Nelson</li> </ul>
	Mandela Children's Hospital:
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	National Tertiary Services Grant
	• R329 million in 2025/26
	• R343 million in 2026/27
	• R359 million in 2027/28
	• Total remuneration packages for the staff at the Nelson Mandela Children's Hospital, paid from this grant
	and any other sources, may not exceed Department of Public Service and Administration approved
	remuneration rates. Total remuneration packages must be captured and submitted to both the provincial, and the national departments of health
	• The services offered by the Nelson Mandela Children's Hospital should be integrated into the service
	delivery platform in collaboration with relevant provinces, particularly Gauteng
	<ul> <li>The grant does not fund the leasing of capital equipment</li> </ul>
Allocation criteria	<ul> <li>Based on historical allocations and spending patterns, with additional allocations for four developmental</li> </ul>
	provinces
Reasons not incorporated	• There are significant cross-provincial flows of patients needing tertiary services and the grant compensates
in equitable share	provinces with greater tertiary capacity for treating patients from other provinces
Past performance	2023/24 audited financial outcomes
	• Allocated and transferred R14.3 billion to provinces, of which R14.1 billion (98 per cent) was spent by the
	end of the financial year
	2023/24 service delivery performance
	• 701 010 inpatient separations
	• 631 884 day patient separations
	• 1.5 million outpatient first attendances
	• 3.3 million outpatient follow up attendances
	• 5.7 million inpatient days
	• 7.6 average lengths of stay by facility (tertiary)
D 1 110	90 per cent bed utilisation rate (tertiary)
Projected life	• Support for tertiary services will continue because of the need to sustain and modernise tertiary services
MTEF allocations	• 2025/26: R16 billion; 2026/27: R16.7 billion; and 2027/28: R17.5 billion
Payment schedule	• Monthly instalments as per the payment schedule approved by National Treasury except for the Nelson
	Mandela Children's Hospital where the first payment will be made in April 2025 and the second payment will be made in October 2025 based on evidence of satisfactory performance submitted to the DoH
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	<ul> <li>Approved business plans to be submitted to the National Treasury by 2 April 2025</li> </ul>
receiving officer	<ul> <li>Monitor expenditure by economic classification, and patient activity and provide on-site support to</li> </ul>
	facilities/complexes and provinces
	<ul> <li>Conduct a minimum of two site visits to provinces and a minimum of one site visit to facilities/complexes</li> </ul>
	• Identify the national need for service delivery and facilitate the development of those services through
	business planning processes
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	• Submission of an approved business plan, in the prescribed format, signed by the provincial head of
	department by 28 February 2025
	• Completion of provincial and facility business plans, in the prescribed format, signed by the receiving officer
	and the benefiting institutions by 25 March 2025 (due date for Nelson Mandela Children's Hospital is
	25 March 2025)
	• Provinces must provide the allocated amounts for each funded facility/cluster to the relevant provincial
	treasury for gazetting as per the number of agreed-upon business plans per province and facility/cluster by
	<ul><li>22 April 2025</li><li>Provinces must maintain a separate budget for each benefiting facility</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>The receiving officer must supply the head of each benefiting facility/complex with a budget letter which</li> </ul>
	includes their conditional grant and equitable share allocation by 29 April 2025
	<ul> <li>Conduct a minimum of two site visits to each budgeted facility/complex per annum and submit reports of</li> </ul>
	these site visits to the DoH
	• Submission of updated specialist details funded by the equitable share and the grant at facility level by
	28 November 2025
	• Submission of service specifications funded at each facility (new YES list) by 28 November 2025
	• Submission of quarterly reports in the approved expenditure areas in the prescribed format
	• Provide patient utilisation data (inpatient separations, inpatient days, day case separations, outpatient first
	visits, outpatient follow up visits) average length of stay (tertiary), average length of stay (psychiatric) and
	bed utilisation rates (tertiary) as per the prescribed format
	• Provinces intending to develop a new service area need to submit a separate business plan outlining the
	investment case to DoH for approval
	• Provinces may request, in writing to the transferring officer, approval to amend their approved business plan.
	Requests must be submitted no later than 28 November 2025. This will be the only time that provinces can
	request amendments to their approved business plan. Revised plans will be approved or rejected by
	17 December 2025
Ducases for annual of	-0.1 $-1.0$
	• Submission of draft business plans (provincial and facility) by 31 October 2025
Process for approval of 2026/27 business plans	<ul> <li>Submission of draft business plans (provincial and facility) by 31 October 2025</li> <li>Completion of a business plan, in the prescribed format, signed by each receiving officer by 27 February 2026 and by the transferring officer by 31 March 2026</li> </ul>

### HUMAN SETTLEMENTS GRANTS

	Human Settlements Development Grant
Transferring department	Human Settlements (Vote 33)
Grant schedule	• Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	• The creation of sustainable and integrated human settlements that enable improved quality of household life
Grant purpose	<ul> <li>To provide funding for the progressive realisation of access to adequate housing through the creation of sustainable and integrated human settlements</li> </ul>
Outcome statements	• The facilitation and provision of adequate housing opportunities and improved quality living environments
	• A functionally equitable and integrated residential property market
	Enhanced institutional capabilities for effective coordination of spatial investment decisions     Transport constitutions of account which is a first set of a first set of a count which is a coun
Outputs	<ul> <li>Tenure security for all recipients of government subsidised houses</li> <li>Number of residential units delivered in relevant housing programmes</li> </ul>
Outputs	<ul> <li>Number of residential units derivered in relevant housing programmes</li> <li>Number of serviced sites delivered in relevant housing programmes</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Number of informal settlements upgraded in situ and/or relocated</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Number of title deeds registered to beneficiaries</li> </ul>
	Hectares of well-located land acquired and rezoned for development of housing opportunities
	Number of socio-economic amenities delivered in human settlements
	• Number of integrated residential development projects registered on housing subsidy system, planned and approved, funded and implemented
	Number of township registers opened in respect of pre and post 1994 title deeds backlog
	• Number of beneficiaries confirmed as legitimate in registered townships in respect of pre and post 1994 title deeds backlog
	Number of township establishments registered and declared
	<ul> <li>Number of ownership disputes logged and resolved in respect of pre and post 1994 title deeds backlog</li> <li>Number of implementation programmes for priority housing development areas</li> </ul>
Priority of government	Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
that this grant primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the	Medium-term development plan targets and budgets
business plan	• Project planning and implementation, including special housing needs aligned to the project readiness matrix
	• Annual and quarterly planned targets and budgets per project
	<ul> <li>Monthly cash flow projections (payment schedule)</li> <li>Project information (name, housing subsidy system number, description, location (district and local</li> </ul>
	• Project information (name, housing subsidy system number, description, location (district and local municipality), city/town name, suburb, ward numbers and Geographic Information System (GIS) co-ordinates)
	• Detailed project plans to be submitted for bulk infrastructure and socio-economic amenities as annexures
	• Title deeds project list addendum to the business plan in accordance with the compliance and reporting framework
	<ul> <li>Planned bulk infrastructure projects, budget and spending per province in a prioritised municipality with distressed mining communities</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Professional fees and bulk infrastructure projects including details of planning activities to be undertaken</li> <li>Number of job opportunities to be created</li> </ul>
	• Implementation agreement between national, provincial and local government
	<ul> <li>Procurement plan confirming the appointment of requisite service providers in accordance with government procurement proformatial plan and policies as part of the project readings metrix (to be attached as an</li> </ul>
	procurement preferential plan and policies as part of the project readiness matrix (to be attached as an annexure to the business plan)
	<ul> <li>Projects, targets and budgets in priority housing development areas</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Planned annual allocation, projects and outputs to be implemented by accredited municipalities and any other organ of state, including annexures of project plans</li> </ul>
Conditions	<ul> <li>Funds for this grant should be utilised for the priorities set out in the 2024-2029 medium term development plan for human settlements</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The transfer of the first tranche of funds is conditional upon the national Department of Human Settlements (DHS) approving provincial business plans consistent with the provisions of the Housing Act 107 of 1997</li> </ul>
	(Housing Act) and in compliance with the National Housing Code of 2009 (National Housing Code)
	• The transfer of subsequent tranches is conditional on provinces capturing the targets and budget, delivery statistics, and expenditure monthly on the housing subsidy system and the basic accounting system at a sub-
	<ul> <li>programme level and project level, and submitting monthly reconciliations within the required time frames</li> <li>Provinces must ensure reconciliation and alignment of financial and non-financial outputs between the housing subsidy system and basic accounting system on a monthly basis</li> </ul>
	• All projects in the approved business plan must be aligned with the integrated development plan and the
	spatial development framework of municipalities as well as the one plan and signed off by the municipal accounting officer
	• Draft and final business plans must be aligned to provincial annual performance plans
	• Provinces may request, in writing to the transferring officer, approval to amend their approved business plan
	• When the business plan is adjusted, it must still align with the approved provincial annual performance plans

Human Settlements Development Grant
o no new projects are introduced into the business plan in-year without approval by the transferring officer
• the delivery targets in the approved business plan are not reduced
• The payment schedules must be derived and be aligned to the cash flows contained in the approved business plan
<ul> <li>Provincial heads of departments must sign-off and confirm that the procurement process are concluded of the projects captured in their business plans prior to the start of the new financial year and that projects captured in their business plans are assessed and approved for implementation in the 2025/26 financial year</li> <li>Provinces may utilise up to a maximum of 5 per cent of the provincial allocation for the operational capital budget programme to support the implementation of the projects contained in the business plan</li> <li>Provinces must indicate budget allocations consistent with provincial and related municipal backlogs for</li> </ul>
<ul><li> where municipalities have been accredited for the housing function, the provincial business plans must</li></ul>
<ul> <li>reflect relevant allocations, targets and outputs as agreed and approved with the respective municipalities</li> <li>Provinces must gazette planned allocation for three years for the accredited municipalities in terms of the 2025 Division of Revenue Act by no later than 27 May 2025. This should also specify the amount of operational funding to be transferred to accredited municipalities. The purpose of the accreditation funding must be clear and aligned with the delegated function</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Provinces may utilise a portion not exceeding 5 per cent of their grant allocations for the provision of bulk infrastructure projects for basic services in non-metropolitan municipalities to unlock human settlement projects</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>The DHS in consultation with the National Treasury must develop a framework to systematically allow provinces to use up to 30 per cent of their allocation for bulk infrastructure. This framework must include the following minimum requirements:         <ul> <li>projects must be contained in the integrated development plan of municipalities</li> <li>the applicable land use regulatory approvals including but not limited to township establishment and</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
environmental approvals
<ul> <li>provinces must submit project lists that have been verified against projects that are funded through other conditional grants, including but not limited to the Municipal Infrastructure Grant, the Integrated Urban Development Grant, the Urban Settlements Development Grant, the Water Services Infrastructure Grant and the Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>the long-term financial implications of the bulk infrastructure on municipal budgets</li> <li>projects approved by the national transferring officer must be included in the business plans of provinces and be submitted to the national department for approval</li> <li>projects will be separately earmarked in a grant framework and presented as part of the Division of</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Revenue Bill</li> <li>province and relevant municipality have signed a memorandum of understanding with regard to the construction, ownership, operations and maintenance of the infrastructure</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>The provision above is not applicable to distressed mining towns</li> <li>Human settlements projects must be implemented in the gazetted priority human settlements and housing development areas</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Provinces must allocate a reasonable percentage of their grant allocation to the approved national priority projects (previously known as catalytic projects) in line with their project readiness status</li> <li>At least 2 per cent of the grant may be allocated to programmes and projects for the implementation of</li> </ul>
innovative building technologies approved by Agrément South Africa with a detailed cost analysis for the housing sector (subject to the consultation of local authorities and beneficiaries)
• Provinces should ensure that the allocation for land acquisition and related purposes is included in the business plans accompanied with a detailed motivation, a land assembly programme (with clear details of budget allocation for land acquisition, location of land and other related activities) for the medium-term expenditure framework (MTEF) period and a status report of previously acquired land including status of rezoning
• Land acquisition and land assembly should be informed and accompanied by the human settlements comprehensive plan developed by the municipalities
<ul> <li>Provinces must agree with municipalities on a plan for the provision of basic services to all households served in new housing developments</li> <li>Provinces are to set aside funds that should fund title deeds for housing projects completed before</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>28 March 2014 and submit a detailed report on the delivery and expenditure of the previous transfer and should include:</li> <li>agreed deliverables supported by evidence</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>actual expenditure against the planned cash flows or the same period</li> <li>compliance with the housing subsidy</li> <li>asch flows for the remainder of the financial year</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>cash flows for the remainder of the financial year</li> <li>Distressed mining towns component</li> </ul>
• The following funds are ring-fenced within provincial allocations and are earmarked to support the development of integrated human settlements (prioritising bulk infrastructure provision in terms of the
National Housing Code) in identified municipalities with distressed mining communities:         o       Gauteng:         R70 million
• Mpumalanga: R75 million
o     Northern Cape:     R10 million       o     North West:     R52 million

Allocation criteria	<ul> <li>Human Settlements Development Grant</li> <li>The grant is allocated through the Human Settlements Development Grant (HSDG) allocation formul approved by the human settlements MINMEC and Budget Council. The formula is based primarily on th share of inadequate housing in each province but also accounts for population size and the extent of povert</li> </ul>
	in each province. Further details of the formula are set out in Annexure W1 to the Division of Revenue Bi
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	• A conditional grant enables the national department to provide effective oversight and ensure compliance with the National Housing Code
Past performance	2023/24 audited financial outcomes
	• Of the R13.7 billion made available, R13.3 billion (97.1 per cent) was transferred, of which R13.3 billio
	was spent by the end of the financial year
	2023/24 service delivery performance
	• 42 771 housing units completed
Projected life	19 979 serviced sites completed      This is a large term exert on the converted service the provide the providet the provide
i rojecteu me	• This is a long-term grant as the government must assist the poor with the provision of human settlements i terms of the Constitution
MTEF allocations	<ul> <li>2025/26: R14.1 billion; 2026/27: R14.3 billion; and 2027/28: R15 billion</li> </ul>
Payment schedule	Monthly instalments as per the payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	• Finalise and ensure the approval of the applicable subsidy quantum per programme and the allocatio
receiving officer	formula for the delivery of sustainable and integrated human settlements
receiving officer	Approve the final national and provincial business plans and issue national compliance certificates
	• Assess and make recommendations on the credibility of provincial business plans and the readiness of
	projects captured therein
	• Ensure that provinces align financial and non-financial information in terms of reporting in the basi
	accounting system, housing subsidy system, provincial business plans and provincial quarterly reports
	• Monitor provincial financial and non-financial grant performance and control systems related to the grant
	• Ensure provinces comply with the reporting requirements for the housing subsidy system in terms of
	frequency and quality of the input
	<ul> <li>Provide support to provinces and accredited municipalities with regard to human settlements delivery a may be required</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Facilitate regular interaction between DHS and provincial departments of human settlements and accredite</li> </ul>
	municipalities
	<ul> <li>Undertake structured and other visits to provinces and metropolitan municipalities as necessary</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Submit an annual evaluation report for 2024/25 on the financial and non-financial performance of the grar to National Treasury by 31 July 2025</li> </ul>
	• Evaluate the audited provincial annual reports for submission to the National Treasury by 12 December 202
	<ul> <li>Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter</li> <li>Provide systems including the housing subsidy system that support the administration of the huma</li> </ul>
	settlements delivery process
	• Comply with the responsibilities of the transferring officer outlined in the 2025 Division of Revenue Ac (DoRA)
	• Ensure provinces only implement programmes that are contained in the approved business plans
	• Provide a detailed list of all bulk infrastructure projects to the National Treasury that provinces are plannin
	to implement in terms of their business plans
	Prioritise the finalisation of the White Paper on the Housing Policy and Strategy for South Africa
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	Provinces utilising other organs of state to implement projects on their behalf, must conclude implementatio
	protocols
	• Submit 2024/25 annual evaluation reports to DHS by 30 May 2025
	<ul> <li>Submit 2024/25 audited annual reports to DHS by 30 September 2025</li> <li>Drighting funds in order to build haven for military vatures.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Prioritise funds in order to build houses for military veterans</li> <li>Provinces must conclude and sign implementation protocols with accredited municipalities to enable</li> </ul>
	implementation of delegated functions, the transfer of allocated funding as well as monitor the performance
	<ul><li>of the accredited municipalities</li><li>Support accredited municipalities in carrying out delegated functions as per the accreditation framework</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Support accredited multicipanties in carrying out delegated functions as per the accreditation framework</li> <li>Provinces must utilise the housing subsidy system for the administration and related performance reportin</li> </ul>
	of all the human settlement delivery programmes and processes
	• Projects to be funded and included in the business plan must be registered on the housing subsidy syster
	and the housing subsidy system project number and GIS coordinates must be included in the business pla and the infrastructure reporting model
	<ul> <li>Provinces must ensure alignment of financial and non-financial reporting in terms of reporting in the basi</li> </ul>
	accounting system, housing subsidy system, approved provincial business plans and provincial quarterl reports
	<ul> <li>Ensure effective and efficient utilisation of and access to the housing subsidy system by municipalities</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Comply with the Housing Act, 2025 DoRA, National Housing Code and all applicable legislation</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The monthly expenditure report, as contemplated in the 2025 DoRA and section 40(4)(c) of the Public</li> </ul>
	Finance Management Act, must be submitted by the 15th of every month for the preceding month with wor

Human Settlements Development Grant	
	<ul> <li>in progress inclusive of expenditure, outputs, monthly basic accounting system and housing subsidy system reconciliation as stipulated on the practice note dated 24 April 2015</li> <li>Monthly and quarterly financial and non-financial reports must be signed-off by both the provincial human settlements and provincial treasuries' heads of departments</li> <li>Provinces should ensure alignment of the approved business plan with the signed infrastructure plans, gazetted allocations and transfers to accredited municipalities</li> <li>Provinces should ensure alignment between projected cash flows in the business plans and inputs into the payment schedule</li> <li>Provinces should ensure that they only implement the programmes in the approved business plans</li> <li>Provinces are allowed to implement the finance linked individual subsidy programme within the integrated residential reporting programme</li> <li>Provinces are allowed to implement the finance linked individual subsidy programme within their funding</li> <li>The head of department in the province should confirm in writing to DHS consultation with municipalities on the programme and projects submitted for approval in terms of the HSDG business plan including all bulk infrastructure projects and that a copy of the memorandum of understanding is signed with all municipalities prior to the commencement of any bulk infrastructure project to be implemented are aligned to the municipal integrated development plan and spatial development frameworks of municipalities</li> <li>Ensure that the relevant amounts to be applied and transferred to municipalities are gazetted by no later than 23 May 2025</li> <li>Provinces should on monthly basis and after approval of rollover funds, report progress separately on projects as part of the approved rollover</li> <li>On completion of units for military veterans, provincial departments should forward the claims to the national Department of Military Veterans and DHS</li></ul>
Process for approval of	<ul> <li>programme</li> <li>Draft consolidated provincial business plans for 2026/27 financial year, project readiness matrix and multi-</li> </ul>
2026/27 business plans	<ul> <li>year housing development plan (aligned with the business plan and project readiness matrix) to be submitted to the national department by 29 August 2025</li> <li>Submit final consolidated provincial business plans, project readiness matrix, multi-year housing</li> </ul>
	development plan (including cash flow projections and compliance certificates for 2026/27 financial year) to the DHS by 6 February 2026

	Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership Grant: Provinces
Transferring department	Human Settlements (Vote 33)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	• The creation of sustainable and integrated human settlements that enable improved quality of household life
Grant purpose	• To provide funding to facilitate a programmatic and inclusive approach to upgrading informal settlements
Outcome statements	Adequate housing in improved quality living environment
	A functionally equitable and integrated residential property market     Enhanced institutional completities for effective constitution of motion integrated residential investment devices
	<ul> <li>Enhanced institutional capabilities for effective coordination of spatial investment decisions</li> <li>Security of tenure</li> </ul>
Outputs	<ul> <li>The grant shall fund the outputs defined in phases 1 – 3 of the Upgrading of Informal Settlements Programme (UISP) in the National Housing Code of 2009 (National Housing Code):</li> <li>Social Facilitation:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Number of informal settlements where community compacts were conducted (from project initiation to implementation)</li> </ul>
	Phase 1
	Number of prefeasibility studies conducted
	Number of informal settlements re-blocked Phase 2
	Hectares of land acquired
	<ul> <li>Number of informal settlements benefitting from rudimentary services/interim municipal engineering</li> </ul>
	services and/or any alternative technology
	Number of engineering designs: water, sewer, roads and storm water drainage concluded
	• Number of layout plans approved Phase 3
	<ul> <li>Number of settlements provided with permanent municipal engineering services and/or any other</li> </ul>
	alternative engineering services
	Number of informal settlements supplied with bulk infrastructure projects
	<ul> <li>Number of serviced sites developed</li> <li>Number of social and economic amenities. The specific types of amenities must only be provided in</li> </ul>
	• Number of social and economic amenities. The spectric types of amenities must only be provided in collaboration with the municipality and the community
	Number of title deeds registered
	Number of township establishments registered
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
Details contained in the	• This grant requires provinces to attain both municipal council and Member of Executive Council
business plan	(MEC) approval on informal settlements to be upgraded in the 2025/26 financial year
	• A province must submit a business plan prepared in terms of the requirements of the national Department of Human Settlements' (DHS) business planning for informal settlements upgrading
	<ul> <li>Provinces must submit an informal settlement upgrading plan in line with UISP in the National</li> </ul>
	Housing Code for each settlement to be upgraded which includes:
	<ul> <li>project description</li> <li>settlement name and Geographic Information System coordinates</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>settlement name and Geographic Information System coordinates</li> <li>project institutional arrangements</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>sustainable livelihood implementation plan</li> </ul>
	• outputs and budgets
	<ul> <li>cash flow projections (payment schedule)</li> <li>details of the support plan</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>details of the support plan</li> <li>risk management plan</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>prioritisation certificate issued by the MEC in consultation with relevant mayors</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>number of re-blocking projects to be undertaken</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>priority development areas</li> <li>Number of job opportunities to be created</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Detailed project plans to be submitted for bulk infrastructure projects</li> </ul>
	Professional fees including details of planning activities to be undertaken
Conditions	• Funds for this grant should be utilised for the priorities as set out in the 2024-2029 medium term
	<ul><li>development plan for human settlements</li><li>A minimum of 70 per cent of the annual allocation must be used for serviced sites</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>A minimum of 70 per cent of the annual anocation must be used for serviced sites</li> <li>All projects that are listed in the business plan must be ready for implementation, registered on</li> </ul>
	housing subsidy system
	• Funds must be utilised as per the UISP as defined in the National Housing Code
	• The provincial informal settlements upgrading business plans must be aligned to the provincial informal settlement upgrading stategy.
	<ul><li>All projects in the approved business plans must be aligned with the integrated development plan and</li></ul>
	the spatial development framework of municipalities
	Draft and final business plans must be aligned to provincial annual performance plans
	• Provincial heads of departments must sign-off and confirm that projects captured in their informal
	settlements upgrading business plans are ready for implementation in the 2025/26 financial year and will yield expenditure as per cashflows submitted
	will yield expenditure as per cashflows submitted

<ul> <li>Provinces must indicate the anounts of their annual allocations for specific proping points points the implementation of projects that are in the gazetted priority human settiments and housing development rares</li> <li>The transfer of basing development rares</li> <li>The transfer of basing development rares</li> <li>The transfer of basing and the provinces apprunding place provinces capturing the targets and budget, defivery statistics, and expenditure monthly on the housing subsidy system at a sub-programme level and project level, and submitting monthly reconciliations within the required time frames</li> <li>Provinces must exame reconciliation and alignment of financial and non-financial outputs between the housing subsidy system at a sub-provinces shared basing control systems or anothily basis</li> <li>The payment schedule submited by municipalities should be derived from the cash flows contained in the approved signal develocity of the derived from the cash flows contained in the approved signal provinces should be derived from the cash flows contained in the approved signal programme policy of the DHS</li> <li>A maximum of 3 per cent of the allocation may be utilised for the operational support capital programme policy of the DHS</li> <li>A maximum of 3 per cent of the allocation may be utilised for ne-bedding allocated by DHS.</li> <li>A maximum of 3 per cent of the annual allocation should be used for re-blocking</li> <li>Provinces should append at lexit 70 per vincies 1 standies applant with provincial transmice and submitted by movincial transmice and submitted to the DHS</li> <li>A maximum of 3 per cent of the annual allocation may be used for social facilitation applicable from inception to implementation</li> <li>A maximum of 3 per cent of the annual allocation should be used for re-blocking</li> <li>Provinces should append and lexit 70 per vincies 1 standies the business plan movid of the standies applin material performance reports a</li></ul>		
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Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership Grant: Provinces	
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	• Should ensure collaboration and involvement of communities and civil organisations in the signing of implementation protocols for projects to be implemented
	• Initiate, plan and formulate applications for projects relating to the upgrading of informal settlements, which in the case of municipalities that are not accredited, must be in collaboration with the relevant provincial department
	• Request assistance from the relevant national department on any of the matters concerned if the province lacks the capacity, resources or expertise
	• Must align their business plan with provincial annual performance plans and infrastructure reporting model in terms of section 13(1)(a) of this Act
	• Implement approved projects in accordance with UISP in the National Housing Code
	• Work with municipalities to fast track the planning approval processes for informal settlements upgrading projects
	• Agree with municipalities on how settlement areas developed under this programme will be managed, operated and maintained
	• Coordinate with municipalities and facilitate the provision of bulk and connector engineering services
	• Should ensure alignment of approved business plan with the signed infrastructure plans, gazetted allocations and transfers to accredited municipalities
	• Should ensure alignment between projected cash flows in the business plans and inputs into the payment schedule
	• Must ensure only implementation of programmes in the approved business plans
	• Monthly and quarterly financial and non-financial reports must be signed-off by both the provincial human settlements and provincial treasuries' heads of departments
	• Must adhere to section 16 of the Division of Revenue Act if they are planning to appoint any other organ of state to implement human settlements projects on their behalf
	<ul> <li>Must report on a monthly basis the amount transferred and the expenditure including the non-financials thereof to any organ of state in line with section 12 of the Division of Revenue Act</li> <li>Must report on the percentage of their allocations awarded to companies owned by designated groups</li> </ul>
	on a monthly and quarterly basis
	<ul> <li>Must use the ISUPG to leverage other forms of funding</li> <li>Provinces must sign implementation protocols with accredited municipalities to enable gazetting</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Frovinces must sign implementation proteors with accreticed municipalities to chaole gazetting transfer of funds as well as to monitor the performance of the municipality</li> <li>Report on the number of jobs created on a quarterly basis</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Provinces must submit monthly reports that include the outcome/effectiveness of the utilisation of</li> </ul>
	the approved operational support capital programme budget
	Provinces must submit quarterly reports that record the performance of operational support capital     programme
Process for approval of	• First draft of the signed business plan must be submitted to the DHS by 29 August 2025. The DHS
2026/27 business plans	will provide comments by 30 September 2025
	• Final consolidated signed Provincial business plans, project readiness matrix, multi-year housing development plan (including cash flow projections and compliance certificates for 2025/26 financial year) to the DHS by 7 February 2026

	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Provinces
Transferring department	Public Works and Infrastructure (Vote 13)
Grant schedule	• Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	<ul> <li>To provide Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) incentive funding to expand job creation efforts in specific focus areas, where labour intensive delivery methods can be optimised</li> </ul>
Grant purpose	<ul> <li>To incentivise provincial departments to expand work creation efforts through the use of labour intensive delivery methods in the following identified focus areas, in compliance with the EPWP guidelines:</li> <li>road maintenance including but not limited to block paving and pothole patching</li> <li>maintenance of buildings</li> <li>low traffic volume roads and rural roads</li> <li>other economic and social infrastructure</li> <li>tourism and cultural industries</li> <li>sustainable land based livelihoods</li> <li>waste management and cleaning services</li> <li>social services programmes</li> <li>energy including but not limited to retro-fitting, solar</li> </ul>
Outcome statements	<ul> <li>Improved quality of life of poor people and increased social stability through engaging the previously unemployed in paid and productive activities</li> <li>Reduced level of poverty</li> <li>Contribute towards increased levels of employment</li> <li>Improved opportunities for sustainable work through experience, learning gained and skills development</li> <li>Strengthened capacity of non-government delivery partners through increased access to funds for wages and administration</li> </ul>
Outputs	<ul> <li>Number of people employed, trained and receiving income through the EPWP</li> <li>Number of days worked per work opportunity created</li> <li>Number of Full-Time Equivalents (FTEs) to be created through the grant</li> <li>Number of beneficiaries provided with social services</li> </ul>
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 2: Economic transformation and job creation
Details contained in the business plan	<ul> <li>The programme is implemented through provinces using grant agreements that contain project lists and targets for eligible provincial departments on the creation of FTEs and work opportunities</li> </ul>
Conditions	<ul> <li>The incentive grant allocation must be used to strengthen and expand work opportunities</li> <li>The incentive grant allocation must be used to strengthen and expand work opportunity creation programmes in the infrastructure, environment, culture and social sector</li> <li>EPWP projects must comply with the project selection criteria determined in the EPWP grant manual, the EPWP guidelines set by the Department of Public Works and Infrastructure (DPWI), the ministerial determination for EPWP workers, the EPWP recruitment guidelines and the National Minimum Wage Act 9 of 2018 including applicable gazettes</li> <li>Provincial departments must register all projects on the DPWI's EPWP reporting system</li> <li>Project data reports must be loaded and updated on the EPWP reporting system every month. The system closes 15 days after the end of every quarter in order for progress to be assessed</li> <li>The grant cannot be used for departmental personnel costs, however, a maximum of 5 per cent of the grant can be used to fund contract-based capacity required to manage data capturing and on-site management costs related to the use of labour intensive methods</li> <li>The grant can only be utilised for EPWP purposes and for the projects approved in each eligible provincial department's EPWP project list</li> <li>To receive the first tranche disbursement, eligible provincial departments must, by 11 April 2025, submit a o signed off EPWP project list</li> <li>Subsequent grant disbursements are conditional upon eligible provincial departments: <ul> <li>reporting on EPWP performance within the required time frames</li> <li>complying with reporting on EPWP Integrated Grant funded projects</li> <li>implementing their approved EPWP projects on the project list, as planned towards the agreed work opportunity targets</li> <li>submitting, on a quarterly basis, non-financial reports by the timelines stipulated in the clauses of the 2025 Division of Revenue Act (DoRA)</li> <li>reporting on EPWP Integrated Grant expenditure</li></ul></li></ul>

	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Provinces
Allocation criteria	<ul> <li>The allocation criteria is based on the following:         <ul> <li>the EPWP grant allocations are based on FTEs reported in the past 18 months</li> <li>to be eligible for an EPWP grant allocation in 2025/26, a provincial department must have reported at least 50 FTEs in either the infrastructure, environment and culture or social sector in the 2023/24 financial year. Additionally, the calculated allocation must be R1 million or more, meaning departments that fail to reach R1 million are not eligible</li> <li>penalties are applied to provincial departments that are non-compliant with the DoRA</li> <li>past performance with regard to FTEs reported in the past 18 months and labour intensity in the creation of EPWP work opportunities</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>poverty headcount as a percentage from Community Survey 2016</li> </ul>
Reasons not incorporated	• This grant is intended to fund expansion in specific focus areas as well as incentivise increased EPWP
in equitable share	<ul><li>performance</li><li>The grant is based on performance, the potential to expand and the need for EPWP work in key focus areas</li></ul>
Past performance	<ul> <li>2023/24 audited financial outcomes</li> <li>Of the total grant allocation of R404 million for the EPWP Integrated Grant for Provinces, 100 per cent was transferred to provinces. R387 million (96 per cent) of the transferred funds was spent by the end of the financial year</li> <li>Of the total grant allocation of R396 million for the Social Sector EPWP Incentive Grant for Provinces, 100 per cent was transferred to provinces. R390 million (98 per cent) of the transferred funds was spent by the end of the financial year</li> </ul>
	2023/24 service delivery performance for the EPWP Integrated Grant for Provinces
	<ul> <li>39 391 Work opportunities reported</li> <li>23 027 FTEs were created</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Average duration of the work opportunities created is 134 days</li> <li>2023/24 service delivery performance for the Social Sector EPWP for Provinces</li> <li>19 351 Work opportunities reported</li> <li>14 498 FTEs were created</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Average duration of the work opportunities created is 172 days</li> </ul>
Projected life	• Grant continues until 2027/28, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2025/26: R627 million; 2026/27: R656 million; and 2027/28: R686 million
Payment schedule	• Transfers are made in accordance with a payment Schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and receiving officer	<ul> <li>Determine eligibility and set grant allocations and FTE targets for eligible provincial departments</li> <li>Publish on the EPWP website all documents relevant for provincial departments to understand and implement the grant, such as a grant manual, EPWP recruitment guidelines, the ministerial determination for EPWP workers, the EPWP infrastructure guidelines and the National Minimum Wage Act 9 of 2018 including applicable gazettes</li> <li>Support provincial departments, in the manner agreed to in the grant agreement, to: <ul> <li>identify suitable EPWP projects and develop EPWP project lists in accordance with the EPWP project selection criteria</li> <li>apply the EPWP project selection criteria and EPWP guidelines to the project design</li> <li>report using the EPWP reporting system</li> </ul> </li> <li>Monitor the performance and spending of provincial departments and assess progress towards their implementation of EPWP project lists</li> <li>Disburse the grant to eligible provincial departments that comply with the DoRA requirements</li> <li>Report to the National Treasury progress against FTE targets and spending against the grant allocation on a quarterly basis</li> <li>Conduct data quality assessments on a continuous basis to support good governance and identify areas for administrative improvement</li> <li>Manage the EPWP coordinating structures in collaboration with provincial coordinating departments to support implementation, identify blockages and facilitate innovative solutions</li> <li>Support the sector to collect the required data, align monitoring and reporting frameworks and to report on key outputs on the EPWP reporting system</li> <li>Conduct site visits to verify the existence of projects and identify where support is needed</li> </ul>
Process for approval of 2026/27 business plans	<ul> <li>Agree on the areas requiring technical support from DPWI upon signing the grant agreement</li> <li>Register and report all EPWP projects on the EPWP reporting system and update progress monthly in accordance with the reporting requirements and timelines stipulated in the grant agreement</li> <li>Provincial departments must report on performance of EPWP projects for the 2024/25 financial year by 29 April 2025 or report on 2025/26 performance by 16 October 2025 to be eligible for a grant allocation</li> <li>Eligible provincial departments must sign the grant agreement with an approved 2026/27 EPWP project list by 10 April 2026</li> </ul>

## SPORT, ARTS AND CULTURE GRANTS

	Community Library Services Grant
Transferring department	• Sport, Arts and Culture (Vote 37)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	• To enable the South African society to gain access to knowledge and updated information that will improve its socio-economic status
Grant purpose	• To transform urban and rural community library infrastructure, facilities and services (primarily targeting previously disadvantaged communities) through a recapitalised programme at provincial level in support of local government and national initiatives
Outcome statements	<ul> <li>Improved coordination and collaboration between national, provincial and local government on library services</li> <li>Equitable access to library and information services delivered to all rural and urban communities</li> <li>Improved library infrastructure and services that meet the specific needs of the communities they serve</li> <li>Improved staff capacity at urban and rural libraries to respond appropriately to community knowledge and information needs</li> <li>Improved culture of reading and literacy development</li> </ul>
Outputs	<ul> <li>270 000 library materials (books, periodicals, toys etc.) purchased</li> <li>Library information and communication technology infrastructure and systems software installed and maintained in all provinces</li> <li>New services established for the visually impaired at five identified community libraries in all provinces</li> <li>Number of new library structures completed</li> <li>22 new library structures funded for construction and completion over the next two financial years</li> <li>Five upgraded library structures completed</li> <li>40 maintained library structures completed</li> <li>2 700 existing contract library staff maintained in all provinces</li> <li>Number of new staff appointed for dual-purpose libraries</li> <li>35 new staff appointed at public libraries to support the shifting of the function to provinces</li> <li>Capacity building programmes for public librarians</li> </ul>
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 6: Social cohesion and safer communities
Details contained in the business plan	<ul> <li>Outcome indicators</li> <li>Output indicators</li> <li>Inputs</li> <li>Key activities</li> </ul>
Conditions	<ul> <li>The provincial business plans must be developed in accordance with identified priority areas</li> <li>Provincial departments may only request (in writing, to the transferring officer) to amend the business plan before 31 October 2025</li> <li>Provinces may not exceed the 20 per cent threshold provided for variation orders on infrastructure projects without the approval of the transferring officer</li> <li>To qualify for allocations in 2026/27 provinces must submit progress reports that detail a phased approach towards the full funding of the function, either by assignment to municipalities, or preparation of provinces to take over the function, or a combination of both. This process must be completed by the end of the 2024 medium term expenditure framework (MTEF) provided funding is available</li> <li>Grant funding must not be used to replace funding for items that provinces have previously allocated to community libraries</li> <li>Provinces may use a maximum of 5 per cent of the total amount allocated to them for capacity building and provincial management of the grant at the provincial department and the details of how these funds will be used must be included in their respective business plans</li> <li>Provinces must include in their business plans, the scope of work for upgrades, including the budget to be committed to the upgrading of existing libraries</li> <li>Provinces must include in their business plans the scope of work and budget for maintenance of existing libraries and those being built</li> <li>Funds earmarked to support Schedule 5 function shift and to establish dual purpose service points may only be used for that purpose. Provinces may use up to 80 per cent of the rearmarked allocations in 2025/26 to address the Schedule 5 function shift imperative. At least 20 per cent of the earmarked allocations must be used to establish and sustain dual purpose service points in collaboration with provincial departments of basic education. The detail of how these funds will be used by provinces mu</li></ul>

	Community Library Services Grant
	<ul> <li>Limpopo: R33 million</li> </ul>
	o Mpumalanga: R81 million
	• Northern Cape: R76 million
	• North West: R52 million
	• Western Cape: R99 million
	• Service level agreements (SLAs) determining reporting protocols must be signed with receiving municipalities within three months after the start of the municipal financial year
	• The SLAs must include financial commitments over the MTEF in addition to the payment schedules to
	municipalities and reporting protocols which outline measurable performance targets for each municipality
	• The allocations from this conditional grant funding must only be used for items that are provided for in the
	conditional grant framework and in line with the approved business plan
Allocation criteria	• Allocations are based on an evaluation report for 2023/24 conducted by the national Department of Sport,
	Arts and Culture (DSAC) which identified community library needs and priorities for 2025
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	• This funding is intended to address backlogs and disparities in the provision and maintenance of community
in equitable share	library services across provinces, and enable the DSAC to provide strategic guidance and alignment with national priorities
Past performance	2023/24 audited financial outcomes
i ast per formance	• Of the R1.5 billion allocated, transferred, R1.5 billion was transferred to provinces of which R1.5 billion
	(100 per cent) was spent by the end of the national financial year
	2023/24 service delivery performance
	Seven new libraries built
	Nineteen libraries upgraded/maintained
	• 2 732 staff maintained
	184 527 library materials procured
Projected life	• This grant will be phased into the Provincial Equitable Share, staring with the Compensation of Employees
	component at the end of the 2025/26 financial year. The outstanding provinces must complete the function
MTEE allocations	shift and the necessary processes to ensure full funding of the service
MTEF allocations Payment schedule	<ul> <li>2025/26: R1.6 billion; 2026/27: R1.7 billion; and 2027/28: R1.8 billion</li> <li>Equipretalments: 11 April 2025: 11 July 2025: 10 October 2025: and 16 January 2026</li> </ul>
Responsibilities of the	• Four instalments: 11 April 2025; 11 July2025; 10 October 2025; and 16 January 2026 Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	• Ensure that capital transfers to provinces are recorded in the national infrastructure reporting model along
receiving officer	with actual and revised transfers
8	• Establish an intergovernmental forum with provinces that meets at least twice a year to discuss issues related
	to the provision of community library services
	• Participate in at least one intergovernmental forum meeting per province between provinces and
	municipalities per year
	<ul> <li>Identify challenges and risks and prepare mitigation strategies</li> </ul>
	Monitor and evaluate implementation
	• Evaluate the annual performance of the grant for the previous financial year, for submission to National
	Treasury within four months after the end of the financial year
	<ul> <li>Submit monthly financial and quarterly performance reports to the National Treasury</li> <li>Determine outputs and targets for 2025/26 with provincial departments</li> </ul>
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	• Provinces must establish intergovernmental forums with municipalities within their province that are funded
	through this grant, that meet quarterly to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services
	• Provincial departments must establish capacity to monitor and evaluate SLAs with municipalities
	Provinces must maintain the number of staff appointed using this conditional grant
	• Submit evaluation reports to DSAC within two months after the end of the financial year
	• Submit signed monthly financial reports to DSAC within 15 days after the end of every month
	Submit quarterly performance reports to DSAC within 30 days after the end of the quarter
	• Provinces must complete the conversion of contract staff to permanent staff by end of March 2025 subject to
	applicable public service regulations
	• Submit an approved and signed-off infrastructure project list (Table B5) aligned to the business plan for the
	2025 MTEF on the infrastructure reporting model
	• Submit monthly financial and non-financial reports on infrastructure programmes in the infrastructure reporting model within 15 days after the end of each month to the relevant provincial treasury and DSAC
	<ul> <li>reporting model within 15 days after the end of each month to the relevant provincial treasury and DSAC</li> <li>Submit monthly signed-off financial and non-financial reports on infrastructure programmes in the</li> </ul>
	• Submit monthly signed-off financial and non-financial reports on infrastructure programmes in the infrastructure reporting model within 22 days after the end of each month to the relevant provincial treasury,
	DSAC and National Treasury
	• Comply with the conditions of this grant framework and the relevant clauses within the stipulated timeframes
	in the 2025 Division of Revenue Act
Process for approval of	<ul> <li>Provinces must submit function shift progress report to DSAC by 28 March 2026</li> </ul>

Community Library Services Grant	
<ul> <li>criteria that will be used to evaluate the capacity of municipalities to administer the function on behalf of the province</li> </ul>	
• a policy framework for funding municipalities that administer the service with details of this funding for a three-year time period	
• Provinces to submit first draft business plans to DSAC by 5 September 2025. Business plans must be aligned to their strategies for full funding of the function	
DSAC to evaluate provincial business plans and provide feedback to provinces by 30 September 2025	
• Provinces to submit second draft business plans to DSAC by 28 November 2025	
• Provinces to submit final provincial business plans to DSAC by 30 January 2026	
DSAC approves business plans and submits them to National Treasury by 31 March 2026	

	Mass Participation and Sport Development Grant
Transferring department	• Sport, Arts and Culture (Vote 37)
Grant schedule	• Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	Increasing citizens' access to sport and recreation activities
Grant purpose	• To facilitate sport and active recreation participation and empowerment in partnership with relevant
Outcome statements	stakeholders
Outcome statements	<ul> <li>Increased and sustained participation in sport and active recreation</li> <li>Improved sector capacity to deliver sport and active recreation</li> </ul>
Outputs	School sport
outputs	<ul> <li>Learners competing in the national school sport championships</li> </ul>
	• Number of school sport programmes supported at a district and local level.
	<ul> <li>Number of school sport programmes at a provincial level</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Schools supported with equipment and/or attire</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>People trained</li> <li>People employed to deliver school sport programme</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>People employed to deliver school sport programme</li> <li>Sport ambassador's programme supported</li> </ul>
	Community sport and active recreation
	Active recreation
	<ul> <li>sport and recreation programmes in communities supported</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>provincial indigenous festival implemented</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>hubs supported with equipment and/or attire</li> <li>remuneration of active recreation coordinators</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>remuneration of active recreation coordinators</li> <li>training in active recreation</li> </ul>
	Club development
	<ul> <li>local leagues supported</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>local community clubs supported</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>local clubs supported to participate in district competitions</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>local clubs supported to participate in provincial competitions</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>people trained in club development</li> <li>club coordinators remunerated</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>o local clubs supported with equipment and/ or attire</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Professional women boxing bout supported through the sport confederation</li> </ul>
	• Sport academies
	<ul> <li>athletes' development programmes supported by the sport academies</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>sport academies supported (equipment and personnel)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>people trained to support sport academy programmes</li> </ul>
	• <b>Transversal matters</b> • sport and active recreation projects implemented by the provincial sports confederation
	<ul> <li>o sport and active recreation projects implemented by the provincial sports confederation</li> <li>o provincial programmes contributing to "I choose 2B Active" implemented</li> </ul>
	• Management
	o staff appointed on a long-term contract
	<ul> <li>administration standards met</li> </ul>
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	• Priority 6: Social cohesion and safe communities
Details contained in the	• Grant purpose
business plan	Outcome indicators
	• Grant outputs
	Output indicators
~	Key activities
Conditions	<ul><li>Provincial compliance</li><li>Provinces must ensure that:</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Provinces must ensure that:</li> <li>all structures at all levels are aligned to the 16 Department of Sport, Arts and Culture (DSAC) priority</li> </ul>
	codes to contribute to seamless service delivery (football, netball, rugby, cricket, athletics, basketball,
	volleyball, goalball, swimming, gymnastics, hockey, softball, chess, table tennis, tennis, amateur
	boxing)
	• 50 per cent of hubs and clubs supported must be from rural and farm areas
	<ul> <li>list of schools, hubs, clubs, short-term, long-term contracts and Service Level Agreements must be</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>provided with the business plan and the support required</li> <li>performance evidence in prescribed format must be timeously submitted, irrespective of the status of</li> </ul>
	the project, as per the technical indicator descriptors
	<ul> <li>funds from this grant are not used on projects falling outside the scope of the grant unless, following a</li> </ul>
	written request, approval to such effect is granted by the transferring officer
	• to submit expenditure, report every end of each quarter detailing spending in all the programmes per
	indicator
	• the Sport Trust shall be the implementing agency for the National School Championships. Provinces will sign a Service Level Agreement (SLA) with the Sports Trust for related transversal expenses
	will sign a Service Level Agreement (SLA) with the Sports Trust for related transversal expenses

Mass Participation and Sport Development Grant
 <ul> <li>sport academies: 9 per cent</li> </ul>
• transversal matters: 4 per cent
• management: 8 per cent
• Provinces, based on their provincial dynamics, may apply to the transferring officer to change the above
sub-allocations School sport: 40 per cent
<ul> <li>Provinces must ring-fence R8 million, out of which the R3 million will be deducted per province for the hosting of the National School Sport Championships. The R5 million allocation remaining per province</li> </ul>
will be used by provinces to provide transport, attire and delivery of provincial teams to the various segments of the national school sport championships. The R3 million allocation will be reallocated to the
host provinces for the three segments of the School Sport Championships, i.e. Autumn, Winter and Summer, to enable them to prepare and help deliver the School Sport Championships. These funds to host provinces will include the cost of accommodation, meals and other costs associated with staging of the
championships
• The remaining school sport allocation must be allocated as follows:
• 30 per cent to deliver school sport programmes supported at a district and local level
• 10 per cent to number of school sport programmes at a provincial level
<ul> <li>30 per cent to purchase equipment and or attire for schools identified through participation in leagues</li> <li>10 per cent for training of people to deliver school sport</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>15 per cent to remunerate coordinators who coordinate, support, monitor and evaluate school sport at</li> </ul>
district and local levels
<ul> <li>5 per cent for the sport ambassadors' programmes supported</li> </ul>
Community sport: 39 per cent
• Active recreation: 19 per cent
<ul> <li>40 per cent for sport and recreation programs in communities supported</li> <li>15 per cent for provincial indigenous games festival implemented</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>15 per cent to purchase equipment and/ or attire</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>15 per cent for remuneration of active recreation coordinators</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>15 per cent for training in active recreation</li> </ul>
• Club development: 20 per cent - the portion of the grant ring-fenced for club development must be allocated as follows:
• The SLA between provincial departments and provincial federations (implementers) must be entered to
deliver and support leagues
<ul> <li>Support must be used for resourcing local leagues</li> <li>15 per cent to support local leagues</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>50 per cent to support local leagues</li> <li>50 per cent to support community clubs participating in local leagues</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>5 per cent to support local clubs participation in district competition</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>5 per cent to support participation in provincial competition</li> </ul>
• 10 per cent for accredited training
<ul> <li>10 per cent to purchase sport equipment and/ or attire for local clubs participating in local leagues</li> <li>5 per cent for remuneration of club development coordinators</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>S per cent for remuneration of club development coordinators</li> <li>Professional Women boxing bout supported through the Sport Confederation- ring fenced (R300 000)</li> </ul>
• Sports academies: 9 per cent - the allocation must be used for the support and resourcing of district and provincial academies in line with sport academies framework and guidelines of DSAC
• The SLA between the departments and provincial academies must be entered into to deliver the academy programmes and annual performance plans for the departments
<ul> <li>40 per cent for resourcing of district and provincial academies (equipment and remuneration of personnel)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>45 per cent for athlete development programmes supported as guided by sport academy framework</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Is per cent training to support sport academy programmes</li> </ul>
Transversal matters: 4 per cent
• Provincial sport confederation: 3 per cent - provinces may transfer funds to the provincial sport
<ul> <li>confederation provided:</li> <li>a transfer plan has been developed and submitted together with a signed business plan approved by DSAC</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>an SLA has been entered into between the provincial department and the provincial sport confederation stating clearly what is expected of the provincial sport confederation</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>a monitoring mechanism is in place to monitor expenditure and performance by the sport confederation as per the SLA</li> </ul>
Provincial programmes: 1 per cent
<ul> <li>These are specific provincial programmes that contribute to the "I Choose 2B Active" Campaign and Recognition programme</li> </ul>
Management: 8 per cent
• Appointing staff: 7 per cent
<ul> <li>Provinces are expected to utilise this portion of the allocation for the appointment of staff</li> <li>Staff must be appointed on a three-year contract to implement conditional grant programmes. The allocation is not for support staff in programmes such as finance, planning, monitoring and evaluation</li> </ul>
or research Administration: 1 per cent
• Provinces are expected to use this portion of the allocation to ensure that all their submissions are packaged
properly (including business plans project implementation plan monthly, quarterly and annual reports) and

	Mass Participation and Sport Development Grant
	for logistical arrangements relating to the administration of the grant
Allocation criteria	• Each province is allocated a baseline of R20 million, thereafter the equitable share formula proportions are applied to determine the remaining amount
	• The Northern Cape's allocation is increased to ensure an increase in participation due to the vastness of the province. R2 million and R3 million has been deducted from Gauteng and KwaZulu-Natal respectively to fund this
Reasons not incorporated in	• The conditional grant is assisting the sport sector in implementing the National Sport and Recreation Plar
equitable share	objectives
Past performance	2023/24 audited financial outcomes
	Of the R568 million available and transferred to provinces, R559 million (98.4 per cent) was spent
	2023/24 service delivery performance
	<ul> <li>458 396 people actively participating in organised sport and active recreation events</li> </ul>
	• 171 026 learners participating in school sport tournaments at district level
	• 4 421 schools, hubs and clubs provided with equipment and/ or attire
	• 5 260 athletes supported by the sport academy
	50 sport academies supported
Projected life	Grant continues until 2027/28, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2025/26: R627 million; 2026/27: R656 million; and 2027/28: R686 million
Payment schedule	• Four instalments: 31 May 2025; 30 August 2025; 29 November 2025 and 31 January 2026
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	• Evaluate annual reports for the 2024/25 grants for submission to the National Treasury by 31 July 2025
receiving officer	• Agree on outputs and targets with provincial departments in line with grant objective for 2025/26 by 29 November 2024
	<ul> <li>Provide the guidelines and criteria for the development and approval of business plans</li> <li>Monitor implementation and provide support</li> </ul>
	• Submit approved business plan for 2025/26 to the National Treasury by 30 April 2025
	• Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury 45 days after the end of each quarter
	• Ensure that all the conditional grant practice notes issued by National Treasury are adhered to
	• Desktop monitoring: analysis of monthly and quarterly reports received by provinces
	Physical verification visits to the provinces to verify what has been reported in the monthly and quarterly reports
	• Hold quarterly review sessions with all conditional grant role players from the provinces
	• May implement internal mechanisms to manage the quarterly disbursements of the grant where there i
	non-compliance with the conditions of the grant. This may include withholding and reallocation of tranch payments
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	Heads of Department must submit approved Business Plans to DSAC by the 31 March 2025
	• Submit the 2024/25 annual evaluation report to DSAC by 30 May 2025
	• Submit monthly reports as per the requirements contained in the 2025 Division of Revenue Act
	Monitor progress of programmes delivered through the conditional grant
	• Ensure that conditional grant managers attend all national conditional grant meetings
	• Ensure that capacity exists to manage the grant and that there is a grant manager responsible for the gran
	framework, planning, implementation and reporting
	• Ensure organisational capacity to deliver on the programmes that are implemented through the grant
Process for approval of	Provinces submit draft business plan to DSAC by 9 December 2025
2026/27 business plans	Provinces submit revised draft business plans to DSAC by 10 February 2026
	Head of Department approves business plan by 31 March 2026
	DSAC submits business plans to National Treasury by 30 April 2026

## TRANSPORT GRANTS

	Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant
Transferring department	• Transport (Vote 40)
Grant schedule	• Schedule 4, Part A
Strategic goal	• To ensure efficient and effective investment in provincial roads to implement the Road Infrastructure Strategic Framework for South Africa in line with the S'hamba Sonke Road programme and other related road programmes
Grant purpose	• To supplement provincial investments for road infrastructure maintenance (routine, periodic and special maintenance)
	<ul> <li>To ensure that all roads are classified as per the Road Infrastructure Strategic Framework for South Africa and the technical recommendations for highways, and the road classification and access management guidelines</li> <li>To implement and maintain road asset management systems</li> <li>To supplement provincial projects for the repair of roads and bridges damaged by unforeseen incidents including natural disasters</li> </ul>
Outcome statements	<ul> <li>To improve road safety with a special focus on pedestrian safety in rural areas</li> <li>Improve the condition and lifespan of provincial roads and level of service backed by a periodic five-year</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>review of the road network conditions</li> <li>Improved rates of employment and community participation through labour-intensive construction methodologies and skills development through the delivery of roads infrastructure projects</li> </ul>
Outputs	• Network condition assessment and determination of priority projects list from the road asset management
	<ul> <li>systems</li> <li>The following actual delivery related measures against 2025/26 targets defined in the final road asset management plan and annual performance plan for each province: <ul> <li>number of m<sup>2</sup> of surfaced roads rehabilitated (quarterly)</li> <li>number of m<sup>2</sup> of surfaced roads resurfaced (overlay or reseal)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>number of m<sup>2</sup> of blacktop patching (including pothole repairs)</li> <li>number of kilometres of gravel roads re-gravelled</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>number of kilometres of gravel roads bladed</li> <li>number of kilometres of gravel roads upgraded</li> <li>number of kilometres of visual assessment</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The following performance, based on national job creation indicators:</li> <li>number of jobs created</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>number of full-time equivalents created</li> <li>number of youths employed (age 18 – 35)</li> <li>number of women employed</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>number of women employed</li> <li>number of people living with disabilities employed</li> <li>Number of small, medium micro enterprises contracted on the provinces' contractor development</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>programme</li> <li>Updated road condition data (paved and unpaved) including instrumental/automated road survey data, traffic data, safety audit or assessment report and bridge conditions</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Number of modular steel bridges completed under Welisizwe Rural Bridges Programme</li> <li>Refurbishment actions/make safe actions of bridges as per bridge condition assessments</li> <li>Number of m<sup>2</sup> of surfaced roads rehabilitated and gravel roads surfaced using refurbishment funds</li> </ul>
Priority of government that this grant primarily	<ul> <li>Priority 2: Economic transformation and job creation</li> </ul>
contributes to Details contained in the	This grant uses a road asset management plan which contains the following details:
business plan	<ul> <li>network hierarchy</li> <li>performance management framework</li> <li>gap analysis based on TMH22 maturity levels</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>information and systems deployed at a province</li> <li>prioritised project list and lifecycle planning</li> <li>table B5 projects and a comparison to the prioritised project list</li> <li>financial plan</li> </ul>
Conditions	<ul> <li>monitoring, reviewing and continual improvements</li> <li>This grant funds routine, periodic and special maintenance road infrastructure projects</li> <li>This grant may fund visual condition inspections, and not more than R6500/km and R2500/km may be used for paved and gravel roads respectively</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Provinces may use a maximum of 25 per cent of the allocation for rehabilitation activities, which includes the surfacing or block paving of gravel roads</li> <li>Any other improvements to roads and new facilities must be funded from the provincial equitable share.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Any other improvements to roads and new facilities must be funded from the provincial equitable share</li> <li>The framework must be read in conjunction with the practice note issued by the national Department of Transport (DoT) as agreed with National Treasury</li> <li>Provinces must show commitment by budgeting from the provincial equitable share to match or exceed</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Provinces must show commitment by budgeting from the provincial equitable share to match or exceed grant allocations</li> <li>The payment of the first instalment is dependent upon submission to the DoT and the relevant provincial control of the first instalment is dependent upon submission to the DoT and the relevant provincial control of the first instalment is dependent upon submission to the DoT and the relevant provincial control of the first instalment is dependent upon submission to the DoT and the relevant provincial control of the first instalment is dependent upon submission to the DoT and the relevant provincial control of the first instalment is dependent upon submission to the DoT and the relevant provincial control of the first instalment is dependent upon submission to the DoT and the relevant provincial control of the first instalment is dependent upon submission to the DoT and the relevant provincial control of the first instalment is dependent upon submission to the DoT and the relevant provincial control of the first instalment is dependent upon submission to the DoT and the relevant provincial control of the first instalment is dependent upon submission to the DoT and the relevant provincial control of the first instalment is dependent upon submission to the DoT and the relevant provincial control of the first instalment is dependent upon submission to the DoT and the relevant provincial control of the first instalment is dependent upon submission to the DoT and the relevant provincial control of the first instalment is dependent upon submission to the DoT and the relevant provincial control of the first instalment is dependent upon submission to the DoT and the relevant provincial control of the first instalment is dependent upon submission to the DoT and the relevant provincial control of the first instalment is dependent upon submission to the DoT and the relevant provincial control of the first instalment is dependent.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>treasury of the following:</li> <li>final road asset management plan for the 2025 medium term expenditure framework (MTEF) by 31 January 2025</li> </ul>

Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant
<ul> <li>final tabled project list in table B5 format for the 2025 MTEF by 31 January 2025, with the various</li> </ul>
projects captured and readily identifiable on the infrastructure reporting model in terms of disaster
funding, rehabilitation and refurbishment and the Welisizwe Rural Bridges Programme
• submission to DoT of all the monthly and quarterly performance reports that have become due for the
2024/25 financial year, in terms of the 2025 Division of Revenue Act and the requirements of this
framework, prior to date of release of payment
<ul> <li>planning for the infrastructure reporting model for the 2025 MTEF by 22 April 2025</li> <li>The payment of the second instalment is dependent upon submission to the DoT and the relevant provincial</li> </ul>
• The payment of the second instalment is dependent upon submission to the DoT and the relevant provincial treasury of the following:
<ul> <li>first quarter monthly infrastructure reporting model expenditure reports</li> </ul>
o the signed-off fourth quarter performance report for the 2024/25 financial year in terms of the
2024 Division of Revenue Act
• the signed-off annual grant performance evaluation report by 30 May 2025
<ul> <li>the signed-off first draft 2026 MTEF road asset management plan with georeferencing of these projects</li> <li>as required by the Division of Bayanya Act and the requirements of this former walk by 27 June 2025</li> </ul>
as required by the Division of Revenue Act and the requirements of this framework by 27 June 2025 The neument of the third instalment is dependent upon submission to the DoT and the relevant provincial
<ul> <li>The payment of the third instalment is dependent upon submission to the DoT and the relevant provincial treasury of the following:</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>submission of signed-off first quarter Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant (PRMG) performance</li> </ul>
report for the 2025/26 financial year by 31 July 2025
<ul> <li>monthly infrastructure reporting model expenditure reports for quarter two</li> </ul>
o submission of the road condition and traffic data as per requirements of the PRMG practice note by
30 September 2025
<ul> <li>submission of the signed-off infrastructure programme management plan for the 2026 MTEF including</li> <li>the 2006 MTEF and install the 20 Accurate 2025</li> </ul>
the 2026 MTEF project list by 29 August 2025
<ul> <li>submission of signed-off road asset management systems data submission in the correct THM18 format by 30 September 2025</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>o the submission of signed-off first quarter report for Welisizwe Rural Bridges Programme by</li> </ul>
31 July 2025
• The payment of the fourth instalment is dependent upon submission to the DoT and the relevant provincial
treasury of the following:
o signed-off infrastructure programme implementation plan for the 2026 MTEF including 2026 project
list by 28 November 2025
<ul> <li>the submission of the signed-off second quarter performance report for the 2025/26 financial year by</li> <li>21 October 2025</li> </ul>
31 October 2025 the submission of signed off second guarter report for Walicizwa Pural Pridges Programma by
<ul> <li>the submission of signed-off second quarter report for Welisizwe Rural Bridges Programme by 31 October 2025</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>signed-off monthly infrastructure reporting model expenditure reports for quarter three</li> </ul>
• Provinces must submit to the DoT, updated road condition data, (for paved and unpaved) including
instrumental/automated road survey data, traffic data, safety audit report and bridge conditions by
30 September 2025
• Provinces must ensure that the Table B5 project list is compliant to the PRMG conditional grant framework,
and all projects are registered on the infrastructure reporting model
• The PRMG allocation can be allocated to the following projects as identified and prioritised through the
provincial road asset management systems:
<ul> <li>routine maintenance (operating expenditure): includes day-to-day routine activities such as cleaning drains and culverts, vegetation control, line marking, guard rail repair, road sign repair, crack sealing,</li> </ul>
patching, edge repair, spot re-graveling, and blading
<ul> <li>periodic maintenance (operating expenditure): includes periodically scheduled activities such as fog</li> </ul>
sprays/diluted emulsions/rejuvenators, surface seals and functional asphalt overlays <50 mm in
thickness. For gravel roads it includes re-gravelling up to 100 mm thick
o special maintenance (operating expenditure): includes the repair of selected pavement areas up to a
maximum of 25 per cent of project length followed by application of surface seal or functional asphalt
overlay <50 mm. Also includes reinstatement of slope stability, repairs to existing structures and the
repair of damage caused by floods or accidents
<ul> <li>rehabilitation (capital expenditure): includes increasing the structural capacity of an existing pavement through the recycling of existing layers and/or addition of new granular layers or structural asphalt</li> </ul>
overlays >80mm thick and upgrading or block paving of gravel roads with more than 300 vehicles per
day. These rehabilitation activities are however limited to a maximum of 25 per cent of the PRMG
allocation
• The PRMG maintenance component allocation cannot be allocated to the following projects:
o any costs associated with feasibility studies, tendering and programme management support
• the hire, purchasing, repairs, maintenance and operational costs of construction plant and equipment
• geometric improvements on paved or unpaved roads, which may include widening of the riding surface
or addition of paved shoulder, addition of lanes or passing lanes, improving sight distances (curve
slackening, blind rises), and localised geometric and intersection improvements
<ul> <li>the upgrading of gravel roads to surface roads</li> <li>the construction of new roads and new interchanges</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>improvement network capacity e.g. upgrading of earth (dirt) road to engineered gravel road or gravel</li> </ul>
to surfaced
<ul> <li>upgrading of single carriageway road to four-lane or dual carriageway road</li> </ul>
o the construction of new gravel or surfaced road where previously no road existed (brown/green fields

	Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant
	<ul> <li>the construction of new bridge to replace existing bridge or new interchange to replace intersection</li> <li>The following allocations are specifically and exclusively allocated for the construction of gravel roads upgraded to surface, roads refurbished and Welisizwe Rural Bridges Programme (allocated through Budget Facility for Infrastructure):</li> </ul>
	Rehabilitation Refurbishment Welisizwe Rural Bridges
	• Eastern Cape: R443 million R244 million
	o     Free State:     R487 million     R201 million       o     Gauteng:     R861 million
	Gauteng: R861million     KwaZulu-Natal: R881 million R244 million
	<ul> <li>Limpopo: R554 million</li> <li>R244 million</li> </ul>
	o Mpumalanga: R479 million R244 million
	• Northern Cape: R447 million
	o     North West:     R476 million     R201 million       o     Western Cape:     R563 million
	• The PRMG rehabilitation and refurbishment component allocation may only be allocated to:
	<ul> <li>rehabilitation and refurbishment of provincial strategic road network</li> <li>upgrading of earth (dirt) road to an engineered gravel road</li> <li>the upgrading of a gravel road to a gravel road</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>the upgrading of a gravel road to a surfaced road</li> <li>All projects under the refurbishment component must be included in business plans, and with approval from the DoT</li> </ul>
	• Business plans for the Welisizwe Rural Bridges Programme allocation must be submitted to the DoT and Department of Public Works and Infrastructure (DPWI) prior to the transfer of allocations
	• Welisizwe Rural Bridges Programme funds may only be utilised for projects as listed in the approved DPWI-provincial departments of transport memorandum of understanding and business plans
	<ul> <li>Monthly performance reports on the Welisizwe Rural Bridges Programme allocations must be submitted to the DoT and DPWI</li> <li>Detailed monthly progress must be reported on the infrastructure reporting model</li> </ul>
Allocation criteria	• Allocations are based on the PRMG formula, which takes into account the extent of the provincial road network (gravel/paved), the traffic volumes, the visual condition indices on the network and geo-climatic
	<ul><li>and topographic factors</li><li>A separate component for the Welisizwe Rural Bridges Programme exits outside of the PRMG allocation</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>and allocations are based on projects submitted to and approved by DPWI and administered by the DoT</li> <li>Unallocated amounts, for rehabilitation and refurbishment for 2026/27 and 2027/28 will be allocated as an incentive-based on the level of service efficiency achieved in road project investments undertaken</li> </ul>
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	• This grant is intended to ensure that provinces give priority to road infrastructure and promote efficiency in road investment
Past performance	2023/24 audited financial outcomes
	• Of the R15.3 billion allocated, R13.3 billion (90.7 per cent) was spent by provinces by the end of the financial year
	2023/24 service delivery performance
	Provinces developed and updated the road asset management plan
	• 27 936 km of surfaced roads visually assessed as per the applicable technical methods for highway manual
	• 65 674 km of gravel roads visually assessed as per the applicable technical methods for highway manual
	• 5 250 892 m <sup>2</sup> (1 500 effective km) surfaced roads rehabilitated
	<ul> <li>5 676 241 m<sup>2</sup> (1 621621 effective km) of surfaced roads resurfaced (overlay or reseal)</li> <li>2 196 952 m<sup>2</sup> of roads were patched</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>5 694 km of gravel roads re-gravelled</li> </ul>
	• 296 155 km of gravel roads bladed
	• 330 181 jobs created (work opportunities)
	• 4 421 full-time equivalents created
	• 9 292 youths employed (18-35)
	• 219 870 women employed
Duoi o do d life	116 people living with disabilities employed
Projected life MTEF allocations	• The grant is ongoing, but will be subject to periodic review
Payment schedule	<ul> <li>2025/26: R17.9 billion; 2026/27: R17.2 billion; and 2027/28: R18 billion</li> <li>Payment will be made in accordance with a payment schedule agreed to with provinces and approved by</li> </ul>
	National Treasury
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	<b>Responsibilities of the national department</b> • Ensure that the Table B5 project list is reviewed, verified, and validated to comply with the PRMG
transferring officer and	conditional grant framework and that all projects are registered in required reporting systems and kept up
receiving officer	to date by the provinces. This includes on-going feedback and engagements with provinces to ensure
receiving officer	to date by the provinces. This includes on-going feedback and engagements with provinces to ensure compliance
receiving officer	<ul><li>to date by the provinces. This includes on-going feedback and engagements with provinces to ensure compliance</li><li>Submit annual National Road Assessment Management Plan to National Treasury by 27 March 2026</li></ul>
receiving officer	<ul> <li>to date by the provinces. This includes on-going feedback and engagements with provinces to ensure compliance</li> <li>Submit annual National Road Assessment Management Plan to National Treasury by 27 March 2026</li> <li>Submit a grant evaluation report to National Treasury four months after the end of the financial year</li> </ul>
receiving officer	<ul> <li>to date by the provinces. This includes on-going feedback and engagements with provinces to ensure compliance</li> <li>Submit annual National Road Assessment Management Plan to National Treasury by 27 March 2026</li> <li>Submit a grant evaluation report to National Treasury four months after the end of the financial year</li> <li>Review the performance-based allocation mechanism for use in determining future allocations</li> </ul>
receiving officer	<ul> <li>to date by the provinces. This includes on-going feedback and engagements with provinces to ensure compliance</li> <li>Submit annual National Road Assessment Management Plan to National Treasury by 27 March 2026</li> <li>Submit a grant evaluation report to National Treasury four months after the end of the financial year</li> <li>Review the performance-based allocation mechanism for use in determining future allocations</li> <li>Confirm the correctness of data submitted by provinces by assessing a representative sample</li> </ul>
receiving officer	<ul> <li>to date by the provinces. This includes on-going feedback and engagements with provinces to ensure compliance</li> <li>Submit annual National Road Assessment Management Plan to National Treasury by 27 March 2026</li> <li>Submit a grant evaluation report to National Treasury four months after the end of the financial year</li> <li>Review the performance-based allocation mechanism for use in determining future allocations</li> </ul>

Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant	
	Monitor project implementation through on-going engagements, quarterly through bilateral and site
	inspections
	• Implement internal mechanisms to monitor adherence to grant conditions and manage the disbursements of
	the grant where there is non-compliance. Measures to address non-compliance include withholding
	transfers, as provided for in the 2025 Division of Revenue Act. If matters are still unresolved, this may
	result in the stopping and reallocation of tranche payments of the 2025 Division of Revenue Act
	• Put in place national transversal appointments and internal mechanisms to assist the identified provinces to
	implement the projects submitted
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	• Provincial departments must submit monthly infrastructure reports that comply with the infrastructure
	reporting model to DoT and the relevant provincial treasury 22 days after the end of each month
	• Provinces must align the road asset management plan, project list and ensure the Table B5 project list is
	registered on the infrastructure reporting model, the ERS, eQPR systems and the roads authority report annual performance plan and that these systems are kept up to date
	<ul> <li>Identification and preparation of project profile reports in partnership with the DoT</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Identification and preparation of project prome reports in participant with the DoT</li> <li>Identification and submission of projects to be implemented by the DoT</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Provinces must report on job creation and contractor development programmes</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Provinces must provide for detailed reports on ring-fenced allocations for disasters, rehabilitation and</li> </ul>
	refurbishment and Welisizwe Rural Bridges Programme
	• Provinces must submit updated road condition data (for paved and unpaved), including instrumental
	automated road survey data, traffic data, safety audit report and bridge conditions by 29 September 2025
	• Submit completed and signed-off quarterly performance report templates 30 days after the end of each
	quarter, together with a separate and signed-off report on safety projects as per the requirements of the performance incentive allocation
	<ul> <li>Submit completed and signed-off annual grant performance evaluation reports two months after the end of</li> </ul>
	each financial year, together with a separate chapter/report on safety projects as per the requirements of the
	performance incentive allocation
	• Provincial departments must implement their projects in line with the S'hamba Sonke and the Expanded
	Public Works Programme guidelines
	• Ensure that approved grant funded projects are published as part of the Estimates of Provincial Revenue and Expenditure through the provincial legislative processes
	• Ensure projects are selected using road asset management system as the primary source of information
	• Submit updated road condition data (for paved and unpaved roads) including instrumental/automated road
D	survey data, traffic data, safety audit report and bridge condition data by 29 September 2025
Process for approval of	• Provinces must submit for approval, a draft 2026/27 road asset management plan with a minimum of five
2026/27 business plans	years of planned projects selected using road asset management system as the primary source, by 27 June 2025
	• Provinces must submit for approval, the infrastructure programme management plan including 2026 MTEF
	project list by 29 August 2025
	• Road asset management plans, including 2026 MTEF prioritised project lists (the infrastructure programme
	management plan) must be reviewed by DoT and feedback provided by 30 September 2025. Provinces
	must submit the infrastructure programme management plan including 2026/27 delivery project list by
	28 November 2025 and must be reviewed by DoT and feedback provided by 31 December 2025
	• Provinces to submit for approval, final 2026/27 road asset management plan and Table B5 project list to DoT, the relevant provincial treasury and National Treasury by 30 January 2026 indicating all the required
	planned targets
	plained argets

	Public Transport Operations Grant
Transferring department	Transport (Vote 40)
Grant schedule	Schedule 4, Part A
Strategic goal	Subsidised road based public transport services
Grant purpose	• To provide supplementary funding towards public transport services provided by provincial departments
Outcome statements	<ul><li>of transport</li><li>The provision of public transport services in terms of contracts which are kilometre based and affordable</li></ul>
Outcome statements	to the users of the services
	Improved efficiencies in public transport spending
Outputs	Number of vehicles subsidised
-	• Number of vehicles subsidised (cumulative annual number)
	Number of trips operated
	Number of passengers
	Number of kilometres
	Number of employees
Priority of government	Priority 2: Economic transformation and job creation
that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
Details contained in the	Not applicable
business plan	• Not applicable
Conditions	• This conditional grant provides supplementary funding to subsidise service contracts entered into
	between the provincial departments of transport and public transport operators for the provision of
	affordable subsidised transport services
	• If the contracting function is assigned to any municipality before the 2025/26 adjustment budget, the
	appropriate portion of the grant will also be assigned to the municipality. The implementation of the
	assignment should be managed in terms of section 16 of the 2025 Division of Revenue Act
	<ul> <li>Where contracts are not assigned, provinces must continue performing the contracting function until this function is assigned to a municipality in terms of the provisions of the National Land Transport Act (Act</li> </ul>
	5 of 2009). The municipality and province will have to make transitional arrangements to ensure
	payments to operators to meet contractual commitments. A service level agreement between the province
	and the municipality must be signed and funds must flow in line with the 2025 Division of Revenue Act
	requirements. Provinces must take all reasonable measures to assist the transition within a framework to
	be prescribed by the national Department of Transport (DoT) and National Treasury
	• In cases where a contract, or part thereof, is transferred in terms of any applicable legislation or legal
	provision as part of the integrated public transport network of the municipality, the funds allocated to
	such a contract or part thereof must be ring-fenced and transferred to the municipality taking over the
	<ul><li>contract from the province</li><li>For the purpose of planning, provinces must establish public transport integration committees. The</li></ul>
	provinces must share relevant information with municipalities relating to this grant, where services link
	to integrated public transport networks
	• All new contracts, including designs and operators' business plans detailing subsidised services, must be
	assessed by the public transport integration committees, to ensure that they are in line with relevant
	legislation and in compliance with the public transport strategy and recommended for approval. Where
	an intermodal planning committee is established at municipal level, in terms of the National Land
	Transport Act 5 of 2009 the functions of the two committees must be consolidated to ensure integration
	<ul><li>of planning, services and modes</li><li>Provinces must ensure that public transport integration committees are functional and that no new</li></ul>
	contracts are paid from the grant if they are not considered by the public transport integration committees
Allocation criteria	Allocations are based on the 2009 Division of Revenue Act allocation baseline, weighted for the average
	shares of historical contributions that supplement the grant. Provinces/contracting authorities should
	determine individual operator's budgets and ensure that the operation stays within the allocation or
	provide supplementary funds from their provincial budget
Reasons not incorporated	Subsidies are earmarked for the provision of public transport services
in equitable share Past performance	2023/24 audited financial outcome
i ast performance	• Allocated and transferred R7.4 billion to provinces of which R7.4 billion was spent by the end of the
	national financial year
	2023/24 service delivery performance
	Number of vehicles subsidised: 6 189
	• Number of kilometres subsidised: 207 680 196
	• Subsidy per passenger: R31.08
	• Subsidy per kilometre operated: R35.79
	• Passengers per vehicle: 3212
	• Passengers per trip operated: 45
D 1 / 110	• Employees per vehicle: 1.9
Projected life	Grant continues until the 2027/28, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2025/26: R8.1 billion; 2026/27: R8.5 billion; and 2027/28: R8.8 billion
Payment schedule	Monthly instalments according to a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and receiving officer	<ul> <li>Disburse allocations to provinces</li> <li>Collect and surplusts operational and financial data from provinces and concollidate for submission to</li> </ul>
i ceciving uniter	• Collect and evaluate operational and financial data from provinces and consolidate for submission to

	Public Transport Operations Grant
	National Treasury
	• Maintain a national database with key performance indicators of public transport services as per data
	received from provinces
	• Submit quarterly and annual reports to National Treasury in line with the 2025 Division of Revenue Act requirements and time frames
	<ul> <li>Advise provinces/contracting authorities regarding the design of contracted services</li> </ul>
	• Implement internal mechanisms to monitor adherence to grant conditions and manage the disbursements
	of the grant where there is non-compliance. Measures to address non-compliance include withholding transfers, as provided for in the 2025 Division of Revenue Act. If matters are still unresolved, this may result in the stopping and reallocation of tranche payments in terms of the 2025 Division of Revenue Act
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	<ul> <li>Any contractual agreement entered into in relation to this grant will be the responsibility of the contracting</li> </ul>
	authority
	• Provincial departments remain responsible for funding any shortfall experienced on this grant from their provincial equitable share
	• Ensure that contracted operators' certified claims are paid within 30 days from the date of receipt
	• Provinces must monitor and verify the correctness of the operators' claims in terms of the kilometres of service provided and provide a monthly summary report to the transferring officer
	• Certify and submit monthly performance reports to DoT within 25 days after the end of the month, and quarterly performance reports within 30 days after the end of each quarter using the reporting format developed by DoT
	<ul> <li>The Public Transport Operations Grant reports must be signed by the Accounting Officer or delegated official in terms of the Public Finance Management Act</li> </ul>
	• Provinces must inform the transferring officer of any disputes or challenges that may lead to service disruptions
	• Provinces must ensure that public transport integration committees are established and new public transport contracts are to be considered by the public transport integration committees for approval
Process for approval of	Not applicable
2026/27 business plans	••

# Annexure W3: Frameworks for Conditional Grants to Municipalities

Detailed frameworks on Schedule 4, Part B; Schedule 5, Part B; Schedule 6, Part B; and Schedule 7, Part B grants to municipalities

### Introduction

This annexure provides a brief description for each grant in Schedule 4, Part B; Schedule 5, Part B; Schedule 6, Part B; and Schedule 7, Part B of the 2025 Division of Revenue Bill. The following are key areas considered for each grant:

- Strategic goal and purpose of the grant
- Outcome statements and outputs of the grant
- Priority(ties) of government that the grant primarily contributes to
- Conditions of the grant (additional to what is required in the Bill)
- Criteria for allocation between municipalities
- Rationale for funding through a conditional grant
- Past performance
- The projected life of the grant
- 2025 MTEF allocations
- The payment schedule
- Responsibilities of transferring national department and receiving municipalities
- Process for approval of business plans for 2026/27

The attached frameworks are not part of the Division of Revenue Bill but are published in order to provide more information on each grant to parliament, legislatures, municipal councils, officials in all three spheres of government and the public. Once the Division of Revenue Bill, 2025 is enacted, these frameworks will be gazetted in terms of the Act.

The financial statements and annual reports for 2025/26 will report against the Division of Revenue Act, Division of Revenue Amendment Act and their schedules, and the grant frameworks as gazetted in terms of the Act. Such reports must cover both financial and non-financial performance, focusing on the outputs achieved.

## **COOPERATIVE GOVERNANCE GRANTS**

Transferring department         Cooperative Government (Vol.3)           Crrant schedulus         Schedulus S, Part B           Strategie goal         To support spatially aligned public infrastructure investment that will lead to functional and efficient urban spaces and ultimately unlock growth in the stratement for the poor and to promote increased access to commicing for public investment is a respective for the sound management of the assets delivered           Outcome statements         • To provide funding for public investments are spatially aligned and to promote increased access to delivered           Outcome statements         • Improved access to numicipal infrastructure         • Improved access to delivered           Outputs         • Number of new water connections meeting minimum standards         • Number of new water connections meeting minimum standards           • Number of new water connections meeting minimum standards         • Number of additional ports, outdoes gover facilities and port gover gover additional year           • Number of additional ports, outdoes gover facilities and gover gover additional year         • Additional kilometers of additional ports and to additional port gover gover additional year           • Additional kilometers of additional ports, outdoes gover facilities and ight maxielly as on the sound and stress of the advers or gover port for the sove approx         • Number of delivered during the financial year           • Additional kilometers of advers of the advers or gover port or ports of during the financial year         • Number of porestressin addit rights on stresmet advers port themaxing by addi		Integrated Urban Development Grant
Strategic goal         • To support spatially aligned public infrastructure investment that will lead to functional and efficient urban gases and ultimately unlock growth           Grant purpose         • To provide funding for public investment in infrastructure for the poor and to promote increased access to municipal own sources of capital finance in order to increase funding for public investment in cenomic infrastructure.           Outcome statements         • Improved access to municipal infrastructure           Improved agents to municipal infrastructure         • Improved agents are spatially aligned and to promote the sound management of the assets delivered           Outputs         • Number of new water connections meeting minimum standards           • Number of new water connections meeting minimum standards           • Number of new water connections meeting minimum standards           • Number of additional parks, cutdoor sports facilities and open space provided during the financial year           • Number of additional community halts provided during the financial year           • Additional kilometers of oursficed rounsing aread within the financial year           • Additional kilometers of or sold stransport paths hult over the financial year           • Number of additional parks, suthore and stransport paths hult over the financial year           • Number of proceins of ords, stormwater and stormwater channel year           • Additional kilometers of ords, stormwater and stormwater and stormwater of paths were so for sold stormston the store stormate and year <t< th=""><th></th><th></th></t<>		
creat purpose         reproved funding for public investment in infratructure for the poor and to promote increased access to municipal own sources of capital finance in order to increase funding for public investment in economic infratructure           Outcome statements         • Improved quality of municipal excises through infrastructure funding for public investments are spatially aligned and to promote the sound management of the assets delivered           Outputs         • Improved quality of municipal excises through infrastructure that is in better condition           • Unproved quality of municipal excises through infrastructure that is in better condition           • Unproved quality of municipal excises through infrastructure that is in better condition           • Unproved quality of municipal excises through infrastructure that is in better condition           • Unmber of new sever connections meeting minimum standards           • Number of additional parks, outdoor sports facilities and open space provided during the financial year           • Number of additional libraries provided during the financial year           • Additional kilometers of surfaced municipal coal lance with has been resulfaced und resulted           • Additional kilometers of surfaced municipal coal municipal and lance and year           • Additional kilometers of surfaced municipal coal municipal and surfaced ware to functional year           • Number of opeostatical vehicles for wase management (as defined in annexures A and B of the norms and standards for generating and vehicules, purchased a service pour unacred during the financial year		
minicipal own sources of capital finance in order to increase funding for public investment in economic infrastructure           Outcome statements         • Improved access to municipal infrastructure           • Improved access to municipal infrastructure         • Improved access to municipal infrastructure that is in better condition           • Improved access to municipal infrastructure that is in better condition         • Improved patial integration           Outputs         • Number of new water connections meeting minimum standards           • Number of new water connections meeting minimum standards         • Number of additional community halls provided during the financial year           • Number of additional parks, cutudor sports facilities and open space provided during the financial year         • Number of additional libraries provided during the financial year           • Number of additional torisers provided during the financial year         • Additional libraries provided during the financial year           • Number of additional commutipal patal have briedges constructed during the financial year         • Additional libraries provided libraries provided during the financial year           • Number of specialised water vehicles, purchased to service poor unacced during the financial year         • Number of apecialised water weither libras mail bigs. constructed during the financial year           • Number of apecialised water weither libras mail bigs.         • Number of apecialised water weither libras mail bigs.           • Number of apecialised water weitherelys mail pabr.         • N		spaces and ultimately unlock growth
delivered           Outcome statements         Improved quality of municipal infrastructure           Improved quality of municipal services through infrastructure that is in better condition           Improved quality of municipal services through infrastructure that is in better condition           Outputs         Number of new water connections meeting minimum standards           Number of additional parks, outdoor sports facilities and open space provided during the financial year           Number of additional community halls provided during the financial year           Number of additional libraries provided during the financial year           Additional kineters of unscrade on signal of allons which has been resurfaced and rescaled           Additional kineters of unscrade on minicipal on all mess which has been resurfaced and rescaled           Additional kineters of unscrade on minipil on all high must lights constructed during the financial year           Number of work opportunities and Pull-Time Equivalents (PTEs) created using the Expanded Public Works Programme (PTWP) guidelines for the abve outputs           Priority of government that this grant primarity         Priority of sportunities and Pull-Time Equivalents (PTEs) created using the Expanded Public Works Programme (PTWP) guidelines for the abve outputs           Phiority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government           Number of receinised work chicels, purchase developed in terms of the Distric Development Model (DDM), and the Integrated Urban Development Framework (ICEF)           Or	Grant purpose	municipal own sources of capital finance in order to increase funding for public investment in economic infrastructure
<ul> <li>Improved quality of municipal services through infrastructure that is in better condition         <ul> <li>Improved quality of municipal services meeting minimum standards</li> <li>Number of new swater connections meeting minimum standards</li> <li>Percentage of known informal settlements receiving integrated waste handling services during the financial year</li> <li>Number of additional ibrarys provided during the financial year</li> <li>Number of additional ibrarys provided during the financial year</li> <li>Number of additional kilometers of surfaced municipal road lanes which has been resurfaced and resealed</li> <li>Additional kilometers of surfaced municipal road lanes which has been resurfaced and resealed</li> <li>Additional kilometers of ranks, stormwater and stormwater channels constructed during the financial year</li> <li>Number of additional kilometers of surfaced to be service provided during the financial year</li> <li>Number of work opportunities and Full-Time Equivalents (PTEs) created using the Expanded Public Works Programme (PWP) guidelines for the above couptusts</li> <li>Number of ork opportunities and Full-Time Equivalents (PTEs) created using the Expanded Public Works Programme (PWP) guidelines for the above couptusts</li> <li>Number of specialised work collecibo, purchased to service por unserved communities that this grant primarity contributes to</li> </ul> </li> <li>Priority of government that the langard Uban settlements and local government that this grant primarity.</li> <li>Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government that this grant primarity.</li> <li>Priority of government (DP), sector masterplans, District One Plans developed in terms of the District Development Plan (UDP), sector masterplans, District One Plans developed in terms of the District Development Plan (UDP).<!--</th--><th></th><th></th></li></ul>		
<ul> <li>Improved spatial integration</li> <li>Outputs</li> <li>Number of new sever connections meeting minimum standards</li> <li>Number of new sever connections meeting minimum standards</li> <li>Percentage of known informal settlements receiving integrated waste handling services during the financial year</li> <li>Number of additional functional parks, native service of during the financial year</li> <li>Number of additional kilometers of surfaced roads graded within the financial year</li> <li>Additional kilometers of surfaced roads graded within the financial year</li> <li>Additional kilometers of surfaced roads graded within the financial year</li> <li>Additional kilometers of surfaced municipal road lanes which has been resurfaced and resealed</li> <li>Additional kilometers of surfaced municipal road lanes which has been resurfaced and resealed</li> <li>Additional kilometers of surfaced municipal road lanes which has been resurfaced and resealed</li> <li>Additional kilometers of non-motivised transport paths built over the financial year</li> <li>Number of poetistina and vehicular bridges constructed during the financial year</li> <li>Number of community lighting, street lights and high mast lights, constructed during the financial year</li> <li>Number of community lighting, street lights and high mast lights, constructed adving the Light construction of the uncortage or the standards for specialised vehicles, purchased to service poor uncerved communities.</li> <li>Number of poetialised vehicles for waste management (as defined in annexures A and B of the norms and standards for specialised vehicles), purchased to service poor unserved communities.</li> <li>Priority of government</li> <li>Priority of government</li> <li>Priority 5: Spatial integrated Urban Development that is aligned with a 10-year Capital Expenditure Framework (CEF)</li> <li>The three-year capital programme must demonstrate alignment with the municipal</li></ul>	Outcome statements	
<ul> <li>Number of new sewer connections meeting minimum standards</li> <li>Percentage of known informal settlements receiving integrated wase handling services during the financial year</li> <li>Number of additional parks, outdoor sports ficilities and open space provided during the financial year</li> <li>Number of additional tobraries provided during the financial year</li> <li>Number of additional tobraries provided during the financial year</li> <li>Additional kilometers of surfaced mainsight of the financial year</li> <li>Additional kilometers of surfaced mainsight of the financial year</li> <li>Additional kilometers of surfaced mainsight of the financial year</li> <li>Additional kilometers of surfaced mainsight of the financial year</li> <li>Additional kilometers of one and stormwater channels constructed during the financial year</li> <li>Number of work opportunities and Pull-Time Equivalents (FTE-1) created using the financial year</li> <li>Number of surface provided to service por unserved communities</li> <li>Number of surface provides and Pull-Time Equivalents (FTE-1) created using the Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) guidelines for the above outputs</li> <li>Number of surface provides and Pull-Time Equivalents (FTE-1) created using the Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) spidelines for the above outputs</li> <li>Number of surface and Pull-Time Equivalents (FTE-1) created using the Expanditure Framework (CEF)</li> <li>This grant uses a three-year capital programme that is aligned with a 10-year Capital Expenditure Framework (DDM), and the Integrated Urban Development Framework (UDP) outputs and outcomes</li> <li>The three-year capital programme must provide the following detail for each sub-programme that is partially or fully funded by the Integrated Urban Development framework (UDP).</li> <li>Classification of sub-programme must be developed in neoros houscholds, high income households</li> <li>The three-year capi</li></ul>		
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<ul> <li>business plan</li> <li>(CEF)</li> <li>The three-year capital programme must demonstrate alignment with the municipal Integrated Development Plan (IDP), sector masterplans, District One Plans developed in terms of the District Development Model (DDM), and the Integrated Urban Development Framework (IUDF) outputs and outcomes</li> <li>The three-year capital programme must provide the following detail for each sub-programme that is partially or fully funded by the Integrated Urban Development Grant (IUDG): <ul> <li>classification of sub-programme as informal settlement upgrading, other new infrastructure or renewal</li> <li>anticipated outputs</li> <li>indication of the proportion of outputs that will be delivered in priority areas as identified in the Spatial Development Framework</li> <li>indication of the proportion of outputs that will benefit low-income households, high income households</li> <li>or non-residential customers</li> </ul> </li> <li>The three-year capital programme must demonstrate appropriate co-funding for the portion of the programme that does not benefit low-income households</li> <li>The three-year capital programme must be developed in accordance with the planning, administration and implementation phases of project management</li> <li>This grant uses the Municipal Infrastructure Grant-Management Information System (MIG-MIS) registration requirements for ongoing projects that were previously funded from the Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)</li> <li>IUDG funds may only be spent on: <ul> <li>basic residential infrastructure for the poor for water, sanitation, roads, waste management, street lighting, community facilities as well as associated municipal bulk and connector infrastructure</li> <li>maintenance of roads infrastructure or renewing existing infrastructure</li> <li>maintenance of roads infrastructure or renewing existing infrastructure</li> <li>maintenance of roads infrastructure or renewing existing infrastructure</li> <li>maintenance of roads infrastructure or enewing</li></ul></li></ul>	that this grant primarily	• Thority 5. Spatial integration, numan settlements and local government
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	Integrated Urban Development Grant
Conditions	• IUDG receiving municipalities must submit their infrastructure asset management plans, accompanied by an excel copy of the municipality's audited asset register to DCoG by 30 April 2025
	• MIG project commitments not completed with the transition from the MIG programme to the IUDG programme take priority in terms of funding allocation and accounted for both through the MIG-MIS and the IUDG reporting structures, until the projects are fully completed
	<ul> <li>Before newly participating municipalities can receive their first tranche, their three-year capital programme and 10-year CEF must have been approved through processes led by DCoG</li> </ul>
	• An IUDG receiving municipality must use the Public Infrastructure Unit Cost Guidelines, 2021 edition, for the costing of IUDG funded projects
	• A maximum of 5 per cent of a municipality's IUDG base allocation may be used for programme management costs related to grant funded projects, only if a business plan for their Programme Management Unit (PMU) is submitted for assessment and recommendation by the provincial department responsible for local government; and approved by the transferring officer before the start of the municipal financial year. If these funds (5 per cent) are not planned or spent for this purpose, they must revert back to capital projects in the IUDG
	• The 2025/26 financial year PMU business plans must be submitted to DCoG for approval, by not later than 30 April 2025
	• The performance-based component of the IUDG can only be used for new, upgrading and rehabilitation of basic services infrastructure
	• The planning component is only provided to new entrants to the IUDG programme and the allocation must be used to develop, review, strengthen and ensure alignment between the CEFs, three-year capital programme, IUDF, asset management plans and district one plans
	• An IUDG receiving municipality must spend at least 60 per cent of its transferred amount, before the next transfer
	<ul> <li>An IUDG receiving municipality must spend at least 45 per cent of its allocation by December 2025</li> <li>IUDG funds can be used for road maintenance only if projects are planned and prioritised using asset management plans</li> </ul>
	• Municipalities that have allocations gazetted for specific sport infrastructure projects funded from the ring- fenced sport funds may only spend these allocations on the projects identified by the Department of Sports, Arts and Culture (DSAC)
	<ul> <li>Municipalities that are already part of the IUDG but do not continue to meet all of the qualification criteria for the grant must adopt and implement a Performance Improvement Plan (PIP) and meet the qualification criteria within two years of the implantation of the PIP, if they are to remain part of this grant. DCoG will continue to monitor the PIPs for Polokwane Local Municipality and Sol Plaatje Local Municipality</li> <li>Municipalities implementing a PIP must submit quarterly reports on its progress to DCoG</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Wunterparties implementing a Fi must submit quarterly reports on its progress to Decor</li> <li>Municipalities using IUDG funding to purchase specialised vehicles for waste management must prepare a technical assessment report (TAR) which must comply with the norms and standards for specialised waste management vehicles. The TAR must demonstrate that IUDG funds will only be used for the expansion of waste management services to poor households not previously served. The purchase will only be done through the National Treasury's RT57 transversal contract and the TAR must include a recommendation from the provincial Department of Forestry, Fisheries and the Environment (DFFE) and a final approval from the national DFFE before it is considered. Vehicles may not be purchased with IUDG funds for other</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>purposes</li> <li>IUDG receiving municipalities must comply with sector norms, standards and legislation, in implementing the three-year capital programme</li> </ul>
Allocation criteria	<ul> <li>Allocations are focused on municipalities whose circumstances align with the IUDG's criteria, these include: higher urban population densities and high economic activity</li> <li>The IUDG includes a base component that is derived from the MIG formula explained in part five of Annexure W1 of the 2025 Division of Revenue Bill; a performance-based component and a 3 per cent planning component</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>A portion of the total IUDG allocation is allocated as a performance incentive. The performance-based component is also weighted according to the allocations in the MIG formula. This allocation is then adjusted based on performance against the following weighted indicators:         <ul> <li>non-grant capital as a percentage of total capital expenditure (40 per cent)</li> <li>repairs and maintenance expenditure (30 per cent)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>asset management plan (30 per cent)</li> <li>land use applications in priority areas (0 per cent - this factor is dormant in 2025/26)</li> <li>building plan applications in priority areas (0 per cent - this factor is dormant in 2025/26)</li> <li>An equivalent of 3 per cent of the MIG formula allocation for newly participating municipalities is allocated to undertake specified planning activities, provided that these conform to the list of eligible activities identified by the transferring officer, including: <ul> <li>a detailed three-year capital programme and a 10-year CEF</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>property market empirical and diagnostic studies</li> <li>integrated infrastructure and spatial planning for identified integration zones</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>investment pipeline development</li> <li>municipal systems and/or measures to improve ease of doing business such as construction permits and land use applications</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>development or review of infrastructure asset management plans</li> </ul>

	Integrated Urban Development Grant
	<ul> <li>identified priority areas for spatial transformation in line with the Spatial Development Framework and</li> </ul>
	CEF
	<ul> <li>development of infrastructure financing strategies and instruments including finance strategy for green and climate resilient infrastructure</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>implementation of an agreed performance improvement plan</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>private sector engagement strategy and programme indicating how the municipality will partner with</li> </ul>
	different stakeholders on the delivery of the CEF
	<ul> <li>development of climate change mitigation and adaptation plan or strategy</li> </ul>
Reasons not incorporated	• This is a specific purpose grant with conditions, objectives and distribution criteria different from that of the
in equitable share	equitable share
Past performance	2023/24 audited financial outcomes
	• The IUDG allocation for 2023/24 was R1.2 billion and R1.2 billion or 99.9 per cent of the allocated funds were spent in 2023/24
	2023/24 service delivery performance
	• Number of poor households impacted through the construction of new infrastructure and upgrading and
	renewal of existing infrastructure for:
	<ul> <li>135 households provided with basic water and sanitation services</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>100 households provided with electricity</li> </ul>
	• Community infrastructure constructed (new infrastructure and upgrading and renewal of existing
	<ul> <li>infrastructure):</li> <li>1 sport and recreation facilities developed</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>I sport and recreation facilities developed</li> <li>2 Pedestrian Bridges</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>6 kilometres of municipal roads developed</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>2 kilometres of municipal roads upgraded and rehabilitated</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>50 streetlights and 42 high-mast lights installed</li> </ul>
	• 1 community hall developed
Ducinated life	465 FTEs created using the EPWP guidelines for the above outputs
Projected life MTEF allocations	<ul> <li>The programme will continue up to 2027/28, subject to review</li> <li>2025/26: R1.3 billion; 2026/27: R1.4 billion; and 2027/28: R1.4 billion</li> </ul>
Payment schedule	<ul> <li>The grant will be paid in three instalments: July 2025, December 2025 and March 2026, in line with the</li> </ul>
r ayment senedate	payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national departments
transferring officer and	• DCoG administers the IUDG and co-ordinates its activities with all stakeholders, through appropriate
receiving officer	structures. DCoG must:
	• monitor expenditure and non-financial performance in collaboration with provincial departments of
	<ul> <li>cooperative governance</li> <li>coordinate overall programme implementation</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>coordinate overall programme implementation</li> <li>ensure that the results of the green drop, blue drop and no drop assessments are considered and prioritised</li> </ul>
	in the planning and prioritisation of water projects
	• The Municipal Infrastructure Support Agent must support municipalities that have been identified
	collaboratively by DCoG and its provincial counterparts as needing assistance
	• DFFE must make the final recommendation on the TAR for the purchasing of specialised waste management
	vehicles
	• In addition to the sector-specific support and advice, the Department of Water and Sanitation, DFFE, Department of Transport, Department of Electricity and Energy and DSAC will be expected to:
	<ul> <li>provide sector policies and plans to municipalities as informants to the preparation of CEFs</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>provide sector ponetes and plans to indiricipatities as information to the proparation of OLD's</li> <li>participate in processes to approve the 10-year CEF and three-year capital programme</li> </ul>
	o fulfil a sectoral monitoring and guidance role on relevant sectoral outputs. National sector departments
	will be invited to participate in IUDG in-year monitoring meetings in order to facilitate this role
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	Provincial departments responsible for local government must:
	<ul> <li>coordinate technical support to municipalities</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>coordinate technical support to municipalities</li> <li>provide assistance to municipalities in managing municipal infrastructure projects</li> </ul>
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	<ul> <li>coordinate technical support to municipalities</li> <li>provide assistance to municipalities in managing municipal infrastructure projects</li> <li>participate in processes to approve the 10-year CEF and three-year capital programme</li> <li>participate in in-year monitoring meetings</li> <li>verify outputs and outcomes reported by municipalities on a sample of projects annually</li> <li>Provincial treasuries must:</li> <li>participate in in-year monitoring meetings</li> <li>participate in processes to approve the 10-year CEF and three-year capital programme</li> <li>participate in processes to approve the 10-year CEF and three-year capital programme</li> <li>participate in in-year monitoring meetings</li> <li>Provincial departments of environment, forestry and fisheries are responsible for providing recommendations on the TAR for the purchasing of specialised waste management vehicles to the national Department of Environment, Forestry and Fisheries</li> <li>Responsibilities of the municipalities</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>coordinate technical support to municipalities</li> <li>provide assistance to municipalities in managing municipal infrastructure projects</li> <li>participate in processes to approve the 10-year CEF and three-year capital programme</li> <li>participate in in-year monitoring meetings</li> <li>verify outputs and outcomes reported by municipalities on a sample of projects annually</li> <li>Provincial treasuries must:</li> <li>participate in in-year monitoring meetings</li> <li>participate in processes to approve the 10-year CEF and three-year capital programme</li> <li>participate in processes to approve the 10-year CEF and three-year capital programme</li> <li>participate in in-year monitoring meetings</li> <li>Provincial departments of environment, forestry and fisheries are responsible for providing recommendations on the TAR for the purchasing of specialised waste management vehicles to the national Department of Environment, Forestry and Fisheries</li> <li>Responsibilities of the municipalities</li> <li>Municipalities must ensure appropriate programme and project planning and implementation readiness prior</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>coordinate technical support to municipalities</li> <li>provide assistance to municipalities in managing municipal infrastructure projects</li> <li>participate in processes to approve the 10-year CEF and three-year capital programme</li> <li>participate in in-year monitoring meetings</li> <li>verify outputs and outcomes reported by municipalities on a sample of projects annually</li> <li>Provincial treasuries must:</li> <li>participate in in-year monitoring meetings</li> <li>participate in processes to approve the 10-year CEF and three-year capital programme</li> <li>participate in processes to approve the 10-year CEF and three-year capital programme</li> <li>participate in in-year monitoring meetings</li> <li>Provincial departments of environment, forestry and fisheries are responsible for providing recommendations on the TAR for the purchasing of specialised waste management vehicles to the national Department of Environment, Forestry and Fisheries</li> <li>Responsibilities of the municipalities</li> </ul>

	Integrated Urban Development Grant
	<ul> <li>Municipalities must report monthly, quarterly and at the end of the financial year in the prescribed format(s) and timelines</li> <li>Monthly, quarterly and annual reports must be signed-off by the Accounting Officer or the delegated official and submitted directly to DCoG</li> <li>Ensure that the results of the green drop, blue drop and no drop assessments are considered and prioritised in the planning and prioritisation of water projects</li> <li>Municipalities must ensure that at least 20 per cent of their IUDG budget applies labour intensive construction methods (LICs) and complies to EPWP infrastructure guidelines</li> <li>Procurement of service providers and contractor should be concluded within the first quarter of the 2025/26 financial year</li> </ul>
Process for approval of 2026/27 business plans	<ul> <li>Finality year</li> <li>Eligibility for the IUDG and minimum conditions for qualification are outlined in Annexure W1 to the 2025 Division of Revenue Bill</li> <li>Any Category B municipality may apply to qualify for the IUDG for 2026/27 by submitting an application by 31 July 2025</li> <li>IUDG receiving municipalities must submit data for the calculation of the performance-based component (incentives) for approval by DCoG by not later than 29 August 2025, to inform the subsequent year's allocations</li> <li>Municipalities that will be receiving the IUDG for the first time in 2026/27 must submit a first draft of the three-year capital programme and 10-year CEF to the transferring officer by 30 March 2026 and the final versions of the three-year capital programme and 10-year CEF must be adopted by respective councils by 1 June 2026</li> <li>The adopted three-year capital programme and 10-year CEF must be submitted to DCoG with council resolution no later than 10 days after adoption by council</li> <li>Municipalities that are already on the IUDG do not need to submit CEFs to DCoG annually unless they embarked on a process to review or amend their CEF and three-year capital programme in the prior year or advised by DCoG upon conducting a gap analysis on the existing CEF</li> <li>The 2025/26 financial year PMU business plans must be submitted to DCoG for approval, by not later than 30 April 2025</li> </ul>

	Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant
Transferring department	Cooperative Governance (Vote 3)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part B
Strategic goal	To restore functionality of municipal infrastructure following a disaster
Grant purpose	To rehabilitate and reconstruct municipal infrastructure damaged by a disaster
Outcome statements	Municipal infrastructure damaged by a disaster rehabilitated and reconstructed
Outputs	Municipal infrastructure damaged by a disaster reconstructed and rehabilitated
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
Details contained in the business plan	<ul> <li>This grant uses the template/framework developed by the National Disaster Management Centre (NDMC) which must include a project implementation plan, highlighting:         <ul> <li>copy of the applicable contingency plan and emergency procedures in use by the municipality (in terms of section 49(1)(d) of the Disaster Management Act) linked to Sections 56 and 57 of the same Act</li> <li>details of insurance and insured infrastructure, where applicable including factors outlined in Sections 56 and 57 of the same Act as well as proof from the insurance company on the matter</li> <li>an asset register that accurately reflects the projects for which funding has been applied</li> <li>list of projects to be implemented</li> <li>time-frames within which the projects will be implemented</li> <li>technical report (high level that explains viability and practicality)</li> <li>costs of reconstruction and rehabilitation projects, including personnel related costs</li> <li>progress made on the approvals of EIA's and WULA by the relevant sector departments</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>maintenance plan and resourcing of the infrastructure to be repaired</li> <li>disaster risk reduction measures for the proposed reoccurrence of disaster related damage in the future</li> <li>number of households to benefit from the projects and estimated jobs to be created</li> </ul>
Conditions	<ul> <li>A business plan and project implementation plan signed by the Accounting Officer aligned to the post disaster verification assessment report must be submitted to the NDMC</li> <li>Disaster reconstruction and rehabilitation funds must only be utilised for approved projects as listed in the</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Distate reconstruction and reinformation rates mast only be durined for approved projects as instead in the post disaster verification and assessment reports and approved business plans</li> <li>The grant may not be utilised for insured infrastructure. In case of inadequate insurance, reasons for inadequate insurance to be provided as well as proof from the insurer on the amount paid/to be paid</li> <li>Funds may only be utilised for approved projects within affected municipalities, for the reconstruction and rehabilitation of infrastructure damaged by disaster incidents</li> <li>Monthly and quarterly financial and non-financial performance reports on disaster allocations must be submitted to the NDMC through the relevant Provincial Disaster Management Centre (PDMC)</li> <li>Annual performance evaluation report on financial and non-financial performance to be submitted to the NDMC through the relevant PDMC</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Municipalities must liaise and align the disaster recovery projects with the Municipal Infrastructure Grant projects to ensure proper monitoring and reporting on the progress for implementation of the projects</li> <li>To receive the first tranche, municipalities must have submitted a business plan identifying projects to be implemented through approved allocation confirming project planning and implementation readiness including cash flow projections and must confirm the appointment of a service provider</li> <li>Municipalities must spend at least 60 per cent of their previous transfers and comply with all grant conditions before subsequent tranches can be transferred</li> </ul>
Allocation criteria	• The grant is allocated based on approved post-disaster reconstruction and rehabilitation assessment reports
Reason not incorporated in equitable share	This grant caters for recovery after unforeseen disasters
Past performance	<ul> <li>2023/24 audited financial outcomes</li> <li>The grant was allocated R1.5 billion, of which R1.3 billion was transferred to 54 municipalities, and R433 million was spent by the end of the financial year</li> <li>2023/24 service delivery performance</li> <li>R1.3 billion was transferred to reconstruct and rehabilitate municipal infrastructure damaged by the floods as follows:</li> </ul>
<b>D</b>	<ul> <li>R659 million in the Eastern Cape for 22 municipalities</li> <li>R403 million in KwaZulu-Natal for 17 municipalities</li> <li>R113 million in Limpopo for 7 municipalities</li> <li>R159 million in Mpumalanga for 8 municipalities</li> </ul>
Projected life	This grant will continue until 2027/28, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2025/26: R709 million
Payment schedule Responsibilities of the transferring officer and receiving officer	<ul> <li>Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury</li> <li>Responsibilities of National Disaster Management Centre</li> <li>Advise municipalities about the existence of the grant and its conditions</li> <li>Provide municipalities with a final post-disaster verification assessment report that includes a project list and projected costs for all infrastructure to be reconstructed or rehabilitated. This report must be provided through</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>the relevant PDMC</li> <li>Monitor the implementation of projects together with the affected municipalities and provinces</li> <li>Make payments to municipalities in accordance with the approved payment schedule</li> <li>Transfer funds only when evidence on project performance and expenditure reports are submitted</li> </ul>

- municipal infrastructure
- In collaboration with the relevant sector departments, assist the identified municipalities on appropriate infrastructure, planning delivery models for the implementation of disaster projects
- Coordinate the infrastructure verification assessment in collaboration with the PDMC, provincial sector departments and NDMC
- · Advise on the pre-engineering processes to be followed in the reconstruction of damaged infrastructure (Environmental Impact Assessments and Water Use License Applications)
- Recommend the technical reports and designs by the municipalities to ensure technical viability and feasibility and costing of the projects
- Support the municipalities with improvements to municipal processes for planning, project prioritisation and selection. This includes detailed planning, scoping, designing, scheduling, costing and procurement implementation
- Provide technical advice and expertise to identified municipalities on the use of alternative technologies
- Monitor the implementation of projects together with the affected municipalities, PDMC and NDMC

Responsibilities of Provincial Disaster Management Centres

- Advise municipalities about the existence of the grant and its conditions
- Assist municipalities with the rapid assessment reports to be submitted to the NDMC
- · Provide support to municipalities with regard to the final post-disaster verification report
- Ensure that the final post-disaster verification report is signed-off by both the Accounting Officer in the municipality and the provincial department
- · Provide a copy of the final post-disaster verification report to municipalities
- · Assist municipalities with business plans incorporating the implementation plan and disaster risk reduction measures for the proposed projects to prevent reoccurrence of disaster related damages in future
- Monitor the performance of municipalities and recommend relevant measures required for under-performance to NDMC
- Coordinate provincial on-site visits to monitor and report on the implementation of projects and provide reports of progress to the NDMC
- Provide financial and non-financial reports to the NDMC within 10 days after the end of each month. Photographs depicting the projects progress should be included as an annexure
- · Provide expenditure and project performance reports including evidence to the NDMC within 35 days after the end of the quarter in which funds are spent
- **Responsibilities of the District Management Centres** 
  - Provide implementation support to the affected local municipalities
- · Receive the financial and non-financial information and monitor the implementation of disaster projects
- · Participate in the project steering committee meetings of the implementing municipality
- Undertake on-site visits with other relevant stakeholders

#### **Responsibilities of municipalities**

2026/27 business plans

Africa

- Undertake disaster assessments, prepare assessment report and funding request and submit to the PDMC
- Develop and submit business plans incorporating implementation plans and disaster risk reduction measures for the proposed projects to prevent reoccurrence of disaster related damages in future
- Activate municipal project task teams for implementation of approved disaster projects
- Conduct on-site visits to monitor and evaluate the performance of projects and provide reports which include evidence to the NDMC through the relevant PDMC
- Utilise the funds in line with the approved post-disaster verification assessment report and conditions of the grant
- Submit reports on financial and non-financial information to the PDMC within five days of the end of each month in which funds are spent. Photographs depicting the project progress should be included as annexures
- Submit a quarterly non-financial performance report signed-off by the Municipal Manager to the PDMC within 30 days after the end of each quarter in which funds are spent (in line with section 12(2)(c) of the 2025 Division of Revenue Act), together with supporting documentation such as certificate of payment, pictures, invoices, etc.
- Evaluate the financial and non-financial performance of the municipality and submit such evaluation signedoff by the Municipal Manager to relevant provincial treasury and the NDMC through the PDMC within two months after the end of the financial year (in line with section 12(5) of the 2025 Division of Revenue Act), together with supporting documentation such as certificate of payment, pictures, invoices, completion certificate and close out reports
- Compile lessons learnt from post-grant intervention, close out reports, outlining measures taken to reduce risks or enhance resilience. This should encompass an assessment of exposure to hazards, vulnerability and capacity, and hazard's characteristics as part of performance reporting Process for approval of • Not applicable

	Municipal Disaster Response Grant
Transferring department	Cooperative Governance (Vote 3)
Grant schedule	• Schedule 7, Part B
Strategic goal	To enable timely response to address community needs regarding impending or disastrous events classified by the National Disaster Management Centre
Grant purpose	• To provide for the immediate release of funds for disaster response if an occurrence cannot be adequately addressed in line with section 2(1)(b) of the Disaster Management Act
Outcome statements	Immediate consequences of disasters are mitigated or alleviated
Outputs	<ul> <li>Emergency repair of critical infrastructure</li> <li>Emergency provision of critical goods and services</li> </ul>
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	<ul> <li>Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government</li> </ul>
Details contained in the business plan	<ul> <li>Applications for funding from this grant use the National Disaster Management Centre (NDMC) disaster grant guideline which includes the following:         <ul> <li>copy of the applicable contingency plan and emergency procedures in use by the municipality (in terms of section 49(1)(d) of the Disaster Management Act)</li> <li>prevention and mitigation strategies as per the disaster management plan</li> <li>documentation linked to Sections 56 and 57 of the same Act</li> <li>details of insurance and insured infrastructure, where applicable including factors outlined in sections 56 and 57 of the same Act as well as proof from the insurance company on the matter</li> <li>number of people, households and infrastructure affected and the extent of damages and losses</li> <li>sectors affected</li> <li>total funds required for disaster response and relief measures</li> <li>resources (both financial and in-kind) allocated by the municipality to respond and mitigate the effects of the disaster</li> <li>cost-benefit analysis of the projects to be implemented</li> <li>an asset register that accurately reflects the projects for which funding has been applied</li> </ul> </li> <li>An implementation plan with the following:         <ul> <li>details of the projects to be repaired including Global Positioning System (GPS) coordinates</li> <li>estimated total cost of the projects, including personnel related costs</li> <li>consolidated projects cash flow over six-month period as an annexure to the implementation plan</li> <li>technical report (high level that explains technical solution, viability and practicality)</li> <li>maintenance plan and resourcing of the infrastructure to be repaired</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Conditions	<ul> <li>Specifics on the rapid response capacity to implement the projects and account for allocated funding</li> <li>An occurrence should be classified as a disaster by the NDMC in terms of the Disaster Management Act and documentation linked to conditions within sections 56 and 57 of the above-mentioned Act submitted to the NDMC</li> <li>This grant may only be used to fund expenditure in the event that the municipality responsible for the provision of the affected basic service is unable to deal with the effects of the disaster utilising own legislation, guidelines and available resources</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Find the stand available resources</li> <li>The grant may not be utilised for insured infrastructure. In case of inadequate insurance, reasons for inadequate insurance to be provided as well as proof from the insurer on the amount paid/to be paid</li> <li>Municipalities must fund a portion of the costs of the disaster response and relief measures from their own budget, if unable to do so, proof must be provided together with the funding request</li> <li>Funds may only be used in line with the approved implementation plan by NDMC. Any amendments to the implementation plan must be approved by the Accounting Officer and be submitted to the NDMC at least three months prior to end of six months implementation period, supported and recommended by the Provincial Disaster Management Centre (PDMC) and Municipal Infrastructure Support Agent (MISA); and approved by the NDMC and copies of the approved amendments to be shared with National Treasury</li> <li>Funding may be released in tranches, with the first tranche being based on the rapid assessment and verification of the disaster relief needs. The next tranches will be released once proof is submitted that the first tranche has been fully spent or committed and all grant conditions have been met</li> <li>The emergency procurement system provided for in Treasury Regulations should be invoked by the affected municipalities to ensure immediate response and relief measures within their areas of jurisdiction</li> </ul>
Allocation criteria	<ul> <li>A copy of the contingency plan for the relevant hazard is to be submitted with the funding request</li> <li>The grant is allocated for classified disasters, based on reports from assessments conducted by the municipality and the verification process conducted by the NDMC, PDMC and affected sectors for immediate disaster response and relief needs. This should include implementation of Section 56 and 57 of the Disaster Management Act. Additionally, it must be established that there are immediate disaster response and relief needs that cannot be me by the municipality through the contingency arrangements already in place</li> <li>The Accounting Officer of the affected municipality must provide proof together with the funding request indicating that the total funds required from the grant for disaster response and relief exceed the available resources already allocated for disaster response and relief</li> </ul>

	Municipal Disaster Response Grant
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	• This grant provides funding for responding to and providing response and relief measures for unforeseeable and unavoidable disasters where municipalities are unable to cope with the effects of the disaster from own resources
Past performance	2023/24 audited financial outcomes
	• The grant was allocated R891 million, of which R873 million was transferred to 83 municipalities in all nine provinces and R483 million was spent
	2023/24 service delivery performance
	• R873 million was transferred to municipalities to provide funding to repair municipal infrastructure damaged
	due to floods. The funding was disbursed as follows:
	<ul> <li>R220 million to Eastern Cape for 27 municipalities</li> <li>R59 million to Free State for 6 municipalities</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>R88 million to KwaZulu-Natal for 9 municipalities</li> </ul>
	• R62 million to Gauteng for 1 municipality
	<ul> <li>R107 million to Limpopo for 13 municipalities</li> <li>R162 million to Mpumalanga for 13 municipalities</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>R5 million to Northern Cape for 1 municipality</li> </ul>
	• R40 million to North-West for 3 municipalities
Projected life	R130 million to Western Cape for 10 municipalities
MTEF allocations	<ul> <li>This grant is expected to continue over the medium-term subject to review</li> <li>2025/26: R395 million; 2026/27: R413 million; and 2027/28: R432 million</li> </ul>
Payment schedule	<ul> <li>Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury</li> </ul>
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the National Disaster Management Centre
transferring officer and	• Advise and guide municipalities and PDMCs about the existence of the grant and how grant funding can be
receiving officer	<ul> <li>applied for and the criteria to qualify for the grant</li> <li>Verify the applications for funding as per the requirements of the Disaster Management Act and submit</li> </ul>
	funding request to National Treasury for consideration within 14 days following the receipt of the assessment report and written funding request from the municipalities through the PDMCs and when all grant conditions
	have been met
	• Confirm what support the relevant national sector departments are providing and ensure there is no duplication of support
	<ul> <li>Notify the relevant municipality of a transfer at least three days before the transfer is made</li> <li>Notify the relevant Municipal Disaster Management Centre and PDMC together with the relevant sector</li> </ul>
	• Notify the relevant Municipal Disaster Management Centre and FDMC togener with the relevant sector departments, National Treasury and the relevant provincial treasury of a transfer and reason for transfer within five days of the transfer of funds to municipalities
	• Provide National Treasury and the relevant provincial treasury with written notification of the transfer within 14 days of a transfer of this grant
	<ul> <li>Together with the relevant PDMC monitor the implementation of disaster response and relief projects</li> <li>Share with the National Treasury, approvals to utilise more than six calendar months after the date of transfer</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Provide an information system, if available to capture, analyse information, and produce reports</li> <li>Participate in the review of disaster response implementation, led by the Development Bank of Southern</li> </ul>
	• Participate in the review of disaster response implementation, led by the Development Bank of Southern Africa
	<ul> <li>Responsibilities of Municipal Infrastructure Support Agency</li> <li>Where necessary, support the NDMC and PDMCs in conducting detailed assessments and verification of the damage to municipal infrastructure</li> </ul>
	• In collaboration with the relevant sector departments, assist the identified municipalities on appropriate infrastructure, planning delivery models for the implementation of disaster projects
	• MISA to coordinate the infrastructure verification assessment in collaboration with the PDMC, provincial sector departments and NDMC
	<ul> <li>Advise on the pre-engineering processes to be followed in the reconstruction of damaged infrastructure (Environmental Impact Assessments and Water Use License Applications)</li> <li>Recommend the technical reports and designs by the municipalities to ensure technical viability and</li> </ul>
	feasibility and costing of the projects
	• Support the municipalities with improvements to municipal processes for planning, project prioritisation and selection. This includes detailed planning, scoping, designing, scheduling, costing and procurement implementation
	implementation Responsibilities of District Municipalities
	<ul> <li>Provide technical advice and expertise to identified municipalities on the use of alternative technologies</li> </ul>
	Monitor the implementation of projects together with the affected municipalities, PDMC and NDMC
	Responsibilities of Provincial Disaster Management Centres
	<ul> <li>Advise municipalities about the existence of the grant and its conditions</li> <li>Assist municipalities with the rapid assessment reports to be submitted to the NDMC</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Provide support to municipalities with regard to the final post-disaster verification report</li> </ul>
	• Ensure that the final post-disaster verification report is signed-off by both the Accounting Officer in the municipality and the provincial department
	Provide a copy of the final post-disaster verification report to municipalities
	• Assist municipalities with business plans incorporating the implementation plan and disaster risk reduction measures for the proposed projects to prevent reoccurrence of disaster related damages in future
	• Monitor the performance of municipalities and recommend relevant measures required for under- performance to NDMC

	Municipal Disaster Response Grant
	Coordinate provincial on-site visits to monitor and report on the implementation of projects and provide reports of progress to the NDMC
	• Provide financial and non-financial reports to the NDMC within 10 days after the end of each month. Photographs depicting the projects progress should be included as an annexure
	• Provide expenditure and project performance reports including evidence to the NDMC within 35 days after the end of the quarter in which funds are spent
	Responsibilities of the municipalities
	Conduct damage assessment and costing of emergency repair work
	• Together with the required supporting documentation, submit disaster assessment reports and funding requests signed-off by the Accounting Officer to the PDMC within 14 days following the classification of a disaster
	<ul> <li>Municipalities must invoke emergency procurement processes provided for within the Treasury Regulations when spending the funds allocated, to ensure immediate assistance to the affected areas and must provide proof that measures were put in place to mitigate the occurrence in the form of a contingency plan for the specific hazard</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Municipalities must implement all projects approved and ensure that the funds allocated are spent for their intended purposes in line with the grant condition</li> </ul>
	Activate project task teams during the implementation of disaster projects at a municipal level
	• Submit expenditure reports signed-off by the Accounting Officer which include evidence (such as certificate of payment, pictures, invoices) of implementation progress on the projects to the relevant PDMC within 10 days after the end of each month in which funds are spent
	• Submit a performance report signed-off by the Accounting Officer which includes evidence (such as certificate of payment, pictures, invoices, completion certificate, close out reports) of implementation progress on the projects to the PDMC within 30 days after the end of the quarter in which funds are spent
	• Compile lessons learnt from post-grant intervention, completion certificate, close out reports outlining measures taken to reduce risks or enhance resilience. This should encompass an assessment of exposure to hazards, vulnerability and capacity, and hazard's characteristics as part of performance reporting
Process for approval of	Not applicable
2026/27 business plans	11

Transferring department	Municipal Infrastructure Grant     Cooperative Governance (Vote 3)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part B and Schedule 6, Part B
Strategic goal	Subsidise the capital costs of providing basic services to poor households
	Subsidise the development of asset management plans for infrastructure servicing poor households
Grant purpose	<ul> <li>To provide specific capital finance for eradicating basic municipal infrastructure backlogs through the construction of new infrastructure, and the renewal and refurbishment of existing infrastructure for poor households, microenterprises, and social institutions servicing poor communities</li> <li>To provide specific funding for the development of asset management plans for infrastructure servicing</li> </ul>
Outcome statements	<ul> <li>the poor</li> <li>Improved access to basic services infrastructure for poor communities, through the use of labour</li> </ul>
Outcome statements	<ul> <li>Improved access to basic services infrastructure for poor communities, unough the use of fabour intensive construction (LIC) methods where it is technically feasible and economically viable</li> <li>Improved reliability of basic services infrastructure for poor communities</li> </ul>
	Improved coordinated infrastructure network for service delivery in poor communities
Outputs	<ul> <li>Number of poor households impacted through the construction of new infrastructure and the upgrading and renewal of existing infrastructure for:         <ul> <li>basic water and sanitation services</li> <li>central collection points for refuse, transfer stations, recycling facilities and solid waste disposal site</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>sport and recreation facilities</li> <li>street and community lighting</li> <li>public facilities</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Number of poor households impacted through the urgent repairs and refurbishment of water, sanitation roads and stormwater and solid waste management existing infrastructure</li> <li>Number of kilometres of municipal roads developed, upgraded and maintained servicing the poor</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Number of specialised vehicles for waste management purchased for servicing the poor</li> <li>Number of work opportunities and Full-Time Equivalents (FTEs) created using the Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) guidelines for the above outputs</li> <li>Number of Infrastructure Asset Management Plans developed</li> </ul>
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
Details contained in the business plan	<ul> <li>This grant uses the Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG) registration form for both Schedule 5, part B and 6, part B as agreed with sector departments, which includes:</li> <li>project title</li> <li>sector</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>timeframes for implementation</li> <li>operation and maintenance financial requirements and source</li> <li>number of beneficiaries</li> <li>funder (municipalities in the case of Schedule 5, part B and the Department of Cooperativ Governance (DCoG) in the case of Schedule 6, part B)</li> <li>cost of the project</li> <li>LIC component of the project, with targets and processes to be used</li> </ul>
Conditions	Schedule 5, Part B
	<ul> <li>To receive the first tranche, municipalities must have followed the process for approval of 2025/20 projects and have confirmed by 30 April 2025 with DCoG, their programme, project planning and implementation readiness in the form of a municipal council resolution approving the implementation plan that includes cash flow projections as well the procurement plan</li> </ul>
	• Municipal allocations must be fully committed to registered projects prior to the year of implementation and be informed by the Integrated Development Plans (IDPs) and three-year capital plans which ar aligned to the relevant One Plan of districts areas developed under the District Development Model
	• MIG priorities set by municipalities (as stated in their MIG implementation plans) can only be change in-year with other MIG registered projects, supported by a municipal council resolution and confirmatio that the projects will be awarded and implemented in the same year
	<ul> <li>Projects not implemented within three years of approval by the relevant appraisal committee will be deregistered by MIG Appraisal Committees</li> <li>Unjustified stalled projects where MIG funds have already been spent and not completed should be prioritised for implementation before any new projects are considered for registration</li> </ul>
	• Stalled projects can only be deregistered on confirmation that they are functional and benefiting the intended beneficiaries as per the project registration and within approved itemised cost
	<ul> <li>MIG must be allocated and transferred directly to a category B or C municipality that has the powers an functions for basic services referred to in section 84 of the Municipal Structures Act, to enable th municipality to provide basic municipal infrastructure to the poor, in line with their functions</li> <li>At lost 05 per cent of municipalities' allocation must be used on aligible infrastructure funded project</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>At least 95 per cent of municipalities' allocation must be used on eligible infrastructure funded projects including renewal and refurbishment of roads and stormwater, solid waste management, and water an sanitation infrastructure mainly servicing the poor</li> <li>Municipalities must prioritise MIG funds for infrastructure that services eligible beneficiaries, such as:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>basic residential infrastructure for the poor for water, sanitation, roads and stormwater, solid wast management, street lighting and community facilities</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>new or upgrading of municipal bulk infrastructure to support existing areas, the formalisation of informal settlements and to support economic development</li> </ul>

Municipal Infrastructure Grant
• renewal of eligible infrastructure servicing the poor subject to the confirmation by the relevant sector department of the state of infrastructure and a commitment from the municipality on how future
<ul> <li>operations and maintenance of the renewed infrastructure will be funded</li> <li>o renewal and refurbishment of water and sanitation, roads infrastructure, solid waste management infrastructure mainly servicing the poor</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>specialised waste management vehicles servicing the poor</li> </ul>
• Municipalities' infrastructure failure identified through non-compliance pre-directives, directives or Green and Blue Drop reports from the Department of Water and Sanitation must use at least 10 per cent of their MIG allocations for urgent repairs and refurbishments of infrastructure provided data is based on asset management plans. The application must be accompanied by a certified Excel copy of the
<ul> <li>municipality's audited asset register</li> <li>A maximum of 5 per cent of a municipality's allocation may, subject to submitting a business plan for approval by DCoG, be used to fund activities related to the development of an Infrastructure Asset</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Management Plan. The business plan must be:</li> <li>recommended by the relevant sector department</li> <li>accompanied by an Excel copy of the municipality's audited asset register and a resolution of Council</li> </ul>
<ul><li>approving the project submitted by 01 April 2025</li><li>Funds may only be used for disaster relief interventions based on a plan approved by the transferring</li></ul>
<ul> <li>officer</li> <li>The cost to augment the project management capacity must not exceed 5 per cent of a municipality's MIG allocation and may be used for programme/project management costs related to all Schedule 5, part B grant-funded projects and only if a business plan is approved by 1 May 2025. If these funds are not</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>committed for this purpose or spent for this purpose, it must revert to fund MIG capital projects</li> <li>Municipalities must comply with sector norms, standards and legislation as confirmed by sectors during the MIG project registration processes</li> <li>Local municipalities investing in roads and stormwater infrastructure must utilise data from Rural Roads</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Local municipanties investing in roads and stormwater infrastructure must utilise data from Rural Roads Asset Management Plan (RRAMS) and/or Infrastructure Asset Management Plan to identify and prioritise their investment on roads maintenance projects servicing the poor</li> <li>Ring-fenced sport infrastructure allocation:</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>municipalities that have allocations gazetted as part of the ring-fenced allocation for specific sport infrastructure projects may only spend these allocations on the projects identified by the Department of Sports, Arts and Culture (DSAC)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>o initial transfers of funds from the ring-fenced sport infrastructure allocation to identified projects will be subject to signing of a memorandum of understanding (MoU) between DSAC and the beneficiary municipalities</li> <li>o subsequent transfers for projects funded through the ring-fenced amount will also be subject to</li> </ul>
<ul><li>approval by DSAC</li><li>Sport infrastructure not funded from the ring-fenced amount:</li></ul>
<ul> <li>municipalities must submit technical reports on sport and recreation infrastructure projects</li> <li>all sport infrastructure plans and technical reports must be submitted as part of the normal MIG planning process but will be reviewed and approved by DSAC to ensure they comply with norms and standards before construction can begin</li> </ul>
• Municipalities must ensure compliance to EPWP infrastructure guidelines (that includes training) in aligning their projects and reporting the work opportunities created and training on the EPWP reporting system
<ul> <li>Municipalities must ensure that a minimum of 20 per cent of their budget applies LIC methods and complies to EPWP infrastructure guidelines as part of the feasibility phase of the project</li> <li>Municipalities using MIG funding to purchase specialised vehicles for waste management must complete</li> </ul>
a Technical Assessment Report (TAR) which must comply with the norms and standards for specialised waste management vehicles. The TAR must demonstrate that MIG funds will only be used for the expansion of waste management services to poor households not previously serviced. The purchase will only be done through the National Treasury's transversal contract RT57 and the TAR must include a recommendation from the Provincial Department Forestry, Fisheries and the Environment (DFFE) and a final approval from the National DFFE before being appraised for registration. Vehicles may not be purchased with MIG funds for other purposes
• Municipalities must submit annual reports in the prescribed national template and signed-off by the Municipal Manager or delegated official
<ul> <li>Municipalities must utilise the Municipal Infrastructure Grant Management Information System (MIG-MIS) to facilitate programme and project management and monthly and quarterly reporting</li> <li>Municipalities must spend at least 60 per cent of their previous transfers and comply with reporting provisions before subsequent tranches are transferred</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>By 2 January 2026, municipalities must spend:         <ul> <li>at least 40 per cent of their total MIG allocation, where allocations are equal or less than R100 million</li> <li>at least 45 per cent of their total MIG allocation, where allocations are more than R100 million</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Schedule 6, Part B
<ul> <li>DCoG will assess municipalities on the following criteria for inclusion in 2025/26 to identify municipalities for possible conversion of Schedule 5B allocations to Schedule 6B:</li> <li>municipalities with DWS and DFFE directives/non-compliance/criminal charges on the poor state of water, sanitation and solid waste management infrastructure</li> </ul>

	Municipal Infrastructure Grant
	<ul> <li>actual expenditure reported by municipalities on repairs and maintenance from the previous financial year is lower than 2 per cent of the value of the municipality's Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)</li> <li>extent of non-revenue water as reported in the audited municipal annual financial statements (AFS). Where non-revenue water is in excess of 30 per cent and not decreasing from year-to-year, the municipality shall be determined to be failing to manage its water supply</li> <li>Perennial poor performer of MIG - low MIG expenditure performance over the last three municipal financial years (spent on average 80 per cent and less against the originally annually allocated MIG (before adjustments) over the last two years (2021/22 – 2023/24)</li> <li>DCoG will notify relevant municipalities by March 2025 on the analysis results, DCoG and relevant municipalities must enter into an MoU and agree on a capacity building plan before any project is implemented</li> <li>DCoG to prepare an implementation plan based on the converted funding specifying the agreed projects to be implemented per municipality by 30 April 2025. The affected municipalities will align their 2025/26 implementation plans in line with their converted 2025/26 MIG allocations to be submitted to DCoG by 30 April 2025</li> </ul>
Allocation criteria	<ul> <li>Part 5 of Annexure W1 to the 2025 Division of Revenue Bill sets out the MIG formula in detail, showing how the formula incorporates backlog and poverty data</li> <li>The funds ring-fenced for sport infrastructure are allocated based on estimated costs of projects that:         <ul> <li>fill identified gaps and are confirmed with the provincial departments responsible for sport and the municipalities</li> <li>align to the National Sport and Recreation Plan, National Sport Facilities Plan and transformation imperatives</li> <li>align to priority sport codes</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	• This is a specific purpose grant with conditions, objectives and distribution criteria different from that of the equitable share
Past performance	<ul> <li>2023/24 audited financial outcomes</li> <li>The MIG programme was allocated R16.3 billion, the entire amount was transferred and R15.7 billion (96 per cent) was reported as spent by municipalities at the end of the 2023/24 financial year</li> <li>2023/24 service delivery performance</li> <li>Number of poor households impacted through the construction of new infrastructure and upgrading and renewal of existing infrastructure for: <ul> <li>44 858 households provided with basic water and 41 476 households provided with sanitation services</li> <li>255 249 households provided with street and community lighting</li> </ul> </li> <li>Community infrastructure constructed (new infrastructure and upgrading and renewal of existing infrastructure): <ul> <li>91 central collection points for refuse, transfer stations, recycling facilities and solid waste disposal sites developed</li> <li>203 public facilities developed</li> <li>896 kilometres of municipal roads developed</li> <li>168 972 FTEs created using the EPWP guidelines for the above outputs</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Projected life	<ul> <li>This grant continues until 2027/28, subject to review</li> </ul>
MTEF allocations	<ul> <li>Direct transfers (Schedule 5, Part B)</li> <li>2025/26: R17.4 billion; 2026/27: R19.4 billion; and 2027/28: R20.2 billion</li> <li>Allocations in kind (Schedule 6, Part B)</li> <li>2025/26: R494 million</li> </ul>
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment Schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and receiving officer	<ul> <li>Responsibilities of the national departments</li> <li>DCoG administers the MIG and co-ordinates its activities with all stakeholders, through appropriate structures. DCoG must: <ul> <li>report to sector departments on outputs</li> <li>monitor expenditure and non-financial performance in collaboration with provincial DCoGs</li> <li>coordinate overall programme implementation</li> <li>provide support to municipalities in the utilisation of the MIG-MIS</li> </ul> </li> <li>For Schedule 6B allocations, DCoG must: <ul> <li>enter into an MoU with municipalities regarding the construction, ownership, funding arrangements, and operations and maintenance of proposed infrastructure prior to the commencement of construction</li> <li>provide to National Treasury, detailed information on the selection criteria, and evidence of the approved capacity building plan</li> <li>ensure that implementing agents submit monthly financial and quarterly non-financial reports on stipulated dates</li> <li>make payments to contracted Implementing Agent based on invoices for work done</li> </ul> </li> <li>MISA must: <ul> <li>provide technical support and advice to municipalities that have been identified collaboratively with DCoG and its provincial counterparts as needing assistance</li> <li>on behalf of and in collaboration with national and provincial DCoG's, conduct detailed municipal assessments of the municipalities identified for assistance, including innovative solutions,</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Municipal Infractructure Crant
Municipal Infrastructure Grant municipal project management functions, to identify detailed reasons for challenges affecting the
implementation of MIG
<ul> <li>report all findings and recommendations for improvement to the identified municipalities, national and provincial DCoGs</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>assist the municipal manager of each identified municipality, in collaboration with appropriate structures, including sector departments, to implement recommendations identified by MISA, for</li> </ul>
improvement, and supply formal progress reports o recommendations may include improvements to municipal processes for planning, project
prioritisation and selection. Recommendations may also include detailed planning, scoping,
<ul> <li>designing, scheduling, costing and procurement implementation</li> <li>provide and facilitate assistance, technical advice and expertise to identified municipalities for the</li> </ul>
use of alternative technology and good practices for MIG projects, including for feasibility studies, operations and maintenance and integrated infrastructure asset management
<ul> <li>partake in the assessment of the business plans for the asset management planning provision and make recommendations to the transferring officer</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>support DCoG in the identification of projects to be funded from DCoG as a Schedule 6, Part B</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>In addition to their sector-specific responsibilities, each national sector department will be expected to:</li> <li>provide information on service delivery priorities per municipality as expressed within sectoral plans</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>and municipal IDPs</li> <li>fulfil a sectoral monitoring and guidance role on relevant sectoral outputs</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>evaluate reports and provide final recommendations to the municipality by 15 September 2025</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>frequently update sector norms and standards (including mainstreaming disaster risk reduction) and confirm adherence thereto for MIG funded projects through the MIG registration process, which</li> </ul>
includes participation in the district appraisal processes
<ul> <li>confirm the current state of maintenance where municipalities have applied for funding of renewal projects</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>advise which sphere (provincial or national even if different across provinces) should sign-off MIG projects and participate in MIG workflow processes</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>sign-off on project close-out reports, thereby acknowledging the projects have been completed as intended</li> </ul>
• Department of Water and Sanitation must:
<ul> <li>support and monitor municipalities to prepare and implement water services development plans</li> <li>ensure alignment between the Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant (RBIG) and the Water Services Infrastructure Grant (WSIG) with the MIG programme, Human Settlement Development Grant</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>(HSDG) and Informal Settlement Upgrading Partnership Grant: Municipalities (ISUPG)</li> <li>o for the MIG funding stream, monitor and oversee progress on water and sanitation projects</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>implemented through the MIG</li> <li>promote the use of Innovative solutions in pre-feasibility, feasibility studies and in technical report(s)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>support the process of the development of water and sanitation infrastructure asset management plans and the updating and verification of asset registers</li> </ul>
o support DCoG in the identification of projects to be funded from DCoG as a Schedule 6, Part B
• Department of Human Settlements must ensure alignment between the MIG programme, HSDG, ISUPG: Municipalities, RBIG and WSIG
<ul> <li>Department of Forestry, Fisheries and the Environment (DFFE):</li> <li>must support municipalities with planning and implementation of solid waste management projects</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>and monitor their performance and compliance with conditions applicable to this sector</li> <li>the provincial DFFEs will be responsible for providing recommendations on the TAR for the</li> </ul>
purchasing of specialised waste management vehicles and national DFFE will provide final approval
<ul> <li>before submitting projects for registration in the MIG appraisal process</li> <li>support the process of the development of waste management infrastructure asset management plans</li> </ul>
and the updating and verification of asset registers
<ul> <li>Department of Electricity and Energy must:         <ul> <li>support municipalities with planning and implementation of public lighting and monitor</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
municipalities' performance and compliance with conditions applicable to this sector
<ul> <li>support the process of the development of electricity community infrastructure asset management plans and the updating and verification of asset registers</li> </ul>
Department of Transport must:
<ul> <li>support municipalities with planning and implementation of municipal roads projects in terms of the RRAMS data and monitor municipalities' performance and compliance with conditions applicable to this souther.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>this sector</li> <li>support DCoG in the identification of projects to be funded from DCoG as a Schedule 6, Part B</li> </ul>
• Department of Sports, Arts and Culture must:
<ul> <li>evaluate reports and provide final recommendations to the municipality by 15 September 2025 that will allow municipalities to submit project registrations for appraisal by 30 September 2025</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>support municipalities with planning and implementation of municipal sport and recreation facilities and monitor municipalities' performance and compliance with conditions applicable to this sector</li> </ul>
o review, approve and sign-off all MIG projects before recommendation by the provincial sports
<ul> <li>departments to the MIG appraisal committee</li> <li>support the process of the development of sport infrastructure asset management plans and the</li> </ul>
updating and verification of asset registers

Municipal Infrastructure Grant		
	<ul> <li>ensure alignment with the outcomes of the conditional grants review, specifically regarding the earmarked sports component in the grant, including the conclusion of sports infrastructure projects currently in the development stage and the avoidance of new commitments</li> </ul>	
	Department of Public Works and Infrastructure must:	
•	<ul> <li>monitor compliance with the EPWP infrastructure guidelines and advise municipalities on the use of</li> </ul>	
	labour-intensive processes, systems, techniques and approaches	
	<ul> <li>monitor the number of work opportunities and FTEs created on MIG funded projects that contribute</li> </ul>	
	towards EPWP and assist municipalities in meeting their set targets	
	<ul> <li>ensure that municipalities register their projects on the EPWP reporting system and monitor</li> </ul>	
	compliance with norms and standards applicable to this sector	
R	esponsibilities of provincial departments	
	Coordinate technical support to municipalities	
•	Monitor performance of funding utilised to augment the Programme/Project Management capacity and	
	recommend relevant sanctions for under-performance to DCoG	
•	Provide support to municipalities with the development of Infrastructure Asset Management Plans	
•	Provide assistance to municipalities in managing municipal infrastructure projects	
•	Provide support to municipalities in the utilisation of the MIG-MIS	
•	Monitor and reconcile reported expenditure with proof of payment signed-off by the municipality	
•	Monitor the accuracy of project registration forms, data generated through the MIG-MIS for monthly	
	DoRA reporting, annual reports from municipalities and forward them to DCoG	
•	Coordinate district appraisal and progress committee meetings ensuring that DCoG and relevant sector departments are invited	
•	Issue registration letters for projects approved by the district appraisal committees to municipalities, copying DCoG	
•	Monitor project implementation in collaboration with sectors through Scheduled site visits with relevant stakeholders and compile relevant spot check reports	
•	Monitor the capturing of site visit reports by municipalities on the MIG-MIS	
•	Monitor compliance with provincial legislation and alignment to provincial growth and development strategies through project registration	
•	Facilitate the sign-off on project close-out reports, thereby acknowledging the projects have been completed as intended on MIG-MIS	
R	esponsibilities of provincial sector departments	
	Each provincial sector department must fulfil a sectoral monitoring and guidance role on relevant sectoral outputs	
•	Provide technical advice as required by a municipality through the feasibility, planning, design, tender and construction phases of a MIG project	
•	Provide support to municipalities with the development of Infrastructure Asset Management Plans	
•	Participate in district appraisal and progress committee meetings	
•	Evaluate and provide recommendations on sector technical reports before projects are appraised	
•	Provincial departments of environment, forestry and fisheries are responsible for providing recommendations on the TAR for the purchasing of specialised waste management vehicles and the national DFFE must provide final approval before submitting projects for registration in the MIG appraisal process	
•	Facilitate the sign-off on project close-out reports, thereby acknowledging the projects have been completed as intended on MIG-MIS	
•	Support the DCoG will the identification of Schedule 6B projects	
	esponsibilities of municipalities	
•	Municipalities must ensure appropriate programme and project planning and implementation readiness prior to the year of implementation, and this must be informed by the IDP and three-year capital programme	
•	Municipalities must certify compliance to the provision of 2025 Division of Revenue Act after the Schedule of transfers has been communicated by DCoG and before the first transfer is made to the	
	municipality by DCoG	
•	Municipalities must have appropriate capacity to implement the MIG, this must be supported by the	
	human resource plan of the municipality Municipalities must monitor each project and ensure that MIG funds are spent for the intended purpose	
•	as registered on the MIG-MIS	
•	The municipality must comply with the submission of monthly and quarterly reports through the MIG-	
	MIS and the annual reports in the prescribed formats and timelines, reports must be signed-off by the Municipal Manager or the delegated official and submitted to national government via the provincial	
	department responsible for local government	
•	Compulsory use of the MIG-MIS to inform the content of the reports mentioned above	
•	Municipalities must capture project site visit reports as part of the portfolio of evidence to support claims	
•	Ensure that the results of the green drop, blue drop and no drop assessments are considered in the planning	
	and prioritisation of projects	

Municipal Infrastructure Grant		
Process for approval of	Schedule 5, Part B	
2026/27 business plans	• Municipalities must submit all technical reports to the sector departments responsible for water, sanitation, solid waste, sport and recreation, roads and transport by 31 July 2025 for all projects to be implemented in 2026/27	
	• The responsible sector department must evaluate reports and provide final recommendations to the municipality by 15 September 2025	
	• When projects are registered for 2026/27, the municipality must identify how each MIG infrastructure project is aligned to and/or supports their local economic development strategy	
	• The municipality must submit all project registration forms by 30 September 2025, for the projects to be implemented in 2026/27, to the provincial department responsible for local government	
	<ul> <li>The provincial departments must provide final recommendations to municipalities by 2 December 2025</li> <li>Municipalities must submit to DCoG by 30 January 2026, detailed project implementation plans for all the projects to be implemented in the 2026/27 and 2027/28 financial years</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Such plans should include timelines regarding project designs, initiation of procurement, and environmental impact assessment (EIA) and/or relevant permit/license approvals in the prescribed format</li> <li>Municipalities must submit updated implementation plans (as described above) by 29 April 2026, justifying any changes from the 30 January 2026 submission</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>MISA must review and sign-off on technical and business plan reports of municipalities identified collaboratively between MISA and DCoG and its provincial counterparts as needing assistance [before submission to sector departments or Acquisition Committees], thereby acknowledging the appropriate use of alternative technology and good practices for MIG projects, including for feasibility studies, labour-intensive construction, operations and maintenance and integrated infrastructure asset management</li> </ul>	
	Schedule 6, Part B	
	<ul> <li>DCoG will assess municipalities on the following criteria for inclusion in 2025/26 to identify municipalities for possible conversion of Schedule 5B allocations to Schedule 6B:         <ul> <li>municipalities with DWS and DFFE directives/non-compliance/criminal charges on the poor state of water, sanitation and solid waste management infrastructure</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>actual expenditure reported by municipalities on repairs and maintenance from the previous financial year is lower than 2 per cent of the value of the municipality's Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)</li> <li>extent of non-revenue water as reported in the audited municipal annual financial statements (AFS) Where non-revenue water is in excess of 30 per cent and not decreasing from year-to-year, the municipality shall be determined to be failing to manage its water supply</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>perennial poor performer of MIG - low MIG expenditure performance over the last three municipal financial years (spent on average 80 per cent and less against the originally annually allocated MIG (before adjustments) over the last two years (2021/22 – 2023/24)</li> </ul>	
	• DCoG will notify relevant municipalities by March 2025 on the analysis results, DCoG and relevant municipalities must enter into an MoU and agree on a capacity building plan before any project is implemented	

implemented
DCoG to prepare an implementation plan based on the converted funding specifying the agreed projects to be implemented per municipality by 30 April 2025. The affected municipalities will align their 2025/26 implementation plans in line with their converted 2025/26 MIG allocations to be submitted to DCoG by 30 April 2025

# ELECTRICITY AND ENERGY GRANTS

T	Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Grant
Transferring department	Electricity and Energy (Vote 10)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part B
Strategic goal	To reduce electricity consumption by promoting energy efficient practices
Grant purpose	<ul> <li>To provide subsidies to municipalities to implement energy efficiency and demand side managemen (EEDSM) initiatives within municipal infrastructure in order to reduce electricity consumption and improve energy efficiency</li> </ul>
Outcome statements	Reduced demand for electricity
	Increased awareness of energy saving
	Skills development in energy efficiency
	Energy management capability enhanced
Outputs	Amount of electricity saved in kilowatt hours (KWh)
	Number of energy efficient streetlights installed
	Number of energy efficient traffic lights installed
	Number of buildings retrofitted
	Number of units of water services infrastructure retrofitted
	Number of work opportunities created for young graduates
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	• Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
	Projected energy savings
	Key activities
<u> </u>	• Inputs
Conditions	• Funds can only be used to implement electricity-saving projects in municipal infrastructure
	• The focus for implementation of energy efficiency interventions is limited to municipal building
	infrastructure, streetlights, traffic lights, wastewater treatment works and pump stations
	<ul> <li>Municipalities must determine a detailed and extended electricity consumption baseline in line with South African Standards (SANS 5002 and SANS 50010) and in the format pre-determined by the Department of</li> </ul>
	Electricity and Energy (DEE)
	<ul> <li>Municipalities must respond to the request for proposals issued by the DEE and in the format provided</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Municipalities must commit to energy savings (in KWh) to be achieved from the implementation of EEDSM</li> </ul>
	interventions to the DEE
	• A performance agreement with specific conditions shall be entered into between the municipality and the
	DEE
	• Municipalities shall prepare a project work plan and business plan in the templates provided by the DEE
	• Municipalities shall ensure that the procurement of technologies required for the implementation of EEDSM
	measures are procured in accordance to the approved and/or recommended standardised technical
	specifications, and in the panel of energy efficient technology suppliers appointed by the transferring office
	• Municipalities may apply to the transferring officer, by no later than 31 July 2025 to utilise a maximum o
	15 per cent of the total annual allocation to undertake specified planning activities to embed the Mitigation
	Action Facility (formerly Vertically Nationally Appropriated Mitigation Action (V-NAMA) project
	provided that these conform to the list of eligible activities identified by the transferring officer, including:
	<ul> <li>investment pipeline development (excluding direct project preparation)</li> <li>development of infrastructure financing strategies and instruments</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>development of infrastructure financing strategies and instruments</li> <li>utilisation of a minimum of 50 per cent capital expenditure as co-funding for the Mitigation Action</li> </ul>
	Facility projects
	<ul> <li>Promote labour intensive methods in the implementation of EEDSM projects through the employment of</li> </ul>
	young graduates
Allocation criteria	The following criteria are used for selecting municipalities to receive allocations from the grant:
	<ul> <li>municipalities that have responded to the request for proposals as issued by the DEE</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>municipalities with higher electricity consumption and higher electricity saving potential</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>municipalities with clearly defined objectives on energy efficiency improvements</li> </ul>
	• proposals that use proven energy efficient technologies with low pay-back periods
	<ul> <li>municipalities that are participating in the Mitigation Action Facility Support Project</li> <li>municipalities that show readings and constitute implement FEDSM projects</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>municipalities that show readiness and capacity to implement EEDSM projects</li> <li>good past performance if a municipality has previously participated in the programme</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>good past performance if a municipality has previously participated in the programme</li> <li>quality, viability and financial feasibility of proposed projects</li> </ul>
Reasons not incorporated	Government and manetal reasonity of proposed projects     This is a specific conditional grant in support of the EEDSM programme
in equitable share	The is a specific conditional grant in support of the EEDon't programme
Past performance	2023/24 audited financial outcomes
•	• R223 million was allocated and transferred to participating municipalities, and R216 million was spent by
	end of 2023/24 financial year
	2023/24 service delivery performance
	• A total electricity saving of 16 GWh per annum was reported by municipalities against the total projected
	electricity consumption baseline of 21.57 GWh per annum

	Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Grant
Projected life	• The grant will continue until 2025/26, after which it will be merged into the Integrated National
	Electrification Programme (INEP) Grant
MTEF allocations	• 2025/26: R246 million; 2026/27: R258 million; and 2027/28: R269 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by the National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	• Monitoring and evaluation of the EEDSM programme including technical auditing, measurement and
receiving officer	verification of energy savings
	• Make available to municipalities, the technology technical specifications guideline and support them through
	capacity building workshops on best practices for EEDSM projects
	• Communicate to municipalities the process and requirements for obtaining EEDSM grant funds and the
	requirements for projects implementation in 2026/27
	<ul> <li>Appoint a panel of suppliers of energy efficient technologies to support municipalities during the implementation of EEDSM projects</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Put in place measures to ensure the grant stimulate job creation and contributes to economic development</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Provide technical support to municipalities participating in the Mitigation Action Facility Support Project of</li> </ul>
	South Africa
	Responsibilities of municipalities
	<ul> <li>Submit proposals as per the request for proposals issued by DEE</li> </ul>
	• Ensure that proposals are in the format and template provided by DEE
	• Implement the EEDSM programme as per the framework and contractual agreement
	• In the implementation of EEDSM projects, ensure that the procurement of EEDSM technologies is sourced
	from a panel of energy efficient technology suppliers appointed by DEE
	• In the implementation of the EEDSM projects, ensure the employment of young graduates is part of job creation
	• Submit to the DEE the energy consumption baseline data and a business plan in the format or template pre-
	defined by DEE and signed by the Municipal Manager by 30 June 2025
	Submit to the DEE the monthly and quarterly reports approved by the Municipal Manager
	• In a case where a municipality delegates the implementation of the programme to its entity (i.e. Johannesburg
	City Power, Mangaung CENTLEC, etc.) such an entity shall enter into an implementation contract with the
	municipality for the purposes of reporting and accountability. A copy of this implementation contract must
	be shared with DEE
Process for approval of	Business plans and electricity baseline data should be submitted to the DEE by 30 June 2025
2026/27 business plans	• Business plans will be evaluated in accordance with the predefined criteria and the EEDSM objective (meaning projects should focus on energy efficiency improvement and will yield electricity demand reduction)
	Projects can only be implemented once the approval of the business plan is granted
4	

Grant schedule• Schedule 6, ParStrategic goal• To increase acc and distribution of electricityGrant purpose• To implement to Eskom to increase settlements, far Eskom licencedOutcome statements• A reduction in I • Universal accesOutputs• The number of • The number of • The number of • Kilometres of n • Implementation • Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to• Outcome indicate • Priority 5: Spati • Output indicato • Reasons not incorporated in equitable shareAllocation criteria• Allocations not incorporated in equitable share• Allocation factors • The grant was a was spent by th • Details contained in the business plan• Outcome indicato • Reasons not incorporated in equitable shareAllocation criteria• Allocations factors • The grant was a was spent by th • Output indicatos a • Conditions• Allocations factors • The specific the I • Priority 5: Specific the I • The grant was	ational Electrification Programme (Eskom) Grant	
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Department for         high backlo         rural bias         integration         Plan, cataly         the cost of a         the project if         Reasons not incorporated         in equitable share         Past performance         2023/24 audited fi         The grant was a was spent by th         2023/24 service de         114 800 connect	be responsible for the operations and maintenance of these assets here to labour-intensive construction methods in terms of the EPWP guidelines for activities and planting of poles including the promotion of companies owned by vulnerable groups e management of the Eskom municipality debt problem to prevent adverse effects on the of the INEP	
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share• This is a specifi fiPast performance2023/24 audited fi • The grant was a was spent by th 2023/24 service de • 114 800 connect	Eskom are made on behalf of municipalities based on applications from Eskom to the all municipalities (licensed and non-licensed) according to the following criteria:	
Past performance       2023/24 audited fi         • The grant was a was spent by th         2023/24 service de         • 114 800 connect		
overs)	nancial outcomes Illocated R3.5 billion and the entire amount was transferred to Eskom, of which R2.2 billion e end of the financial year Elivery performance tions were completed at the end of the financial year (includes connections funded from roll-	
Drojostod lifo	continue until 2027/28 subject to rections	
	continue until 2027/28, subject to review	
	billion; 2026/27: R2.4 billion; and 2027/28: R2.5 billion ade in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury	

Integrated National Electrification Programme (Eskom) Grant			
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department		
transferring officer and	Review and approve Eskom's outputs and targets		
receiving officer	Continuously monitor implementation		
	Provide central coordination for bulk infrastructure		
	Approve submissions for refurbishment of critical infrastructure		
	Responsibilities of Eskom		
	• The maximum size of supply is 2.4 kVA, after diversity maximum demand, 20 Amp per household connection, in line with the Suite of Supply within the INEP Handbook Guideline (2022)		
	Implement INEP according to the approved implementation guidelines		
	<ul> <li>Report to the DEE and the National Treasury on monthly and quarterly progress on financial and non- financial performance of the grant</li> </ul>		
	Report accurately and timeously on EPWP information		
Process for approval of	• Eskom and the DEE must ensure that all planned projects are in line with municipal IDPs and priority lists		
2026/27 business plans	• Eskom and the DEE must ensure that planned projects are feasible and have gone through the pre-engineering process by 31 October 2025		

	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Municipal) Grant	
Transferring department	Electricity and Energy (Vote 10)	
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part B	
Strategic goal	To increase access to electricity through funding of alternative energy technologies, household connections and distribution bulk infrastructure (substations, medium and high voltage lines) to ensure constant supply of electricity	
Grant purpose	To implement the Integrated National Electrification Programme (INEP) by providing capital subsidies to municipalities to increase access to electricity, existing and planned residential dwellings (including informal settlements, farm dwellers, new and existing dwellings) and the installation of relevant bulk infrastructure	
Outcome statements	A reduction in household electrification backlogs Universal access to electricity	
Outputs	The number of connections to households per annum	
	• The number of installations with alternative energy technologies per annum	
	• The number of substations completed	
	Kilometres of medium voltage lines completed	
	• Implementation of labour-intensive delivery methods, in compliance with the Expanded Public Works	
<b>D</b> : '/ C /	Programme (EPWP) guidelines on electrification projects and the work opportunities created	
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	• Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government	
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators	
business plan	Output indicators	
	Key activities	
	Inputs (resources)	
Conditions	<ul> <li>Municipalities must submit electrification business plans for bulk infrastructure to be registered with INEP and abide by the advice or guidance of the Department of Electricity and Energy (DEE) regarding the central planning and co-ordination for such bulk infrastructure</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Municipalities must provide the DEE with a detailed project implementation plan during the first quarter of the municipal financial year</li> </ul>	
	• Bulk infrastructure can only be funded for infrastructure serving poor households (where infrastructure serves tariff-funded areas and poor households, costs should be shared)	
	• INEP funds may be used for the refurbishment of critical infrastructure, only upon approval of a business plan submitted to the DEE	
	Municipalities must utilise their own funding if the subsidy is insufficient	
	• Projects should be implemented as per the contract agreed between the DEE and the municipality, any deviations from the contract must be communicated to the DEE for americal	
	<ul> <li>deviations from the contract must be communicated to the DEE for approval</li> <li>No contracts will be signed unless all the annexures are submitted by end April 2025</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>No reimbursement will be made for projects that have been implemented without the prior approval by the DEE</li> </ul>	
	• Funds may only be used in line with the approved project implementation plan	
	• Municipalities must spend at least 50 per cent of their previous transfer and comply with reporting provisions before the second and subsequent transfers are made	
	• The maximum size of supply is 2.4 kVA after diversity maximum demand, standard installation of 20 Amp per household connection, in line with the Suite of Supply within the INEP Handbook Guideline (2022)	
	• For projects that the municipality is planning to execute in the outer year, the DEE will fund the pre- engineering amount according to the Engineering Council of South Africa guidelines on professional fees	
	<ul> <li>Municipalities must adhere to labour intensive construction methods in terms of the EPWP guidelines for activities such as trenching and the planting of poles, including the promotion of companies owned by vulnerable groups</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Municipalities creating assets under the Eskom area of supply should enter into a Service Level Agreement with respect to the operations and maintenance of the asset</li> </ul>	
Allocation criteria	<ul> <li>Allocations are based on an assessment of applications from local municipalities based on:</li> <li>o high backlogs</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>rural bias</li> <li>number of planned households per project</li> </ul>	
	o past performance	
	<ul> <li>integration with other programmes such as the district development model, the National Development Plan, catalytic projects, and mining towns</li> </ul>	
	o the financial, technical and staff capabilities to distribute electricity and expand and maintain networks	
	• consultation with communities through the Integrated Development Plan (IDP) process	
	<ul> <li>ensuring that universal access objectives are fast-tracked</li> <li>connecting informal settlements where service delivery has been prioritised</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>connecting informal settlements where service delivery has been prioritised</li> <li>new and upgrading of bulk infrastructure projects that support future electrification needs, and for</li> </ul>	
	refurbishment projects, where distribution network reliability adversely impacts economic activity and cannot sustain current electrification	

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Integrated National Electrification Programme (Municipal) Grant			
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	• This is a specific conditional capital transfer for electrification of households		
Past performance	2023/24 audited financial outcomes		
	R2 billion was allocated and transferred to municipalities; and R1.7 billion was spent		
	2023/24 service delivery performance		
	56 301 households were connected including connections funded from roll-overs		
Projected life	This grant continues until 2027/28, subject to review		
MTEF allocations	• 2025/26: R1.7 billion; 2026/27: R1.7 billion; and 2027/28: R1.7 billion		
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury		
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department		
transferring officer and	Agree with municipalities on outputs and targets		
receiving officer	Continuously monitor implementation and provide support to municipalities		
	Verify reports from municipalities		
	• Ensure that the payment schedule is aligned to the timelines for projected expenditure on each project		
	Enter into the Memorandum of Agreement (MoA) with municipalities		
	Responsibilities of municipalities		
	Municipalities must appoint service providers by 01 July 2025		
	• Ensure that projects are implemented in line with what is reflected in the IDP of the municipality		
	• Report accurately and timeously on the management of this grant and include invoices and EPWP		
	information on their monthly reports, when reporting to the DEE		
	• Appoint service providers during the last quarter of the 2025/26 financial year for projects to be funded in 2026/27		
	Maintain and operate electricity infrastructure in line with licence conditions		
	• Agree and sign the addendum with the transferring officer after the reallocation of funds		
Process for approval of	• Application forms are sent to municipalities and the evaluation of all applications and business plan proposals		
2026/27 business plans	received from municipalities is completed by 31 October 2025		

### HUMAN SETTLEMENTS GRANTS

Transferring department	Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership Grant: Municipalities     Human Settlements (Vote 33)	
Grant schedule	Human Settlements (Vote 33)     Schedule 5, Part B	
Strategic goal	<ul> <li>Schedule 5, Fart B</li> <li>The creation of sustainable and integrated human settlements that enable improved quality of household life</li> </ul>	
Grant purpose	<ul> <li>To provide funding to facilitate a programmatic, inclusive and municipality-wide approach to t upgrading of informal settlements</li> </ul>	
Outcome statements	<ul> <li>Adequate housing in improved quality living environment</li> <li>Enhanced institutional capabilities for effective coordination of spatial investment decisions</li> </ul>	
Outputs	<ul> <li>Security of tenure</li> <li>The grant shall fund the outputs defined in Phases 1 – 3 of the Upgrading of Informal Settlements Programme (UISP) in the National Housing Code of 2009</li> <li>Social Facilitation:</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Number of informal settlements where community compacts were conducted</li> <li>Phase 1</li> <li>Number of pre-feasibility studies conducted</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Number of informal settlements re-blocked</li> <li>Phase 2</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Hectares of land acquired</li> <li>Number of informal settlements benefitting from rudimentary services/interim municipal engineering services and/or any alternative technology</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Number of engineering designs: water, sewer, roads and storm water drainage concluded</li> <li>Number of layout plans approved</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Phase 3</li> <li>Number of settlements provided with permanent municipal engineering services and/or any other alternative engineering services</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Number of informal settlements supplied with bulk infrastructure projects</li> <li>Number of serviced sites developed</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Number of socioeconomic amenities delivered</li> <li>Number of sites transferred to end users</li> <li>Number of township establishments registered</li> </ul>	
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	<ul> <li>Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government</li> </ul>	
Details contained in the business plan	• This grant requires municipalities to attain municipal council approval on informal settlements to be upgraded in the 2025/26 financial year	
	A municipality must submit a business plan prepared in terms of the requirements of the template determined by the DHS     Municipalities must submit an informal attilement and an during husiness plan in line with the UISD in the	
	<ul> <li>Municipalities must submit an informal settlements upgrading business plan in line with the UISP in the National Housing Code for each settlement to be upgraded which includes:</li> <li>project description</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>settlement name and global positioning system coordinates</li> <li>project institutional arrangements</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>outputs and targets for services to be delivered</li> <li>cash flow projections</li> <li>procurement plan</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>risk management plan</li> <li>number of re-blocking projects to be undertaken</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Number of jobs opportunities to be created</li> <li>Detailed project plans to be submitted for bulk infrastructure projects</li> <li>Professional fees including details of planning activities to be undertaken</li> </ul>	
Conditions	• Funds for this grant should be aligned to the priorities set out in the 2024-2029 Medium Term Development Plan for human settlements	
	<ul> <li>A minimum of 70 per cent of the annual allocation must be used for serviced sites</li> <li>All projects that are listed in the business plan must be ready for implementation, registered on the Housing Subsidy System</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Funds may only be used for disaster relief interventions in informal settlements based on a plan approved by the DHS</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Funds should be utilised as per the UISP as defined in the National Housing Code</li> <li>Business plans must be informed by the Municipal Informal Settlements Upgrading Strategy, which has to be aligned to the Provincial Informal Settlement Upgrading Strategy</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Draft and final business plans must be aligned to municipal Integrated Development Plans</li> <li>Municipal managers must sign-off and confirm that projects captured in business plans are ready for</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>implementation in the 2025/26 financial year and will yield the expenditure as per cashflows submitted</li> <li>Final business plans must be submitted by 02 June 2025</li> </ul>	
	Municipalities should only implement projects in the approved upgrading plans and any deviation from the approved upgrading plans should be sought from the DHS	

	Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership Grant: Municipalities
	• Municipalities should ensure alignment between the infrastructure grants (provision of bulk) and the ISUPG
	<ul> <li>Municipal managers must sign off and confirm that projects captured in their informal settlements upgrading plans are assessed and approved for implementation in the 2025/26 financial year</li> <li>The transfer of the first tranche of funds is conditional upon the Transferring Officer of national Department of Human Settlements (DHS) approving the business plan and informal settlements upgrading plans per settlement consistent with the provisions of the Housing Act, and in compliance with the National Housing Code</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The flow of the second tranche will be conditional upon the:         <ul> <li>submission of the first quarter report, in line with the requirements of the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA) circular 88, signed off by the accounting officer of the municipality</li> <li>submission of the report with financial and non-financial information aligned to the approved upgrading plans</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The flow of the third tranche will be conditional upon submission of second quarter (both financial and non-financial) performance information, in line with the requirements of MFMA circular 88</li> <li>If a municipality is allocated additional funding or its funds are stopped and reallocated to another municipality, a revised business plan must be submitted for subsequent reporting</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The payment schedules submitted by municipalities should be derived from the cash flows contained in the approved upgrading plans</li> <li>A maximum of 3 per cent of a municipality's allocation may be utilised for the Operational Support Capital Programme as per the Operational Support Capital Programme Policy of the DHS</li> <li>A maximum of 3 per cent of the total allocation should be earmarked for social facilitation</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>A maximum of 5 per cent of the annual allocation should be used for re-blocking</li> <li>Municipalities are allowed to shift budget between projects in the business plan provided that no new</li> </ul>
Allocation criteria	<ul> <li>projects are introduced into the business plan in year without the approval of the transferring officer</li> <li>The grant is allocated to all metropolitan municipalities</li> <li>These funds are determined through the USDG allocation formula</li> </ul>
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	<ul> <li>This is a conditional grant with a specific purpose to provide for the upgrading of informal settlements and other related aspects thereto</li> </ul>
Past performance	2023/24 audited financial outcomes
	• R4.1 billion was allocated and transferred to municipalities; and R4.1 billion (100 per cent) was spent
	<b>2023/24 service delivery performance</b>
Projected life	<ul> <li>Service delivery performance is as indicated in the performance evaluation report for 2023/24</li> <li>This grant will continue until 2027/28, subject to review</li> </ul>
MTEF allocations	<ul> <li>2025/26: R4.7 billion; 2026/27: R4.9 billion; and 2027/28: R5.2 billion</li> </ul>
Payment schedule	Transfers will be made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and receiving officer	• Receive, assess and make determinations on the credibility of municipal informal settlements upgrading
receiving officer	<ul> <li>plans and the implementation readiness of projects captured therein</li> <li>Maintain the policy and programme and assist with interpretation</li> </ul>
	• Monitor and evaluate municipal financial and non-financial grant performance and control systems including quarterly summary reports on performance related to the UISP
	<ul> <li>Provide implementation assistance support to municipalities as may be required</li> <li>Undertake structured and other visits to municipalities as is masses</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Undertake structured and other visits to municipalities as is necessary</li> <li>Facilitate structured intergovernmental forums for regular interaction with municipalities</li> </ul>
	• Identify lessons from the preparation and implementation of this window and use these to inform the
	<ul> <li>design of the proposed new grant for informal settlement upgrading</li> <li>The transferring officer should design and distribute a template, before 1 July 2025, to be signed by a municipal manager or a delegated officer to be submitted with monthly and quarterly reports by</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>metropolitan municipalities</li> <li>Use the grant to leverage other forms of funding</li> </ul>
	Prioritise the gazetted priority projects
	<ul> <li>Responsibilities of municipalities</li> <li>Municipalities should ensure collaboration and involvement of communities and civil organisations in</li> </ul>
	the signing of implementation protocols for projects to be implemented
	• Initiate, plan and formulate applications for projects relating to the upgrading of informal settlements, which in the case of municipalities that are not accredited, must be in collaboration with the relevant
	<ul> <li>provincial department</li> <li>Develop long term municipal wide informal settlements upgrading strategy that will influence the annual business plan</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Request assistance from the provincial department on any of the matters concerned if the municipality lacks the capacity, resources or expertise</li> </ul>
	• Should ensure alignment between projected cash flows in the business plans and inputs into the payment schedule
	<ul> <li>Should ensure that they only implement the programmes in the approved business plans</li> <li>Municipalities must align their business plan with Municipal housing chapters of IDPs and Infrastructure Reporting Model (IRM) in terms of section 13(1)(a) of this Act</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Implement approved projects in accordance with the UISP in the National Housing Code of 2009</li> <li>Fast-track the planning approval processes for informal settlements upgrading projects</li> </ul>

Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership Grant: Municipalities	
	• Assume ownership of the engineering services installed
	Manage, operate and maintain settlement areas developed under this programme
	• Coordinate and facilitate the provision of bulk and connector engineering services (including through
	funding from the main USDG)
	• Submit a report on the status of informal settlements in their municipal area and their categorisation (in terms of the National Upgrading Support Programme's methodology) to DHS by 29 May 2025
	Identify lessons from the implementation of this grant and share these with DHS
	• Municipalities should submit a signed letter by a municipal manager or a delegated person, as an attachment to the monthly and quarterly reports
	• Detailed performance report per settlement (i.e., project level performance) report for phase 1-3 aligned to the business plan must be submitted quarterly
	• Municipalities must adhere to section 16 of the DoRA if they are planning to appoint any other organ of state to implement human settlements projects on their behalf
	• Municipalities must utilise the ISUP grant to leverage alternative financing mechanisms/instruments Municipalities must report quarterly on projects funded, in line with the requirements of the MFMA circular 88. Reporting must include financial and non-financial performance on progress against the UISP plans, using the template prescribed by the DHS
	• Municipalities must report on the percentage of their allocations awarded to companies owned by designated groups on a monthly and quarterly basis
	• Municipalities must submit financial performance reports by no later than 10 working days after the end of each month
	• Each informal settlement should have a project specific upgrading plan available upon request by the DHS
	Should on quarterly basis, report on the number of job opportunities created
	• Municipalities must submit monthly reports that include the outcome/effectiveness of the utilisation of the approved OPSCAP budget
Process for approval of 2026/27 business plans	• Municipalities must submit a comprehensive draft ISUPG plan (based on MFMA circular 88 indicators) with targets aligned to the MTDP, IDP and SDBIP and a draft and or approved municipal budget to the transferring officer for comment, by 24 March 2026
	• The DHS will provide feedback on the draft business plans by 30 April 2026
	• Final business plans must be submitted by no later than 15 June 2026

	Urban Settlements Development Grant
Transferring department	Human Settlements (Vote 33)
Grant schedule	Schedule 4, Part B
Strategic goal	• The creation of sustainable, reliable, quality infrastructure asset base to enable the development of integrated urban settlements that enable improved quality of household life
Grant purpose	• To supplement the capital revenues of metropolitan municipalities in order to implement infrastructure projects that promote equitable, integrated, productive, inclusive and sustainable urban development
Outcome statements	<ul> <li>The outcomes to be realised in order to promote integrated sustainable urban settlements and improved quality of living environments are as follows:         <ul> <li>supporting inclusive densification and transit-oriented urban development, integrating existing and new urban developments</li> <li>increased investment in existing and new bulk and distribution for urban developments</li> <li>quality of water and sanitation, electricity and energy, and solid waste management services</li> <li>increased bulk infrastructure capacity for municipal services</li> <li>provide opportunities for leveraging of public funding within partnerships that promote integrated mixed-income and mixed-use urban development projects and funding for broader urban development</li> <li>provision of resources for sustainable community development for social and economic infrastructure and meaningful participation</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Outputs	<ul> <li>The following outputs should be funded by the grant to support the improvement of the overall built environment:         <ul> <li>increased annual investment in renewal (rehabilitation and/or replacement) and expansion in municipal bulk and distribution infrastructure</li> <li>increase in municipal bulk and link infrastructure</li> <li>increase in access to public and socio-economic amenities</li> <li>construction/provision of internal engineering services, including backyarders and densification overlay zones</li> <li>increase in land provision for subsidised housing, or mixed-use developments in support of approved human settlements and other urban developments</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	<ul> <li>Priority 2: Economic transformation and job creation</li> <li>Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government</li> </ul>
Details contained in the business plan	<ul> <li>This grant uses the Urban Settlements Development Grant (USDG) plan (containing a project list with project names, project descriptions, infrastructure classification, Geographic Information System (GIS) coordinates and wards in which projects are being developed. The USDG plan is consistent with the Integrated Development Plan (IDP), including the human settlements chapter of the IDP, and the Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP) of the receiving municipality</li> <li>Name of the grant or fund for which USDG acts as supplementary, per project</li> <li>Approved project budget and total project expenditure to date</li> <li>Professional fees including details of planning activities to be undertaken</li> </ul>
Conditions	<ul> <li>Municipalities must submit a USDG plan that is aligned to the SDBIP, IDP and the One Plan in pilot areas for the District Development Model to the national Department of Human Settlements (DHS) and National Treasury</li> <li>The annual USDG plan must contain a project list with project names, project descriptions, classification of infrastructure, GIS coordinates and wards in which projects are being developed. The submission should include motivations of how the projects will benefit poor households and information on spatial targeting, co-funding and other associated investments</li> <li>Municipalities must prioritise the completion of existing critical water, sanitation, roads, storm water and electricity projects by the end of the 2026/27 financial year</li> <li>The flow of the first tranche is conditional upon:         <ul> <li>approval of the municipal USDG business plan by the DHS</li> <li>submission of the 2024/25 third quarter financial performance signed off by the municipal accounting officer or duly delegated official and non-financial information in line with the requirements set out in the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA) circular 88</li> <li>submission of a final USDG plan that is aligned to the municipal IDP, SDBIP and national priorities by 15 April 2025</li> </ul> </li> <li>The flow of the the second tranche will be conditional upon the submission of the 2024/25 fourth quarter financial performance signed off by the municipal accounting officer and/or duly delegated authority and non-financial information as per the requirements set out in the MFMA circular 88</li> <li>The flow of the third tranche will be conditional upon submission of second quarter financial performance signed off by the municipal accounting officer or duly delegated authority and non-financial information as per the requirements set out in the MFMA circular 88</li> <li>A maximum of 3 per cent of the USDG may be used to procure capac</li></ul>

	Urban Settlements Development Grant	
	<ul> <li>the total grant allocation and delivery targets should be maintained unless the allocation has been stopped or reallocated in terms of sections 18 and 19 of the 2025 Division of Revenue Act (DoRA)</li> <li>no new projects are to be introduced into the business plan without approval by the transferring officer</li> <li>With approval by the transferring officer, municipalities may utilise funding for the procurement of specialised waste management vehicles servicing the poor. Municipalities must complete a technical assessment report (TAR) which must comply with the norms and standards for specialised waste management vehicles. The TAR must demonstrate that funds will solely be used for the expansion of waste management services to poor households previously under- serviced</li> <li>An amount of R963 million in 2025/26 is ring-fenced for the City of Johannesburg's Lufhereng Mixed Use Development Programme approved through the Budget Facility for Infrastructure</li> <li>Should there be a cost variation of more than 10 per cent on the Budget Facility for Infrastructure funded project, the City of Johannesburg is required to inform the National Treasury and the transferring officer within 30 days of confirming the cost variation</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>A minimum of 56 per cent of the USDG should be allocated to water and sanitation, electricity and energy, and solid waste management services capital infrastructure projects aligned to metro-approved trading services investment plans</li> <li>Municipalities must submit, by 31 July 2025:         <ul> <li>council approved turnaround strategies for the relevant trading service</li> <li>accounting officer approved institutional road map for the relevant trading service</li> <li>accounting officer approved business and investment plan for the relevant trading service</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
Allocation criteria	The grant is allocated to all metropolitan municipalities	
	<ul> <li>The base allocation is derived from the Municipal Infrastructure Grant formula explained in part 5 of annexure W1 of the 2025 Division of Revenue Bill. The formula incorporates household backlogs in basic services and access to socio-economic services and poverty-weighted data</li> <li>The DEL allocations for a fine formula in this grant as analysis and access to socio-economic services.</li> </ul>	
Reasons not incorporated	<ul> <li>The BFI allocations ring-fenced in this grant are application-based</li> <li>This is a supplementary capital infrastructure grant with conditions, objectives and distribution criteria</li> </ul>	
in equitable share	(including infrastructure backlogs) different to those of the equitable share	
Past performance	2023/24 audited financial outcomes	
F	• Of the R7.6 billion allocated and transferred to municipalities; and R7.5 billion was spent	
	2023/24 service delivery performance	
	Service delivery performance is as indicated in the performance evaluation reports for 2023/24	
Projected life	This grant continues until 2027/28, subject to review	
MTEF allocations	• 2025/26: R9.2 billion; 2026/27: R9.8 billion; and 2027/28: R9.3 billion	
Payment schedule	Transfers will be made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury	
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department	
transferring officer and receiving officer	<ul> <li>Develop indicators for the outcomes and outputs</li> <li>Convene a structured forum to meet with municipalities on a quarterly basis</li> <li>Monitor and evaluate the municipal financial and non-financial performance of the grant, including quarterly summary reports on performance across municipalities</li> <li>Provide support to municipalities with regard to human settlement programmes including but not limited to oversight visits to municipalities as may be necessary, facilitate strategic and spatial planning support related to urban development</li> <li>Publish a guideline by 31 March 2025 on how municipalities to promote area-based planning, budgeting and funding alignment as well as implementation support, where applicable</li> <li>Coordinate and facilitate interaction between national departments, state-owned enterprises, other relevant entities of the state, provincial departments of human settlements and participating municipalities, on a quarterly basis</li> </ul>	

ıry Farticipate in the municipal budget benchmarking process as and when indicated by the National Treasury
 The transferring officer should design and distribute a template by 1 July 2025 to be signed by a municipal manager or a delegated officer to be submitted with monthly and quarterly reports by metropolitan municipalities

The review of revised business plans must be finalised by the DHS within 14 days of submission by the • municipality

Use this grant to leverage alternative financing mechanisms/instruments

Responsibilities of other national sector departments

The Department of Electricity and Energy, Department of Water and Sanitation, Department of . Environment, Forestry and Fisheries and the Department of Transport must all provide technical advice and support relevant to their sectors and monitor the performance of municipalities in line with the requirements set out in the MFMA circular 88

National Treasury will issue guidance notes, on requirements for turnaround strategies, institutional reforms • and business plans for the trading services financing component

**Responsibilities of municipalities** 

- Complete the business plan template and ensure accurate information and data is provided •
- Metropolitan municipalities may replace non-performing projects with performing projects providing a similar infrastructure that fulfils the same policy objectives. The performing projects should be from the approved business plans and the replacement should not jeopardise the achievement of the overall MTSF targets committed to by the municipality

	Urban Settlements Development Grant	
	• Changes to the project list of the approved business plan and within the same and related function must be reported quarterly to the DHS in writing and provide all the relevant details of the new project within 30 days after the end of the quarter	
	Comply with the terms and conditions of the receiving officer outlined in the 2025 DoRA	
	• Ensure effective and efficient utilisation of the grant and alignment to the purpose and outputs of the grant	
	• Ensure compliance with required intergovernmental forums, reporting, and accountability frameworks for human settlements	
	Ensure that the USDG is used to meet municipal priorities	
	• Municipalities should submit a signed letter by a municipal manager or a delegated authorised person as an attachment to the monthly and quarterly reports	
	• Municipalities must report on the percentage of their allocations spent on service provided by companies owned by designated groups on a quarterly basis	
	Municipalities must adhere to section 16 of the 2025 DoRA	
	<ul> <li>Municipalities must report quarterly on projects funded, in line with the requirements of the MFMA circular 88. Reporting must include financial and non-financial performance on progress against UISP plans, using the template prescribed by the DHS</li> </ul>	
	• Municipalities must submit the financial performance reports within 10 working days after the end of the month	
	• Use this grant to leverage alternative financing mechanisms/instruments	
	• Municipalities must submit monthly reports that include the outcome/effectiveness of the utilisation of the approved OPSCAP budget	
Process for approval of	• Municipalities must submit a comprehensive draft USDG plan (based on MFMA circular 88 indicators) with	
2026/27 business plans	targets aligned to the MTDP, IDP and SDBIP and a draft and/or approved municipal budget	
	to the transferring officer for comment, by 24 March 2026	
	<ul> <li>The final business plans must be submitted by 15 May 2026</li> </ul>	
	The business plan will be finalised before the start of the municipal financial year	

### NATIONAL TREASURY GRANTS

	Infrastructure Skills Development Grant	
Transferring department	National Treasury (Vote 8)	
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part B	
Strategic goal	• To improve infrastructure delivery management capacity within municipalities by developing a long-term and sustainable pool of registered professionals with built environment and related technical skills in engineering, town and regional planning, quantity surveying, geographic information systems and project management	
Grant purpose	• To recruit unemployed graduates into municipalities to be trained and professionally registered as per the requirements of the relevant statutory councils within the built environment	
Outcome statements	<ul> <li>Developed technical capacity within local government to enhance infrastructure provision, and service delivery, through improved infrastructure planning, implementation, operations and maintenance</li> <li>Registered professionals with built environment qualifications (national diploma and/or degree) as per the statutory councils' requirements</li> <li>Increased number of qualified and registered professionals employed within local government</li> </ul>	
Outputs	<ul> <li>Number of built environment graduates registered as candidates for training and professional development as per requirements of the relevant statutory councils</li> <li>Number of graduates recognised as registered professionals by the relevant statutory councils</li> <li>Number of graduates employed as registered professionals within the built environment in local government</li> </ul>	
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government	
Details contained in the business plan	Outcome indicators     Output indicators     Inputs     K	
Conditions	<ul> <li>Key activities</li> <li>The business plan must demonstrate that the municipality has projects in which the graduates can be trained, and</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>provide the relevant complexity of work and responsibility that can support graduates to meet the registration requirements of the relevant statutory councils and the budget must be clearly outlined</li> <li>Municipalities must have a Project Management Unit</li> <li>The business plan must be signed by the Municipal Manager</li> <li>Graduates must be seconded to an entity (public or private) if no relevant training is available to develop the necessary competence of the graduates</li> <li>Where graduates are placed in another entity (public or private) a memorandum of agreement must be developed and signed between the municipality and the entity, according to Infrastructure Skills Development Grant (ISDG) guidelines. The memorandum of agreement must clearly demonstrate the supervision requirements and the roles and responsibilities of all parties associated with the training of graduates</li> <li>Graduates must have a national diploma or degree in the built environment from higher education institutions i.e. universities or universities of technology recognised by the statutory council</li> <li>Mentoring must be provided by registered professionals in the same field as the graduates in training. The full names and proof of registration of the mentor must be submitted to the National Treasury, and a contract must be entered into with each mentor, in accordance with the ISDG guidelines</li> <li>The ISDG funding is to be utilised exclusively for costs associated with the training and professional development process of graduates (refer to ISDG guidelines)</li> <li>The business plan of a municipality must include an absorption strategy for the graduates within the municipality or any other municipality</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>A project administrator may be appointed per municipality for the purpose of the ISDG administration if approved by National Treasury (refer to ISDG guidelines)</li> <li>Graduates are to be placed in units to support the management, maintenance and/or implementation of infrastructure, infrastructure related projects and accelerated service/infrastructure delivery</li> <li>Graduates must be assigned to a supervisor with experience in the same field as the graduates-in-training</li> <li>Graduates' training progress is to be evaluated by professionally registered mentors on a quarterly basis and the development of the required competencies of graduates is to be evaluated bi-annually</li> <li>Municipalities must submit monthly and quarterly reports timeously</li> <li>Graduate reports and/or log books must be completed in the format of the statutory council and must be signed by the registered mentor/supervisor as required by statutory councils</li> <li>Municipal Managers must sign a service level agreement (SLA) with the National Treasury and such an agreement must be adhered to</li> <li>Non-compliance with the above conditions can result in the funds being withheld, stopped or re-allocated</li> </ul>	
Allocation criteria	• Allocations are based on business plans submitted and the ability of municipalities to provide training and professional development to graduates for the duration of the candidacy phase as stipulated by statutory councils	
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	This conditional grant is meant to develop technical skills within municipalities	
Past performance	<ul> <li>2023/24 audited financial outcomes</li> <li>R160 million was allocated and transferred to 16 municipalities and R154 million (96 per cent) was spent</li> </ul>	

	Infrastructure Skills Development Grant
	<ul> <li>2023/24 service delivery performance</li> <li>The following municipalities hosted graduates through the grant: Buffalo City (20 graduates); Nelson Mandela Bay (37 graduates); eThekwini (64 graduates); City of Johannesburg (15 graduates); Polokwane (18 graduates); Govan Mbeki (67 graduates); Gert Sibande (31 graduates); Alfred Nzo (19 graduates); Sol Plaatje (13 graduates); John Taolo Gaetsewe (9 graduates); King Sabata Dalindyebo (10 graduates); City of Cape Town (23 graduates); George (17 graduates); Alfred Duma (11 graduates); Thulamela (10 graduates); Vhembe (12)</li> </ul>
Projected life	The grant is expected to continue up to 2027/28, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2025/26: R173 million; 2026/27: R181 million; and 2027/28: R189 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by the National Treasury
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and receiving officer	<ul> <li>Responsibilities of the national department</li> <li>Issue guidelines and supporting documentation for the implementation of the ISDG</li> <li>Rollout the ISDG in municipalities in compliance with the ISDG framework, guidelines and relevant prescripts</li> <li>Manage, monitor and report on the programme</li> <li>Ensure professional development is aligned to statutory council requirements</li> <li>Monitor financial and non-financial performance of the ISDG</li> <li>Maintain graduates' database for the ISDG</li> <li>Monitor financial and non-financial performance of the ISDG</li> <li>Monitor financial and power there that the relevant statutory councils by municipalities</li> <li>Monitor financial and non-financial performance of the ISDG</li> <li>Munitain graduates' database for the ISDG</li> <li>Work with relevant stakeholders on policies, strategies and guidelines to recruit graduates into permanent positions in local government after they have registered as professionals</li> <li>Participate in the review of the municipal capacity support system during 2025</li> <li>Responsibilities of municipalities</li> <li>Comply with the requirements of the 2025 Division of Revenue Act, ISDG guidelines, service level agreement and the requirements of the relevant training plan, indicating how graduates will be exposed to suitable projects, to ensure that graduates achieve competencies in relevant activities and are developed professionally to meet the outcome(s) requirements for professional registration</li> <li>Seek and provide secondment opportunities/agreements with professional service providers, appointed by the municipality, when there is no more relevant work with adequate responsibility for the candidate to progress</li> <li>Provide the candidate with the requisite workspace, supervisor, tools of profession/trade and logistics to perform the recommended activities within their training plans</li> <li>Continuously review and assess th</li></ul>
Process for approval of	<ul> <li>councils within six months, and where not initially eligible, must complete the additional requirements for acceptance as a candidate within 12 months of intake</li> <li>Municipalities must submit evidence of the graduates' registration to National Treasury when graduates have registered as professionals</li> <li>Interested municipalities must submit a three-year business plan by 01 September 2025 for assessment by the National Treasury</li> </ul>
2026/27 business plans	<ul> <li>National Treasury</li> <li>Participating municipalities must submit revised business plans to the National Treasury by 01 September 2025</li> </ul>

	Local Government Financial Management Grant	
Transferring department	National Treasury (Vote 8)	
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part B	
Strategic goal	To secure sound and sustainable management of the fiscal and financial affairs of municipalities	
Grant purpose	• To promote and support reforms in financial management by building capacity in municipalities to implement the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA)	
Outcome statements	Strengthen capacity in financial management of municipalities	
	• Improved and sustained skills development, including appointment of interns supporting the implementation	
	of financial management reforms focusing on the gaps identified in the Financial Management Capability	
	<ul> <li>Maturity Assessments and as reflected in the Financial Management Grant (FMG) support plans</li> <li>Appropriately skilled financial officers appointed in municipalities with financial management competencies</li> </ul>	
	beyond the minimum competencies' regulations	
	<ul> <li>Timely submission of all in-year reports, including the financial statements and improved audit outcomes</li> </ul>	
Outputs	Number of municipal officials registered for financial management training	
-	Number of interns serving on the internship programme	
	Number of municipalities that are compliant with the Standard Chart of Accounts (mSCOA)	
Priority of government	Priority 1: A capable, ethical, and developmental state	
that this grant primarily contributes to	• Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements, and local government	
Details contained in the	• This grant uses a FMG support plan to direct resources towards addressing weaknesses in financial	
business plan		
Conditions	• FMG funds can be used towards the following to improve institutional sustainability:	
	<ul> <li>strengthen capacity and up-skilling officials in the budget and treasury office, internal audit and audit committees</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>a total of five interns in local municipalities and three interns in metropolitan and district municipalities</li> </ul>	
	must be appointed over a multi-year period. Municipalities must submit a plan for the retention of interns	
	through the internship programme	
	o acquisition, upgrade and maintenance of financial management systems to produce multi-year budgets,	
	in-year reports, service delivery and budget implementation plans, annual financial statements, annual	
	reports and automated financial management practices	
	<ul> <li>support the training of municipal financial management officials towards attaining the minimum competencies, as regulated in Government Gazette 29967 of June 2007 amended through Gazette 41996</li> </ul>	
	of October 2018	
	<ul> <li>FMG support plan must be consistent with the conditions of the grant and be submitted timeously</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Timely submission of reports with complete information as prescribed in the 2025 Division of Revenue Act (DoRA)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Accommodation, Travel and subsistence allowance are not covered by the grant</li> </ul>	
	Expenditure must be maintained at appropriate levels	
	• Functional Disciplinary Boards consistent with chapter 15 of the MFMA read with the Municipal	
	Regulations on Financial Misconduct Procedures and Criminal Proceedings with clear evidence of cases	
	being processed through the board and finalised	
	Council approved UIFW reduction strategy with clear monthly milestones for reduction per category of     expenditure	
	<ul> <li>Clear demonstration of preventative controls that detect compliance risks timeously</li> </ul>	
Allocation criteria	<ul> <li>All municipalities benefit from the allocations to augment their own resources in support of implementation</li> </ul>	
	of the financial management reforms	
	Priority is given to municipalities:	
	<ul> <li>with challenges/shortcomings in processes, procedures and systems to effectively implement the MFMA,</li> </ul>	
	as identified in the Financial Management Capability Maturity assessment	
D (1 (1	• with poor audit outcomes	
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	Grant provides direct support to municipalities to develop financial management and technical capacity for the implementation of the MFMA, its regulations and associated financial reforms	
Past performance	2023/24 audited financial outcomes	
i use per lor munee	<ul> <li>R569 million was allocated and transferred to 257 municipalities</li> </ul>	
	R450 million was spent by municipalities	
	2023/24 service delivery performance	
	257 municipalities submitted FMG support plans	
	• 1 205 graduate finance interns were serving on the internship programme in municipalities as at 30 June 2024	
	• 3 151 interns have been permanently appointed since 2004 in municipalities	
	• 1 139 officials received statements of results for attaining the minimum competencies	
	• 257 municipalities are budgeting and transacting using the municipal standard charts of accounts	
	• 164 municipalities have established disciplinary boards as at 30 June 2024	
Drainated life	191 municipalities have established internal audit units as at 30 June 2024     This error encodes a subject to encode a	
Projected life MTEF allocations	<ul> <li>This grant ongoing subject to review</li> <li>2025/26: R590 million; 2026/27: R617 million; and 2027/28: R645 million</li> </ul>	
Payment schedule	<ul> <li>Z025/20. K590 minion, 2020/27. K617 minion, and 2027/26. K645 minion</li> <li>Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury</li> </ul>	
i ajment seneune	• Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury	

	Local Government Financial Management Grant		
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department		
transferring officer and	Management, monitoring, and reporting on the programme		
receiving officer	Transfer funds to municipalities in terms of the 2025 DoRA		
	• Participate in the review of the municipal capacity support system during 2025		
	Responsibilities of municipalities		
	• Submit support plans which are consistent with the conditions of the grant		
	Submit reports consistent with the reporting requirements in the 2025 DoRA		
	• Undertake an assessment of the requisite skills and training needs in the Budget and treasury office, internal audit units in full-time employment, to enable the municipality to perform the functions required in the MFMA		
	• Develop consultancy reduction plans on all financial management disciplines where consultants are appointed to perform such functions		
Process for approval of	• The programme is based on the FMG support plans which municipalities must submit to the National		
2026/27 support plans	Treasury before the start of the municipal financial year		

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	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant
Transferring department	National Treasury (Vote 8)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part B and Schedule 6, Part B
Strategic goal	• Eradicating spatial inequality towards the creation and development of more inclusive, liveable,
	sustainable urban built environment, resilient, productive, efficient, and integrated towns, intermediate cities and rural towns (rural regional service centres)
Creant nurnasa	
Grant purpose	• To plan, catalyse, and invest in targeted locations to attract and sustain third party capital investments aimed at spatial transformation, that will improve the quality of life, and access to opportunities for
	residents in South Africa's targeted locations, under-served neighbourhoods, townships and rural towns in
	metro and non-metro municipalities
	• To support the targeted municipalities to develop a pipeline of investment ready capital programmes and
	projects through establishing and institutionalising an effective and efficient system of programme and
	project preparation as well as facilitate long term programmes/ projects that will attract private investment
	and assist non-metro municipalities to enhance revenues
Outcome statements	Spatially integrated intermediate cities, towns and rural areas
	Diversity of public and private capital investments leveraged into targeted locations
	• Improved ratio of Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (NDPG) to third-party capital
	investment into strategic locations
	• Improved municipal capacity to support infrastructure investment planning, prioritisation, and ability to
	drive long-term spatial transformation
	Strengthened and effective system of programme and project preparation in non-metro municipalities
Outputs	Improved social cohesion and strengthened social safety net     Targeted locations with catalytic projects, defined as either:
Outputs	<ul> <li>rargeter locations with catalytic projects, defined as entirel.</li> <li>o urban hub precincts with secondary linkages and rural regional service centres</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>catalytic programmes within integration zones</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>built environment upgrade projects in urban townships and rural towns</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>leveraged third-party capital investment into targeted locations</li> </ul>
	• The production and dissemination of toolkits, guidance and/or good practice notes and supporting
	knowledge sharing events
	• Enhanced municipal strategic competencies in investment targeting, implementation, and urban
	management
	• Effective and transparent system for project approvals (clearly defined authorising environment) in the
	non-metro municipalities
	<ul> <li>Increased investment in programme and project preparation by the non-metro municipalities</li> <li>Number of credible pipeline of projects developed by non-metro municipalities</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Number of feasibility studies/strategies completed by non-metro municipalities</li> </ul>
Priority of government	<ul> <li>Priority 2: Economic transformation and job creation</li> </ul>
that this grant primarily	<ul> <li>Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements, and local government</li> </ul>
contributes to	• Thomy 5. Spara megration, naman settements, and rocar government
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
	• Inputs
	Key activities
Conditions	• Compliance with the aims and objectives outlined in the investment plans between the municipality and
	the transferring officer
	• Submission of cash flow schedules with budgets and timeframes for capital grant (project) implementation
	<ul><li>as requested by the transferring officer</li><li>Programme execution is dependent on a sequential and formal acceptance/approval by the transferring</li></ul>
	• Programme execution is dependent on a sequential and formal acceptance/approval by the transferring officer of NDPG-related municipal plans or deliverables
	<ul> <li>Municipalities must commit to forging partnerships with businesses, investors, communities, national and</li> </ul>
	provincial government, and state-owned entities in order to leverage the third-party capital investment
	required to ensure long-term and sustainable outcomes for each precinct
	• Eligibility is restricted to non-metro municipalities which have committed to co-financing contributions
	• Transfers will be based on good performance in line with the work plans and approved projects submitted
	to National Treasury
	• Funds can only be spent on direct operating costs for programme and project preparation activities
	• Non-metro municipalities must commit to forging partnerships with businesses, investors, communities,
	national and provincial government and state-owned entities in order to leverage the third-party capital
Allocation criteria	investment required to ensure long-term and sustainable outcomes
ranocation criteria	• The grant funds the following activities in targeted locations that are defined as urban hubs and regional service centres:
	<ul> <li>allocations are determined via a pipeline of prioritised projects that have been identified through the</li> </ul>
	planning process, in targeted locations. Funding allocation will be subject to submissions of business
	plans for approval by the NDPP for the planning and the development of catalytic programmes and
	projects
	o allocations are focused on municipalities whose circumstances align with the NDPG's criteria, these
	include higher population densities, diverse nature of economic activity, concentrations of poverty,
	inefficient spatial-historical development, improved connectivity and mobility (in particular through
	improved public transport networks)

	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant
	o technical assistance allocations support planning and professional programme management costs for
	programmes and projects in targeted locations in order to attract and sustain third party capital
	investments based on the NDPG's allocation criteria
	o rural towns are selected according to population or population growth, location, economic potential
	and/or growth and governance and financial health
	<ul> <li>final allocations will be based on performance</li> </ul>
Reasons not incorporated	• This grant has a strong focus on catalytic nodal and linkage investment in targeted township locations that
in equitable share	is not the focus of the equitable share
	• The grant provides funding to Intermediate City municipalities to enhance the performance of their urban built environment programmes by supporting programme and project preparation. It reflects commitments
	contained in the National Development Plan to streamline funding for urban public investments to support
	the restructuring of the urban built environment
Projected life	• This grant is expected to continue over the medium term, focusing solely on completing projects already
3	in implementation, with no new projects being initiated
MTEF allocations	• Schedule 5B: 2025/26: R542 million; 2026/27: R430 million; and 2027/28: R450 million
	• Schedule 6B: 2025/26: R99 million, 2026/25: R104 million; and 2027/28: R108 million
Payment schedule	• Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	• Funds catalytic projects in targeted locations that are defined either as urban hubs, integration zones,
receiving officer	catalytic programmes or as built environment upgrade projects in urban and rural towns, including:
	<ul> <li>notifying all municipalities of their allocation status</li> </ul>
	• reporting in terms of the 2025 Division of Revenue Act (DoRA)
	<ul> <li>determining grant allocations for the Medium-Term Expenditure Framework period</li> <li>governing the acceptance or approval milestones of NDPG-related municipal plans or deliverables</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>governing the acceptance or approval milestones of NDPG-related municipal plans or deliverables</li> <li>monitoring, managing and evaluating financial and non-financial performance</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>overseeing and enforcing the conditions of this grant</li> </ul>
	o producing and disseminating toolkits, guidance and good practice notes that strengthen competencies
	and capabilities in investment targeting, implementation and urban management
	Participate in the review of the conditional grants system during 2025
	Responsibilities of municipalities
	• Compile and submit monthly and quarterly expenditure and progress reports in line with NDPG
	requirements and as stipulated in the 2025 DoRA
	• Submit a cash flow schedule and work plan of activities with budgets and timeframes for grant planning
	<ul><li>and implementation as requested by the transferring officer</li><li>Provide adequate human resources capacity for the successful coordination and implementation of NDPG</li></ul>
	projects
	• Coordinate the development of related municipal plans or deliverables and ensure that they are aligned
	with the grant objectives against which performance will be assessed
	• Manage and monitor capital grant planning and implementation ensuring sound financial management and
	value for money
	• Maintain accurate and up to date grant and performance information as specified in NDPG management
	information formats and systems
	• Engage stakeholders to develop partnerships that leverage funding into the targeted locations
	• Enter and manage partnerships agreements to ensure that the desired project deliverables and objectives
	<ul><li>are met</li><li>Collect and provide evidence of funding leveraged into each precinct</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Conect and provide evidence of funding reveraged into each precinct</li> <li>Mainstream and reflect the NDPG development strategies and plans across the municipality, i.e., through</li> </ul>
	the municipal:
	<ul> <li>Spatial Development Frameworks and capital investment frameworks (as a chapter in the municipal</li> </ul>
	Spatial Development Framework)
	Integrated Development Plans
Process for approval of	Submission of NDPG related municipal plans and/or deliverables within defined timeframes
2026/27 business plans	Plans and/or deliverables must include an indication of:
	• the ability to attract and report on third-party funding leveraged
	• the quality of performance and progress reporting
	<ul> <li>the level of NDPG alignment across all municipal development strategies and plans including coordination, targeting, and prioritisation with other related capital projects as reflected through</li> </ul>
	municipal spatial development frameworks and capital investment frameworks
	<ul> <li>activities relating to the establishment and institutionalisation of programme and project preparation</li> </ul>
	timeously on an annual basis
	Municipalities must submit project and programme preparation work plans for review and approval,
	annually by July

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	Urban Development Financing Grant
Transferring department	National Treasury (Vote 08)
Grant schedule	Schedule 4, Part B
Strategic goal	• To increase investment in resilient infrastructure and spatially targeted urban development in metropolitan municipalities
	• To eradicate spatial inequalities for sustainable and efficient urban services and spaces that grows the economy and contributes towards financially sustainable metropolitan municipalities
Grant purpose	• To promote spatially transformed cities with financially sustainable trading services that are able to meet their service delivery mandates
	<ul> <li>To support metropolitan municipalities with resilient infrastructure investment, including programme and project preparation to enable them to leverage additional concessionary and commercial loan finance to enhance sustainable infrastructure investment</li> </ul>
Outcome statements	<ul> <li>To operate as a performance-based finance incentive grant for metros to achieve the following outcomes:         <ul> <li>improved financial sustainability, investment in new and existing infrastructure, efficiencies, and service delivery from trading services</li> <li>strengthened and effective system of programme and project preparation in the metropolitan municipalities</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>improved municipal capacity to support infrastructure investment planning and prioritisation that supports long-term spatially transformed and integrated cities</li> <li>improved social cohesion and strengthened social safety net</li> <li>increased leveraging of private sector investment in municipal infrastructure and urban development (specifically in strategic targeted nodes), as well as increased diversity of public and private capital investments leveraged into targeted locations</li> </ul>
Outputs	<ul> <li>Increased annual investment by the Metro in renewal (rehabilitation and/or replacement) and expansion in municipal bulk, and distribution infrastructure for the three trading services</li> <li>Timebound operating investments to improve performance and management capacity of the three trading services</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Increased number of credible catalytic programmes and projects that have successfully undergone the project preparation process. The prioritised projects in spatially targeted nodes should be prepared with the objective of implementation through a funding mix that includes alternative funding streams</li> <li>Number of work opportunities and full-time equivalents created through the city-led public employment programme (PEP)</li> </ul>
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	<ul> <li>Priority 2: Economic transformation and job creation</li> <li>Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements, and local government</li> </ul>
Details contained in the bus	The following will be contained in the grant guideline documents:
plans	Outcome indicators
	Output indicators
	• Inputs
G 114	Key activities
Conditions	<ul> <li>Access to the programme and eligibility for the grant is based on compliance with the submission requirements for Metro trading service turnaround strategies, Institutional reform roadmap, Business and Investment Plans and Performance Improvement Action Plans of acceptable quality</li> <li>The grant is disbursed based on metro achievement of KPIs and targets in Performance Improvement Action Plans for each trading service <ul> <li>subsequent annual allocations will be adjusted subject to progress against the KPIs/targets set in the Performance Improvement Action Plans</li> <li>a maximum of 10 per cent of the funds allocated for trading service investment can be spent on direct operating costs as per the programmes in the Performance Improvement Action Plans</li> </ul> </li> <li>Transfers for project preparation support will be based on performance in line with the work plans and approved projects submitted to National Treasury</li> <li>Metropolitan municipalities must commit to forging partnerships with businesses, investors, communities, national and provincial government and state-owned entities in order to leverage the third-party capital investments required to ensure long-term and sustainable outcomes and investing their own revenues</li> <li>An amount of R56 million in 2025/26 is ring-fenced for the implementation of the Non-Revenue Water project in eThekwini Metropolitan Municipality through the Budget Facility for Infrastructure (BFI), and may only be used for the respective purposes of the project approved</li> <li>Should there be cost variations of more than 10 per cent on a Budget Facility for Infrastructure funded project, the relevant municipality is required to inform the National Treasury and the transferring officer within 30 days of confirming the cost variations</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>City-led Public Employment Programmes (PEP)</li> <li>R450 million has been allocated to the eight metros from the Public Employment Stimulus for 2025/26. The breakdown per municipality is as follows:</li> </ul>

	Urban Development Financing Grant
	R'000
	o Buffalo City : 22 500
	• City of Cape Town : 90 000
	• City of Ekurhuleni : 86 811
	• City of Johannesburg : 59 347
	• City of Tshwane : 76 668
	o eThekwini : 74 153
	o Mangaung : 27 721
	• Nelson Mandela Bay : 12 800
	• Funds may be used to implement new or upscale existing city-led PEPs that contribute to: upgrading informal settlements, township economic development, maintenance, development and management of public space and assets within human settlement and economic nodes, greening and cleaning; food safety; innovative service delivery; sharing and management of local knowledge and information; community safety; environmental services and management; and community tourism
	• Metropolitan municipalities must submit a business plan for approval by National Treasury on the date
	stipulated, outlining the key PEP initiatives, activities, inputs, output indicators and outcome indicators
	and delivery and reporting mechanisms
	• A maximum of 10 per cent of the PEP allocation can be used for the purchasing of capital equipment
	• Cities can shift funds between city-led PEP projects, but National Treasury must be notified of the shift in the monthly reports
	• 90 per cent of the funds may be used for the operating costs of running a public employment programme:
	<ul> <li>the basic minimum wage should be used as a guideline for costing the PEP employment opportunities</li> <li>Supervisory, project management and operational-related materials costs should be budgeted for</li> </ul>
Allocation criteria	• This grant will be disbursed based on the progressive achievement of clearly defined milestones linked
	to:
	<ul> <li>improvements in governance and accountability;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>financial performance, and</li> </ul>
	o service delivery performance
	• For Metro Trading Services Financing, allocations will comprise of:
	o incentive allocations for eligible metros for each trading service from 2025/26 taking into account
	population and poverty as variable weights in the allocation formula
	• allocation may be adjusted according to periodic evaluation of Performance Improvement Action
	Plans
	• For Neighbourhood Development, allocations will comprise of the capital grant project support allocations determined via a pipeline of prioritised projects that have been identified through the planning process, in targeted locations. Funding allocation will be subject to submissions of business plans for approval by the NDPP
	• For Programme and Project Preparation Support, allocations will comprise of the current project
	preparation allocations for the completion of approved projects and programmes. The rest of MTEF allocations after 2025/26 should be allocated towards the Metro trading services infrastructure investments
	• For the Public Employment programme, allocations will comprise of Employment projects and
	<ul> <li>For the Fuble Employment programme, unceations will comprise of Employment projects and programmes subject to the submission of comprehensive business plans for approval by NDPP</li> <li>The BFI allocations ring-fenced in this grant are application-based</li> </ul>
Reasons not incorporated	• The grant provides funding to the metropolitan municipalities to enhance the performance of their urban
in equitable share	built environment programmes by supporting programme and project preparation and it has a strong focus on catalytic nodal and linkage investment in targeted township locations that is not the focus of the equitable share
	• This is a supplementary capital infrastructure grant to incentivise financially sustainable metropolitan
	trading services that can sustain their long-term capital investment requirements, hence conditions,
	objectives and distribution criteria (including financial sustainability) are different to those of the
	equitable share
Past performance	Not applicable, new grant
Projected life	This grant continues until 2030/31, subject to review
Projected life MTEF allocations	
MTEF allocations	• 2025/26: R1 billion; 2026/27: R1.4 billion; and 2027/28: R1.3 billion
0	<ul> <li>2025/26: R1 billion; 2026/27: R1.4 billion; and 2027/28: R1.3 billion</li> <li>Transfers will be made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury based on</li> </ul>
MTEF allocations Payment schedule	<ul> <li>2025/26: R1 billion; 2026/27: R1.4 billion; and 2027/28: R1.3 billion</li> <li>Transfers will be made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury based on cash flow submissions</li> </ul>
MTEF allocations Payment schedule Responsibilities of the	<ul> <li>2025/26: R1 billion; 2026/27: R1.4 billion; and 2027/28: R1.3 billion</li> <li>Transfers will be made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury based on cash flow submissions</li> <li>Responsibilities of the National Treasury</li> </ul>
MTEF allocations Payment schedule Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	<ul> <li>2025/26: R1 billion; 2026/27: R1.4 billion; and 2027/28: R1.3 billion</li> <li>Transfers will be made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury based on cash flow submissions</li> <li>Responsibilities of the National Treasury</li> <li>Fund plans and catalytic projects in targeted locations that are defined either as urban hubs or integration</li> </ul>
MTEF allocations Payment schedule Responsibilities of the	<ul> <li>2025/26: R1 billion; 2026/27: R1.4 billion; and 2027/28: R1.3 billion</li> <li>Transfers will be made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury based on cash flow submissions</li> <li>Responsibilities of the National Treasury</li> <li>Fund plans and catalytic projects in targeted locations that are defined either as urban hubs or integration zones in metropolitan municipalities, and develop Performance Improvement Action Plans and progress</li> </ul>
MTEF allocations Payment schedule Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	<ul> <li>2025/26: R1 billion; 2026/27: R1.4 billion; and 2027/28: R1.3 billion</li> <li>Transfers will be made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury based on cash flow submissions</li> <li>Responsibilities of the National Treasury</li> <li>Fund plans and catalytic projects in targeted locations that are defined either as urban hubs or integration zones in metropolitan municipalities, and develop Performance Improvement Action Plans and progress reporting templates for metros</li> </ul>
MTEF allocations Payment schedule Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	<ul> <li>2025/26: R1 billion; 2026/27: R1.4 billion; and 2027/28: R1.3 billion</li> <li>Transfers will be made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury based on cash flow submissions</li> <li>Responsibilities of the National Treasury</li> <li>Fund plans and catalytic projects in targeted locations that are defined either as urban hubs or integration zones in metropolitan municipalities, and develop Performance Improvement Action Plans and progress</li> </ul>

	Urban Development Financing Grant
	Notifying all municipalities of their allocation status, both directly and via the Division of Revenue Act (DoRA)
	<ul> <li>Provide operational guidelines, facilitate peer learning and provide capacity support through the Cities Support Programme and the Neighbourhood Development Partnership Programme Responsibilities of municipalities</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Prepare credible business plans/priority programmes and projects to the NDPP for funding through the UDFG</li> </ul>
	• Compile and submit monthly and quarterly expenditure and progress reports in line with the requirements and as stipulated in the 2025 DoRA
	• Submit a cash flow schedule with budgets and timeframes for technical assistance and/or capital grant implementation as requested by the transferring officer
	• Municipalities must confirm within the work plan that a financing plan with associated co-funding agreements will be in place prior to implementation of the capital project, unless an exemption to co-funding requirements has been approved by National Treasury
	<ul> <li>Must prepare and submit Council approved Performance Improvement Action Plans documents that are both aspirational and realistic, with clear targets as well as a budget and funding (incl. the grant and other sources) for the proposed activities</li> </ul>
	• Submit financial and non-financial reports half yearly within one month of the end of each half year the reporting format (to be provided) will be linked directly to the Performance Improvement Action Plans with one report required for each trading service in Performance Improvement Action Plans
	• Submit a signed letter by a municipal manager or a delegated authorised person as an attachment progress report
Process for approval of	Municipalities
2026/27 business plans	<ul> <li>Submission of NDP related municipal plans and/or deliverables within the timeframes defined in each municipality's own work plans in relation to priority catalytic projects /programmes funded under the NDP window</li> </ul>
	Plans and/or deliverables must include an indication of:
	<ul> <li>the ability to attract and report on third-party funding leveraged;</li> </ul>
	• the quality of performance and progress reporting; and
	<ul> <li>the level of NDP alignment across all municipal development strategies and plans including coordination, targeting, and prioritisation with other related capital projects as reflected through municipal spatial development frameworks and capital investment frameworks</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Submit municipal plans timeously with projects and including deliverables with costs and timeframes on an annual basis. The plan must contain the detail of identified annual and/or multi-year project preparation and/or PEP projects</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Submit Council-approved Performance Improvement Action Plans timeously</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Submit council approved reformance improvement Action r hans timeously</li> <li>Submit progress reports timeously</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Submit progress reports timeously</li> <li>Submission of Metro trading service turnaround strategies, Institutional reform roadmap, Business and</li> </ul>
	Investment Plans and Performance Improvement Action Plans to be assessed by National Treasury and
	relevant national departments to provide feedback to metros and inform the grant allocation
	Transferring Officer
	• Issue approval letters for which transfers/disbursements for each trade service will/are made against
	• Guidelines with allocation splits to be sent in advance before the commencement of each municipal
	<ul><li>financial year</li><li>Compile and submit monthly and quarterly expenditure and progress reports in line with the</li></ul>
	• Complet and submit monthly and quarterly expenditure and progress reports in line with the requirements and as stipulated in the 2025 DoRA

	Smart Meters Grant
Transferring department	National Treasury (Vote 8)
Grant schedule	Schedule 6, Part B
Strategic goal	• To achieve financial sustainability and improved management in municipal electricity/water services, and generate pre-service cash
Grant purpose	To enable municipalities to implement bi-directional smart metering systems and smart solutions
Outcome statements	• Enhanced oversight of revenue and financial management controls for greater accountability
	• Optimised cash generation and cashflow through the implementation of prepayment systems for
	<ul> <li>electricity/water service</li> <li>Streamlined operations in electricity/water distribution and revenue generation for increased efficiency</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Sustainable electricity/water operations for long-term viability</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Cost-efficient trading services that reflect accurate pricing to ensure self-sustainability</li> </ul>
Outputs	• Number of smart bi-directional meters and smart solutions for water (smart IoT Water Meters Ultrasonic and
	Mechanical Water Meters with remote management capabilities and Automated Meter Readers (AMR's),
	Positive Displacement Meters, Smart Leak Detectors, Velocity Meters, Single Jet Meters, Multi-Jet Meters, Turbing Meters, Electromegraphic Maters), and electricity (one and these phase Electrical Maters, LPULCT
	Turbine Meters, Electromagnetic Meters), and electricity (one and three phase Electrical Meters, LPU CT Meters, Check Meters for Eskom Intake, Zonal Meters and Statistical Meters) installed on behalf of the
	municipality
	• Number of bulk meters for water and electricity installed on behalf of the municipality
	Reduction of technical distribution losses pertaining to the municipal electricity/water function
	• Percentage and Rand value improvement in revenue collection vs the baseline (collection prior to
Dui auita of government	implementation)
Priority of government that this grant primarily	<ul> <li>Priority 1: A capable, ethical, and developmental state</li> <li>Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements, and local government</li> </ul>
contributes to	• Filotity 5. Spatial integration, numan settlements, and local government
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
	Key activities
<b>C 1</b> 11	Inputs (resources)
Conditions	<ul> <li>By April 2025, municipalities must submit to the National Treasury:         <ul> <li>council-approved smart meter business plans in the prescribed format with all required information; and</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>council-approved smart meter business plans in the prescribed format with all required information; and</li> <li>signed contracts (including annexures) within 10 working days of the National Treasury's request. The</li> </ul>
	accounting officers of municipalities must reprioritise an existing technical services resource in the
	municipality to fulfil the meter implementation-and-monitoring function of overseeing and managing all
	the metering systems in the municipality (electricity and water meters)
	• In the third year of implementation, participating municipalities must gradually adjust tariffs to reflect the costs
	<ul> <li>of smart meter maintenance and related grid systems</li> <li>Municipalities must prioritise revenue collection improvements resulting from the installation</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Municipalities must prioritise revenue collection improvements resulting from the installation</li> <li>Funds may only be used in accordance with approved project plans. Council and National Treasury must give</li> </ul>
	written approval for any amendments to the plans prior to implementation
	• Municipalities must enforce credit control and reporting, including in Municipal Standard Chart of Accounts
	(mSCOA) and as required by National Treasury, for a minimum of five years after benefiting from the grant
4.33 /* */ *	and in alignment with municipal debt relief programme
Allocation criteria	<ul> <li>In the 2025/26 financial year, the grant will prioritise municipalities in the debt relief programme</li> <li>Of the municipalities who have applied, preference will be given to those with:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Of the multicipanties who have applied, preference will be given to those with:</li> <li>council-approved business plans (per customer category and ward)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>high potential for revenue generation/protection</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>high potential reduced electricity/water loss</li> </ul>
	• viable and feasible projects
Descens not incompared	• integrated meter implementation/monitoring with staff capabilities
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	• This is a specific purpose grant with conditions, objectives and allocation criteria different from that of the equitable share
Past performance	2023/24 audited financial outcomes
•	Not applicable
	2023/24 service delivery performance
D 1 / 110	Not applicable
Projected life MTEF allocations	This grant continues until 2027/28, subject to review
Payment schedule	<ul> <li>2025/26: R650 million; 2026/27: R800 million; and 2027/28: R836 million</li> <li>Payments are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury after verification</li> </ul>
i aymene seneuule	• Payments are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury after verification of work performed
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	• Appoint the service providers in terms of the RT29 transversal tender to implement the smart solution
receiving officer	Agree with municipalities on outputs and targets
	Continuously monitor implementation and provide support to municipalities
	• Verify reports from the appointed service providers and municipalities
	• Enter into an MoU with benefiting municipalities regarding roles and responsibilities, synchronisation of the
	systems, ownership, funding arrangements, and operation and maintenance of proposed smart solution prior to the commencement of implementation

Smart Meters Grant	
	• Ensure that suitable agreements in terms of operation and maintenance plans are in place
	• Upon receipt of invoices from National Treasury's contracted service providers, Project Management Unit
	must verify work done before making payments
	Enter into the contract with municipalities and the National Treasury appointed service providers
	Responsibilities of municipalities
	• Monitor and ensure that projects are implemented in line with what is reflected in the Integrated Development Plans (IDPs) and approved business and project implementation plan of the municipality
	• Once a project is completed, ensure adherence to operations and maintenance plans and/or any other requirements agreed to as part of the funding agreement contained in the MoU, and ensure the sustainability of the solution
	<ul> <li>Abide by National Treasury's planning and coordination for smart meter systems and related infrastructure</li> <li>The municipality must make a facility available for the back-office monitoring</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Municipalities must pro-actively, parallel undertake public consultation process(es) for their business plans in ward(s) and for the customer category(s) earmarked in their applications as part of their IDP consultation processes</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Track the saving emanating from the initiative in line with reporting requirements set by National Treasury</li> <li>Accurately report grant management and submit service provider milestones, invoices, and reports to National Treasury</li> </ul>
	• Establish/maintain meter implementation and monitoring function within two months of approval
	Operate smart meters and system according to contract/license conditions
	• Undertake public consultation for business plans in relevant ward(s) and customer category(s)
Process for approval of	• Application forms will be sent to municipalities, and all received applications and business plan proposals
2026/27 business plans	(with council resolution support) will be evaluated and finalised by 31 March 2025

## PUBLIC WORKS AND INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT

Transferring department	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Municipalities     Public Works and Infrastructure (Vote 13)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part B
Strategic goal	<ul> <li>Schedule 5, Part B</li> <li>To provide Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) incentive funding to expand job creation efforts in</li> </ul>
Strategie goar	specific focus areas, where labour intensive delivery methods can be maximised
Grant purpose	• To incentivise municipalities to expand work creation efforts through the use of labour-intensive delivery
	methods in the following identified focus areas, in compliance with the EPWP guidelines:
	<ul> <li>road maintenance including but not limited to block paving and pothole patching</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>maintenance of buildings</li> </ul>
	• low traffic volume roads and rural roads
	<ul> <li>basic services infrastructure, including water and sanitation reticulation (excluding bulk infrastructure)</li> <li>other economic and social infrastructure</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>other economic and social infrastructure</li> <li>otourism and cultural industries</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>waste management and cleaning services</li> </ul>
	o parks and beautification
	<ul> <li>sustainable land-based livelihoods</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>social services programmes</li> </ul>
-	<ul> <li>energy including but not limited to retro-fitting, solar</li> </ul>
Outcome statements	Contribute towards increased levels of employment
<b>A</b>	• Improved opportunities for sustainable work through experience, learning gained and skills development
Outputs	• Number of Full-Time Equivalents (FTEs) to be created through the grant
	• Number of people employed, trained and receiving income through the EPWP
Dui site of second	Number of days worked per work opportunity created
Priority of government that this grant primarily	Priority 2: Economic transformation and job creation
contributes to	
Details contained in the	The programme is implemented through municipalities using EPWP integrated agreements and project lists
business plan	that specify the number of FTEs and work opportunities to be created
Conditions	• EPWP projects must comply with the project selection criteria determined in the EPWP grant manual, the
	EPWP guidelines set by the Department of Public Works and Infrastructure (DPWI), the latest EPWI
	Ministerial Determination, the EPWP Recruitment Guidelines and the National Minimum Wage Act of 2018
	including applicable gazettes
	Municipalities must register all EPWP projects on the DPWI's EPWP reporting system
	• Project data reports must be loaded and updated on the EPWP reporting system every month. The system
	closes 15 days after the end of every quarter in order for progress to be assessed
	Municipalities must maintain participant and payroll records as specified in the audit requirements in the ERW/P super super state of the Ministerial Determination.
	<ul> <li>EPWP grant manual and the Ministerial Determination</li> <li>The EPWP grant cannot be used to fund the costs of permanent municipal personnel, however, a maximum</li> </ul>
	of 5 per cent of the grant can be used to fund the costs of permanent intincipal personnel, however, a maximum of 5 per cent of the grant can be used to fund contract-based capacity required to manage data capturing and
	on-site management costs related to the use of labour-intensive methods
	<ul> <li>The EPWP grant can only be utilised for EPWP purposes, for projects only approved in each municipality;</li> </ul>
	EPWP project list
	• To receive the first tranche of the allocations, eligible municipalities must submit a signed integrated
	agreement with a project list by 30 June 2025
	Subsequent grant disbursements are conditional upon:
	<ul> <li>eligible municipalities reporting EPWP performance on the DPWI's EPWP reporting system within the</li> </ul>
	required timeframes
	<ul> <li>compliant reporting on EPWP Integrated Grant-funded projects</li> <li>submitting on a quarterly basis, non-financial reports including for the last quarter of the previous</li> </ul>
	financial year
	<ul> <li>reporting on EPWP Integrated Grant expenditure monthly within the required time frames</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Municipalities must implement their approved EPWP project list and meet agreed FTE targets</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Municipalities must ensure that EPWP branding is included as part of the project cost in line with the DPWI's</li> </ul>
	corporate identity manual
	• A minimum of 2 per cent and a maximum of 5 per cent of the grant allocation must be used for training o
	participants
Allocation criteria	• To be eligible for an EPWP grant allocation in 2025/26, a municipality must have reported at least 13 FTE
	in either the infrastructure sector, social sector or environment and culture sector in the 2023/24 financial
	year
	Allocation criteria include:     a the number of ETE is a created in the miss 18 months
	• the number of FTE jobs created in the prior 18 months
	<ul> <li>past performance with regard to labour intensity in the creation of EPWP work opportunities</li> <li>Poverty headcount as a percentage from Community Survey 2016</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Rural bias</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>penalties are applied to municipalities that are non-compliant with the Division of Revenue Act</li> </ul>
Reasons not incorporated	<ul> <li>This grant is intended to fund the expansion of labour intensity in specific focus areas as well as to incentivis</li> </ul>
in equitable share	increased EPWP performance. The grant is based on performance, the potential to expand and the need for
	EPWP work in key focus areas

	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Municipalities
Past performance	2023/24 audited financial outcomes
	• The grant had an allocation of R778 million, 254 municipalities were eligible for the grant and 100 per cent
	of the allocation was transferred to these municipalities. R740 million of the transferred funds was spent by
	the end of the financial year
	2023/24 service delivery performance
	• 57 291 work opportunities were reported by 249 municipalities and validated on the EPWP system
	26 906 FTE jobs were reported by 249 municipalities and validated on the EPWP system
	Average duration of the work opportunities created has increased to 108 days
Projected life	Grant continues until 2027/28, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2025/26: R567 million; 2026/27: R593 million; and 2027/28: R620 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by the National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	• Determine eligibility and set grant allocations and FTE targets for eligible municipalities
receiving officer	• Publish on the EPWP website all documents relevant for municipalities to understand and implement the
	grant, including a grant manual, the relevant EPWP guidelines, the EPWP Ministerial Determination and the
	National Minimum Wage Act including applicable gazettes
	• Support municipalities in the manner agreed to in the grant agreement, to:
	o identify suitable EPWP projects and develop EPWP project lists in accordance with the EPWP project
	selection criteria
	<ul> <li>apply the EPWP project selection criteria and EPWP guidelines to project design</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>report using the EPWP reporting system project implementation information including project outputs</li> </ul>
	and expenditure
	Monitor the performance and spending of municipalities according to the signed incentive agreement
	Conduct data quality assessments on a continuous basis, to support good governance and identify areas for administrative improvement
	Manage the EPWP coordinating structures in collaboration with provincial coordinating departments to support implementation, identify blockages and facilitate innovative solutions
	<ul> <li>Conduct site visits to verify existence of the projects and identify where support is needed</li> </ul>
	Responsibilities of the eligible municipalities
	• Develop an EPWP project list and sign the standard funding agreement with DPWI by 30 June 2025, agreeing
	to comply with the conditions of the grant before receiving any grant disbursement
	• Agree on the areas requiring technical support from DPWI upon signing the grant agreement
	• Ensure that reporting is done within the timelines stipulated in the grant agreement and that compliant
	information is captured in the EPWP reporting system
	• Municipalities must maintain participant payroll records as specified in the audit requirements in the EPWP
	grant manual, and make these available to DPWI for data quality assessment tests
	• EPWP work opportunity reports must be captured on a monthly basis in order for progress to be assessed
	<ul> <li>Submission of quarterly non-financial reports by the timelines stipulated in the clauses of the 2025 Division</li> </ul>
	of Revenue Act
Process for approval of	<ul> <li>Municipalities must report performance on EPWP projects for the 2025/26 financial year by 15 October 2025</li> </ul>
2026/27 business plans	to be eligible for a grant allocation
1	<ul> <li>Municipalities must submit a signed EPWP integrated agreement and project list by 30 June 2026</li> </ul>

#### TRANSPORT GRANTS

Turnefamine descriptions	Public Transport Network Grant
Transferring department	• Transport (Vote 40)
Grant schedule	• Schedule 5, Part B
Strategic goal	• To support the National Land Transport Act (Act No. 5 of 2009) and Public Transport Strategy (PTS) and Action Plan in promoting the provision of accessible, reliable, and affordable integrated municipal public transport network services
Grant purpose	• To provide funding for accelerated construction and improvement of public and non-motorised transport
	infrastructure that forms part of a municipal integrated public transport network
	• To support the planning, regulation, control, management and operations of fiscally and financially sustainable municipal public transport network services
Outcome statements	• Improved public transport network infrastructure and services that function optimally and are safe,
	convenient, affordable, well managed and maintained
	• Public transport systems that are accessible to an increasing percentage of the population of urban
Outputs	municipalities and contribute to more spatially efficient urban areas Network Operations Component
Outputs	<ul> <li>Number of average weekday passenger trips carried on Public Transport Network Grant (PTNG) funded</li> </ul>
	networks
	• Number and percentage of municipal households within a 500m walk to an integrated public transport
	network (IPTN) station or stop that has a minimum peak period frequency of 15 minutes or better
	• Percentage uptime for network operating systems as a proportion of the network's public operating hours
	Passengers per network vehicle per average weekday
	Network Infrastructure Component
	• Public transport network infrastructure including dedicated lanes; routes and stops/shelters; stations; depots;
	signage, audio and visual information displays; control centres and related information technology; fare
	systems and vehicles if the national Department of Transport (DoT) in consultation with National Treasury
	approves use of grant funds to purchase vehicles; non-motorised transport (NMT) infrastructure that supports
	<ul> <li>network integration including but not limited to sidewalks, cycleways, cycle storage at stations</li> <li>Plans and detailed designs related to IPTN infrastructure and operations</li> </ul>
Priority of government	<ul> <li>Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government</li> </ul>
that this grant primarily contributes to	• Phony 5. Spatial integration, numan settlements and local government
Details contained in the business plan	This grant uses IPTN operational and related plans that include financial modelling
Conditions	• Projects must be based on, and form part of, a strategic, municipal wide, long-term IPTN plan and strategy
Conumbers	approved by the municipal council
	• Projects funded by this grant must be based on an operational and business plan, which must include a multi-
	year financial operational plan approved by the municipal council. This multi-year financial operational plan
	must cover the full duration of any contracts for each phase funded by the PTNG and include operating and
	<ul> <li>maintenance costs and universal design access plans</li> <li>Projects must support an integrated multi-modal network approach as defined in the National Land Transport</li> </ul>
	Act (NLTA) and the Public Transport Strategy. Municipalities must manage operations to progressively
	achieve the standard of service defined in the Public Transport Strategy within available resources
	<ul> <li>Projects should follow an environmental strategy and consider energy efficiency and environmental aspects,</li> </ul>
	such as emission standards; therefore, IPTN vehicle fleet procurement must be zero emissions technology unless exempted by DoT
	• The first tranche is subject to submission of milestones in terms of the template determined by DoT by
	02 June 2025 or within seven working days upon adoption/approval by the municipal council, as part of the
	<ul><li>annual budget appropriation</li><li>Subsequent payments will be conditional on the attainment of previously funded milestones as specified in</li></ul>
	• Subsequent payments will be conditional on the attainment of previously funded infestores as specified in the grant allocation letter to each municipality from the DoT. Milestones are based on the approved IPTN
	operational plans of cities and are defined after consultation with municipalities
	• All public transport infrastructure and services funded through this grant must ensure that there is provision
	for the needs of special categories of passengers in line with the requirements of section $11(1)(c)(xiv)$ of the
	NLTA
	• Allocations for this grant are made to fund the planning, development, implementation, and operations for specific network phase(s) through two components, with separate conditions applicable to each component
	as set out in the allocation criteria section below
	Allocations for the Network Operations Component will be determined by DoT once municipalities submit
	an annual operations plan including financial forecasts for 2025/26 by 02 June 2025 or within seven working
	days, upon adoption/approval by the municipal council, as a part of the annual budget appropriation, funds
	from either component can be shifted to the other if approved by DoT and National Treasury
	• The second tranche is subject to cities submitting, by 31 July 2025, an updated multi-year financial operational plan (approved by council) for the duration of the vehicle operating contract/s partaining to appr
	operational plan (approved by council) for the duration of the vehicle operating contract/s pertaining to any phase on which the 2025/26 grant funds will be spent
	<ul> <li>phase on which the 2025/26 grant funds will be spent</li> <li>All new intelligent transport solutions (ITS) related contracts that will incur grant expenditure must be jointly</li> </ul>
	approved by DoT and National Treasury before grant funds may be spent on them
	<ul> <li>Project Management costs and Industry Transition related costs (excluding compensation for operating)</li> </ul>
	licences) combined, are not to exceed 5 percent of the annual transfers of this grant unless approved by DoT
	<ul> <li>An amount of R1.9 billion in 2025/26 is allocated to the City of Cape Town, as per the cash flow schedule</li> </ul>
	for the MyCiti Phase 2A project, funded through the Budget Facility for Infrastructure (BFI) and may only
	be used for that purpose. Should there be cost variations of more than 10 per cent on the BFI funded project,

Public Transport Network Grant	
	the municipality is required to inform National Treasury and the transferring officer within 30 days of confirming the cost variations
	• To ensure efficient usage of grant funds, the DoT can instruct that municipalities utilise national transversal appointments for IPTN related items such as professional services, vehicles and information technology including automated fare collection and vehicle tracking, where such contracts exist. For this purpose, up to 5 per cent of a municipality's allocation shall be ringfenced for payment by the relevant municipality where the transferring officer deems it necessary
	• The currently suspended municipalities are required to meet the readmission criteria set by the DoT and National Treasury in the readmission framework and all the requirements in this grant framework <b>Network Operations Component</b>
	• Operating subsidies from this component can fund security, station management, fare collection services, control centre operations, information and marketing, network management, insurance, compensation for the
	<ul> <li>economic rights of existing operators and maintenance of infrastructure and systems</li> <li>From the start of operations, IPTN systems must recover all the direct operating costs of contracted vehicle operators from fare revenue, other local funding sources and, if applicable, from any Public Transport Operations Grant contributions. These direct operating costs consist of fuel, labour, operator administration and vehicle maintenance</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>From the start of operations on a route, the grant can fund a portion of the per kilometre rate to subsidise up to 100 per cent of the capital cost (including interest and related fees) of vehicles purchased by the vehicle operating company</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>IPTN operational plans and ongoing operations management must target improved farebox cost coverage, through minimising costs and maximising fare revenues. Municipalities operating network services are required to supply detailed operating performance and operating cost and revenue reports quarterly in the formats prescribed by the DoT</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Operating subsidies for any new or existing service, line, route, or phase, will only be transferred after a municipality meets the requirements of DoT's Operational Readiness Framework</li> <li>Municipalities must enforce rules and by-laws related to the IPTN and regarding usage of dedicated lanes,</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>fare payment, and operator/supplier compliance with contractual provisions</li> <li>Municipalities are required to establish the specialist capacity to manage and monitor public transport system contracts and operations</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Verified data on operator revenue and profitability; and draft agreements based on credible passenger surveys) for the compensation of existing economic rights of affected operators must be submitted to DoT for concurrence before concluding agreements on compensation for economic rights</li> </ul>
	Municipalities must enforce agreements that only legal operators operate on routes subject to compensation agreements
	<ul> <li>Network Infrastructure Component</li> <li>The grant can fund all IPTN-related infrastructure, including non-motorised transport, upgrades of existing public transport infrastructure and new infrastructure</li> </ul>
	• Municipalities must demonstrate in their IPTN operational plans that they have attempted to give maximum priority to public and non-motorised transport while minimising costs through using existing infrastructure, road space and public land
	<ul> <li>For each phase, final network routing, service design and related financial modelling must be submitted to DoT for review and approval before municipalities proceed with detailed infrastructure design</li> <li>IPTN projects must meet the minimum requirements of the South African Bureau of Standards (including</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>Part S of the Building Regulations)</li><li>Contracted operators should finance and own vehicles unless a case for the exceptional use of limited</li></ul>
Allocation criteria	infrastructure funding for vehicle procurement is approved by DoT, in consultation with National Treasury. If approval is granted, any vehicles purchased with grant funds must remain the property of the municipality
Anocation criteria	• Allocations are only made to municipalities that submit business plans in line with the above conditions, which demonstrate sufficient capacity to implement and operate any proposed projects, and credibly demonstrate the long-term fiscal and financial sustainability of the proposed projects
	<ul> <li>70 per cent of available funds are allocated according to the three public transport demand factors. The three equally weighted demand factors are:</li> <li>o size of population</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>size of economy</li> <li>number of public transport users</li> <li>20 per cent of available funds are allocated through a base component shared equally between participating</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>municipalities</li> <li>10 per cent of available funds are allocated as a performance incentive to operating municipalities based on the following three indicators (to qualify a minimum threshold for all three must be achieved by a</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>municipality):</li> <li>coverage of costs from farebox: fare revenue as a percentage of direct operating costs, which indicates a commitment to reducing operational costs, and is a measure of efficiency. The minimum threshold is 35 per cent</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>passenger trips: average weekday passenger trips as a percentage of the population. This indicates coverage of the system, in providing the services to residents. The minimum threshold is 1 per cent. The city should be operating for at least two months</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>skin in the game: city own funding as a percentage of the city's total property rates used towards funding the IPTN construction and operation. This is a measure of the cities' commitment to the system. The minimum threshold is 2 per cent</li> </ul>
	• To be eligible for the incentive, municipalities must have spent at least 80 per cent of their PTNG allocation from the preceding year and exceed the minimum threshold in at least two of the three indicators
	• The information used for the incentive comes from cities' multi-year financial plans. If this information exceeds the audited numbers by more than 5 per cent, this will be corrected in the subsequent financial year

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	<ul> <li>by reducing the city's allocation by the amount that is over the amount the city would have received if calculations were based on the audited numbers</li> <li>Allocations for the Network Operations Component are based on municipalities' Annual Operations Plans (to be submitted to DoT by 02 June 2025) which indicate the amount of the 2025/26 total allocation to be used within the rules of this component</li> <li>Approval of these allocations is specified in the DoT allocation letter to municipalities and is based on the following rules: <ul> <li>DoT approval of the annual operations plan</li> <li>the annual operations plan must be costed to meet specific operating targets per network phase to be achieved within the 2025/26 financial year to qualify for eligibility into the 2026/27 formula</li> <li>the network operations component can be used in each phase and sub-phase of the introduction of services to fund up to 70 per cent of indirect operating costs for two years after the municipal financial year in which operations start. Thereafter the grant can fund up to 50 per cent. Non-PTNG sources must cover the remaining costs</li> <li>compensation for the economic rights of existing operators can be funded up to 100 per cent in each phase, however, any inflated compensation which is not supported by credible surveys and business valuation principles will not be funded from PTNG</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Reasons not incorporated	• Infrastructure and operational costs associated with the implementation of the Public Transport Strategy and
in equitable share Past performance	NLTA were not included in municipal budgets before the introduction of IPTN services 2023/24 audited financial outcomes
	<ul> <li>Of the K6.4 billion appropriated, R6.1 billion was transferred to municipalities</li> <li>Of the transferred amount, R4.8 billion or 79 per cent was spent</li> <li>2032/24 service delivery performance:</li> <li>Cape Town: Passenger journeys per day (excluding transfers) totalled 61 801; annual fare revenue amounted to R309 million; percentage of households within 500 meters of an IPTN station or bus stop amounted to A309 million; percentage of households within 500 meters of feeder roadways; 9 kilometres of non-motorized facilities; 8 stops with shelter; 61 other stops; 8 438 passenger trips per day (excluding transfers); annual fare revenue amounted to R34 million</li> <li>eThekwini; 2.9 kilometres stretch of dedicated roadway lanes on corridor 9; work package 2A reached practical completion on 30 November 2023; fully operational traffic management centre (TMC) linked to CCTV at the stations and the disaster management centre was ready for go-live commissioning; camerabased monitoring of corridor 3 route and stations; security contracted for the system; on-street enforcement of illegal operators</li> <li>George: 24 kilometres of feeder routes laid out; 52 stops/shelters installed; 52 signage and information displays installed; number of average weekday passenger trips totalled 19 411; percentage of municipal households within 500 meters walk to an IPTN station or stop amounted to 80 percent; percentage uptime for network operating systems over operating hours totalled 100 percent; passengers per network vehicle per average weekday amounted to 214; 24 kilometres of trunk and community service in mixed traffic; 5 kilometres of non-motorized facilities; 119 other non-sheltered bus stops; annual fare revenue amounted to R79 million</li> <li>Johannesburg: Number of operators paid compensation amounted to 94; affected vehicles taken out of service totalled 68; Moshoeshoe trunk route Part A was 84 percent complete; Moshoeshoe trunk route Part B was 46 percent of operators paid com</li></ul>
Projected life	R18 million
Projected life	• This grant continues until 2027/28, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2025/26: R7.2 billion; 2026/27: R8 billion; and 2027/28: R7.1 billion
Payment schedule Responsibilities of the transferring officer and receiving officer	<ul> <li>Transfers are made in accordance with an agreed payment schedule approved by the National Treasury</li> <li>Responsibilities of the national department</li> <li>Disburse PTNG funds and monitor PTNG expenditure</li> <li>Monitor IPTN implementation progress and operating performance in line with the NLTA and the public transport strategy</li> <li>Verify reports from municipalities by conducting at least one site visit per annum</li> <li>Allocate funds based on stated priorities through an allocation mechanism agreed to by the DoT and National Treasury</li> <li>Review and comment on draft compensation agreements for economic rights</li> <li>Review and comment on the network model submitted by each municipality</li> </ul>

Public Transport Network Grant		
	• Evaluate the performance of the grant annually	
	• Maintain the database of operational performance based on the indicators and continue to track, report, and evaluate the performance of the grant based on these measures	
	• Develop cost norms for ITS and include these in the annual PTNG guidelines and requirements circulated to municipalities by DoT	
	Submit copies of allocation letters and milestones to the National Treasury	
	• Implement internal mechanisms to monitor adherence to grant conditions and manage the disbursements of the grant where there is non-compliance. Measures to address non-compliance include withholding transfers, as provided for in section 17 of the 2025 Division of Revenue Act (DoRA). If matters are still unresolved, this may result in the stopping and reallocation of tranche payments in terms of sections 18 and 19 of the 2025 DoRA	
	Responsibilities of municipalities	
	• Ensure that projects are implemented in line with approved business plans and are also reflected in the integrated development plan of the municipality. Additional plans that municipalities will need to complete include:	
	<ul> <li>network operational plans, including universal design access plans</li> <li>business and financial plans (including financial modelling, economic evaluation, and operator transition plans)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>institutional network management plans</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>engineering and architectural preliminary and detailed designs</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>public transport vehicle and technology plans</li> </ul>	
	• marketing and communication plans	
	• Projects funded by this grant must promote the integration of the public transport networks in a municipality, through:	
	<ul> <li>physical integration between different services within a single network</li> </ul>	
	• fare integration between different services	
	<ul> <li>marketing integration with unified branding</li> <li>institutional integration between the services</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>spatial integration, in conjunction with other grants directed at the built environment</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Provide budget proposals for the PTNG funding that:</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>revide baget proposals for the ratio funding that.</li> <li>are based on sound operational and financial plans that cover direct vehicle company operating costs from local sources at a minimum</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>indicate the intended allocations between the network operations component and network infrastructure component</li> </ul>	
	• Establish a dedicated project team to plan, manage and monitor infrastructure development and maintenance, as well as operations with an emphasis on optimising vehicle kilometres through full use of procured Intelligent Transport System tools	
	<ul> <li>Compile and submit data that indicates the efficiency and effectiveness of operational services in the formats</li> </ul>	
	and use the indicators defined by the DoT	
Process for approval of	<ul> <li>Municipalities must submit business plans based on a fiscally and financially sustainable IPTN or an agreed</li> </ul>	
2026/27 business plans	plan to compile this, supported by credible multi-year financial operational plans by 31 July 2025. The plans	
	should include plans for how all municipal owned bus services will be integrated into the 10-year IPTN	
	programme	
	• Suspended municipalities seeking readmission must submit their revised plans by 31 July 2025	
	<ul> <li>DoT and National Treasury will jointly evaluate these plans based on pre-determined criteria regarding Engaging and final systematic interval and final systematic for the municipality is a distributive on an elecation in</li> </ul>	
	financial and fiscal sustainability and sufficient capacity for the municipality's eligibility for an allocation in the 2026/27 financial year	
	• Municipalities that fail to pass the eligibility and readmission criteria will be informed by 28 August 2025 and may be asked to resubmit plans	

	Rural Roads Asset Management Systems Grant
Transferring department	• Transport (Vote 40)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part B
Strategic goal	• Ensure efficient and effective investment in municipal roads through development of road asset management systems (RAMS), collection and analysis of data
Grant purpose	• To assist district municipalities to set up rural RAMS, and collect road, bridges and traffic data on municipal road networks in line with the Road Infrastructure Strategic Framework for South Africa
Outcome statements	• Improved data on municipal roads to guide infrastructure maintenance and investments
Outputs	• Road condition data (paved and unpaved) as per prescribed Technical Methods for Highways (TMH-series)
	<ul> <li>Traffic data</li> <li>Data on condition of structures (including bridges and culverts) as per prescribed Technical Methods for Highways (TMH 19 series)</li> <li>Borrow Pit Management data</li> <li>Safety assessments data</li> <li>Prioritised project list for roads to inform Municipal Infrastructure Grant project selection</li> <li>Number of graduates recruited for data collection purposes</li> </ul>
Priority of government	
that this grant primarily contributes to	• Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
Details contained in the	• This grant uses Road Asset Management Plans (RAMPs)/business plans which contain the following details:
business plan	<ul> <li>network hierarchy</li> <li>performance management framework</li> <li>gap analysis</li> <li>information systems</li> <li>lifecycle planning</li> <li>current and future demand</li> <li>financial plan</li> <li>monitoring</li> <li>reviewing</li> <li>plans for continual improvements including sharing data with local municipalities</li> </ul>
Conditions	• Transfer of the first tranche is conditional on submission of a council approved business plan by 30 June 2025
	<ul> <li>with local municipalities and compliance with monthly and quarterly signed report submissions to the national Department of Transport (DoT), and the relevant provincial roads authorities</li> <li>Road authorities must conduct regular condition assessments for paved and unpaved roads, structure, traffic data and any other road asset data</li> <li>District municipalities must provide local municipalities with validated information from the condition data collected to enable municipalities to identify and prioritise road maintenance requirements within their own budgets, to improve the condition and extend the lifespan of road infrastructure</li> <li>For Road Infrastructure Strategic Framework for South Africa Class R1, R2 and R3 roads, data collection requirements are: <ul> <li>visual condition data not older than two years for pavements and five years for bridges</li> <li>instrumental pavement data for roughness, rut depth and macro texture not older than two years</li> <li>traffic data not older than three years</li> </ul> </li> <li>For Road Infrastructure Strategic Framework for South Africa Class R4 and R5 roads, data requirements are: <ul> <li>visual condition data not older than three years for pavements and five years for bridges</li> <li>instrumental pavement data for roughness, rut depth and macro texture not older than four years on paved roads only</li> <li>traffic data not older than five years</li> </ul> </li> <li>For Road Infrastructure Strategic Framework for South Africa Class R4 and R5 roads, data requirements are: <ul> <li>visual condition data collected must be submitted to the national DoT, and the relevant provincial roads authorities by 30 May 2025</li> </ul> </li> <li>District municipalities must participate in grant management structures, including attending monthly and/or quarterly Rural Roads Asset Management System (RRAMS) progress as well as national meetings</li> <li>A maximum of 5 per cent of a municipality's allocation may be used to cover costs related to RRAMS coordinatio</li></ul>
	assessed to confirm the correctness of the assessments made by the municipality
Allocation criteria	<ul> <li>This framework must be read in conjunction with the RRAMS practice note</li> <li>Allocations are based on the extent of road network and number of local municipalities within a district</li> </ul>
Reasons not incorporated	<ul> <li>municipality</li> <li>This is a specific purpose grant for the provision of systems to collect data on traffic and conditions of municipal roads and structures.</li> </ul>
in equitable share Past performance	municipal roads and structures 2023/24 audited financial outcomes
	<ul> <li>Of the R115 million allocated and transferred to municipalities, R104 million (90 per cent) was spent</li> <li>2023/24 service delivery performance</li> <li>12 895 kilometres of paved road network and 30 305 kilometres of unpaved road network were assessed</li> <li>10 189 structures identified by the programme in the district municipalities receiving the grant</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>10 169 structures identified by the programme in the district multicipanties receiving the grant</li> <li>149 graduates were recruited into the programme</li> </ul>

Rural Roads Asset Management Systems Grant		
MTEF allocations	• 2025/26: R126 million; 2026/27: R132 million; and 2027/28: R138 million	
Payment schedule	• Transfers are made in accordance with the payment schedule approved by National Treasury	
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department	
transferring officer and	Monitor the implementation of RAMS together with provincial road authorities	
receiving officer	• Undertake data integrity checks	
	Provide guidance on sustainable RAMS operations and standards	
	• Facilitate interaction between local municipalities and district municipalities in using RRAMS outputs as	
	guidance in municipal road infrastructure management	
	Manage, monitor and report on the programme	
	Ensure agreement on the RAMP with participating municipalities	
	• Ensure that municipal road authorities conduct regular condition assessments for paved and unpaved roads,	
	structure, traffic data and any other road asset data	
	• Support municipalities with planning and implementation of municipal roads projects in terms of the	
	conditions, standards and specifications applicable to this sector	
	Responsibilities of municipalities	
	• Municipalities must make provision to maintain RAMS after the lifespan of the grant	
	• Data for all rural roads to be updated within their frequency of collection as per Technical Method for	
	Highways (TMH)	
	• Recruit unemployed youth graduates with a qualification in B. Eng. Tech or Advanced Diploma in the civil engineering environment for implementation of the programme and in civil engineering works	
	<ul> <li>Ensure human capacity at municipalities for the operation of RAMS is built</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Municipalities investing in roads infrastructure must utilise data from the rural RAMS where available, to</li> </ul>	
	identify and prioritise their investment on roads projects, including maintenance	
	<ul> <li>Identify and train municipal officials that will be recipients of skills transfer</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Ensure that municipal officials participate actively in all activities funded through this grant</li> </ul>	
	• Ensure systems and practices developed through this grant are sustained as part of the operations of the	
	municipality	
	• Technical Director, Service provider, graduates and representatives from the host local municipalities must	
	attend and participate in grant quarterly Rural Roads Asset Management System (RRAMS) progress meetings	
	Submit updated RAMS data in TMH 18 format by 30 May 2025	
	• Submit a 10 per cent verification report of the road network assessed by 30 May 2025	
Process for approval of	• District municipalities must submit a draft RAMP/business plan and accompanied by a completed TMH22	
2026/27 business plans	checklist to DoT by 30 May 2026	
	• District municipalities must submit the final RAMP/business plan signed off by the accounting officer and	
	accompanied by a completed TMH22 checklist by 31 June 2026	
	• RAMP must contain the following:	
	• the extent of the road network in the municipality	
	• the proportion of municipal roads with updated data captured on its RAMS	
	<ul> <li>the condition of the network in the municipality</li> <li>the maintenance and rehabilitation need of the municipal road network</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>the maintenance and rehabilitation need of the municipal road network</li> <li>the status of the municipality's RAMS</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>status of the multiplanty's KAMS</li> <li>status of institutionalisation of RAMS in the district municipality</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>TMH 22 RAMP guideline can be used as template</li> </ul>	
	- Third 22 To third guideline can be used as temptate	

#### WATER AND SANITATION GRANTS

	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant
Transferring department Grant schedule	<ul> <li>Water and Sanitation (Vote 41)</li> <li>Schedule 5, Part B and Schedule 6, Part B</li> </ul>
Strategic goal	
	• Facilitate achievement of targets for access to bulk water and sanitation through successful execution and implementation of bulk projects of regional significance
Grant purpose	<ul> <li>To develop new, refurbish, upgrade and replace ageing bulk water and sanitation infrastructure of regional significance that connects water resources to infrastructure serving extensive areas across municipal boundaries or large regional bulk infrastructure serving numerous communities over a large area within a municipality</li> <li>To implement bulk infrastructure with a potential of addressing water conservation and water demand management (WC/WDM) projects or facilitate and contribute to the implementation of local WC/WDM projects that will directly impact on bulk infrastructure requirements</li> </ul>
Outcome statements	<ul> <li>Access to water supply enabled through regional bulk infrastructure</li> <li>Proper wastewater management and disposal enabled through regional wastewater infrastructure</li> </ul>
Outputs	<ul> <li>Number of regional bulk water and sanitation projects phases under construction</li> <li>Number of projects/project phases completed</li> <li>Number of households targeted to benefit from bulk water and sanitation supply</li> <li>Number of municipalities benefitting from bulk water and sanitation projects</li> <li>Number of job opportunities created through implementation of bulk infrastructure projects</li> <li>Number of households provided with water and sanitation through local source development</li> </ul>
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
Details contained in the business plan	<ul> <li>This grant uses approved implementation readiness studies (IRS) which include the following:         <ul> <li>inception/scoping report</li> <li>technical feasibility report</li> <li>preliminary and final detailed designs and cost estimates</li> </ul> </li> <li>Schedule 6, Part B projects are implemented through a memorandum of understanding (MoU) which contains cash flow, implementation milestones and specific funding conditions related to the project</li> </ul>
Conditions	<ul> <li>The Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant (RBIG) is intended to fund the social component of regional bulk water and sanitation projects approved by DWS and approved by National Treasury</li> <li>The financing plan with associated co-funding agreements must be in place prior to implementation of the project unless exemption to co-funding requirements has been approved by National Treasury</li> <li>All sources of funding for the full cost of the project must be outlined in the IRS and the MoU</li> <li>All identified projects must be referenced to and included in the municipal Integrated Development Plan (IDP) and Water Services Development Plans (WSDP) and show linkages to projects under the Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG) and the Water Services Infrastructure Grant (WSIG)</li> <li>Funds may only be used for disaster interventions based on a business plan approved by DWS</li> <li>Feasibilities studies must consider the results of the green drop, blue drop and no drop assessments in prioritising projects</li> <li>Municipalities must demonstrate in their IRS how they plan to manage, operate and maintain the infrastructure over the long term</li> <li>An amount of R1.5 billion in 2025/26 is allocated to the municipalities outlined below, through the Budget Facility for Infrastructure (BFI) and may only be used for the respective purposes of the project approved:         <ul> <li>R490 million for Sol Plaatje Local Municipality for the implementation of the Sanitation Infrastructure project</li> <li>R490 million for Nelson Mandela Bay Metropolitan Municipality for the implementation of the Water Security Programme - Part A</li> </ul> </li> <li>Should there be cost variations of more than 10 per cent on BFI funded project, the relevant municipality is required to inform the National Treasury and the transferring officer within 30 days of confirming the cost variations</li> <li>If groundwater is going to be used as a source, the imple</li></ul>

	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant
	Schedule 6, Part B allocations
	• This grant can be used to build enabling infrastructure required to connect or protect water resources over significant distances with bulk and reticulation systems
	<ul> <li>The IRS and MoU must be approved by DWS before project commences</li> </ul>
	• All projects must be implemented and transferred in line with the approved IRS and detailed designs
Allocation criteria	• Projects are assessed individually, and allocations are made by DWS on a project basis, taking into account
	the following factors:
	<ul> <li>demand and availability of water</li> <li>the overall infrastructure needs</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>the strategic nature of the project</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>socio-economic importance of an area</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>impact of the project</li> </ul>
<b>D</b>	This grant is only allocated to Water Services Authorities (local and district municipalities)
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	Regional bulk projects are closely linked to water resource planning and development, which is a DWS competency
in equitable share	Projects may cross municipal boundaries
Past performance	2023/24 audited financial outcome
<b>I</b>	• Direct transfers (Schedule 5, Part B)
	o Of the revised allocation of R3.2 billion allocated and transferred to municipalities, R2.9 billion
	(91 per cent) was spent
	• Allocations-in-kind (Schedule 6, Part B)
	<ul> <li>Of the revised budget allocation of R3.2 billion, R3.4 billion (104 per cent) was spent</li> <li>2023/24 service delivery performance</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Nine (13) projects and phases were completed: (1) Chris Hani District Municipality Cluster 4 Phase 4 of 9</li> </ul>
	(bulk pipeline and reservoir from Sikhungwini to Ngxumza); (2) Ikwezi Bulk Water Supply Phase 1 of 1;
	(3) Chris Hani District Municipality Cluster 6 Phase 5 of 6 Sitholeni rising main (Lokshini bulk supply); (4)
	Greater Mpofana BWS Phase 1 of 3; (5) Giyani Water Supply; (6) Driekoppies Regional Bulk Water Supply
	phase 2B, 2C, 3A & 3C of 4; (7) Driekoppies RBWS phase 1 of 4; (8) Balfour/ Siyathemba Regional Bulk Water Supply Phase 2 of 6; (9) Balfour/ Siyathemba Regional Bulk Water Supply Phase 4 of 6; (10) Upington
	Waste Water Treatment Works Phase 1 of 2; (11); (12) Tulbagh Bulk Water Supply Phase 12 of 13 and (13)
	Klawer Bulk Water Supply
	102 project phases were under construction
Projected life	This grant continues until 2027/28, subject to review
MTEF allocations	Direct transfers (Schedule 5, Part B):
	• 2025/26: R3.8 billion; 2026/27: R3.2 billion; and 2027/28: R3 billion Allocations-in-kind (Schedule 6, Part B):
	<ul> <li>2025/26: R3.2 billion; 2026/27: R3.2 billion; and 2027/28: R3.4 billion</li> </ul>
Payment schedule	<ul> <li>Transfers for Schedule 5, Part B allocations are made in terms of a payment schedule approved by National</li> </ul>
	Treasury
	Payments for Schedule 6, Part B allocations are made after verification of work performed
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	• Ensure every municipality benefiting from a specific project or scheme is invited to participate in the
receiving officer	<ul> <li>feasibility study and IRS processes complies to the RBIG Planning Guidelines</li> <li>Enter into an MoU with WSAs regarding the construction, ownership, funding arrangements, and operation</li> </ul>
	and maintenance of proposed infrastructure prior to the commencement of construction
	• If required, ensure the necessary authorisations including environmental impact assessment and water use
	licences are obtained and servitude agreements
	• Ensure that the land assessment is done prior to project implementation
	• Provide detailed information on the selection criteria and conditions for the grant (RBIG Programme
	Implementation Framework)
	<ul> <li>Ensure that suitable agreements in terms of operation and maintenance are in place</li> <li>Issue project funding approval letters to benefiting municipalities</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Ensure that implementing agents submit monthly financial and quarterly non-financial reports on stipulated</li> </ul>
	dates
	• Upon receipt of invoices from DWS's contracted implementing agents for Schedule 6, Part B projects, verify
	work done before making payments
	Actively monitor the Nelson Mandela Metropolitan Municipality drought relief programme in accordance
	implementation plan
	implementation plan
	• Ensure implementation of groundwater development projects comply to the groundwater SOP development
	Ensure implementation of groundwater development projects comply to the groundwater SOP development document
	• Ensure implementation of groundwater development projects comply to the groundwater SOP development
	Ensure implementation of groundwater development projects comply to the groundwater SOP development document     Responsibilities of water services authorities
	<ul> <li>Ensure implementation of groundwater development projects comply to the groundwater SOP development document</li> <li>Responsibilities of water services authorities</li> <li>Ensure that projects are appropriately linked to the municipality's IDP and WSDP for projects funded through the MIG and the WSIG</li> <li>Once a project is completed, ensure adherence to operations and maintenance plans and/or any other</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Ensure implementation of groundwater development projects comply to the groundwater SOP development document</li> <li>Responsibilities of water services authorities</li> <li>Ensure that projects are appropriately linked to the municipality's IDP and WSDP for projects funded through the MIG and the WSIG</li> <li>Once a project is completed, ensure adherence to operations and maintenance plans and/or any other requirements agreed to as part of the funding agreement contained in the MoU, and ensure the sustainability</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Ensure implementation of groundwater development projects comply to the groundwater SOP development document</li> <li>Responsibilities of water services authorities</li> <li>Ensure that projects are appropriately linked to the municipality's IDP and WSDP for projects funded through the MIG and the WSIG</li> <li>Once a project is completed, ensure adherence to operations and maintenance plans and/or any other requirements agreed to as part of the funding agreement contained in the MoU, and ensure the sustainability of infrastructure</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Ensure implementation of groundwater development projects comply to the groundwater SOP development document</li> <li>Responsibilities of water services authorities</li> <li>Ensure that projects are appropriately linked to the municipality's IDP and WSDP for projects funded through the MIG and the WSIG</li> <li>Once a project is completed, ensure adherence to operations and maintenance plans and/or any other requirements agreed to as part of the funding agreement contained in the MoU, and ensure the sustainability</li> </ul>

	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant
	<ul> <li>Municipalities to promote the inclusion of adopted innovative solution(s) in water and sanitation infrastructure project(s) development and management</li> <li>Ensure that business plans of projects where groundwater is being used as a source comply to the requirements stipulated in the Groundwater Development SOP of DWS</li> </ul>
Process for approval of 2026/27 business plans	<ul> <li>All proposed projects which comply with the RBIG criteria must be registered and listed in DWS's bulk master plans</li> <li>At regional level, a coordination committee of key stakeholders to assist with planning of regional bulk projects and the assessment of the IRS and feasibility studies must be in place</li> <li>Pre-feasibility studies must assess potential for WC/WDM interventions</li> <li>IRS and feasibility studies will be evaluated and approved by the transferring officer</li> <li>Based on the outcome of the IRS, DWS will nominate the implementing agent for the construction phase of Schedule 6, Part B projects and designate the owner of the infrastructure. National Treasury and benefitting municipalities will be informed of the decisions</li> <li>Projects requiring co-funding exemptions to be submitted to DWS by 31 July 2025 and DWS to make recommendations to the National Treasury by 02 September 2025</li> </ul>

	Water Services Infrastructure Grant
Transferring department	Water and Sanitation (Vote 41)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part B and Schedule 6, Part B
Strategic goal	To provide water and sanitation services and reduce backlogs
Grant purpose	<ul> <li>Facilitate the planning and implementation of various water and sanitation projects to accelerate backlog reduction and enhance the sustainability of services especially in rural municipalities</li> <li>Provide basic and intermittent water and sanitation supply that ensures provision of services to identified and prioritised communities, including spring protection and groundwater development</li> <li>Support municipalities with refurbishment of water and sanitation infrastructure, including upgrades</li> <li>Support municipalities in implementing water conservation and water demand management (WC/WDM) projects</li> <li>Support the close-out of the existing Bucket Eradication Programme intervention in formal residential areas</li> <li>Support drought relief projects in affected municipalities</li> </ul>
Outcome statements	An increased number of households with access to reliable, safe drinking water and sanitation services
Outputs	<ul> <li>Number of households provided with water and sanitation through:</li> </ul>
·	<ul> <li>reticulated water supply</li> <li>on site sanitation</li> <li>bucket systems replaced with appropriate sanitation facilities for households identified by the Department of Water and Sanitation (DWS) in the 2015/16 verification process</li> <li>source identification</li> <li>water conservation/water demand management provision</li> <li>Number of Water Services Infrastructure Grant (WSIG) projects under construction</li> <li>Number of WSIG projects completed</li> <li>Number of job opportunities created through implementation of water and sanitation projects</li> </ul>
<b>D</b> • • / • • /	
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Project overview
	Project costing
	Project milestones
	Impact declaration
	<ul> <li>Schedule 6, Part B projects are implemented through a memorandum of understanding (MoU) which contains cash flow projections, implementation milestones and specific funding conditions related to the project</li> </ul>
Conditions	• All project scope funded must be aligned to and not duplicate, any existing or planned projects funded by other conditional grants or municipal own funds
	<ul> <li>Municipalities must demonstrate in their business plans how they plan to manage, operate and maintain the infrastructure over the long term</li> <li>The maximum cost for a WSIG project is R120 million and implementation should not be longer than three</li> </ul>
	years
	• Projects must be aligned to bulk infrastructure and must be at the scheme level
	• Business plans must consider the results of the green drop, blue drop, and no drop assessments in prioritising
	<ul> <li>projects</li> <li>If groundwater is going to be used as a source for any specific project, the implementation of the project should be done according to the Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) for groundwater resource development for community water supply projects</li> <li>Schedule 5, Part B allocations</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Municipalities must submit business plans signed-off by their Accounting Officer in line with their Water Services Development Plans (WSDPs) aligned to Integrated Development Plans (IDPs)</li> <li>DWS must approve the business plans before projects can be implemented</li> </ul>
	Municipalities must only spend funds in line with approved business plans
	• Municipalities must spend at least 25 per cent of their first transfer and comply with the reporting provisions before the second transfers are made
	<ul> <li>Municipalities must spend at least 50 per cent of their total WSIG allocations transferred and comply with the reporting provisions before the third transfer is made</li> <li>Municipalities must submit monthly financial and quarterly non-financial reports to DWS</li> </ul>
	• Funds must be reflected in the capital budget of the municipality
	<ul> <li>Grant funds must not be spent on operations and maintenance</li> <li>The Project Management Unit funded through the Municipal Infrastructure Grant should be utilised to manage the implementation of projects funded through this grant</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Funds may only be used for disaster relief interventions based on a plan approved by DWS</li> <li>5 per cent of the total project cost may be used for planning for the specific project</li> <li>Schedule 6, Part B allocations</li> </ul>
	DWS must enter into an MoU with the relevant municipality before any project is implemented
Allocation criteria	<ul> <li>Allocations are based on the number of households with water and sanitation backlogs, prioritising the 27 priority district municipalities identified by government</li> </ul>
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	The grant is earmarked for specific projects aimed at providing access to basic water and sanitation services

	Water Services Infrastructure Grant
Past performance	2023/24 audited financial outcomes
	Direct transfers (Schedule 5, Part B)
	<ul> <li>Of the revised allocation of R3.6 billion allocated and transferred to municipalities, R3.3 billion</li> </ul>
	(92 per cent) was spent
	Allocations-in-kind (Schedule 6, Part B):
	<ul> <li>Of the revised allocation of R771 million, R353 million (46 per cent) was spent</li> </ul>
	2023/24 service delivery performance
	118 925 households served
	• 412 jobs created
Projected life	This grant continues until 2027/28, subject to review
MTEF allocations	Direct transfers (Schedule 5, Part B):
	• 2025/26: R4.2 billion; 2026/27: R4.4 billion; and 2027/28: R4.6 billion
	Allocations-in-kind (Schedule 6, Part B):
	<ul> <li>2025/26: R1.1 billion; 2026/27: R1.3 billion; and 2027/28: R1.4 billion</li> </ul>
Payment schedule	<ul> <li>For Schedule 5, Part B, transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National</li> </ul>
T ayment seneduce	The survey
	For Schedule 6, Part B, payments are made to contracted implementing agents (including water boards and private corrige providers) after varification of work performed
Deer on sibilities of the	private service providers) after verification of work performed
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	• Evaluate and approve the business plans for each project before funds can be transferred
receiving officer	• Ensure that the conditions of the grant and approved business plans are adhered to
	• Ensure that the results of the green drop, blue drop and no drop assessments are considered in the planning
	and prioritisation of projects
	For Schedule 6B allocations, ensure that implementing agents submit monthly financial and quarterly non-
	financial reports
	Ensure alignment of WSIG projects with projects approved in the MIG implementation plans
	In cases where DWS appoints a contractor, the contract between DWS and the appointed contractor must be
	signed before the project can commence
	• All drought-related plans and expenditure must be shared with the National Disaster Management Centre
	• Submit a water services capacity building plan for municipalities to National Treasury by 26 June 2025
	• Ensure implementation of groundwater development projects comply to the groundwater SOP development
	document
	Responsibilities of water services authorities
	• Compile and submit signed-off business plans for each project aligned to the WSIG framework and SOP (for
	the relevant financial year)
	<ul> <li>Sustainably operate and maintain funded water and sanitation projects over their lifetime</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Sustainably operate and maintain funded water and samation projects over their metime</li> <li>Ensure integrated planning for all projects funded through the different grants and programmes</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Municipalities must submit a technical report for each project to the regional office</li> </ul>
	• Ensure adequate participation and involvement of the public in each project
	• Ensure that, if available, the results of the green drop, blue drop and no drop assessments are considered in
	the planning and prioritisation of projects
	Manage project implementation in line with the business plan
	Submit monthly, quarterly and annual progress reports in the format prescribed by DWS
	Comply with all the funding conditions agreed to in the business plan and MoU
	• Municipalities to promote the inclusion of adopted innovative solution(s) in water and sanitation
	infrastructure project(s) development and management
	• Ensure that business plans of projects where groundwater is being used as a source comply to the
	requirements stipulated in the Groundwater Development SOP
Process for approval of	• Municipalities must submit a technical report for each project to the regional office by 1 July 2025
Process for approval of 2026/27 business plans	1 1 1 5 6 5 5
	Regional offices must assess and approve technical reports by 15 August 2025
	<ul> <li>Regional offices must assess and approve technical reports by 15 August 2025</li> <li>Municipalities must prepare business plans based on the approved technical reports</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Regional offices must assess and approve technical reports by 15 August 2025</li> <li>Municipalities must prepare business plans based on the approved technical reports</li> <li>Business plans for allocations:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Regional offices must assess and approve technical reports by 15 August 2025</li> <li>Municipalities must prepare business plans based on the approved technical reports</li> </ul>

# SPECIFIC PURPOSE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 7, PART B): CURRENT GRANTS

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

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		Infrastructur	Infrastructure Skills Development Grant	ment Grant	Local Govern	Local Government Financial Management Grant	Management	Expanded Integrated	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Municipalities	ogramme icipalities	SUB-	SUB-TOTAL: CURRENT <sup>1</sup>	ENT
		National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	uncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ıncial Year
Category	y Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
EASTERN CAPE	CAPE												
A BUF A NMA	F Buffalo City IA Nelson Mandela Bay	9 000 8 900	9 800 10 400	10 000 11 000	1 000 1 000	1 200 1 200	1 400 1 400	2 434 2 457			12 434 12 357	11 000 11 600	11 400 12 400
			'	,	3 000	3 000	3 100	1 396	1	,	4 396	3 000	3 100
		I			2 400	2 600	2 700	1 322		I	3 722	2 600	2 700
B EC104 B EC105	04 Makana 05 Ndlambe				2 500	2 700	2 800	1 405			3 989	2 700	2 800
		1	I	I	3 800	3 800	3 900	1 435	i	1	5 235	3 800	3 900
					1 785	2 001	2 289	2 081			3 866	2 001	2 289
B EC109 C DC10	09 Kou-Kamma 10 Sarah Baartman District Municinality				2 600 1 000	2 600 1 200	2 700 1 300	1 490 1 295			4 090 2 295	2 600 1 200	2 700 1 300
Total: Sarah	3.8		•		20 885	21 901	22 889	11911	•	•	32 796	21 901	22 889
					002 1	01.0	0000	0000			2001	0.100	000 0
B EC121					1 400	2 100	2 200	2 382			4 082	2 100	2 200
	22 Intiquita 23 Great Kei				2 400	2 600	2 700	1 327			3 727	2 600	2 700
		I			2 200	2 400	2 500	1 799		I	3 999	2 400	2 500
		'		1	3 000	3 000	3 100	1 616	1	1	4 616	3 000	3 100
_					2 800	2 900	3 000	3 002			5 802	2 900	3 000
C DCI2	12 Amathole District Municipality	'	'		16.600	17 000	19 600	14.042			30.643	17 000	10,600
1 0tal: Ama	1 otal: Amatnole (Municipanties		'		10 000	11 200	000.01	C+0 +1				11 200	000.01
					3 000	3 000	3 100	2 294			5 294	3 000	3 100
		1	1	I	2 100	2 300	2 400	2 135	1	I	4 235	2 300	2 400
B EC136	36 Emalahleni 37 Du A D Viiiii			• •	3 000	5 000 2 100	3 100	266 1			4 992	3 000 2 100	3 100
B EC138					3 000	3 000	3 100	1 732			4 732	3 000	3 100
_					3 000	3 000	3 100	2 719			5 719	3 000	3 100
C DC13	13 Chris Hani District Municipality	•	•	•	2 300 18 200	2 500 18 900	2 600	3 002			5 302	2 500 18 900	2 600 19 600
10tal: Chris	Lotal: Chris Hani Municipalities		'		10 700	10 200	19 000	171 01			170 +0	10 200	19 000
					1 800	2 000	2 100	2 079		1	3 879	2 000	2 100
B EC142 R FC145	42 Senqu 45 Watter Siculu				2 200	2 000 2 400	2 100	2 058 2 038			3 858 4 738	2 000 2 400	2 100 2 500
	14 Joe Gqabi District Municipality	,	'	'	1 500	2 000	2 100	1 923	1		3 423	2 000	2 100
Total: Joe G	Joe Gqabi Municipalities	'	'	'	7300	8 400	8 800	8 0 98		'	15 398	8 400	8 800
B EC153			'		3 000	3 000	3 100	1 716		'	4 716	3 000	3 100
		'	'		2 600	2 700	2 800	1 864		'	4 464	2 700	2 800
B EC155	55 Nyandeni	•	•		2 300	2 000	2 100	1 750	•	• •	3 450 4 787	2 000	2 100
		4 000	5 100	5 100	2 800	3 000	3 100	2 934			9 734	8 100	8 200
					2 000	2 200	2 300	3 628			5 628	2 200	2 300
Total: O.R.	Total: O.R. Tambo Municipalities	4 000	5 100	5 100	14 400	15 400	16 000	13 874		•	32 274	20 500	21 100
B EC441	41 Mataticle	'	1	,	1 800	2 000	2 200	2 980	'	,	4 780	2 000	2 200
		'		'	1 800	2 000	2 100	2 773	1	'	4 573	2 000	2 100
			'		2 100	2 300	2 400	3 111		'	5 211	2 300	2 400
B EC444	44 Ntabankulu 44 Afred Meeriet Municipality	5 100	6 400	5 400	2 /00	2 200	2 300	1662			10419	8 600	5 000 7 700
Total: Alfre	Ň	5100	6 400	5 400	10 400	11 400	12 000	14 780		•	30.280	17 800	17 400
Total: Facto	Total: Eastern Cane Municinalities	27,000	31 700	31 500	80 785	96301	100.689	83 724			200500	128.001	132 189
A VANNA AAAAAA					1					]			

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		Infrastructu	Infrastructure Skills Development Grant	ment Grant	Local Govern	Local Government Financial Management Grant	Management	Expanded   Integrated	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Municipalities	rogramme icipalities	SUB-	SUB-TOTAL: CURRENT <sup>1</sup>	2NT <sup>1</sup>
	•	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
Category	Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
FREE STATE A MAN	Mangaung	,			2 000	2 200	2 300	1 524	1		3 524	2 200	2 300
					3 000	3 000	3 100		'		3 000	3 000	3 100
					2 300	2 500	2 600	1 324		'	3 624	2 500	2 600
B FS163 C DC16	Mohokare Xharien District Municinality				3 000 1 800	3 000 2 000	3 100 2 100	- 1 303			3 000 3 103	3 000 2 000	3 100 2 100
Total: Xhariep	2				10 100	10 500	10900	2 627		•	12 727	10 500	10900
R FS181	Masilonvana				2 600	2 700	2 800	1 354			3 954	2 700	2 800
		I	I		3 000	3 000	3 100	1 256	1	,	4 256	3 000	3 100
					2 100	2 300	2 400	1 659		•	3 759	2 300	2 400
				'	3 000	3 000	3 100	1 687	•	'	4 687	3 000	3 100
B FS185	Nala Laivadamuravo Distriot Municipality				3 000	3 000	3 100	1 376			4376 2414	3 000	3 100
Total: Lejwele	Ē				14 700	15 200	15 900	8 746	'	•	23 446	15 200	15 900
B FS101	Cataota				2 000	2.200	2 300	1 880			3 880	2.200	2.300
			'		2 700	2 800	2 900	1 756	'		4 456	2 800	2 900
					2 800	2 900	3 000	1 440		'	4 240	2 900	3 000
	Maluti-a-Phofung	1	I		3 000	3 000	3 100	3 127	1	'	6 127	3 000	3 100
		1	1	'	3 000	3 000	3 100	1 399	'	'	4 399	3 000	3 100
B FS196					3 000	3 000	3 100	1 408			4 408 4 768	3 000	3 100
Total: Thata	I habo Motutsanyana District Municipality				18 800	10.400	20100	12 978			31 778	19 400	20100
1 otal: 1 habo 1	1 otal: 1 habo Motutsanyana Municipanties				10 000	12 400	001 07	0/671			0// 10	12 400	70 100
					2 300	2 500	2 600	1 496			3 796	2 500	2 600
		1		'	3 000	3 000	3 100	2 553	'	'	5 553	3 000	3 100
					2 700	2 800	2 900	1 348		•	4 048	2 800	2 900
B FS205	Marube Fazila Dahi Dierriet Municinality				1 400	1 600	1 800	1 333			2 733	1 600	1 800
Total: Fezile D.	a la				12 400	12 900	13 500	6 730		•	19 130	12 900	13 500
Total: Free Sts	Total: Free State Municipalities				58 000	60 200	62 700	32 605		'	90 605	60 200	62 700
GAUTENG													
A EKU		- 002.0	- 000 01	- 000 01	1 000	1 200	1 500	9 597	1	'	10 597	1 200	1 500
	city of Tshwane	-	-	-	2 000	2 200	2 300	9 308			11 308	2 200	2 300
B GT421	Emfuleni				2 000	2 200	2 300	4 286			6 286	2 200	2 300
		1	1		2 000	2 200	2 300	2 077	1		4 077	2 200	2 300
B GT423 C DC42	Lesedi Sedihene District Municipality				2 000	2 200	2 300	1 332			3 332	2 200	2 300
Total: Sediben	fotal: Sedibeng Municipalities			•	7 500	8 300	8 800	9579	1	•	17 079	8 300	8 800
B GT481	Mogale City	,	1		1 900	2 100	2 200	2 049	1	,	3 949	2 100	2 200
					2 800	2 900	3 000	1 553	1		4 353	2 900	3 000
GT485					2 300	2 200	2 300	2 611 1 640			4 911 2 940	2 200	2 300
Total: West Ra	Ē				8 300	8 700	9 100	7862			16 162	8 700	9 100
Total, Cantona	Total: Contone Municipalities	0.600	10.000	10.000	10.000	31.600	33 100	40.246			20 746	31 600	33 100
10tat: Gaucia	d Municipannes	2 000	10 000	10 000	17 000	100 17	A01 C7	04C 04	'	'	0F/ 20	AND 1C	001 00

	Infrastructu	Infrastructure Skills Development Grant	ment Grant	Local Gover	Local Government Financial Management Grant	fanagement	Expanded I Integrated	Expanded Public Works Programme Inteorated Grant for Municinalities	rogramme icinalifies	SUB	SUB-TOTAL: CURRENT <sup>1</sup>	ENT
	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National ar	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National a	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year
Category Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
	000 80	000 20	000.70	-	-		ţ					0.00
A ETH effbekwin	27 500	26 000	26 000	1 000	1 200	1 300	8 517			37.017	007 /2	2/ 300
B KZN212 uMdoni				2 000	2 200	2 300	1 426			3385		2 300
B KZN214 uMziwabentu B KZN214 uMziwabentu B KZN216 Pao NLoncovei				1 900	2 200	2 300	1 525			3 425	2 200	2 300
C DC21 Ugu District Municipality				2 000	2 200	2 300	3 222			5 222	-	2 300
1 otal: Ugu Municipalities				000 6	006.01	11 400	61/ DT			610.07		11 400
B KZN221 uMshwathi D VZN273, uMeanai				2 000	2 200	2 300	1 794			3 794 3 484	2 200	2 300
B KZ/N2.23 Ukungeni B KZ/N2.23 Mpofana				3 000	3 000	3 100	1 400			4 400	3 000	3 100
B KZN224 iMpendle				2 400	2 600	2 700	1 643			4 043	2 600	2 700
B KZN225 Msunduzi B KZN226 Mkhambathini				3 000	3 000	3 100	2 024			4 6/24 5 204	3 000	3 100
B KZN227 Richmond C DC22 uMrameundlovu District Municipality				2 000 1 200	2 200 1 200	2 300 1 300	2 054 1 713			4 054 2 913	2 200 1 200	2 300 1 300
idlovu Municipalities				17 500	18 500	19 300	15 016			32.516	18 500	19 3 00
B KZN235 Okhahlamha				1 900	2 100	2 200	2 333			4 233		2 200
B KZN237 iNkosi Langalibalele B KZN738 Alfood Duww	4 000	4 000	4 000	3 500	3 500	3 600	1 398 2 657	• •		4 898 8 657	3 500	3 600
C DC23 uThukela District Municipality	-			2 000	2 2 0 0	2 300	2 093			4 093		2 300
Total: uThukela Municipalities	4 000	4 0 0 0	4 000	9 400	10 000	10 400	8 481			21 881	14 000	14 400
B KZN241 eNdumeni	'			2 000	2 200	2 300	1 669			3 699		2 300
B KZN242 Nguthu	• •	• •	• •	1 900	2100	2 200	7 331	• •		3 539		2 200
B KZN245 uMvstnga B KZN245 uMvoti				2 500	2 700	2 800	2 142			4 642	2 700	2 800
C DC24 uMzinyathi District Municipality				3 000	3 000	3 100	5 687			8 687		3 100
т отак: алихтијати гилинстраниса				000 11	001 91	000 71	0/1.01			0/1 1-1		000 71
B KZN252 Newcastle				1 900	2 100	2 200	2 791			4 691		2 200
B KZN254 Evratiangen B KZN254 Dannhauser				2 000	2 200	2 300	1 569			3 569	2 200	2 300
C DC25 Amajuba District Municipality				3 800	3 800	3 900	2 070			5 870		3 900
л она: Ания) воа министранися		'		00/ 01	001 11	000 11						000° 11
B KZN261 eDumbe				3 000	3 000	3 100	1 487			4 487 < 170	3 000	3 100
B KZN263 AbaQulusi				3 000	3 000	3 100	2 742			5 742		3 100
B KZN265 Nongoma				2 000	2 200	2 300	1 779			3 779		2 300
B NZ/NZ 00 Utunot C DC26 Zululand District Municipality				1 300	1 500	1 600	6 406			7 706		1 600
Total: Zululand Municipalities	•		•	14 300	14 900	15 500	17 613			31913	14 9 00	15 500
B KZN271 uMhlabuvalingana				1 900	2 200	2 300	2 336			4 236		2 300
KZN27	•	•		3 000	3 000	3 100	3 839			6839		3 100
B KZ/N275 Inkosi uMitubatuba B KZ/N276 Big Five Hlabisa				2 000 2 700	2 200 2 800	2 300 2 900	2 059 2 042	• •		4 059 4 742	2 200	2 300 2 900
C DC27 uMkhanyakude District Municipality		•		3 500	3 500	3 600	3 921			7 421	Ī	3 600
Total: uMkhanyakude Municipalities			'	13 100	13 700	14 200	14 197			27 297	13 700	14 200
B KZN281 uMfolozi				1 900	2 000	2 100	2 376			4 276		2 100
B KZ/N282 uMhlathuze B KZ/N284 uMlalazi				006 1	2 000	2 100	2 794			4 694		2 100
B KZN285 Mthonjaneni				2 800	2 800	2 900	1 871			4 671	2 800	2 900
B NZ/NZ 600 INKURALIA C DC28 King Cetshwayo District Municipality				1 300	1 400	1 500	5 207			6 507		1 500
Total: King Cetshwayo Municipalities				13 000	13 400	14 000	18 521	•		31 521	13 400	14 000
B KZN291 Mandeni	'			1 900	2 000	2 100	1 714			3 614		2 100
B KZN292 KwaDukuza B KZN292 Munduuz				3 000	3 000	3 100	7320	• •		5 320		3 100
KZN294 May				1 900	2 000	2 100	1 784			3 684	2 000	2 100
C DC29 iLembe District Municipality Torial: iLembe Municipalities	• •			9 800	10 200	10 700	3 193			4 293		10 700
B KZN433 Greater Kokstad B KZN434 Johannes Phinmani Phinnoula	• •			1 900 2 000	2 000 2 100	2 100 2 200	1 953		• •	3 853 3 956		2 100 2 200
B KZN435 uMzimkhulu	'			1 900	2 000	2 100	2 812			4 712	2 000	2 100
				1 300	1 400	1 500	3 660			4 960		1 500
Total: Harry Gwala Municipalities			1	9 100	009 6	10 100	12 516			21 616		10 100
Total: KwaZulu-Natal Municipalities	31500	30 000	30 000	119 000	125 600	131 000	137 817			288 317	155 600	161 000

		Infrastructure	Infrastructure Skills Development Grant	ment Grant	Local Govern	Local Government Financial Management Grant	Management	Expanded Integrated	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Municipalities	rogramme icin alities	SUB	SUB-TOTAL: CURRENT <sup>1</sup>	<sup>1</sup> TN3
		National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National a	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year
Category	Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
LIMPOPO													
B LIM331 B LIM332	Greater Giyani Greater Leiaba				2 400 2 000	2 500 2 100	2 600 2 200	3 708 2 003			6108 4003	2 500 2 100	2 600 2 200
B LIM333	Greater Tzaneen	'	1	1	2 000	2 100	2 200	4811			6811	2 100	2 200
B LIM334 B LIM335	Ba-Phataborwa Maruleng	• •			1 900	2 000	2 200	1 512			3 4 12	2 000	2 200
C DC33	Mopani District Municipality				3 000	3 000	3 100	7 838			10 838	3 000	3 100
Lotal: Mopani Municipalities	Municipauties			'	14 200	14 /00	00+c1	0/017			0/600	14 /00	004 CT
	Musina	1			3 000	3 000	3 100	1 986			4 986	3 000	3 100
B LIM343 B LIM344	Thulamela Makhado	4 800	5 000	5 500	1 900 2 000	2 000 2 100	2 100	3 802 3 323			10 502 5 323	2 100	7 600 2 200
B LIM345		- 000 4	- 000	- 000 2	2 500	2 600	2 700	2 148			4 648	2 600	2 700
tal:	DC34 V nemoe District Municipatity Vhembe Municipalities	9 600	10 000	10 500	2 000 12 400	12 700	3 100 13 200	14 816			36816	22 700	a 100 23 700
	11M361 Discharte				2 400	2 500	2 600	1 769			9140	2 500	0.00
	Blouberg Molemole				2 200	2 300	2 400	1 405			3 605	2 300	2 400
	Polokwane	8 000	8 000	9 500	2 400	2 500	2 600	6 5 3 1			16 931	10 500	12 100
B LIM355 C DC35	Lepele-Nkumpi Capricorn District Municipality	• •			2 000 1 000	2 100 1 200	2 2 00 1 4 00	1 891 3 659	• •	• •	3 891 4 659	2 100 1 200	2 200 1 400
Total: Capricor.	Total: Capricorn Municipalities	8 000	8 000	9 500	10 000	10 600	11 2 0 0	15 255			33 255	18 600	20 700
LIM361	Tha bazi mbi				3 000	3 000	3 100	1 454			4 4 5 4	3 000	3 100
LIM362	Lephalale		'		1 900	2 000	2 2 0 0	1 478			3 378	2 000	2 200
LIM366		•			1 900	2 000	2 100	1560			3 460	2 000	2 100
B LIM367	Mogalakwena Modimetto Mootrombono			• •	3 500	3 500	3 600	2 031	• •		5 108	3 500	3 600
					1 100	1 200	1 400				1 100	1 200	1 400
Total: Waterber	Total: Waterberg Municipalities				14 000	14300	15100	8 131			22 131	14 300	15 100
					2,000	2,000	3 100	0091			0091	2 000	2 100
B LIM472	LIM472 Elias Motsoaledi				2 800	2 800	2 900	2862			5 662	2 800	2 900
	Makhuduthamaga	•			1 900	2 000	2 2 0 0	2 443			4 3 4 3	2 000	2 200
B LIM476		• •			2 500	2 600	2 700	2 099 8 403			10.803	2 600	2 700
Total: Sekhukhu	Sekhukhune Municipalities				12 600	12 900	13 500	17 436		•	30 036	12 900	13 500
Total: Limnono	mnono Municina lities	17 600	18 000	20 000	63.300	65 200	68 400	77.316			158 216	83 200	88 400
101311 11111 10100	Municipanues	1/ 000	10 000	000.07	000 00	007.00	00+00	01011			017 001	007 00	00+00
MPUMALANGA	V												
	Chief Albert Luthuli		'		2 000	2 100	2 2 0 0	2 643			4 643	2 100	2 200
B MP302 B MP302	Msukaligwa Mishanda		• •	• •	3 800	3 800	3 9 00	2 1 59	• •		5 730	3 800	3 900
	Dr Pixley ka Isaka Seme				2 400	2 500	2 600	2 2 06			4 606	2 500	2 600
		•	'		2 800	2 800	2 900	2 2 03			5 003	2 800	2 900
B MP306 B MP307	D ipaleseng Govan Mbeki	- 22 774	- 25 288	- 25 859	2 800 3 500	2 800 3 500	2 900 3 600	1 5 02 2 9 3 9			4 302 29 213	2 800 28 788	2 900 29 459
C DC30	Gert Sibande District Municipality	17 000	17 000	17 900	1 200	1 300	1500	2 280			20 480	18 300	19 400
Total: Gert Sibs	Total: Gert Sibande Municipalities	39 774	42 288	43 759	21 500	21800	22 700	17 862			79 136	64 088	66 459
B MP311		'	1	1	1 900	2 000	2 100	1 976			3 876	2 000	2 100
B MP312 B MP313	Emalahleni Steve Tshwete	• •			1 900	2 000	2 100	4434 2210			4110	2 000	2 100
		'	'		3 800	4 000	4 1 0 0	2 1 7 8		,	5 978	4 000	4 100
B MP315 B MP316	Thembisile Hani Dr JS Moroka				1 900 2 400	2 000 2 500	2 100 2 600	2 801 2 400			4 701 4 800	2 000 2 500	2 100 2 600
			'		1 100	1 200	1 400	2374			3 474	1 200	1 400
Total: Nkangals	kangala Municipalities	•	•		16 000	16700	17500	18 3 7 3		•	34 373	16 700	17 500
					3 000	3 000	3 100	2 103			5 103	3 000	3 100
MP324	Nkomazi				1 900	2 000	2 2 0 0	4378			6278	2 000	2 200
B MP326	City of				2 600	2 600	2 700	5 777			8377	2 600	2 700
C DC32 Ehlanzeni Dist Total: Ehlanzeni Municipalitie	Ehlanzeni District Municipality i Municipalities	3 000 3 000	3 000 3 000	4 000	11 200	11 400	1400 12100	1 928			6 0 28 31 315	4 200 14 400	5 400 16 100
			000		o om o r		00 6 6 8						000
Total: Mpumab	Total: Mpumalanga Municipalities	42 774	45 288	47 759	48 700	49 900	52300	53 350		'	144 824	95 188	100 059

SPECIFIC PURPOSE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 7, PART B): CURRENT GRANTS

		Infrastructu	Infrastructure Skills Development Grant	ment Grant	Local Govern	Local Government Financial Management Crowf	Management	Expanded	Expanded Public Works Programme Interroted Creat for Municipalities	Programme aicin alitiae	SUB-	SUB-TOTAL: CURRENT <sup>1</sup>	'TN
		National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	uncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Y ear	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
Category	Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
NORTHERN CAPE	CAPE												
B NC061		I	'	'	2 600	2 600	2 700	1347	,	1	3 947	2 600	2 700
B NC064 B NC064	2 Nama Khoi 4 Kamiesberg				3 000	3 000	3 100	-			3 000	3 000	3 100
B NC065	5 Hantam 6 Karoo Horodand		• •		2 000 2 600	2 100	2 200	1 269	• •	• •	3 2 69 3 8 76	2 100	2 200 2 700
B NC067	Khâi-	I	'	1	2 900	2 900	3 000			1	2 900	2 900	3 000
Total: Namak	Namakwa District Mumeipatity wa Municipalities				18 100	18 300	19 000	5 493			23 593	18 300	19 000
B NC071	Ubuntu				2 900	2 900	3 000	1 256			4156	2 900	3 000
B NC072			'		2 000	2 100	2 200	1 321			3 321	2 100	2 200
B NC073 B NC074	3 Emthanjeni 4 Kareeberg				2 800	2 000 2 800	2 100			• •	2 800	2 800	2 900
B NC075	Renosterberg			,	3 000	3 000	3 100	'		•	3 000	3 000	3 100
B NC077					3 000	3 000	3 100				3 000	3 000	3100
C DC7					3 000 1 800	3 000 2 000	3 100 2 100	1 303 1 254			4 303 3 054	3 000 2 000	3 100 2 100
Total: Pixley.	Ka Seme Municipalities				23 300	23 800	24700	5134		•	28 434	23 800	24700
B NC082	2 !Kai !Garib	'			3 800	3 800	3 900	1318			5 118	3 800	3 900
B NC084					3 000	3 000	3 100	'		•	3 000	3 000	3 100
B NC085 B NC086					3 000 3 000	3 000	3100				3 000	3 000	3100
B NC087					3 000	3 000	3 100			•	3 000	3 000	3 100
C DC8 Total: Z.F. M	DC8 Z.F. Mgcawu District Municipality Z.F. Mawawu Municipalities				17 000	17 100	17 700	2 592			19 592	17100	17 700
1001: 241.14	sanned an				000 /T		60 T	4/04			100 CT		1
B NC091	Sol Plaatjie	4 400	4 500	7 000	3 000	2 000	2 100	4 442			10 642 4 386	6 500	9100
B NC093					3 000	3 000	3 100	1 3 2 9			4 3 29	3 000	3 100
B NC094	Pho				3 000	3 000	3 100	- 1005			3 000	3 000	3 100
Total: France	Frances Baard District Municipality s Baard Municipalities	4 400	4 500	7 000	11 800	12 200	12 700	8 552			24 752	16 700	19 700
					000 6	000 6	001.0	1 664			1 664	2 000	0.01
B NC451 B NC452	NC451 Joe Morolong NC452 Ga-Segonyana		• •		2 000	3 000	3 100	1 2 2 4 2 6		• •	4 2 3 4 2 6	3 000	3 100
B NC453	3 Gamagara	- 000 1	- 000 7	-	2 000	2 100	2 200	1 378			3 3 78	2 100	2 200
C DC4: Total: John T	DC45 John Taolo Gaetæwe District Municipality tal: John Taolo Gaetsewe Municipalities	4 700	4 500	4 500	8 000	9 300	9 700	4358			5 700 17 058	5 /00 13 800	5 800 14 200
Total: North o	North own Cores Municipal Micro	0.100	0,000	11 500	000 82	00.700	03 000	061.96			113.420	00.700	05 200
Total: Northe	rn Cape Municipalities	9100	9 000	11 200	78 200	80.700	83 800	20129		•	113 429	89.700	905.69
NORTH WEST	1.												
B NW37	NW371 Moretele				2 900	2 900	3 000	3 036			5 936	2 900	3 000
B NW372	2 Madibeng				2 900	2 900	3 000	1836			4 736	2 900	3 000
B NW373 B NW374	3 Rustenburg 4 Kgetlengrivier				3 000	3 000	3 100	2 359 1 408		• •	4 259 4 408	3 000	3 100
B NW37 C DC37	5 Moses Kotane Boianala Platinum District Municipality				2 000 1 800	2 100 2 000	2 200 2 100	1 895 1 689			3 895 3 489	2 100 2 000	2 200 2 100
Total: Bojana	Bojanala Platinum Municipalities				14 500	14 900	15 500	12 223			26723	14 900	15 500
B NW38	1 Ratiou				3 000	3 000	3 100	1 509			4 509	3 000	3 100
B NW38 B NW38	2 Tswaing 3 Mafikene	3 000	3 000	3 000	3 000 3 000	3 000 3 000	3100	1 432 1 923		• •	4 432 7 923	3 000 6 000	3100 6100
B NW384 I B NW384 I	4 Ditsobotta 5 Ramotsbere Moi Joa				3 000 2 300	3 000 2 400	3 100	1 467			4 467 4 054	3 000 2 400	3 100
C DC35	Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality	3 000	3 000	3 000	3 000	3 000	3 100	4 791			167.7	3 000	3 100
LOGIC AGAKA	Ngaka Moduri Motema Municipantus	000 0	000 0	2000	0.0C /T	00F /T	000.01	0/0 *1			0/100	001 04	000 17
B NW392 B NW393	NW392 Naledi NW393 Marmea				2 800 3 000	2 800 3 000	2 900 3 100	2 433 1 472			5 233 4 472	2 800 3 000	2 900 3 100
B NW39	4 Greater Taung				3 000	3 000	3 100	1 842			4 842	3 000	3 100
B NW396 B NW397	6 Lekwa-Teemane 7 Kagisano-Molopo				3 000 3 000	3 000 3 000	3100	1 355 2 241		• •	4 355 5 241	3 000 3 000	3 100
C DC35 Total: Dr Rut	<ul> <li>Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality</li> <li>h Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities</li> </ul>		•		3 600 18 400	3 600 18 400	3 700	11 017			5 2 7 4 29 4 1 7	3 600	3 700
D NUMO					3 000	3 000	3 100	2,606			909 5	3 000	3 100
B NW40	5 City of Matosana 4 Maquasi Hills				3 800	3 800	3 900	1419			5 2 19	3800	3900
C DC4( Total: Da Kon	NW405 JD Matrix DC40 Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality Dr <i>K</i> onneth Kaunda Municipalition				000 01	1 200	1300	2211			3311	1 200	1 400
1001: DF NC	писи маниа минстранцез				0.06 OT	000 TT	104 TT	0000			ee / 61	000 11	00+ TT
Total: North	West Municipalities	3 000	3 000	3 000	61 100	61 700	63 900	44 971			109 071	64 700	66 900

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Numerical	Numerical framed values of frame values of framed values of framed v			Infrastructu		ment Grant	Local Govern	ment Financial Grant	Management	Expanded I Integrated	Public Works P Grant for Mun	rogramme icipalities	SUB-1	FOTAL: CURRE	NT <sup>1</sup>
3000         0000 <th< th=""><th>3000         <th< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>National an</th><th>d Municipal Fina</th><th>ancial Year</th><th>National an</th><th>d Municipal Fin</th><th>ancial Year</th><th>National and</th><th>l Municipal Fin</th><th>ancial Year</th><th>National and</th><th>l Municipal Fina</th><th>ncial Year</th></th<></th></th<>	3000         3000 <th< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>National an</th><th>d Municipal Fina</th><th>ancial Year</th><th>National an</th><th>d Municipal Fin</th><th>ancial Year</th><th>National and</th><th>l Municipal Fin</th><th>ancial Year</th><th>National and</th><th>l Municipal Fina</th><th>ncial Year</th></th<>			National an	d Municipal Fina	ancial Year	National an	d Municipal Fin	ancial Year	National and	l Municipal Fin	ancial Year	National and	l Municipal Fina	ncial Year
4100         2100         2190 <th< th=""><th>4         5</th><th></th><th>icipality</th><th>2025/26 (R'000)</th><th>2026/27 (R'000)</th><th>2027/28 (R'000)</th><th>2025/26 (R'000)</th><th>2026/27 (R'000)</th><th>2027/28 (R'000)</th><th>2025/26 (R'000)</th><th>2026/27 (R'000)</th><th>2027/28 (R'000)</th><th>2025/26 (R'000)</th><th>2026/27 (R'000)</th><th>2027/28 (R'000)</th></th<>	4         5		icipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
3.200         3.200         3.200         3.200         3.200         1.200 <th< td=""><td>35.00         37.00         37.00         17.00         <th< td=""><td>WESTERN CAPE</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<></td></th<>	35.00         37.00         37.00         17.00 <th< td=""><td>WESTERN CAPE</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>	WESTERN CAPE													
International conditional conditiconal conditional conditional conditional conditional cond	Atmotive         1<	CPT	of Cape Town	26 200	27 000	27 500	1 000	1 200	1 300	14 926			42 126	28 200	28 800
Minimute         C<	minuluk         c </td <td>WC011</td> <td>ikama</td> <td>1</td> <td>ı</td> <td>ı</td> <td>1 900</td> <td>2 100</td> <td>2 200</td> <td>1 708</td> <td>ı</td> <td>ı</td> <td>3 608</td> <td>2 100</td> <td>2 200</td>	WC011	ikama	1	ı	ı	1 900	2 100	2 200	1 708	ı	ı	3 608	2 100	2 200
Minimulti         C	Materiality         c         1 <th< td=""><td>WC012</td><td>rberg</td><td>ı</td><td>'</td><td>·</td><td>2 000</td><td>2 100</td><td>2 200</td><td>1 533</td><td>ı</td><td>ı</td><td>3 533</td><td>2 100</td><td>2 200</td></th<>	WC012	rberg	ı	'	·	2 000	2 100	2 200	1 533	ı	ı	3 533	2 100	2 200
Interfactor         C         T/O         T	michality         i	WC013	ivier	'	'	ı	1 800	2 000	2 100	1 700		'	3 500	2 000	2 100
Introduction	Interplative         C <thc< th="">         C         <thc< th="">         C</thc<></thc<>	WC014	inha Bay	1	1	I	1 700	1 900	2 000	2 096		I	3 796	1 900	2 000
memory         i <td>memory         i<td>WC015</td><td>tland</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1 700</td><td>1 200</td><td>1 900</td><td>1 969 1</td><td></td><td>1</td><td>3 669 7 660</td><td>1 200</td><td>1 900</td></td>	memory         i <td>WC015</td> <td>tland</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1 700</td> <td>1 200</td> <td>1 900</td> <td>1 969 1</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>3 669 7 660</td> <td>1 200</td> <td>1 900</td>	WC015	tland				1 700	1 200	1 900	1 969 1		1	3 669 7 660	1 200	1 900
Americative         I <th< td=""><td>Amacinative         i         <th< td=""><td>Total: West Coast Mu</td><td>Coast District Municipanty inicipalities</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>10 100</td><td>11 100</td><td>11 700</td><td>10 675</td><td></td><td></td><td>20 775</td><td>11 100</td><td>11 700</td></th<></td></th<>	Amacinative         i <th< td=""><td>Total: West Coast Mu</td><td>Coast District Municipanty inicipalities</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>10 100</td><td>11 100</td><td>11 700</td><td>10 675</td><td></td><td></td><td>20 775</td><td>11 100</td><td>11 700</td></th<>	Total: West Coast Mu	Coast District Municipanty inicipalities				10 100	11 100	11 700	10 675			20 775	11 100	11 700
Municipality         I <t< td=""><td>Atmainative         i         <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<></td></t<>	Atmainative         i <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>														
Afmenentify         c         r <th< td=""><td>Afmaintify         c         c         1         0         1         0         3         0         3         0</td><td>WC022</td><td>enberg</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1 700</td><td>1 800</td><td>1 900</td><td>2 272</td><td>'</td><td></td><td>3 972</td><td>1 800</td><td>1 900</td></th<>	Afmaintify         c         c         1         0         1         0         3         0         3         0	WC022	enberg	1	1	1	1 700	1 800	1 900	2 272	'		3 972	1 800	1 900
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(initiality)         (initity)         (initiality)         (initiality) <td>minimization         i         <!--</td--><td>DC2</td><td>Winelands District Municipality</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1 000</td><td>1 200</td><td>1 300</td><td>1 479</td><td></td><td></td><td>2 479</td><td>1 200</td><td>1 300</td></td>	minimization         i </td <td>DC2</td> <td>Winelands District Municipality</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1 000</td> <td>1 200</td> <td>1 300</td> <td>1 479</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2 479</td> <td>1 200</td> <td>1 300</td>	DC2	Winelands District Municipality				1 000	1 200	1 300	1 479			2 479	1 200	1 300
		Total: Cape Wineland	s Municipalities		•		9 500	10 200	10 900	16 030	I		25 530	10 200	10900
$ \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \ $	Openand Concentration         Concentration	WC031	waterskloof				1 900	2 000	2 100	1 930			3 830	2 000	2 100
	Constraint         Constra	WC032	strand				1 800	1 900	2 100	2 588			4 388	1 900	2 100
	Swelthaminity         c         c         1         0         200         2100         156         c         5         346         200           Swelthaminity         c         c         c         1         0         200         1	WC033	Agulhas	1	1	1	1 800	1 900	2 000	1 727	ı		3 527	1 900	2 000
	X-Manifold         Z <thz< th="">         Z         <thz< th=""> <thz< <="" td=""><td>WC034</td><td>lendam</td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td>1 900</td><td>2 000</td><td>2 100</td><td>1 565</td><td>'</td><td>I</td><td>3 465</td><td>2 000</td><td>2 100</td></thz<></thz<></thz<>	WC034	lendam		1		1 900	2 000	2 100	1 565	'	I	3 465	2 000	2 100
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Kanalad         Kanalad $=$ <t< td=""><td>Raminal         Example         F         C         <thc< th="">         C         C         &lt;</thc<></td><td>K.</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Raminal         Example         F         C <thc< th="">         C         C         &lt;</thc<>	K.								1					
Hescapa         Hescapa         Ferret         1         100         200         1351         -         -         3151         100         3151         100         100           Kosed Bay         600         6700         7600         1900         2000         2173         -         -         -         -         -         5         5         1         900           Geoge         004dshorm         -         -         1         100         2         07         2         5         5         5         1         900           Mose Bay         6         -         -         -         2         1         000         2         00         1         2         2         5         2         5         2         5         2         00         3	Heasequa         Elescent $=$	WC041	aland	'	'	1	2 900	2 900	3 000	1 378	'	'	4 278	2 900	3 000
Mosel Bay $0.00$ $6.700$ $6.700$ $7.600$ $1.800$ $1.900$ $2.20$ $2.20$ $2.20$ $2.00$ <t< td=""><td>Mosed Bay         Mosed Bay         <t< td=""><td>WC042</td><td>squa</td><td>'</td><td>'</td><td>'</td><td>1 800</td><td>1 900</td><td>2 000</td><td>1 351</td><td>'</td><td>'</td><td>3 151</td><td>1 900</td><td>2 000</td></t<></td></t<>	Mosed Bay         Mosed Bay <t< td=""><td>WC042</td><td>squa</td><td>'</td><td>'</td><td>'</td><td>1 800</td><td>1 900</td><td>2 000</td><td>1 351</td><td>'</td><td>'</td><td>3 151</td><td>1 900</td><td>2 000</td></t<>	WC042	squa	'	'	'	1 800	1 900	2 000	1 351	'	'	3 151	1 900	2 000
uerge $0.00$ <	Orderga         Orderga <t< td=""><td>WC043</td><td>el Bay</td><td>- 000 9</td><td>- 200</td><td>- 1600</td><td>1 800</td><td>006 1</td><td>2 000</td><td>PC2 8</td><td>I</td><td>I</td><td>960 6 773 01</td><td>0061</td><td>2 000</td></t<>	WC043	el Bay	- 000 9	- 200	- 1600	1 800	006 1	2 000	PC2 8	I	I	960 6 773 01	0061	2 000
Description         Description <thdescription< th=""> <thdescription< th=""></thdescription<></thdescription<>	Dimensional Bundler Route District Municipality         C	WC044	8e 5h.com	-	- 00/ 0	-	2 800	2 800	2 900	1 734			4 534	2 800	2.900
$\tilde{M}$ system $\tilde{M}$ control birtied functionality $\tilde{M}$ <	Kiyam         Kiyam <th< td=""><td>WC047</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1 900</td><td>2 000</td><td>2 100</td><td>1 599</td><td></td><td></td><td>3 499</td><td>2 000</td><td>2 100</td></th<>	WC047					1 900	2 000	2 100	1 599			3 499	2 000	2 100
Gradem Route District Municipality $\ldots$ $100$ $1200$ $1730$ $1233$ $\ldots$ $3752$ $1200$ $1200$ Route Municipality $6000$ $6700$ $7600$ $16700$ $16700$ $1572$ $\ldots$ $3752$ $23400$ $200$ Route Municipalities $   1900$ $2000$ $16700$ $1572$ $2340$ $2$ $00$ Lingsburg $   1900$ $2000$ $2100$ $1376$ $  -$	Gade Route District Municipality	WC048	1a	I	1	I	1 900	2 000	2 100	1 461		I	3 361	2 000	2 100
Route Municipalities         6 000         6 700         7 600         16 700         15 752 $\sim$	Route Municipalities         6 000         6 700         16 000         16 700         15 750         15 752         2 3 400         3 7 72         2 3 400         3 7 72         2 3 400         3 7 72         2 3 400         3 7 72         2 3 400         3 7 70         2 3 400         3 7 70         2 3 40         2 3 400	DC4	en Route District Municipality			-	1 000	1 200	1 300	2 293		-	3 293	1 200	1 300
Lingsburg         Lingsburg         -         -         -         -         1         900         2         000         1         355         -         -         3         255         2         000         2	Laingburg         Laingburg <thlaingburg< th=""> <thlaingburg< th=""> <thl< td=""><td>Total: Garden Route  </td><td>Municipalities</td><td>0009</td><td>6 700</td><td>7 600</td><td>16 000</td><td>16 700</td><td>17 500</td><td>15 752</td><td></td><td>I</td><td>37 752</td><td>23 400</td><td>25 100</td></thl<></thlaingburg<></thlaingburg<>	Total: Garden Route	Municipalities	0009	6 700	7 600	16 000	16 700	17 500	15 752		I	37 752	23 400	25 100
Prine Aber Baufor West $  -$	Frine Abert Baufor West         -         -         -         1         900         2         000         2 <td>WC051</td> <td>o nuks</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1 900</td> <td>2 000</td> <td>2 100</td> <td>1 385</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>3 285</td> <td>2 000</td> <td>2 100</td>	WC051	o nuks				1 900	2 000	2 100	1 385			3 285	2 000	2 100
	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	WC052	e Albert	'		'	1 900	2 000	2 100	'	'		1 900	2 000	2 100
Certari Karoo District Municipalities       -       -       -       1       100       1       200       1       15/0       -       -       2       1       1200       1       200       1       100       1       100       1       100       1       100       1       100       1       100       1       100       1       100       1       100       1130       7300       7700       4       330       7300       7300       7700       4       330       7300       7300       7700       4       330       7300<	Certari Karoo District Municipality       Certari Karoo District Municipality       C       Certari Karoo District Municipality       C       Certari Karoo District Municipality       C <thc< th="">       C       C</thc<>	WC053	fort West	'		'	2 000	2 100	2 200	1 569	'	'	3 569	2 100	2 200
Cape Municipalities     32 200     33 700     35 100     51 800     55 500     58 700     71 023     -     -     -     155 023     89 200       Cape Municipalities     32 200     35 100     35 100     51 800     55 500     58 700     71 023     -     -     -     155 023     89 200       F     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     155 023     89 200       1     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     106 424     106 424       1     172 774     180 688     188 859     589 685     616 701     641 589     567 281     503 99     174 794     180 3813	Cape Municipalities       32 200       33 700       31 700       51 800       55 800       58 700       71 023       -       -       155 023       89 200       155 023       89 200       155 023       89 200       155 023       89 200       155 023       89 200       155 023       89 200       155 023       89 200       155 023       89 200       155 023       89 200       155 023       89 200       155 023       89 200       155 023       89 200       155 023       89 200       155 023       89 200       100 432       100 432       100 432       100 6424       100 6424       100 6428       100 6438       102 4508       100 649       172 79       100 6424       100 6428       100 6438       100 6438       100 6438       100 6438       100 6438       100 6438       100 6438       100 6438       100 6438       100 6428       100 6428       100 6428       100 6438	Total: Central Karoo	al Karoo District Municipality Municipalities				6 800	7 300	7 700	1 3/0			11 130	7 300	7 700
Cape Municipalities         32 200         33 700         35 100         51 800         55 500         58 700         71 0.23         -         -         -         155 0.23         89 200         -           Cape Municipalities         32 700         33 700         51 800         55 500         58 700         71 0.23         -         -         -         155 0.23         89 200         -         -         -         -         -         155 0.23         89 200         - </td <td>Cape Municipalities       32 200       33 700       35 100       51 800       55 500       58 700       71 023       89 200       125 023       89 200         Cape Municipalities       33 700       35 100       56 701       56 701       71 023       59 201       1066 424         172 774       180 688       188 859       589 685       616 701       644 589       567 281       500 099       172 794       180 683       1066 424         unallocated amounts for the Municipal Disaster Response Grant (MDRG). The MDRG is allocated R395 million in 2025/26, R413 million in 2026/27 and R432 million in 2027/28       507 781       10099       1724 794       180 3813</td> <td></td>	Cape Municipalities       32 200       33 700       35 100       51 800       55 500       58 700       71 023       89 200       125 023       89 200         Cape Municipalities       33 700       35 100       56 701       56 701       71 023       59 201       1066 424         172 774       180 688       188 859       589 685       616 701       644 589       567 281       500 099       172 794       180 683       1066 424         unallocated amounts for the Municipal Disaster Response Grant (MDRG). The MDRG is allocated R395 million in 2025/26, R413 million in 2026/27 and R432 million in 2027/28       507 781       10099       1724 794       180 3813														
-     -     -     -     -     -     593271     620099     395034     1006424       172774     180688     188859     589685     616701     644589     567281     593271     620099     174794     1803813	-     - <td>Total: Western Cape  </td> <td>Municipalities</td> <td>32 200</td> <td>33 700</td> <td>35100</td> <td>51 800</td> <td>55 500</td> <td>58 700</td> <td>71 023</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>155 023</td> <td>89 200</td> <td>93 800</td>	Total: Western Cape	Municipalities	32 200	33 700	35100	51 800	55 500	58 700	71 023	•		155 023	89 200	93 800
172 774         180 688         188 859         589 685         616 701         644 589         567 281         503 271         620 099         1 724 794         1 803 813	Interference         Interferee         Interference         Interference <td>Unallocated</td> <td></td> <td>·</td> <td>'</td> <td>ı</td> <td>I</td> <td>1</td> <td>'</td> <td>1</td> <td>593 271</td> <td>620 099</td> <td>395 054</td> <td>1 006 424</td> <td>1 051 935</td>	Unallocated		·	'	ı	I	1	'	1	593 271	620 099	395 054	1 006 424	1 051 935
	unallocated amounts for the Municipal Disaster Response Grant (MDRG). The MDRG is allocated R395 million in 2025/26, R413 million in 2026/27 and R432 million in 2027/28	National Total		172 774	180 688	188 859	589 685	616 701	644 589	567 281	593 271	620 099	1 724 794	1 803 813	1 885 383

INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B AND SCHEDULE 5, PART B)

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

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INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B AND SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 1 OF 2

National and Municipal Framedral Year         National and Municipal Framedral Year         N           ExSTERN CAPE         2023/26         2023/27         2023/28         20           A DRI Panilo CUI         Panilo CUI         2023/26         2023/27         2023/28         20           A DRI Panilo CUI         Panilo CUI         2023/26         2023/27         2023/28         20           A DRI Panilo CUI         Panilo CUI         2023/26         2023/27         2023/28         20           B ECUI Dr Boysen Numbel Ray         -         -         -         -         -         -           B ECUI Dr Maine         22441         26 301         71/61         2023/28         26 311           B ECUI Brekonse         23441         26 304         2023         27 32           B ECUI Brekonse         23441         26 66         2012           B ECUI Maine         23244         26 401         27 44           B ECUI Maine         23441         26 66         2012           B ECUI Maine         2334         21 432         24 102           B ECUI Maine         2344         26 67         21 436           B ECUI Maine         21 432         24 112         26 64           <	Nutional and Nt.           202526         2           202526         2           202526         2           202526         2           202526         2           202526         2           202526         2           2         2           <	National and Nunicipal Fila metal Var 2025/66 2026/27 2025/28 (R1000) (R1000) (R1000) 5 005 2 005 5 00	Mutitonal and 2025/26 2025/26 (R'00/0) 7 000 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	National and Nunicipal Francial Vear 2025/s6 2020/27 (2020) (R000) (R000) (2000) (2000) 7000 8 500 90 0 4 00	<u>'8</u> '8'8'8'8	Nuclearla and Nuclearla Vene 2025/6 2027/2 2027/28 (R000)	Aunicipal Financi 2026/27 (R'000)	ial Year 2027/28 (R'000)	National and N 2025/26 (R'000)	National and Municipal Financial Vear 2025/26 202627 2027/28 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)		National and Municipal Financial Year 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	oal Financial Year 27 2027/28 3) (R'000)	National a 2025/26 (R'000)	National and Municipal Financial Year 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 202000 20000	ncial Year
202.5/5         202.67         202.7.26         202.7.2	2025/26 2 (K7000) ( 22880 22880 22886 221885 2466 27165 24167 24167 24167 23055 24466 273156 27456 27456 27456 27456 27456 27456 27456 8472 8472 8472 8472 8472 8472 8472 8472	82/12/0 (0007) 8 (2002) 9 (20)	202526 (X 000) 7 000 7 000 3 000 3 000 3 000 3 000 3 000 6 400	2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/	202728 ( <i>R'000</i> ) 9 000 - 5 000 - 4 000 - 4 000 -	2025/26 2 (R'000) 1 	10.26/27 (R '0.00)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)		025/26 2026/2 R'000) (R'00	27 2027/28 0) (R*000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27	0.000
Bay         .	22880 22880 22880 22886 24167 6472 6472 24167 19145 2746 2746 2746 3032 8429		7 000	8 500 5 000 5 000 5 000 1 3 3 00 3 3 4 000 3 3 4 000 3 3 4 000	9 000 5 000 4 000 4 000 1 3 000										(000 VI)	2027/28 (R'000)
Bay         -			7 000 7 000 4 000 3 000 3 000 3 000 6 4000 6 4000 6 4000	8 500 5 008 5 0008 5 008 5 000 5 008 5 0000 5 008 5 0000 5 000 5 000 5 0000 5 0000000000	9 000 5 000 5 000 4 000 4 000											
a         34.481         26.363           16.800         17.651         31.481           16.800         17.651         31.455           22.946         31.14         32.666           31.14         31.14         32.666           31.14         31.14         32.666           31.14         31.14         32.666           31.14         32.66         31.061           31.14         32.66         31.061           31.14         32.66         31.061           31.14         32.66         31.061           31.14         32.61         30.361           31.14         32.61         30.361           31.14         32.61         30.361           31.15         31.361         30.361           31.15         31.361         31.061           31.15         31.361         31.061           31.15         31.071         21.061           31.16         31.361         31.061           31.17         31.361         31.061           31.17         31.361         31.061           31.17         31.361         31.061           31.17         31.361         31.361 </td <td>\$ 005 22 880 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -</td> <td></td> <td>4 000 4 000 3 000 3 000 3 000 3 000 4 000 6 000 6 000</td> <td>5 000 5 000 5 000 5 000 5 000 5 100 5 1000</td> <td>5 000 5 000 4 000 4 000</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>• •</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>- 390 000</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	\$ 005 22 880 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		4 000 4 000 3 000 3 000 3 000 3 000 4 000 6 000 6 000	5 000 5 000 5 000 5 000 5 000 5 100 5 1000	5 000 5 000 4 000 4 000				• •			- 390 000				
allay         16 800         17 650           allay         22 946         31 945           allay         30 31 4         32 666           allay         31 14         42 42           Diminiculuty         31 14         32 646           allay         31 14         32 666           Jintrici Municipality         30 31 4         32 66           allay         37 4         32 66           allay         37 4         32 66           allay         37 74         30 361           allay         74 175         80 574           allay         37 73 31 360         30 361           allay         37 73 31 360         31 360           allay         37 2583         84 87           allay         38 340         368           allay         38 340         37 301           allay         38 340         37 301           allay         38 340	22880 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		\$ 000	5 000 - - 4 000 - - - - - -		11 923	12 462		,				23 328	35 000	36750
Suby         29 (1)         31 (3)           District Municipality         30 (4)         32 (6)           District Municipality         30 (4)         32 (6)           If 800         38 (7)         4 (2)           If 800         30 (4)         20 (2)           If 800         17 (4)         20 (2)           If 800         74 (7)         20 (2)           If 800         74 (7)         20 (2)           If 800         74 (7)         20 (2)           If 800         12 (2)         20 (3)           If 800         73 (4)         20 (2)           If 800         12 (2)         20 (3)           If 800         23 (2)         3 (1)           If 800         37 (2)         20 (3)           If 800         33 (2)         3 (1)           If 800         33 (2)         3 (1)           If 800         33 (2)         3 (1)           If 800         3 (2)         3 (2)           If 800 </td <td></td> <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td> <td>4000 3000 7000 3000 3000 3000 3000 3000</td> <td>5 000</td> <td></td> <td>- 20 01</td> <td>7 000</td> <td>7 316</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td>,</td> <td>26 100</td> <td>16 000</td> <td>16 800</td>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4000 3000 7000 3000 3000 3000 3000 3000	5 000		- 20 01	7 000	7 316				,	,	26 100	16 000	16 800
alley         32.314         32.46         35.64           District Municipality         33.114         41.322           Interventionality         38.174         41.322           alley         39.174         41.322           alley         17.860         38.74           alley         17.448         41.322           alley         17.448         81.94           77.448         77.448         81.94           77.448         77.448         81.94           77.448         77.448         81.94           77.448         77.448         81.94           77.448         77.448         81.94           77.448         77.448         81.94           77.448         77.448         81.94           77.448         77.448         81.94           77.448         77.448         81.94           77.458         77.30         27.30           81.304         77.34         57.20           10.57.83         77.30         27.30           11.72         77.34         57.30           12.405         77.30         27.30           13.406         77.30         77.30	27885 27885 24167 6472 6472 19145 115256 27416 27416 27416 3002 8429 8429	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4 000	5 000	4 000	12 0 62	7 751	8 101	•	,		'	,	20 681	25 000	26 2 50
ancy and the second and second an	24167 6472 6472 6472 6472 6472 6472 6472 64	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3 000	<b>5 000</b> <b>5 000</b> 4 000 3 350 3 350	4 000	12 021	7 000	7316						20 262	25 000	26 250
Dimensionality         17 360         19 00         00           Dimensionality         203 260         203 260         203 260           Influence         74 175         80 574         203 260           Influence         74 175         80 574         203 260           Influence         74 175         80 574         203 260           Influence         73 263         26 817         203 263           Influence         39 723         26 817         20 268           Influence         33 253         26 817         20 268           Influence         23 283         26 817         20 81           Influence         23 283         24 977         26 91           Influence         23 283         24 977         26 91           Influence         23 283         24 977         26 91           Influence         23 283         24 973         27 991           Influence         23 994         27 991         27 991           Influence         21 997         21 997         21 997           Influence         21 997         21 997         21 997           Influence         21 997         21 997         21 997           Influence	21885 24167 6472 6472 6472 6472 6472 6472 1526 27416 27416 27416 8429 8429 8420 30032	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3 000 - 7 000 3 000 3 000 3 000 - 2 - 2 - 4 000 5 000	<b>5 000</b> <b>5 000</b> 4 000 3 350 3 350	4 000	5 440	7 558	7 900						9 629	13 196	9 344
District Municipality. 14175 203 263 264 263 263 263 263 263 263 263 263 263 263	27888 - 24167 - 24167 - 24167 - 24167 - 2416 - 271556 - 271556 - 271556 - 271556 - 271556 - 27156 - 27156 - 27156 - 2720		7 000 3 000 3 000 3 000 6 000	<b>5 000</b> <b>5 000</b> 4 000 - 4 000 3 3 50	- 13 000	8 978	3 981	4 161	1	1	•	1	,	10 000	18 000	15 750
1         1	24167 6472 6472 19145 15256 27416 27416 8429 8429 30032		3 000 3 000 3 000 5 000	4 000 4 000 3 350 -	000.04	32.888	- 52 213	- 54 572	2 626 2 626	2 746 2 746	2 869 2 869	, ,		122 000	- 156 196	156344
a Americantity 17,174,88 80,544 17,448 80,61 39,723 80,817 39,723 13,605 39,723 13,605 39,723 13,605 39,723 13,605 39,817 39,817 20,68 41,772 20,91 41,772 20,91	24167 6472 6472 19145 27416 27416 27416 8429 8429 30032	· · · · · · · · ·	3 000 3 000 3 000 6 000	4 000 4 000 3 350 -												
a Municipality 12,875 13 605 39,723 36,817 39,723 36,817 39,723 36,817 39,724 59,684 44,075 20,684 33,704 52,865 72,901 64,7172 51,003 52,805 23,104 66,868 23,144 66,868 23,144 66,868 23,144 66,868 24,1716 51,068 47,124 64,293 64,490	0.472 19145 15256 27416 - <b>92456</b> 8429 8429 30032		3 000 5	4 000 3 350 -	- 000 F	16 3 69	13 000	0.407								
a Control of the second of the	19 145 15 256 27 416 - <b>92 456</b> 8 429 3 0032	•••••	3 000	4 000 3 3 50 -	+ 000	7312	5 000 6 558	6 854						· ·		
a Municipality 57 008 A Municipality 58 542 A Municipality 697 2064 a 24 005 204 55 540 a 24 005 57 200 24 005 57 200 50 86 44 206 50 86 54 206 51 717 25 104 51 717 55 104 51 704 51 406 51 704 51 406 51 704 51 406 51 704 51 400 51 704 51 200 51 704 50 51 200 51 704 50 50 51 704 50 50 704 50	15 256 27 416 - - 8 429 30 03 2	· · · · · ·	3 000	3 3 50 - -	4 000	17 440	7 453	7 790	•	,		'	,		'	
a Municipality 33, 304 55, 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	2.456 - 8.429 30.032	• • •	- 000.9		4 000	12 297	7 751	8 101 8								
a         672.853         854.872         854.872           a         24.005         20.01         27.20           52.86         57.20         24.105         20.01           52.86         57.20         21.05         21.05           52.86         57.20         24.105         21.05           54.01         24.012         44.106         24.266           55.02         24.303         24.303         24.303           66.88         62.369         24.303         24.303           86.65         24.112         24.403         24.403           67.113         21.399         62.868         24.113           67.4112         21.399         62.868         24.113           67.4112         21.399         21.399         64.868           67.4112         21.399         21.399         21.399           67.4112         21.399         21.399         21.399           67.4112         21.399         21.399         21.399           67.4113         22.391         21.399         21.399	92 456 8 429 30 032	•	6 000					- 101 0	3 445	3 603	3 765			91966	110 000	115 500
a 24 005 20 301 32 826 57 20 301 80 886 57 20 301 47 172 68 23 144 77 068 23 144 77 068 23 144 77 901 47 373 901 47 176 51 668 47 132 99 642 869 47 132 91 301 47 132 134 90 47 134 95 24 113	8 429 30 032		0000	11 350	12 000	69 779	51 513	53 841	3 445	3 603	3 765			99 616	110 000	115 500
61 Minicipality         30,886         41,206           47,172         51,073         27,013           76,088         72,31,44         73,31,44           66,868         72,344         74,31,30           84,003         34,31,30         66,868           84,1716         51,000         66,868           84,1716         51,000         22,404           84,003         22,344         73,303           84,004         66,868         23,411           84,004         22,405         21,434           84,004         22,405         21,434						-	10 125	10 583								
4712         5103           4712         5104           27608         7291           66.868         7291           43139         62.868           44716         51.00           4716         51.00           23406         23.40           43132         51.00           21413         23.40           2340         61.30           2340         23.40           2340         23.40           2340         23.40           2349         23.40           2349         23.40           2349         23.40	32 072		•			20 287	15 000	15 678								
Ammicipality         C / 688         C / 944           4 / 700         4 / 710         2 / 900           at 0 / 1239         642 / 868         3 / 300           at 0 / 1239         642 / 868         3 / 300           at 0 / 1239         642 / 868         3 / 300           at 0 / 139         642 / 868         4 / 3 / 300           at 0 / 130         2 / 304         3 / 300           at 0 / 132         2 / 304         3 / 300           at 0 / 132         2 / 304         3 / 300	18 91 7		•	•	•	20 158	13 000	13 588	•	•	,	•	,		•	
kt Minicipality 34.100 43.101 43.100 44.00 44.00 44.00 44.00 44.00 44.100 44.112 44.00 44.112 44.112 44.112 44.112 44.112 44.412	32 029			• •	• •		8 000	8 362	• •	• •	• •			· ·	• •	
4         612.399         642.868         6           47.716         51.668         47.716         51.668           47.713         22.349         24.493         22.449           21.666.55         2.4113         22.866.55         2.4133	20 743								3 786	3 959	4 137	- 126	126 000 263 079	80 455	75 000	78 780
Elucidiii 47.716 51.68 Sequ Achter Stadu 2.23.95 24.13 Loc Garbier Mainer Marker 2.23.95 24.13 Loc Garbier Marker 2.23.05 24.439 2	177 738	•		•	•	69 391	64 125	67 024	3 786	3 959	4 137	- 126	126 000 263 079	80 455	75 000	78 780
Senqu 47.132 51 030 Watter Statu Matter Stat	,	•		,		5 817	20 000	20 904		,	,	,			,	
Waller Sisulu 22 493 24 113 Lee Genhi District Municirality 186 655 203 459			- 4 000	•	- 000 P	-	4 981	5 206	•							
								ŧ'	2 562	2 679	2 799	85 000 175	175 290 203 000	99 000	57 000	59 850
303 998 330 270		•	4 000	•	4 000	19 317	33 347	34 854	2 562	2 679	2 799	85 000 175	175 290 203 000	900 99	57 000	59 850
EC153 Nacura Hill 67.274 73.035 76.376	8 114					3 660	8 501	8 885				,				
Port St1ohns 41 914 45 329	25 635		'	•	•	15 000	18 000	18814	•	•	•	,	,			
ECI55 Nyandeni 85.12 85.12 85.12 85.12 85.12 85.13 85.12 85.12 85.13 85.12 85.13 85.12 85.13 85.15 85.15 85.15 85.15 85.15 85.15 85.15 85.15 85.15 85.	35 260 25 037				• •	40 810	8 943 10 434	9 347 10 906	• •						• •	
King Sabata Dalindyebo 107 297 116 760	39 188		4 000	4 000	4 000	4 480	14 906	15 580		•						
C DC15 O.R. Tambo District Municipality 754 481 823 811 864 017 Joral: O.R. Tambo Municipalities 110 488 1199 622 1257 054	- 133 234	· ·	4 000	4 000	4 000	- 83 350	- 60 784	- 63 532	3 444 3 444	3 602 3 602	3 763 3 763	250 000 192 250 000 192	192 000 192 000	95 000	85 000 85 000	89 250 89 250
						01 2 00	000 00	100.00								
EC441 Mataticle 68 818 69 681 65 831 68 818 EC442 Three ends	24 543 26 848				• •	20 549	20 000	20 904								
Winnie Madikizela-Mandela 67 045 64 591	-					22 008	15 000	15 678								
	21 315					9.970	12 521	13 087	- 207 0			'		- 000 000	- 000 200	- 0020.000
716 409	72 706	•			• •	67 497	. 65 52 1	68 483	2 685	2 808	2 933		• •		95 000	99 750
	0000		000.04	000	000 41				01 = 01			000	000 000		200 0 0 mm	

INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B AND SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 1 OF 2

	Munici	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	re Grant	Municipal	Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant	ry Grant	Energy Eff. Ma	Energy Efficiency and Demand-Side Management Grant		Integrated National Electrification Programme (Municipal) Grant	(fional Electrification (Municipal) Grant	n Programme R	Rural Roads Asset Management Systems Grant	t Management S	ystems Grant	Regional Bu	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	re Grant	Water Servi	Water Services Infrastructure Grant	e Grant
	National ar	National and Municipal Financial Year	vancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	scial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year
Category Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2 027/28 (R '0 00)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
FREE STATE																					
A MAN Mangaung									6 000												
B FS161 Letsemenz	18 062	21 465	22 273					4 000		4 845	5 000	5 226							23 285	23 000	23 250
	33 375	26 167	27 206	'	'	'	'		'		5 000	5 226	•			•			18 672	22 393	21 513
	25 865	22 635	23 501							6 000	3 000	3 136							20 000	21 000	22 050
C DCI6 Xhanep District Municipality Total: Xhariep Municipalities	77 302	70 267	72 980				•	4 000	•	14 550	13 000	13 588	2 519	2 635	2 753			•	- 1957	66 393	66 813
	20.894	29 950	31175	•	•		4 000	5 000	•	•	5 000	5 226	•	•	•	•	•		18 220	24 288	25 502
B FS182 Tokologo B ES183 Tauralanala	19 265	209 02	21 34/						- 000 5		000 5	977 C				• •			18 440	26 /40	22 017
	109 958	159 567	167 156						· ·	14 246	20 000	20 904							23 997	23 000	28 350
	35 530	38 355	39 992		•		5 000	5 000		4 625	3 500	3 658	•	•	•	•			22 370	22 660	25 893
C DCI8 Lejweleputswa District Municipality Torat: Leiweleputswa Municipalities	204 926	- 269 056	- 281 038			•	- 000	- 10 000	5 000 10 000	-	35 000	36 582	2 675 2 675	2 798 2 798	2 9 23 2 9 23	• •		•	106 807	- 118 798	125 038
	CCC 2.7	100.00	220 1 2								022.1	1 006				011 121	000 000	202 010	01 640	000.30	200 PC
	667/0	400 70	000 + 000								4 / /0	4 900				711 1/1	700 007	0.60 747	1000	22 090	20 20 20
B FS192 Dihlabeng D ES102 Missiona	55 094 27 638	210 02	278 25 768 76								3 300 4 000	3 058 4 181							24 6/6 20 648	21 389	25 550
	199 464	217 453	227 885							39 958	3 000	3 136				,			51 728	45 000	47 750
	18 612	26 636	27 698	'	,		4 000	5 000	4 000	'	1 789	1 870	,	,	,	,	1	1	20 501	19 552	22 516
	23 607	25 328	26 327	•	•		•		•	•	2 981	3 116	•	•	•	•		•	12 384	13 000	12 650
C DC19 Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality		-		•	•		5 000	5 000	6 572				2 820	2 949	3 081				•		
Total: Thabo Mofutsanyana Municipalities	366 648	414 588	433 473	•	•	•	9 000	10 000	10 572	39 958	20 040	20 947	2 820	2 949	3 081	171 112	200 000	242 596	151 477	149 831	153 009
B FS201 Moqhaka	36749	53 001	55 358								5 000	5 226							17 595	15 268	16 160
	38 252	55 204	57 669	'	'	'	'		'	11 135	20 000	20 904	•	•	•	000 09	81 1 1 2	50 000	15 433	12 000	12 600
	40.679	58 747 20 606	61 386 20 765							10 000	2 000	7 216			'	•			20.961	19 000	10.050
B FS205 Matube C DC20 Fezile Dahi District Municirality		- 000 97									- 1000 /		2 565	2 683	2 803				-		
Total: Fezile Dabi Municipalities	135 650	195 558	204178	•	'	•	•	'	•	21 135	42 000	43 898	2 565	2 683	2 803	000 09	81 112	$50\ 000$	71 439	65 268	70 160
10 starts Throat Restor Manual Anna 100 st	764 636	040.460	001 660		T		10 000	14 000	12376	04 514	010 011	115 015	10.570	27011	11 240	721.117	111 100	202 000	101 690	0.00 0.01	0.00 31.1
	000		COD 1 CC				000 01	000 14		to to		010.011	() A 4	200.11	000 TT	#11 T 1/04		0.00 #/#	000 1/2	0/# 00+	0.00.011
GAUTENG																					
A EKU City of Ekurhuleni		'					7 000	8 500	0 0 0 6		'	•	•			•				•	
A JHB City of Johannesburg							2 000	8 500	0000										•		
A ISH City of Istwarte	'	'							000.6	•											
B GT421 Emfüleni	157 476	228 621	239 601				5 260		5 000		14 000	14 633									
B GT422 Midvaal	38 050	41 108	42 881	•	1	'	4 000	4 000	4 000	35 209	17 000	17 768	'	,	'	'	'	'	21 886	48 083	68 000
	31 704	34 175	35 607	•	•			4 000	•	21 000	20 000	20 904				•	•	•	32 675	39 148	37 000
C DC42 Sedibeng District Municipality			- 000 010	•			000 5	000 5	- 000 0		- 000		7 8 20	2 986	3 1 20						- 000 80 8
I otal: Sectibeng Municipalities	0.07 / 77	+06 COC	600.010				14 200	0.00 CT	000.6	6.07 00	000 10	ene ce	000 7	7 900	071 0				100 40	107 /0	nnn en t
GT481											14 000	14 633							72 500	60 000	58 000
GT 484	90 822	87 835	61 903	'			1	1	'	17 533	16 000	16 723	'	'	'	'	'	'	20 277	42 360	39 728
B GT485 Rand West City C DC48 Wast Brand District Municipality	111 484	121 335	127 047				4 000	5 000		36.490	29 000	30.311	3 041	3 181	- 225				¥ 637	52 154	74 074
	202 306	209 170	218 950	•	•		4 000	5000	•	54 023	59 000	61 667	3 041	3 181	3 3 2 3		•		147 414	154 51 4	171 802
Total: Gauteng Municipalities	429 536	513 074	537 039	-	-	-	32 260	35 000	36 000	110 232	110 000	114 972	5 897	6 1 67	6443		•	1	201975	241 745	276 802

## INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B AND SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 1 OF 2

	Municip	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	e Grant	Municipal I	Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant	Grant	Energy Efficienc	Energy Efficiency and Demand-Side Manazament Crowt		ted National Ele	Integrated National Electrification Programme Municipal) Count		Rural Roads Asset Management Systems Grant	ment Systems		jonal Bulk Infra	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	Water S	Water Services Infrastructure Grant	ure Grant
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and ]	National and Municipal Financial Year		National and Municipal Financial Year	icipal Financial 1		ional and Muni	National and Municipal Financial Year		National and Municipal Financial Year	d Financial Ye		nal and Munici	National and Municipal Financial Year	National :	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year
Category Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 20. (R'000) (R	2026/27 202 (R'0.00) (R'	2027/28 202 (R'000) (R'0	2025/26 2024 (R'000) (R'0	2026/27 2027/28 (R'000) (R'000)	28 2025/26 0) (R'000)	6 2026/27 ) (R'000)	7 2027/28 (R'000)	8 2025/26 ) (R'000)	26 2026/27 (R'000)	27 2.027/28 ) (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
KWAZULI-NATAL						,	0002	000 8	00000											,
A ETH ethekwini							000.2	0000	A 100											
B KZN212 uMdoni B KZN213 uMzumbe	37 328 41 576	40 319 44 959	42 053 46 921			• •		4000		4 451 14 475	7 000 9 000	7 316 9 407								
	41 078	30 213	31 451		• •		5 0 00	• •	5 000			5 185 7 316								• •
į	287 626 407 608	313 770 429 261	328 931 449 356			•	. 5000	- 4000	- 000 S	-	- 3		3 122 3.3	265 3	411			- 100 000	110 000	115500
rotat: Ogu Municipantos	000 / 04	107 (76	000 644				0000	000+	000 0	076 0			0	8	ļ			-	000.011	000011
B KZN221 uMshwathi B KZN222 uMngeni	46 431 47 735	36 061 29 838	37 586 31 058			• •				7 052 44 412	6 000 15 000 1	6 271 15 678								• •
	13 858	14 678	15 153		•	• •	3 000	•	4000	- 100 2		0.452	•							•
	242 657	264 641	277 390	13 214				4000	4 000	-		5 271				. ,		- 75 000	80 000	84 000
	18 934 21 915	20 223 23 480	20 970 24 387				3 0 0 0	4000		12 624	7 509 6 206	7 848 6 487				, ,				
C DC22 uMgunguelovu District Municipality	121 318	132 078	138 318		•	•	- 000	- 008	. 000 9				2 967 3	3 103 3	1 242			- 110 000	110 000	110500
	000 000	000 000	202.000				0000	0000	000 0			-	2	2	ł			-	000007	000101
	34 320 46 105	37 032 49 908	38 605 52 113	8 858	• •		•••	• •	4 000	9 315 -	1 000 11	11 497 10 452						· ·		
B KZN238 Alfred Dum	- 219.150	- 738 970	- 250.459		• •								- 2 018		3 188			- 100.000	- 100.001	-
tal: uThukela	299 584	325 910	341 177	8 858			•		4 000	9 315	28 000 2	3 265 2			188			- 100 000		115 500
	17 873	19 063	19 754	,			4000	5 0 0 0				5 226								
KZN242	37 961	41 010	42 778	- 10.2	•	•	•	•		20 000		5 678	,	,	,	,	,	•		•
B KZN244 uMsinga B KZN245 uMvoti	36 217	49 236 39 104	51 /44 40 779		• •						1 000 L	16/23 7316						· ·		
1	224 123 374 958	244 393 393 126	256 148 411 203	- 6015		•	- 4000	- 2000		31 828	- 13 000 4		2 673 2' 2 673 2'	796 2	2 921 2 921			- 91 000	100 000	105 000
tytai, urtzu jaur yruntelpanes	000 110	000 0C0											2	2						000 /0 ×
B KZN252 Newcastle B KZN53 -Madlanooni	137 899 10 464	150 193 10 970	157 322 11 263	6891			4000	- 2000	5 000	41 300 8 284	5 000	19 336 5 260				, ,		- 75 000	85000	
B KZN254 Damhauser	26 095	28 046	29 177		•	•			5 000			2 927				,	,			
C DC25 Amajuba District Municipality Total: Amajuba Municipalities	48 287 222 745	52 291 241 500	54 614 252 376	23 083		• •	4000	5000	- 10 000	- 49 584	- 26 300 2	27 523 2	587 2 <sup>-7</sup>	706 2	827			- 100.000	100 000 185 000	105 000 194 179
	001.10	000 000	00.000																	
B KZN261 cDumbe B KZN262 uPhongolo	21 420 34 328	37 041	23 820 38 614	• •	• •	• •				- 11 400	0 000 9	10 452 6 271						· ·		• •
B KZN263 AbaQulusi D V7N1265 Monocome	45 464 38 805	49 207	51 378 43 745	• •	• •	• •				s2 273 -		8 362 5 276								• •
KZN266 U	37 593	40 608	42 356	,	,	,	'	'		,										- 000 001
C DX26 Zubland District Municipality Total: Zubuland Municipalities	446 579	485 114	507 461				• •		4 000	73 673	35 000 3	36 582 2		2 899 3	3 029 544	544 478 370 544 478 370	370 085 408 200	0 100.000	115 000	120 000
B KZN271 uMhlabuvalineanu	45 633	46 115	48 134	,		,		,	,	4 250		) 452								
B KZN272 Jozini	45 757	49 527	51 713	9 704					- 000 -	4 275	10 000	10 452								
KZN275 KZN276	25 581	41 /09 27 485	45 575							-										
C DC27 uMkhanyakude District Municipality Total- uMkhanvakude Municipalities	255 662 411 289	278 849 443 745	292 296 464 307	9.704	• •	• •	• •	• •	4 000		- 35 069 3	- 3 36.654 3	3 077 3.3	3 218 3 3 218 3	362 362				•	
	01 700	021.120	202.20									, ene								
	- ' CO/ TC	C1 #0						5 0 00		8 550		5 442						- 70 129	80 000	84000
B KZN284 uMlalazi B VZN385 Meconicani	49 518 28 907	53 636 27 919	56 025 23 799		• •		• •	• •	• •	1 710 5 977	5 207 6 230	5 442 6 517								• •
KZN286 Nkandla	27 437	29 512	30.716	•	•	,	4000	,	4 000	2 850									-	-
C DC28 King Cetstwayo District Municipality Total: King Cetstwayo Municipalities	341 153	362 204	378 763				4000	5000	4 000	6 087	34 870 3	5 446 2								204750
KZN291	48 228	46 764	48 814	,	,	,	,	,	,	,		9 521					,		'	'
B KZN292 KwaDukuza B KZN293 Mchwoduw	63 825 46 208	69 266 39 095	72 422 40 769	• •	• •	• •					9 344 7 811	9 766 8 164								• •
KZN294 Ma	26 787	28 802	29 971	•	•	•	•	,	•	17 100				- 201	- 10			- 100 001	-	
C DC.29 LETIDE DISTICT MUNICIPALITY Total: ILenbe Municipalities	414 595	434 246	454 341				•			7 100	35 608 3	7 217 2	7	185 2	910			- 100 000		110750
	20 531	21 968	22 801	,	,	,	,	,	,	13 380		5 512	,		i	,	,	,		,
B KZN434 Johannes Phuman Phangula B KZN435 uMzimkhulu	53 278	57 743	30 000 60 333	• •	•••						5 000	5 226								
KZN436	38 868	35 446 760 653	36 941 773 706										ć	- 120				- 000 001		-
Total: Harry Gwala Municipalities	384 259	410 937	429 887	•	•	•	•			28 057	23 230 2	24 280 2	2 610 2.7	730 2	852			- 100 000	115 000	120750
Totol: K woZulu.Natal Municipalities	3 829 070	4 061 275	4 248 420	76 432		•	30.000	35 0 00	48 0 00 3-	6 125 3	42 710 35	3 231 28	354 29 (	54 30	981 722	834 499	441 616.55	6 1 121 129	1 205 000	1 280 929
					_			000.00	0											

INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B AND SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 1 OF 2

	Municip	Municipal Infractionation Count	o Cuant	Municipal	Municipal Disorton December Count	' namé	Energy Efficie	Energy Efficiency and Demand-Side		Integrated National Electrification Programme	trification Program		David Davids Acces Management Customer Custo	ant Cratana Cura		Dordo and Dailly Infrantianations Curant	terus Cuant	Woton Com	Wotos Comione Infrantemetrus Curve	an Canat
	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	al Year	Mana National and M	Management Grant National and Municipal Financial Year		(Municipal) Grant National and Municipal Financial Year	al) Grant ipal Financial Year		National and Municipal Financial Year	Financial Year		National and Municipal Financial Year	inancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Yea	ncial Year
Category Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 2 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	202.6/27 2( (R'000) A	2027/28 21 (R'000) (6	2025/26 2026/27 (R'000) (R'000)	(27 2.027/28 30) (R'000)		5 2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
LIMPOPO																				
B LIM331 Greater Giyani	75 059	81 540	85 298			,	4 000		4 000	17025 1		59							,	
B LIM332 Greater Letaba B LIM333 Greater Traneen	81 185 122 308	1027 697	80 858 133 722				2 000	5 000			9 000 9 407 9 000 9 407	10		· ·					• •	
	39 035	42 184	44 010	•	1			5 000				62								
B LIM335 Maruleng C DC33 Monani District Municipality	32 439 543 922	34 977 593 774	36 449 622 684				• •			5371 -		- 25	2 587 2 706	 6 2827						
~	893 948	957 479	1 003 021		1	•	000 6	10 000	4 000	50866 4	45 000 47 035		2							
R [1M34] Musine	35 242	38 040	39 662									99			,					
LIM343	138 751	134 736	141 107				4 000	5 000	•		12 458 13 021	21				•		•		
B LIM344 Makhado	111 407	121 250	126 958	6 0 0 6	1	•	•		- 1000	15181 1		52	,						•	
B LIM 345 Collins Chabane C DC34 Vhembe District Municipality	616 348	672 901	705 697	• •					000 +				2 638 2 758	288		· ·		- 82 217	92737	- 89 874
Total: Vhembe Municipalities	1 003 656	1077800	1 129 495	9009	•	•	4 000	5 000	4 000	31 475 4	41 302 43 168	68 2 638	38 2.758	8 2 882		•		82 217	92 737	89 874
B LIM351 Blouberg	54 524	59 105	61 761	15 717							6 000 16 723	23								
B LIM353 Molemole	52 929	46 438	48 473		'					15 971	7 000 7 316	16					-			
B LIM354 Polokwane B TIM355 Lando Nhummi	-	- 77 464	-	4 765			3 000		5 000			16 12			155 509	255 509	207 387	65 000	70.022	95 396
C DC35 Capricon District Municipality	275 909	300 969	315 502										2 840 2 969	,				155 000	140.022	148 773
Total: Capricorn Municipalities	450 114	478 976	501 513	20 482	•	•	3 000	•	5 000	27 726 4	42 000 43 897		40 2.969	9 3 103	155 509	255 509	207 387	220 000	210044	244 169
B LIM361 Thabazimbi	29 780	42 910	44 772							20 000 1		23	,							
LIM362	52 566	56 966	59 518				4 000	,	5 0 0 0			61.	,							
B LIM366 Bela-Bela	30 833	33 223	34 608 217 87 1			• •	3 000	2 000	• •	15 000 1	10 000 10 452 6 730 6 517	52						93 000	91044 88027	91 973 81 973
B LIM368 Modimolle-Mookgophong	46 449	50 283	52 507				4 000	5 000			11 000 11 4								-	-
DC36	•		•		•	•		•						2	-			•	•	1
Total: Waterberg Municipalities	350 312	391 242	409 226	•	•	•	15 000	12 000	5 000	60 416 5	54 442 56 903		2 500 2 614	4 2 732			•	165 000	179066	173 896
B LIM471 Ephrain Mogale	40 786	44 097	46 01 6							6 425										
B LIM472 Elias Motsoaledi	76 853	73 617 83 500	76 986 87 354				4 000		4 000		4 983 5 209 14 377 14 975	27				· ·				• •
LIM476	104 858	114 095	119 452				3 000	4 000												
C DC47 Sekhukhune District Municipality	425 942	620 888	651 129	•	•	•	- 000 #	- 000 -	- 000				2 686 2 809	9 2 935		•		•	•	•
Total: Sekhukhune Municipalities	/10 240	930 197	1.57 (186	•	•		000 /	4 000	4 0.00		40 408 48 5/0	020 7 020				•	•	•	•	
Total: Limpopo Municipalities	3 414 276	3841694	4 024 192	26 488	•		38 000	31 000	22 000	237513 22	229 212 239 573	73 13 251	13 856	6 14479	155 509	9 255 509	207 387	467 217	481847	507 939
MPUMALANGA																				
B MP301 Chief Albert Luthuli	105 491	114 787	120 177	11 863		,			,			8 362			205 000	230 887	235 167	93 000	90140	89 897
MP302	63 581	000 69	72 143	-		•	4 000	4 000	•			03	,		50 000			45 000	49850	52 343
B MP303 Mkhondo B MP304 Dr Pixlev ka Isaka Seme	31 519	33 973	35 395				4 000 +	4 000 -				8844		· ·		· ·		23 248 38 935	44479	41 453
	26 012	37 391	38 981	•	•	•	4 000	4 000	•	10000		05	,			•			•	
B MP306 Dipaleseng B MP307 Govan Mbeki	16 528 70 975	23 602 77 078	24 516 80 61 7	• •					4 000	40 000 1	9 764 10 205 17 000 17 768	05 68								
C DC30 Gert Sibande District Municipality	15 000	-	-		•		- 000 44						2 713 2 838	~		0.0				
Total: Gert Sibande Municipalities	425 512	458 508	479.302	78 831	,	•	17 000	17 000	4 000	0 160 / /.	00 499 09 505	102	13 2.838	S 2902	000 \$\$7	300 88/	285 107	200 185	194409	193 093
B MP311 Victor Khanye B MP317 Eventsharie	29 618 146 292	31 895 159 362	33 215 166 941				- 2000	- 2000	- 2000	- 27.731	9 671 10 108 7 000 28 220	08			30.000			-	- 27365	- 43.983
	-	-	-					-	-		9 764 10 2	05			1 000	000 09	70 00 0	20 000	-	-
	31.387	22 903	23 782	•	• •		4 000	5 000		5 0 00		.05			- 08 887			20 000 87 576	39501 70482	42 126 74 006
	160 817	165 399	173 275							10.827								-	10101	1
	-		-	•	•	•	5 000	5 000	5 000				2 556 2 673				-			
Total: Nkangala Municipalities	518 792	543 713	569 182		•		12 000	19 000	10 000	57499 5	56 199 58 738	2	556 2.672	3 2793	129 887	000 09	70 000	138 0 20	147348	160 115
	66 284	62 120	64 925	1	•	•	•	•	•		7 811 8 164	2			5 000	30 000	30 000	50 7 63	60.607	63 357
B MP324 Nkomazi B MP325 Buckhardisidas	273 658 454 303	298 510	519 969	11 052			- 000 5	- 000 5				52			10.00		30.600	40.000	40380	42 399
MP326	406 479	443 623	465 161	18 105	'		4 000	5 000	5 000	30500 2										'
C DC32 Ehlanzeni District Municipality Total: Ehlanzeni Municipalities	1 200 724	1300119	1 362 977	73 204	•		- 000 6	- 10 000	5 000	51410 4			2 757 2 883 2 757 2 883		16 000	- 80 000	- 100 600	130 763	- 147 426	- 153 439
Total: Mpumalanga Municipalities	2 143 028	2302340	2 411 461	102 035		•	33 000	41 000	19 000	186 600 17	170 509 178 213		8 026 8 394	4 8 770	400 887	500 887	555 767	468 966	489 243	507 247

INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B AND SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 1 OF 2

							Energy El	ficiency and Den		tegrated Nations	d Electrification	Programme									
	Munic. National an	Municipal Infrastructure Grant National and Municipal Financial Year	are Grant nancial Year	Muni Nations	Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant National and Municipal Financial Year	overy Grant <sup>7</sup> ina ncial Year	National ar	Management Grant National and Municipal Financial Year		(Municipal) Grant National and Municipal Financial Year	(Municipal) Grant National and Municipal Financial Year	al Year	Kural Roads Asset Management Systems Grant National and Municipal Financial Year	al Roads Asset Management Systems Gr National and Municipal Financial Year	stems Grant al Year	Regional Bulk National and ML	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant Vational and Municipal Financial Year	Grant ial Year	Water Service National and M	Water Services Infrastructure Grant National and Municipal Financial Year	irant al Year
Category Municipality	2 025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2 026/27 (R '000)	2.027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 2 (R'000) (	2025/26 2 (R'000) (	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'0.00)	2027/28 (R'0.00)
NORTHERN CAPE																					
NC061	16 904	8172					'	,			1 192	1 246					'		1	1	19 102
	8179	8473	8643	- 6					+ 000 +		1 073	1 121							100001	-	-
B NC065 Hantam B NC066 Karoo Hooeland	20429 8847	9 2 03		5 6					5 000	1 500	3 488 1 699	3 646 1 776							30 000		20 324
NC067 K	8 447	8766		-						1 000	1 908	1 994	- 104	- 200	- 12.0				10 000	27 000	
C DC6 Namakwa District Municipality Totak Namakwa Municipalities	75 50 2	64108	65783	3					9006	4 000	10 672	11 154	3 404	3 560	3 719		• •	•	50 0 00	- 66 356	- 65 676
B NC071 Uburitu	18179	11 750		6					4 000	6 600	3 740	3 909							11 000	15 000	
NC072	23 08 7	13 835	14269	6	,	,	'	'	•	'	1 192	1 246	,	•	,	,	,	'	15 000	1	15 000
B NC073 Emthanjeni B NC074 Kareebere	10452 8769	9117		× *						1 500	2 500	2 613 2 613							28 2 85	30 000	11 750
NC075	8 09 2	8378		4						400	1 312	1 371	•					•	10 000	12 000	
B NC076 Thembelihle B NC077 Stindbacks	10472	11 569	11 2 72	5 0			2 000 4 000	4 000		3 910	1 252	3 427	• •	• •					- 000	- 000	15 000
NC078	19 287	20 608		1 50			-	-			5 000	5 226							000 11	12 000	13 350
C DC7 Pixley Ka Seme District Municipality	-	- 100 985	103 081	• -	•		. 000 9	4 000	4 000	- 12 410		- 21 714	3 529	3 691	3856	•	•	•	- 85 285	- 000	- 100
LINE VI S	TCOLTT	CO 2 00 1		-			000.0	1000	000 +	011-11	011.07	LT 17	170 0	160.0	0.00 0		•	•	C07 C0	000 10	001.00
NC082	24.897	28 5 03	29.657	F ~	,				•	12 375	5 724	5 983	,	•	,	•	•	'	8 000	3 000	,
B NC084 !Khkis B NC085 Tsantsabane	17 923	19118		o –-							2 000	7 316							14 163	12 000	
	8 812	9162		6					•		2 000	2 090	•			•	•	•	20 000		
B NC087 Dawid Kruiper C DC8 Z F Mocawan District Municipality	39399	32 2 02	33 538	× '						21 093	5 664	5 920	3 361	3 515	3 673				11 734	20 000	21 000
Total: Z.F. Mgcawu Municipalities	103010	101612	105373	3						33 468	21 461	22 430	3 361	3515	3 673				63 897	45 000	21 000
NC091	,				,		5 000	5 000	,	19 000	14 000	14 633	,	,	,	574000	579 000	490.000	10 000	,	,
NC092	22 963			8		1			•	20 500	5 068	5 297	•	•	•		•	•	3 000	4 000	•
B NC093 Magareng B NC094 Phokwane	12 641 23 427	13 3 48 33 645	13 757 35 052	2						- 10 000	894 8 000	934 8 362				• •			30 000	14 192 40 000	21 000 47 250
DC9	-					'	4 000	5 000	5 000	- 40 500		-	2 955	3 091	3 229			- 400.004	- 000 53	- 101 92	-
1 0435. FFA BCS, DAAFU, MURICIPARINES	100.00	1011		-			000 0	000.01	000.5	000 64	407.14	044 (4	004 4	100.0	( 44 C	000 41 5	000.010		0000	701.00	0.077 000
	72124 64053	78334	81935	5			3 000		- 000 \$	- 15 500	1 192	1 247			• •		• •		30.000	50 000	63 500 55 500
NC453	13 559	14351		0							12 000	12 542		1					10 392	25 000	29 400
C DC45 John Taolo Gaetsewe District Municipality Total: John Taolo Gaetsewe Municipalities	149736	162 201	169 428	· ∞		· ·	3 000		5 000	15 500	27 192	- 28 422	2 325	2 432 2 432	2541	• •	• •	• •	90.392	- 105 000	- 148 400
							000.01	000 1 1	000 00	0000	400.000			000		0001==	000	000000			201 020
Total: Northern Cape Municipalities	504630	500523	518962	5		'	18 000	14 000	23 000	114 878	108 062	112 946	15 574	16 289	17018	574000	579 000	490 000	342 574	355 548	368 426
NORTH WEST								_													
NW371	139 506	151949		4	,		4 000	5 000	,				,	,	,	,	,	,	42.5.63	44 947	48 944
B NW372 Madibeng R NW373 Ristenburg	353671 288219	375000 314419		E **			4 000	4 000		28 235 14 700	19 000 23 000	19 859 24 040							50 000	40 138	- 50 300
NW374	30 71 5	33 094	34473					5 000					•	•		•	•				
B NW375 Moses Kotane C DC37 Roissada Platinum District Municipality	182 068	198447		ę '							• •		2 772	2.899	3 02 9	• •			50 000	52 243	56 350
sojanala Platinum Mur	994179	1072909	1 124 362	2			8 000	14 000		42 935	42 000	43 899	2 772	2 899	3 0 2 9		•	•	142 563	137 328	155 594
N W381	35 69 1	38 5 3 1		7	,		,	,	'	,	,		,	,	'	,	'	,	,	,	,
B NW382 Tswaing B NW383 Mafikeng	35 544 105 85 1	38369 82405		2			5 000	5 000	- 000 9	• •	4 500	4 704		• •					• •		
NW384	44.709	48.382	50512	2							2 981 4 770	3 116 4 026									
	358 525	391 228									-	1007	2 978	3 115	3 254						
Total: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities	625781	648119	678 4 69	6	-	: 	5 000	5 000	6 000		12 251	12 806	2 978	3 115	3 254	•	•			•	'
B NW392 Naledi B NW393 Manness	30 098 18 473	21495		5					4 000	33 752 4 125	12 000 10 845	12 542	• •	• •				• •		• •	
B NW394 Greater Taung	63 596	63 5 5 4		6		,			,		•							•			
B NW396 Lekwa-Teemane B NW397 Kanisano-Molono	17346 36531	18488 39448	41 140				3 000		4 000	• •					• •			• •		• •	
C DC39 Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality	165171	179988		0				•	•		•	•	2 866	2 997	3 131	457588	396086	397 660	123 267	129 100	131 100
Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities	331215	342 692	358047	E			7 000		8 000	37 877	22 845	23 877	2 866	2 997	3 131	457,588	396086	397 660	123 267	129 100	131 100
NW403	108 271	117824		4			5 000	4 000		24 733	10 500	10 975			•			1	70.000	74 000	76 950
B NW404 Maquassi Hills B NW405 JB Marks	33 772 97 509	36433 88587	37.976 92.691	•		· ·			4 000		- 13 000	- 13 588							70 000 60 855	83 000 65 815	74 950 68 856
DC40 tal: Dr Kenn	239552	242844	254 031		-	1	4 000 9 000	4 000 8 000	4 000	24 733	23 500	24 563	2 884 2 884	3 016 3 016	3 152 3 152	• •	• •	• •	- 200 855	222 815	220 756
Total: North West Municipalities	2190727	2306564	2 414 909	6	,		29 000	27 000	18 000	105 545	100 596	105 145	11 500	12 027	12566	457588	396086	397660	466685	489 243	507 450

## INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B AND SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 1 OF 2

	Municipa	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	: Grant	Municipal	Municipal Disaster Recovery	y Grant	Energy Effic Man	Energy Efficiency and Demand-Side Management Grant		Integrated National Electrification Programme (Municipal) Grant	ional Electrification	Programme Ru	Rural Roads Asset Management Systems Grant	M anagement Sy	stems Grant	Regional Buli	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	Grant	Water Servio	Water Services Infrastructure Grant	'e Grant
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	uncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and N	National and Municipal Financial Year	ial Year	National and N	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and N.	National and Municipal Financial Year	ial Year	National and N	National and Municipal Financial Year	icial Year
Category Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)		2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 2 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
WESTERN CAPE																					
A CPT City of Cape Town							7 000	8 500	000 6												
R WC011 Marrikanna	25 180	27 046	28 129			,				4 080	11 500	12 020			,				20 000	30 000	24 744
	18 2 63	19 489	20 201						•	10 4 00	4 9 4 9	5 1 73								27 691	47 2 50
	16912	18 013	18 652		•	•		•	5 0 0 0	10 3 00	2 981	3 1 1 6	'	•	'	•	•	•	•	'	'
B WC014 Saldanha Bay	23 099 25 405	24 773	25 744		•						8 943 20 040	9347		•	•	•	•		- 17 044		
B WC015 Swartland C DC1 West Coast District Municipality	- cn+ c7			• •	• •					77 € 17	- 20 8 05		2 967	3 103	3 242	• •			#0 `		• •
Total: West Coast Municipalities	108 859	116 614	121 114			•		•	5 000	46 1 02	49 241	51 467	2 967	3 103	3 242	-		•	37 044	57 691	71 994
B WC022 Witzenberg	26 770	28 783	29 951				4 000		4616		596	624									
WC023	,		•		•	•	•	•	•	12 140	11 924	12 463	,		•	490 000	225 000	,	,	'	•
B WC024 Stellenbosch	'						5 000	5 000		6188	9 943	10 3 92				•					
B WC025 Breede Valley	41 650	45 040	47 006		'	'	'	'	'	15 596	17 518	18 3 10	'	'	,	'		•	20 000	30 000	7 000
	33 585	28 145	29 282	•	•		•		•	8 347	3 500	3 658	- 153	- 107	- 2.445			•	12 302	•	•
C DCZ Cape winelands District Municipality Total: Cape Winelands Municipalities	102 005	- 101	106 239	•	•		9 000	5 000	4 616	42 271	43 481	45 447	3 153	3 297	3 445	490 000	225 000		32 302	30 000	7 000
	07.7 10	301 80	770 av								000 2	120.7									
B WC031 Theewaterskloof	000 10	091.90	000 00							- 000 51	0000	1/70							- 201.00	- 010 20	
B WC032 Overstrand R WC033 Care A enthes	24 U62 12 484	13 177	13 578								2 000	2 090							- 174-97	- 747 07	• •
B WC034 Swellendam	13 612	14 409	14 871	1	,	•	4 000	•	4 000	14 142	3 000	3 136	•	•	,	,		•	33 000	23 615	,
C DC3 Overberg District Municipality													3 107	3 249	3 395						
Total: Overberg Municipalities	91846	126 68	93 407	•	•	•	4 000	•	4 000	28 050	20 551	21 480	3 107	3 249	3 395				61 427	49857	•
B WC041 Kannaland	11 544	12 149	12 500							3 4 1 2	700	732									36 7 50
	15 8 12	16 81 2	17 392	'	'	•	,	•	4 000	'	3 000	3 136	•		'	'	'	•	,	•	'
B WC043 MosselBay	28 770	30 969	32 244		'	•	•	•	•	12 444	5 000	5 226	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
B WC044 George	- 756	- 77 676	- 002.96					- 1000	1 000	3 700	4 000 5 000	4 181 5 776	•						- 10.600		
B WC047 Biton	23 805	25 545	26 554					-	-	3 321	5 000	5 2 2 6							-		
B WC048 Knysna	29 7 65	32 056	33 385							10 000	9 000	9 407						•	7 000		15 506
C DC4 Garden Route District Municipality			'	•	•	'	•	'	4 000	'	•	•	2 843	2 973	3 106	•	•	•		•	'
Total: Garden Route Municipalities	135 452	145 207	150 865	•	•	•	•	4 000	12 000	34 024	31 700	33 134	2 843	2 973	3 106	•	•	•	19 600	•	52 256
B WC051 Laingsburg	17 024	7 212	7 320		•						3 000	3 136							168 6 1		16 800
	8 196	8 492	8 664		'		'	4 192	'	'	3 000	3 136			'	'			'	'	'
B WC053 Beaufort West	23 046	17 294	17 894	•	•		•		•	000 6	5 000	5 2 2 6	- 757	7 266	2 516			•	35 000	33.171	•
otal: Central K	48 2 66	32 998	33 878			•		4 192		0006	11 000	11 498	2 252	2 355	2516	•			54 891	33 171	16 800
Total: Western Cape Municipalities	486 428	486 758	505 503	•		ŀ	20 000	21 692	34 616	159 447	155 973	163 0 26	14 322	14 977	15 704	490 000	225 000		205 264	170 719	148 050
Unallocated	,	452 000	452 000	,	,		,		'	,	,	,	•		,	'	,		•	•	,
National Total	17 357 571	19361001	20 236 442	708 974	•	ŀ	246 260	257 542	269 188	1 697 076	1 654 605	1 729 427	126 051	131 826	137 787	3 756 930	3 230 325	3 026 045	4 218 561	4 411 831	4 611 337

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INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B AND SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 2 OF 2

Category     Municipality     200       Category     Municipality     200       ExSTERN CAVE     200     200       A     Buff above Mandda Bay     200       A     Buff Buffao City     200       A     Buffao City     200       B     ECUID     Delyers Mande       B     ECUID     Delyers Mande       B     ECUID     Municipality       B     ECUIS     Mandes       B     ECUIS     Municipality       B     ECUIS     Municipalities       D     DOI Sundia Niere Valley     200       B     ECUIS     Sundia Niere Valley       B     ECUIS     Municipalities       C     Denoil Sundia Niere Valley     200       B     ECUIS     Montanes       B     ECUIS     Municipalities       B     ECUIS     Montanes       B     ECUIS     Montanes <t< th=""><th>Integrated to National and M (R 1000) - -</th><th>Integrated Under Development Of Anti- National and Municipal Financial Vear           0.025/26         202.627         2027/28           (R'000)         (R'000)         (R'000)</th><th>mcial Year 2027/28</th><th>National and N 25226</th><th>Grant National and Municipal Financial Year 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28</th><th></th><th>Grant: Municipalities National and Municipal Fin ancial Year 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 202000 200000</th><th>icipalities ipal Financial Ye</th><th></th><th>and N</th><th>mancial Year</th><th>National and</th><th>Vational and Municipal Financial Year</th><th></th><th>Vitional and Municipal Financial Year</th><th>rent runneng</th><th>tol Vear</th><th>N bue leuroiteN</th><th>National and Municipal Financial Year</th><th>THOM</th></t<>	Integrated to National and M (R 1000) - -	Integrated Under Development Of Anti- National and Municipal Financial Vear           0.025/26         202.627         2027/28           (R'000)         (R'000)         (R'000)	mcial Year 2027/28	National and N 25226	Grant National and Municipal Financial Year 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28		Grant: Municipalities National and Municipal Fin ancial Year 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 202000 200000	icipalities ipal Financial Ye		and N	mancial Year	National and	Vational and Municipal Financial Year		Vitional and Municipal Financial Year	rent runneng	tol Vear	N bue leuroiteN	National and Municipal Financial Year	THOM
Inatripatity additional of the second secon	National and M 2025/26 (R*000) - -	Aunicipal Finar 2026/27 (R'000)	acial Year 2027/28 2020/28	2025/26	2026/27 20		S/26 2026	pal Financial Ye	+	and Municipal Fi	aancial Year	National and	Municipal Financia <sup>1</sup>		vational and Mu-	mininal Financi	ial Vaar	National and N	Iunicipal Finan	
Innicipality Innicipality Altria City Altria City Altria Should Bay Reyor Manda Bay Reyor Manda Altantanta Altantanta Altantanta Altantanta Altantanta Altantanta Altantanta Altantanta Altantanta Altantanta Altantanta Altantanta Altantantanta Altantanta Altantantanta Altantanta Altantantanta Altantanta Altanta Altantantanta Altantant		2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28	2025/26										┞			IBI Your	TAUNUT INTONES		ial Year
EASTERN CAPE A BUF Buffac City A NUA Neison Andria Ray A NUA Neison Andria Ray B ECI0 Pasyen Shuds B ECI02 Blue Crane Route B ECI02 Blue Crane Route B ECI03 Nathrea B ECI03 Nathrea B ECI03 Nathrea B ECI03 Shuds River Valley B ECI03 Sandy River Valley B ECI03 Sandy River Valley B ECI03 Sandy River Valley B ECI03 Sandy Brane B ECI23 Mehana B ECI21 Mehaste B ECI21 Mehaste B ECI22 Control Sandy River Valley B ECI23 Mehana B ECI23 Control Sandy River Valley B ECI23 Mehana B ECI24 Mehana B ECI25 Mehana B ECI25 Mehana B ECI25 Mehana B ECI26 Mehana		-	(R 000)	(R'000)				(R'000) (R'000)	28 2022/20 0) (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 20 (R'000) (A	2027/28 2 (R'000) (	2025/26 2 (R'000) (	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
A BUF BuffacCity A NMA Neteen Mundeta Bay B EC101 Dr Beyens Nunde B EC101 Dr Beyens Nunde B EC103 Manne EC108 Manne B EC108 Manne B EC108 Sandays River Valley B EC108 Sandays River Valley B EC108 Sandays River Valley D EC108 Sandas River Valley B EC103 Manham C D EC10 Sanda Barerana Municipatities D EC10 Sanda Barerana Municipatities B EC121 Melanar B EC121 Create Sanda B EC121 Melanar B EC121 Melanar B EC121 Melanar B EC121 Melanar																				
A TALLY A VARIAN INTERVIEND FOR A VARIAN AND A VARIANA AND A VARI							318 358 332 332	332 943 347 305 200 415	347 999 559 244 413 071 663 817	4 584 774 7 694 121	611218 775500		-	- 374 803	48 500 48 800	39 200 38 606	45 160 44 537	926 102	956 917 1 442 058	1 004 377
B EC101 D Beyers Vandes     B EC102 Beyers Vandes     B EC103 Bale Crane Route     B EC104 Maham     B EC105 Maham     B EC105 Sunday River Valley     B EC105 Konga     B EC105 Konga     C D E010 Stanta Barrenta District Manicipality     C D E010 Stanta Barrenta District Manicipality     E1024.Stanta Barrenta Manicipalities     E1024.Stanta Barrenta Manicipa																		-		
B EC102 Blue Cune Route     B EC100 Mukan     EC105 Manye     EC105 Manye     EC105 Sundays River Valley     EC105 Sundays River Valley     EC105 Kougay     EC105 Kougay     EC105 Kougay     EC105 Sunda Barertana Municipatities     EC121 Mehanak     B EC121 Mehanak     B EC121 Mehanak     B EC121 Mehanak     B EC121 Amahaia     B B EC121 Amahaia     B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B		•		•	•		,	,	,		'	'	•	•	,	•	•	62 814	73 206	76 540
8 EC10 Nuture B EC105 Nuture B EC105 Nuture B EC108 Koup B EC108 Koup D EC105 Stanbacham C D EC10 Stanbacham D EC12 Mohasha B											• •							65 560 49 712	45 65 l 64 00 6	47 389 66 895
ECI05 studys Kiver Yulley     ECI06 studys Kiver Yulley     ECI06 studys     ECI08 koups     ECI08 Koups     ECI08 Koups     ECI08 Koups     ECI01 Mohads     ECI21 Mohads     ECI21 Mohads     ECI21 Mohads     ECI22 Mohads	•			•														64 865	67 094	70 137
B ECI08 Kouga B ECI08 Kouga C DE(10) Kookuma Diarist Manicipality Total: Starch Baartman Manicipalities B EC121 Mehanle B EC121 Anahala B EC12 Anahala B EC12 Anahala B EC12 Anahala	'	'	'	,	,	,	,				'	'		,		,		52 727	63 65 6	70 530
E ECUS Actimum E DECIO Stanh Branchan Totai Starth Brarrann Municipatities B ECU2 Mehnada B ECU2 Mehnada B ECU2 Gravida B ECU2 Gravida B ECU2 Anniania	•	•	•			•	,					'		•		•	•	53 243	966 19	60 266
Contr. Starts D. Control and Control of	• •		•			• •								• •	• •			39 868 7 676	41 063 2 746	43 685 7 860
B EC121 Mchadas B EC122 Maquum B EC123 Great Kei B EC124 Amahdari B EC124 Amahdari						<u> </u>	•		•									391 415	419 418	438 311
	•										'						•	114 711	93 574	97 873
																		100 192	97 194	101 489
		• •															• •	20 15/	48 270	50 169
						,										,		67 574	40 159	42 341
	1	,	1	,	,	,	,	,	,		'	'	,	,	,	,	1	78 642	59 835	62 496
						•								•				486 265	672 145	704 988
Total: Amathole Municipalities					•				•								1	943 879	1 031 338	1 080 236
B EC131 Investo Vathandra																		PL P CL	907405	31,635
																		103 804	68 250	71 312
							,	,			'				,			103 245	59 206	61 809
	•					,		•							•	,		86 247	64 073	66 923
	•				•		•	•							•		•	71 124	30 144	31351
B EC139 Enoch Mgjima					•		• •									•		98.897 448.018	195.08	738 433
1.8									•									673 769	911 952	1 085 735
		T						1					1					6.00	#07.11/	
	,	•	•	'	,	,	,	,	,		'	•	,	,	,	•		53 533	71 668	74 863
B EC142 Senqu																		47.132 30.005	22.470	27 705
B EC145 Watter Sisture C DC14 Inc Gashi District Municipality																		340.217	438 428	478 852
Ē	•	•	•			•	•	•	-	-	ŀ	•	•	•		•	•	480 877	598 586	650 006
D BC153 Massace Bill																		70 048	81 53.6	85 261
																		82 549	63 329	66 123
	•	•		10 000	5 000	5 000					'			•		•	•	171 215	95 686	99 859
	•	•				- 000	,		,		•	'	'	•			•	98 814	69 378	72 499
B EC157 King Sabata Dalindyebo C DC15 OB Tambo District Municipality				2 600	1 500	2 800					• •							1 102 925	137 166	957.030
8		•		12 600	6 500	7 800			-		ľ							1 692 116	1 551 508	1 425 399
																		1.05 773	05 021	CC2 00
							. '											98 914	79 915	83 524
					1 000	1 000	,	,	,		,	,			,			89 053	80 591	84 195
	•	•		'	,	,			,				,	•		•	•	75 666	47 981	50 043
C DC44 Alfred Nzo District Municipality					- 000 +	- 000 1		'	'				'		'	•	•	540 348	586 420	615 041
Total: Alfred Nzo Municipalities			'	'	000 T	000 1							'	'	'		1	FC/ 606	86/ 086	CT C 776
Total: Eastern Cape Municipalities	•	•	•	12 600	7 500	8 800 6	696 245 728	728 143 761	761 070 1 223 061	1 1278 895	1 336 727	298 225	305 631	324 803	97 300	77 806	89 697	8 073 641	7 792 515	8 123 509

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INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B AND SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 2 OF 2

	In tegrated	In tegrated Urban Development Grant	ment Grant	Neighbourho	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant	Partn ership	Informal Settlen Gran	Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership Grant: Municipalities		Urban Settlements Development Grant	s Develop men	) Grant	Public Transp	Public Transport Network Grant	-	Urban Development Financing Grant	ment Financing	g Grant	SUB-TOTA	SUB-TOTAL: INFRASTRUCTURE	CTURE
	National ar	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	uncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	┢	National and Municipal Financial Year	vicipal Financ		National and Municipal Financial Year	nicipal Financia		National and Municipal Financial Year	unicipal Financ	cial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
Category Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 20 (R'000) (A	2026/27 21 (R'000) (i		2025/26 20 (R'000) (F	2026/27 20 (R'000) (A	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
FREE STATE																					
a MAN Mangaung		'					315 530	329 986	344 908	554 277	579 582	167 203	235 430	192 582	206 195	48 396	37 000	38 600	1 1 53 633	1 139 150	1 201 494
n FQLKI Latanwana																			46.192	53 465	50.749
3 FS162 Konanong																			52 047	53 560	53 945
	,	'	'	•	'	'	'	,	,	,			,	,		,	,		51 865	46 635	48 687
DC16 Xhariep District Municipality							,				•	•	,	,				•	6 22 4	2 635	2 753
otal: Xhariep Municipalities				•		•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•			•	•	156 328	156 295	156134
ES181 Masilonvoma											,								43 114	64 238	61 903
											,		,						43 043	52 322	48 650
																			37 721	44 212	51 152
				100	1 500	1 600	'	•	•					,			•		148 301	204 067	218 010
		'		•						,					•	'	'	•	67 525	69 515	69 543
DC18 Lejweleputswa District Municipality				- 100	- 1 500	- 1 600	•		•	, ,	•		•		•	•			2 675	2 798	7 923
ога: 1.6] weieputswa мнинстраниеs				007	60C T	0.00 1	'												610 710	401.104	101 /01
FS191 Setsoto				•			'	•	•		,		,	,		,	•		259 885	292 724	336733
	'		'	1		1	'	'	•	'	•	•	'	•	•	•	•	•	59 770	79 112	79 860
				' 001	- 009 1	- 007 1													101 260	100 J C	100 484
FS194 Maluti-a-Photung FS105 Phinmelela				B1 '	-	- 1 000													43 113	52 977	56 084
				•												,	•		35 991	41 309	42 093
												•							7 820	7 949	9 653
otal: Thabo Mofutsanyana Municipalities				100	1 500	1 600	•	   	•	•	•	ŀ	•	·	•	•	•	•	741 115	798 908	865 278
ES201 Moododes												,							54 344	73 269	76 744
		,								,			,	,		,	,		124 820	168 316	141 173
				100	1 500	1 600			•				,	,	,			,	71 740	89 247	95 788
																			37 420	54 606	56 131
DC20 Fezile Dabi District Municipality		'			- 00 - 1		'	'	'	'			'	'		'	'	•	2 565	2 683	2 803
otal: Fezile Dabi Municipalities	'	'		100	1 500	1 600	'			'	'	'				'	'	'	530 883	388 121	372 635
otal: Free State M unicipalities	•			300	4 500	4 800	315 530	329 986	344 908	554 277	579 582	605 791	235 430	192 582	206195	48 396	37 000	38 600	2 684 344	2 919 626	3 052 726
GAUTENG																					
EKU City of Ekuthuleni							822 706	860 398				579 519			167 269	182 01 1	120 8 19	124 200	3 106 210	3 159 020	3 307 816
		'			1		772 855	808 262		2 320 638 2 :	2 573 613 1	1 753 809	972 942	983 295 1	1 038 407	140 208	694 847	641 335	4 213 643	5 068 51 7	4 287 364
TSH City of Tshwane					•		669 938	700 630	732 313			286 220			745 425	151 868	87 0 52	117 764	2 694 907	2 723 532	2 890 722
CTM21 Emiliani				1 000	100	3 500						,		,					163-736	24.2 721	762 734
				1 000	10 000	2 000					,		,						100 145	120 191	134 649
		'		14 294	5 000	2 000			'						•			•	99 673	102 323	95 511
DC42 Sedibeng District Municipality				•			'	•			•	'	,	•	,	•	•		7 856	7 986	3 1 2 0
otal: Sedibeng Municipalities				16 294	15 100	7 500				•	,						1	'	371 410	473 221	496 014
GT481 Monthle City	154 895	156 304	163 306	62 114	20 000	36 294													289 509	250 304	272 233
									'	,	•		,				,	•	128 632	146 195	148 354
				12 600	10 5 00	5 600	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•		•	219 211	217 989	237 032
DC48 West Rand District Municipality	15.4.605	- 156 304	- -	2) 4 15	12 000	5 000							,			•	,	•	52 429 669 81 1	181 CI	C10 233
ofat: West Kand M unicipatities	CC0 +CT		0.00 0.01	701 601	000 74	10 074	'	'	'				'	'		'	'	•	110 200	600 670	744 000
otal: Gauteng Municipalities	154 895	156 304	163 306	120 426	57 600	54 394	2 265 499	2 369 290	2 476 432	4 942 693 5.	5 315 368 4	4 619 548	2 318 481 2	2 346 693 2	2 479 623	474 087	902 718	883 299	11 055 981	12 053 959	11 647 858
TOTAL CONTENTS TRANSPORTED					1					_	-				-						

INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B AND SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 2 OF 2

L						ŀ	1.0													
	Integrated	Integrated Urban Development Grant	ment Grant	N - N - N - N	Grant		Gran	Grant: Municipalities		Urban Settlements Development Grant	ts Development		Public Transport Network Grant	t Network Grant		Urban Development Financing Grant	scing Grant	SUB-TOT/	SUB-TOTAL: INFRASTRUCTURE	TURE
	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	mcial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year		and N	nicipal Financia		tional and Muni	Financ		National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Y car
Category Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2 027/28 (R '000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 20 (R'000) (R	2026/27 202 (R'000) (R'	2027/28 202 (R'000) (R'	2025/26 2020 (R'000) (R'0	2026/27 2027/28 (R'000) (R'000)	8 2025/26 ) (R'000)	2026/27 (R'0.00)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
KWAZULU-NATAL																				
A ETH eThekwin			'	,		,	820 674	858 273	897 084	1 441 639 1 5	1 507 452 1 57	1 575 620 7-	746.609 73	756 042 799 227	227 221 753	3 218 697	219313	3 237 675	3 348 464	3 500 244
B KZN212 uMdemi																		41 779	51 319	49 369
					•	•			•		•							56 051	53 959	56 328
B KZN214 uMuziwabantu B KZN216 Rav Nkonveni	- 89 404	81 376	85 022	14 900	31 500	20 732		• •								· ·		41 0/8 109 304	36 151 119 876	37 636
C DC21 Ugu District Municipality		-	-				•		•	•	•	•	•	•		•	'	390 748	427 035	447 842
Total: Ugu Municipalities	89 404	81 376	85 022	14 900	31 500	20 732	•	•	•		•	•	•	•			•	638 960	688 320	709 245
B KZN221 uMshwathi		•				•	•	•	•	,					,		'	53 483	42 061	43 857
B KZN222 uMngeni						•	,	'			•	,	,				•	92 147	44 838	46 736
B KZN224 iMpendle																		32 102	16 233	16 777
B KZN225 Msunduzi	•		•	30 000	33 000	40 000	•	•	•	,	,		100 000 1:	150 000 156 750			'	460 871	537 641	568 411
B KZN226 Mkhambathini						•	,	'			•	,	•				•	34.558	31 732	28 818
B NZINZZ / KIGHHORG C DC22 uMennenndlovn District Municipality																		234 285	245 181	252 060
undlovu Mun		•		30 000	33 000	40 000	•	•		•	•	-	00 000 1:	0 000 156	150		•	946 219	972 050	1 017 138
																		100 00	40.010	001.02
B KZN235 Ukhahlamba B KZN337 iNkosi I anonikhalolo	• •			• •			• •										• •	32 495 46 105	46 032 59 908	201.02
B KZN238 Alfred Duna	92 593	82 503	86 309	10 000	10 000	15 000			•					,	,			102 593	99 503	108 625
	•							•						•	-			322 077	342 022	369 147
Total: uThukela Municipalities	92 593	82 503	86 309	10 000	10 000	15 000		'	•	•	'	'	'	•	•			523 268	549 465	594 439
B KZN241 eNdumeni																		25 293	29 063	24 980
B KZN242 Nquthu						,			•				'	,	,		'	57 961	56 010	58 456
B KZN244 uMsinga			1			•	•						•				•	73 207	65 556	68 467
B KZN245 uMvoti C Dvr24 uMvsimenthi District Municipality			• •				• •									· ·		36.217 317.796	46 104 347 189	364 069
																		510 474	543 922	564 067
B KZN252 Newcastle B KZN253 "Medianowi			• •	75	12 000	23 000	• •											283 284	268 693 20 970	16 523
B KZN254 Damhauser	•						•		•									26 095	30 846	37 104
C DC25 Amajuba District Municipality	•		•	-	- 000	- 000 55	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	,		•	160 885	154 997	162 441
Total: Amajuba Municipalities	•			77 194	000 CT	000 67	•	•		•	•	•	•				•	601 004	4/5 500	CUK KINC
B KZN261 cDunbe					•	•		•	•		•			•	,		•	21 420	32 939	34 272
B KZN262 uPhongolo	• •		• •					• •									• •	45 728	43 041	44 885 59 740
B KZN265 Nongenus																		38 805	46 932	48 971
B KZN266 Ulundi		,					•	•		,		,	,	,	,		•	37 593	46 608	48 627
C DC26 Zululand District Municipality	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	916 219	781.371 1.008.008	842 777
101at: Zuutanu wumuhanuks										•	-	•		•				700 101 1	0/0 000 T	1 012 414
B KZN271 uMhlabuyalingana		,					•	•		,		,	,	,	,		•	59 883	56 115	58 586
B KZN272 Jozini			'					'	•	•				•	,			59 736	59 527 40 278	62 165
B KZN276 Bio Five Habisa B KZN276 Bio Five Habisa	• •	• •		• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •								• •	25 581	35 045	36 491
C DC27 uMkhanyakude District Municipality													•					258 739	282 067	295 658
Total: uMkhanyakude Municipalities	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	,		•	445 445	482 032	508 323
B KZN281 uMfolozi									•					,	,			31 703	43 286	45 130
B KZN282 uMhlathuze	156 505	142 460	148 842				•	•	•	•	•		,		,		'	235 184	232 667	238 284
B KZN284 uMIatazi B KZN285 Mthonianeni						• •	• •	• •	• •					• •			•	34 879	29 149	30 311
B KZN286 Nkandla									•		,	,		,	,		'	44 287	38 625	44 241
C DC28 King Cetshwayo District Municipality Total: King Cetshwayo Municipalities	156 505	142 460	- 148 842							•			• •	•	•	· ·	' '	484 914 882 195	861 990	564 965 984 396
B KZN291 Mandeni B KZN292 KusDukusa				2 100	2.500	- 1600									, ,		• •	48 228 65 925	55 873 81 110	58 335 83 788
B KZN293 Ndwedwe			1						,									46 208	46 906	48 933
-+	•				'	'	'	,	•	,	,	•	,		,		'	43 887	38 146	39 737 276 005
C DC29 itembe District Municipality Total: itembe Municipalities				2 100	2 500	1 600								•	· ·			536 458	580 139	606 818
																			001.00	010.00
B KZN433 Greater Kokstad B KZN434 Johannes Phungula		• •	•••		• •		• •			• •						· ·	• •	47 253	28 198 42 127	43 922
B KZN43.5 uMzimkhulu	•		•		•	•	•	•	•		•	•		,	,			53 278	62 743	65 559
B KZN436 Dr Nkosazana Dlamini Zuma C DC43 Harry Gwala District Municipality							• •									· ·	• •	38 808 341 616	40 446 378 383	42 167 396 808
=	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	 	  - 			•	514 926	551 897	577 769
Total: KwaZulu-Nata1 Municipalities	338 502	306 339	320 173	79 194	92 000	100 332	820 674	858 273	897 084	1 441 639 1 5	507 452 1 5	15 620 8	46 609 91	0.6042 9559	177 22175	3 218 697	219313	9 902 315	10 061 883	10 651 616
				1					-											1

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INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B AND SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 2 OF 2

				N-1-1-1-1-1-		A contract of the	1.6	The second se	H			-			-						ſ
_	In tegrated 1	Integrated Urban Development Grant	tent Grant	Neignbourno	ou Development Grant	rarmersnip	mormal settlet Grat	morma settlements upgrading rartnetsnip Grant: Municipalities		Urban Settleme	Urban Settlements Development Grant		Public Transp	Public Transport Network Grant	_	an Developmer	Urban Development Financing Grant	irant	SUB-TOTAL:	SUB-TOTAL: INFRASTRUCTURE	TURE
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Finan	uncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year		National and M	Fina		Vational and Mu	Finan	+	nal and Munic	inanc		I and N	unicipal Finan	ial Year
Category Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 2027/28 (R'000) (R'000)		2025/26 26 (R'000) (F	2026/27 20. (R'000) (R	2027/28 2025/26 (R'000) (R'000)		2026/27 20 (R'000) (R	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
LIMPOPO																					
B [TM33] Greenter Giveni									,		,				,				96.084	100 540	109157
	•																		98 264	86 307	90 2 65
B LIM333 Greater Tzancen B LIM334 Ba-Dholococco					• •					• •	• •					• •			132 844 44 890	141 697 55 184	143 129 52 372
LIM335																			37 810	34 977	36 449
C DC33 Mopani District Municipality			·	·					•		'	•						•	546 509	596480	625 511
Total: Mopani Municipalities								•			'	'							105 00%	C01 C10 1	C00 0C0 1
LIM341		•			•	•	•	•	•	•	,	,	,			,	•	,	35 242	47 384	49 428
B LIM343 Thulamela		•		2 100	5 500	10 600													151 532	157 694	164 728
					•••	1 000		• •			. ,					• •			111 521	120 373	131 000
C DC34 Vhembe District Municipality			·		·					·		·						·	701 203	768 396	798 453
Total: Vhembe Municipalities	'	•	•	2 100	5 500	11 600	•	•	•	•	'	'		•	•	•	•	•	1 1 32 0 9 2	1 225 097	1 281 019
		•			•														70 241	75 105	78 484
LIM353	1				1		•	•	'	•		,			'	,		•	006 89	53 438	55 789
B LIM354 Polokwane	433 487	454 557	474921	44 320	44 500	40.000							189 331	196 295	209 7 29				791 167	1 032 883	1 044 975 e2 002
	• •	• •			• •			• •	• •		, ,								433 749	443 960	467 378
	433 487	454 557	474 921	44 320	44 500	40 000	•	•	•	•	-	·	189 331	196 295	209 729			•	1 546 809	1 684 850	1 729 719
																			40.700	010 02	21.406
B LIM361 Thabazimbi																			49 /80	916 85	C64 10
																			141 833	139 267	137 033
	•		'	'	•	'		,	'	,			,	,					280 100	304 112	306256
B LIM368 Modimolle-Mookgophong	•	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•	•	•	62 449	66 283	64 004
C DC36 Waterberg District Municipality Treat: Woterberg Municipalities			•			•		•			· ,					•			2 500	2 614 639 364	2 7 52
												$\left  \right $									
B LIM471 Ephraim Mogale	•	•																	47 211	44 097	46 016
B LIM472 Eltas Motsoaledi B IIM473 Mathurhthamaga		• •			• •			• •			, ,								92 U9U 82 289	97 827	ce 1 05 1 02 3 29
LIM476	•			42 600	41 000	41 000					,								185 344	186 253	188 838
C DC47 Sekhukhune District Municipality		•		- 42 600	- 41 000	41 000		•	•	•	, ,	•	•		•	•		•	428 628 835 562	623 697 1 030 474	654 064 1 077 442
TOTAL SCRIMMIDIC // UNICIPALITIES				000 #1	000 TL	0.00 11					'	'			'			1	1000	E 1 - 000 -	
Total: Limpopo Municipalities	433 487	454 557	474 921	89 020	91 000	92 600	•	•	•	•		•	189 331	196 295	209 729	•		•	5 064 092	5 594 970	5792820
MPHMALANGA																					
		•				•	•	•	•						•		•		430 354	443 814 760 760	453 603
B MP302 Msukatigwa B MP303 Mkhondo								• •			, ,								148 622	123 677	124 789
MP304	•		'		•		•	•	•	•	,	,		•	,	'	,	•	70 454	86 914	85 692
																			40 012	51 155 33 366	49 186
B MP307 Govan Mbeki											• •								110 975	94 078	102 385
C DC30 Gert Sibande District Municipality Tetel: Cont Schenda Municipalities		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			-	•	•	•	•	•	•	17713	2 838 1 095 201	2 965
																			012.00		
B MP311 Victor Khanye B MP312 Emalahleni				- 000 9	7 000	7 000		• •											29 618 228 517	41 566 235 727	45 3 23 2 51 144
MP313	71 088	65 408	68 338				•	•	•	•	'							•	92 088	135 172	148 543
B MP314 Emakhazeni R MP315 Thembridie Hani						- 1 000													60 387 346 032	77 168 238 636	76 113 246 975
MP316 I							•			•					,		,		171 644	165 399	173 275
C DC31 Nkangala District Municipality Total: Nkangala Municipalities	- 11 088	- 65 408	68 338	- 000 9	- 2000	8 000		•				•	•		• •			•	935 842	01 341	947 166
B MP321 Thaba Chweu B MP324 Nboweei	• •	• •		- 001	2 500	- 1600	• •							• •					127 047 381 215	160 538 356 390	166 446 392 747
MP325		•		23 428	5 500	2 600		•	•		,	,	,			,		,	537 283	601 805	619 659
MP326	•			30 000	27 781	28 903	•	•	•	•				•			•	•	489 084	502 404	526239
C DC32 Entanzent District Municipaury Total: Ehlanzeni Municipalitites				53 528	35 781	33 103													1 537 386	1 624 020	1 708 103
												$\left  \right $									
Total: Mpumalanga Municipalities	71 088	65 408	68 338	59 528	42 781	41 103		'		'	- -	- -	'		•	•	•	•	3 473 158	3 620 562	3 789 899

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INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B AND SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 2 OF 2

	To de conception de la	The David and			od Development	HODITICITY L ALLINE SHIP								I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I		Urban Development rinancing Grant	FIRANCING GIAN		TOTAL: INFINE	SUB-TOTAL: INFINATIOUCIUM
	Integrated National ar	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	Gran National and Munich	Grant National and Municipal Financial Year		Gra National and	Grant: Municipalities National and Municipal Financial Year	ies incial Year	Vitional and Municipal Financial Year	anicipal Financ		ational and Mun	Vational and Municipal Financial Year		National and Municipal Financial Year	aal Financial Ye:		National and Municipal Financial Year	Financial Yes
Category Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2 026/27 (R '000)	2 027/28 (R '000)	2 025/26 (R '000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 2 (R'000) (	2027/28 2( (R'000) (1	2025/26 202 (R'000) (R'	2026/27 2027/28 (R'000) (R'000)		2025/26 2026/27 (R'000) (R'000)	(27 2027/28 20) (R'0.00)	28 2025/26 0) (R'000)	(R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
NORTHERN CAPE															-					
NC061 Richenveld																				
						•	•	•	•		•							- 22 696	96 39 329	9 50 278
NC064 Kamicsberg NC065 Hantam				• •		• •		• •												
	'					•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	,	•	•				
NC067 Khái-Ma DC6 Manadous District Municipality								• •												
wa Mun	-													•		•		- 132.9		
NC071 Ubuntu NC072 Umsebonivu																		- 38 087	87 15 027	7 30.515
			•			,	•	•	,	•		•			•	,	•			
NC074 Kareeberg			1		•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	,	•	•				
NC075 Renosterberg							•	•		•										
						•	•	•	•	•	•	•		,			•			
DC7 Pixley Ka Seme District Municipality			1		•	,	•	•	•	•	•	•	,	•	•	•				
Total: Pixley Ka Seme Municipalities			•				'	•	•	•	,	,	•		,	,	,	- 224 575	75 210 451	1 198 651
NC082 1Kai IGarib				1 000	1 000	2 500								,						
	'		1		1	'	'	'	'	•		•				,	•			
NC085 Tsurtsabane	'					•	•							•		•				
NC086 Kgatelopele NC087 Dawid Kruiner				28 355	14 000	15 000		• •		• •								- 100.581	998 12 18	5 11 429 6 75 458
DC8 Z.F. Mgcawu District Municipality	-													-						
Fotal: Z.F. Mgcawu Municipalities	1			29 355	15 000	17500	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	  -	•		- 233 0		
NC091 Sol Plantije	78 371	65 513	68 448	100	1 500	1 600	,						,			,	,			
	'					•	•	•	'	•			•		•	,	•			
	1					•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•		- 22 641	41 28 434	4 35 691
NC094 Proxwane DC9 Frances Baard District Municipality																				
Total: Frances Baard Municipalities	78 371	65 513	68 448	100	1 500	1 600			·	•	•	•	  - 	'	 	•	•	- 825 9		
NC451 Joe Morolong				,			,	,	,	•		,	,	,	,	,	,			
NC452 Ga-Segoryana	'			30 000	31 000	29 000	•		•	•				'			•	- 142.5		
NC453 Gamagara DC45 Lobs Tasks Contourse District Municipality										• •				• •				- 23.951	51 51 351 25 2.432	
5	•	•	•	30000	31 000	29 000	•	•	•	•	•	•		•		•		- 290 9		5 382 791
	10 371	(12.27	077 07	20 455	47 500	40.100					+	+	+		+			1 707 107	267 202 1 60	1 242 000
Northern Cape Municipalities	1/2 2/1	CIC C0	00 440	CC4 AC	4/ 200	49 100							'	'	·			- /0/ T		
NORTH WEST																				
NW371 Morekle		•	•	,	•	1 000	'	,	,	•	,			,	,	,	,			
NW372 Madibeng	'		•				•	•	'	•	•					,	•			
NW373 Rustenburg NW274 Kaatlenarivier		• •			6 000 9	13 000		• •		• •								- 30.715		
NW375 Moses Kotane	'					•	•											- 232 0	68 250 690	0 264 296
DC37 Bojanala Platinum District Municipality				- 15 370	- 000 9	- 14 000	•			•	•		110300	- UCL CL	- 1645	•	•	1 421	772 2.8	-
bojanara i taunum stantes																			1	1
							•											- 35 691	01 38 531 34 47 860	40177
				10 100	5 500	10 300												- 120 9		
	'					•								,						
NW383 Kamolstiere Motioa DC38 Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality																				
E .	•		1	10 100	5 500	10 300	•	'	'	•	•	•	'	•	•	•		- 643.8		
ibole N COLUN																,	,			
NW393 Manusa							•		•		•							- 22 598	98 30 564	4 35 777
NW394 Greater Taung						•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•						
NW396 Lekwa-Teemane NW397 Karismo-Molono				• •		• •		• •												
DC39 Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality		•	•		•	•	•		•	•		•	•			•				
Dr Kuth Segomotsi Mompati Mu			•			•		•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•				
NW403 City of Matlosana				20 395	36 000	27 000												- 228 399	99 242 324	4 238 289
NW404 Maquassi Hills NW405 JB Marks				10 000	10 000	20 000	• •	• •	• •	• •								- 168.3		
DC40 Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality				-	-					•	•		•	•	•	•	•			
Total: Dr Kenneth Kaunda Municipalities			•	565.05	40.000	47 000	'			'	'		'		'	•		- 2074	1956	8
Total: North West Municipalities				25 074	57 E00	71 300														

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INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B AND SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 2 OF 2

ty ay a Toon	National and Municipal Financial Year	d Municinal Eb	nancial Year	National and N		╞	1 1 1 1 1	Notional and Municipal Flagmendal Vaca	ł											
unicipality unicipality y of Cape Toom attriam dathers gravita dathers gravita		a manual and a manual an		T THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PRO	National and Municipal Financial Year		National and Mi	unicipat r mancia		National and Municipal Financial Year	cipal Financial		National and Municipal Financial Year	pal Financial Year	National as	National and Municipal Financial Year	nan cial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
WESTERN CAPE A CPT City of Cape Town B WC011 Matrixima B WC013 Bergiviar B WC013 Bergiviar B WC014 Stutemb By	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 2( (R'000) (1	2027/28 21 (R'000) (I	2025/26 2 (R'000) (	2026/27 2( (R'000) (1	2027/28 20. (R'000) (R	2025/26 2026/27 (R'000) (R'000)	6/27 2027/28 (00) (R'000)	(28 2025/26 00) (R'000)	(26 2026/27 00) (R'000)	27 2027/28 0) (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
A CPT City of Cape Town B WC011 Matikama B WC013 Begrint B WC013 Begrint B WC013 Begrint B WC014 Student-Bay																				
<ul> <li>W C011 Mutxiama</li> <li>W C012 Acadeterg</li> <li>W C013 Acadeterg</li> <li>W C013 Acadetaria</li> <li>W C04 Statembergy</li> </ul>							619 527	647 910	677 209 1 0	1 088 294 1 13	1 137 976 1 186	1 1 89 4 36 2 87	2 877 487 2 941	2 941 998 1 575 331	1 182 100	129 200	112 191	4 774 408	4 865 584	3 563 167
B WC012 fordebring B WC013 Bergrivier B WC014 Saldanha Bay									-									096.04	AR 546	103 FY
B WOU3 Bergrivie B WC014 Saldunha Bay																		28.663	52 129	72 624
B WC014 Saldanha Bay													,					27 21 2	20.994	26 768
	•				,	,	,		,	,			,			-	1	23 099	33 716	35 091
B WC015 Swartland	•		1	,	,	'	,	•	,	'			,	,			1	63 771	48 161	50 1 99
C DC1 West Coast District Municipality							•	•	•		•	•	•	•	-			2 967	3 103	3 242
Total: West Coast Municipalities		'		,	1			1	,	•	'	•	•	•	'		'	194 972	226 649	252 817
B WC022 Witzenberg				,														30.770	29 379	35 191
	63 737	45 743	47 792	39 500	2 000	15 600		,			,	,	,					605 377	284 667	75 855
B WC024 Stellenbosch	64 530	46 603	48 69 1	,				•										75 718	61 546	59 083
B WC025 Breede Valley	'	1	1	'	'	1	,		,		•					1		77 246	92 558	72 316
				4 000	11 000	2 000		•		•								58 234	42 645	34 940
C DC2 Cape Winelands District Municipality Total: Cane Winelande Municipalities	- 128 267	92 346	- 96 483	43 500	- 13 000	- 17 600					•		•	· · ·	· ·	· · ·		5 153 850 498	514 092	5 445 280 830
B WC031 Theewaterskloof					•													31 668	40 135	41 837
B WC032 Overstrand	•					'				'	•	,						76 417	64 043	39 375
B WC033 Cape Agultas																		12 484	1/1 CI	200 CT
B WC034 Swellendam C DC3 Overheim Dictrict Municipality																		3 107	47 074	100 77
54														-	-			188 430	163 628	122 282
																			010 01	000.01
B WC041 Kannaland	•																	14 956	12 849	49 982 24 576
B WC042 Ressequa B WC043 Massed Bay																		41.2.14	35 969	37.470
B WC044 George	73 504	52 439	54 788	7 500	9 457	5 600		,	,			- 25	250 300 139	139 185 149 622	2	- 1		335 004	205 081	214 191
B WC045 Oudtshoorn	1	•	•	,	•	,	,	•	•	,		,	,				•	39 503	36 676	38.016
B WC047 Bitou	•		1				,	•	'	'						1	'	27 126	30 545	31 780
B WC048 Knysna C DC4 Gardan Doute District Municipality	• •					2 000 C			• •									01 765 2 843	48 395 2 973	63 298
_ ≃	73 504	52 439	54 788	22 500	16 7 96	10 600						- 25	250.300 139	9 1 85 1 49 622				538 223	392 300	466.371
																				10000
B WC051 Langsburg																		C16.05	10 212	067 17
B WC052 Prince Albert B WC053 Basivier Wiser																		5 196 67 046	55 465	23 120
D w CO35 Detautoit west C DC5 Central Karoo District Municipality																		2 252	2 355	2 5 16
×						•					  -	•	•					114 409	83 716	64 692
Total: Western Cane Municipalities	201771	144 785	151 271	66 000	29 796	28 200	619 527	647 910	677 209 1 0	1 088 294 1 13'	137 976 1 189	189436 312	3 127 787 3 081	3 081 183 1 724 953	3 182 100	129 200	112 191	6 660 940	6 245 969	4 750 159
									-											
Unallocated	'	193 441	202 657	•	•	,	,	'	,	'	,	,	- 78	783 535 949 928		·	•		1 428 976	1 604 585
National Total	1 278 114	1 386 347	1 449 114	542 397	430 177	449 629 4	4 717 475 4	4 933 602 5	5 156 703 9 2	9 2 49 9 64 9 819	9 819 273 9 327	9 327 122 7 24	7 241 074 8 044	8 044 281 7 098 853	3 1 023 636	1 365 421	1 343 100	52 164 083	55 026 231	54 834 747

ALLOCATIONS-IN-KIND TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 6, PART B)

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

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ALLOCATIONS-IN-KIND TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 6, PART B)

	Municips	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	Grant	9.	Smart Meters Grant	ų	Integrated Na	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Eskom) G rant	on Programme	Neighbourhood (Te	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (Technical Assistance)	nership Grant	Regional Bu	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	Į	Water Services Infrastructure Grant	Infrastructure (	Grant	SUB-TG	SUB-TOTAL: INDIRECT	ст
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	incial Year	National a	National and Municipal Financia	nancial Year	National a	National and Municipal Financial Year	uncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and N	National and Municipal Financial Year		National and Municipal Financial Year	nicipal Financis	ıl Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year
Category Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 202 (R'000) (R'	2027/28 2( (R'000) (F	2025/26 2( (R'000) (1	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
EASTERN CAPE																					
A BUF Buffalo City A NMA Nelson Mandela Bay							34 240 -	52 517	34 164 -	3 000 4 000	3 630 5 000	3 000 5 000							37 240 4 000	56 147 5 000	37 164 5 000
B EC101 Dr Beyers Naude					'		326	5 280	6 572		,								326	5 280	6 572
	'		'			•	- 200	' IFC			'	'	- 000					- 17 000		110 05	- 000 20
B ECI04 Makana B ECI05 Ndlambe							0 00/ 0 10 659	4317	5 250			• •	30 000 42 000	33 000	34 650 34 650			- 1000	53 659	37317	39 900
	1					•	821	8 785	4 893		•		0009				•	•	6 821	8 785	4 893
B ECI08 Kouga B ECI09 Kou-Kanna	• •						459	211	4 489 6 844	• •	• •	• •	310				• •		459 769	211	4 489 6 844
DCI0 Sarah Baartman District Municipality					- 	'					,				-	-	-	- -			
Fotal: Sarah Baartman Municipalities	'		•		'		21 791	23 273	33 298	'	'	'	98 310	66 0 0 0	69 3 00	45 000	45 000	47 000	165 101	134 273	149 598
3 EC121 Mbhashe							29 724	53 0 59	42 110										29 724	53 059	42 110
	•				'		2 058	46 681	11 896			•							2 058	46 68 1	11 896
3 EC123 Great Kei EC124 Association				47 000			11 322	6 221 74 781	9 984			• •							11 322	6 221	9 984
B EC126 Ngqushwa							9 6 6 0	3 206	7 632								,		9 660	3 206	7 632
B EC129 Raymond Mhlaba	-			47 000			23 980	30 988	24 099			•	-	- 100 101	- 101		•	•	70 980	30.988	24 099
<ul> <li>DCLZ Amathole District Numerparity</li> <li>Amothole Municipalities</li> </ul>	128 469			94 000			96366	214 936	107 038				89 000		105 421				407 835	315 337	212 459
3 EC131 Inxuba Yethemba						'			1		,	,				'				1	
ECI35 Intsika Yethu							13 841	20419	15 366			•							18 262	3 741	20.6 02
							31.507	9 530	12 580										31.507	9 530	12 580
	'		'				24 438	5 2 99	14 882		'		'	,					24 438	5 299	14 882
EC139 Enoch Mgijima DC13 Christ Hosi District Municipality	• •			47 000			33 580	14 472	34 901			• •							80 5 80	14 472	34 901
Ē				47 000			121 628	53 461	103 688							•	•		168 628	53 461	103 688
							100.00	0 604	2.4 707										POC CC	0 404	202.10
EC141 Elundini EC142 Senou							13 766	0 024	13 639										13 766	0 007	13 639
	•							•			•	•	•	'			•	•	•	•	
2 DCI4 Joe Gqabi District Municipality fotal: Joe Gqabi Municipalities							35 9 70	21 019	- 48 43 6			•	· ·	- - -					35 970	21 019	48 436
1111							27.712	11 906	24.022	,									27 713	14 806	24 033
EC155 Ngquza ruu EC154 Port St Johns							606	5 850	15 287										606	5 850	15 287
							14 1 16	31 139	109 730	1 000	1 000	1 000			•	•	•	•	15 1 16	32 139	110 730
ECI56 Mhlontlo ECI57 Kine Sabata Dalindvebo	• •						26 888 34 027	49 912 21 475	28 346	100	1 000	1 000							26 888 34 127	49 91 2 22 475	29 346
									-												
	•			'			103 653	123 272	189 106	1 100	2 000	2 000	'	1	•	•	,	,	104753	125 272	191 106
3 EC441 Matatiele							1 835	19 5 13	17 992										1 835	19 513	17 992
	'					•	39 067	20 900	26439	- 002 -	- 000	- 000	•			•	•	•	39 067	20 900	26439
3 EC443 Winne Madikizela-Mandela 3 EC444 Niabankulu							732	4 5 89	9 212	-	- 1000 T	1 100							732	4 589	9 212
DC44 Alfred Nzo District Municipality					•					1		1	113 606		173 279			'	113 606	135 028	173 279
fotal: Alfred Nzo Municipalities	'						101 514	77 431	78 474	1 500	1 000	1 000	113 606	135 028 1	173 279	'	•	•	216 620	213 459	252 753
	071.001			111 000		ſ	515 163	000 272	101 204	0.000	11 640		200.017	C 007 10C	140 000	1 = 000					

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ALLOCATIONS-IN-KIND TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 6, PART B)

	Municip.	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	Frant	Smar	Smart Meters Grant		(Eskom) Grant	(Eskom) Grant		(Te.	(Technical Assistance)	·	INC RUMBER I	Negional Data Intrastructure Grant		Water Services Infrastructure Grant		re Grant	2018-1	100000 TOTAL OF THE TOTAL OF TOTALOF TOTAL OF TOTAL OF TOTALOF TOTAL OF TOTAL	
	National and	and Municipal Financial Year	ial Year	National and N	National and Municipal Financia	ncial Year	Natio nal a nd	and Municipal Finar	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	scial Year	National and	and Municipal Finan	Financial Year	National and	Municipal	Financial Year	National and	Municipal Financial Year	cial Year
Category Municipality	2025/26	2026/27 2020/27	2027/28	2025/26	2026/27			2026/27	2027/28	2025/26	2026/27 2026/27	2027/28	2025/26		2027/28		2026/27	2027/28		2026/27	2027/28
	(1000 X)		(x 000)	(x nnn)	(ix 000)	(nnn x)	(x 000)	(n nn n)	(x nnn)	(nnn x)	(mm)	(K UUU)	(x 000)	(n nn 1)	(x nnn)	(K 000)	(N 000)	(K 000)	(x 000)	(N 000)	(nnn x)
FREE STATE												_									
A MAN Mangaung							5 682	471	1 075	1 840	3 000	3 000					1		7 522	3 471	4 075
B FS161 Letsemene	5 009						65	65	65										5 074	65	9
				•	•	•	33	32	33		'		'		•	10 000	8 000	8 500	10 033	8 032	8 533
	5 277	•	,	•	•	'	33	33	33	'	•		15 000	•	•	10 000	5 000	8 500	30.310	5 033	8 53
C DC16 Xharriep District Municipality Tratel: Yhorian Municipalitiae	10.286		•			•	- 131	- 130	- 131				15 000			20.000	13 000	- 17 0.00	45 417	- 13 130	17 131
1 oue. Anarty Fruncipulities	007 07							0.01								0000	000.07	000.11			
	6 9 4 4						33	33	33				44 000 55 140	52 300 67 760	54 915 65 000				50.977	52 333	54 948
B F518.2 10K010g0 R F5183 Tsuvelonele							247	6 59	59					- 70					247	65	00.112
	36 522	,		•		'	4 538	2 679	1 723	1 500	1 500	1 500	323 629	184 699	193 934	•	,		366189	188 878	197 157
B FS185 Nata							49	49	49										49	49	49
Total: Lejweleputswa Municipalities	43 466	•	•				4 9 0 0	2 859	2 084	1500	1 500	1 500	422 777	299 759	314 747	•			472 643	304 118	318331
							2101	55	2791				121.21			r r 0 1 1	rra or		01 660	10.005	1 60
B FS191 Setsoto R FS197 Dihlahene	11 656		• •		• •	• •	4 24/	263	15 996	• •			60 000	- 000 09	63 000			• •	72 882	40.090	78 996
	7 530	'		•			65	5 220	7 41 0	•			162 555	140 570	168 599		•	•	170150	145 790	176 009
		'				'	22 890	25 896	8 522	100	1 000	1 000	115 371	139 109	146 064	6 000	•	8 600	144 361	166 005	164 186
	6193			•		•	3 991	7 520	1 21 2										10 184 e 40e	3 520	147
B F5196 Mantsopa C DC19 Thabo Mofutsan vana District Municipality				• •		• •		-											0 + 20	-	17 1
Total: Thabo Mofutsanyana Municipalities	25 379		•	-	•		40 9 1 7	35 360	34 854	100	1 000	1 000	383 398	339 679	377 663	47 833	39 833	8 600	497 627	415 872	422 117
B FS201 Moothaka	12 188						5 338	7 3 13	10 296				000 6						26 526	7 313	10 296
	12 702				•	•	16										•		12 718		
	13 517	'				'	33	•		1 000	1 000	1 000		1					14 550	1 000	1 000
B FS205 Mafibe C DC20 Fezile District Municipality	6 6 3 8 -			• •			9 '			• •			15 000	30 000	31 500		15 000	8 000	21 654	45 000	39.50
ab	45 0 45						5 403	7 3 1 3	10 296	1 000	1 000	1 000	24 000	30 000	31 500		15 000	8 000	75 448	53 313	50 796
Total: Free State Municipalities	124 176					'	57 033	46 133	48 440	4 440	6 500	6 500	845 175	669 438	723 910	67 833	67 833	33 600	1 098 657	789 904	812 450
			-												-						
							110.01	79.00	0.00	000	000 8	000 5							10.01	1000	10.67
A EKU City of Ekurhuleni A IHR City of Idonmechane			• •		• •	• •	19 296	252	449	4 000	000 /	7 000					• •		40 041 23 296	7 252	7 449
							12 471	9 455	1 530	3 500	5 000	5 0 0 0						-	15 971	14 455	6 530
B GT421 Emfuleni	52 210	,	,	,	,		15 098	11 488	16 603	2 000	2 000	2 000	505 037	646 221	644 372				574 345	659 709	662.97
	'	'	•	•	,		'	'	•	2 000	2 0 0 0	2 000	55 000	,	•	'	•		57 000	2 000	2 000
B GT423 Lesedi	• •	• •	• •	• •		• •	• •	• •		1 000	1 000	1 000		• •			•		1 000	1 000	1 00
	52 210						15 0 98	11 488	16 603	5 000	5 000	5 000	560 037	646 221	644 372				632 345	662 709	665 975
B GT481 Mogale City B GT484 MembracCity	• •		• •	47 000			4 062 233	9856 8213	23 945 123	2 000	4 000	4 000					• •		53 062 233	13 856 8 213	27 945 123
		•		•		•	3 608	19 651	123	2 000	2 000	2 000	40 000	100 000	105 000				45 608	121 651	107 123
C DC48 West Rand District Municipality			'				- 002	- 062.26	- 10110	1 000	1 000	1 000	- 000 01	- 000 001	-			•	1 000	1 000	101 261
1.0 Gat: West Kand // unkipatices				000.74			007.1	07.10	1/1 67	0000	000 /	000	000.04	000.001	000.001				00111	071 667	CT DCT
	010.02	•		17 000	ł																

ALLOCATIONS-IN-KIND TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 6, PART B)

	Municip	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	e Grant	Smart Mi	Smart Meters Grant	v nate fait	megrateu vational Lecentikation Frogramme (Eskom) Grant	on rrogramme	Ter (Ter (Ter	vegnoumoou neveropnene rarmersnip Gram (Technical Assistance)	()	Regional Bull	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant		Water Services Infrastructure Grant	frastructure Grai		SUB-TOTAL: INDIRECT	NDIRECT
								-											
	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and Mun	ational and Municipal Financial Year	National	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year			and Municipal Financial Year		and M	cipal Financial Y			Financ
Category M unicipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 202 (R'000) (R'	2026/27 2027/28 (R'000) (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 2027/28 (R'000) (R'000)		2025/26 2026 (R'000) (R'0)	2026/27 2027/28 (R'000) (R'000)	728 2025/26 00) (R'000)	26 2026/27 ) (R'000)	7 2027/28 (R'000)
RWAZULU-UNTVLAL																			
A ETH cThekwini						- 21471	300	29 824	3 000	6 000	6 000		,			,	- 24	24 471 6	6 300 35 824
B KZN212 uMdoni						- 22 146	34.018	22 400									- 22	22 146 34	34 018 22 400
B KZN213 uMzumbe B KZN214 uMuziwabantu			• •				- 1500	- 300	• •		• •								1500 300
						- 57 227		7 411	1 000	1 000	1 000	• •						58 227 7	
i.						- 79.373	42 389	30 111	1 000	1 000	1 000				•			373 43	.89 3
						- 2.256		2 604									- 13		2 604
						- 15 850	11515	- 008	• •		• •	• •						15 850	11515
									•	•	•		,						
B KZN225 Msunduzi B KZN226 Mkhamhathini				• •		- 4860		26 199	2 500	2 500	2 500								18 102 28 699
KZN227 Richmon						- 5 743	3 1 923			•								5 743 1	1 923
C DC22 uMgungundlovu District Municipality Total: uM gungundlovu Municipalities			•			- 29 401	32 340	29 103	2.500	2.500	2 500	• •			• •			31 901 34	34 840 31 603
						100 2		101.77											
B KZN235 Okhahlamba B KZN237 iNkosi Langalihalele						- 18.918	39 421	00 /8/ 43 726										0.082 79 18 18 918 39	/9 840         00 /8/           39 421         43 726
KZN238				•		3 685		10 981	1 000	1 000	2 000	•							
C DC23 uThukela District Municipality Total: uThukela Municipalities	•					- 28 687	- 132 925	- 121 494	- 1 000	1 000	2 000	•			• •		- 29	- 133	- 12
				46 000				1 500									- 46	46.000	
B KZN242 Nquthu				-				9 433										-	
B KZN244 uMsinga B KZN245 uMvori						- 9.238 - 950	21602	1 800 28 530		• •	• •							9 238 950 21	- 1 800 21 602 28 530
				-	•				•	•	•	•		•	•				
Total: uM znyath Municipalities		•		40.000	•	- 1018		41 205									- -		
B KZN252 Newcastle						- 1900	73 032	17 907	1 000	1 000	2 000						- 4	2 900 74	74.032 19.907
KZN254 KZN254						- 2250		11 447											
C DC25 Amajuba District Municipality Total: Amajuba Municipalities				• •		- 20.783	76 132	- 46 754	1 000	1 000	2 000	• •					- 21	- 77	7 132 44
						2001		007			<u> </u>						-		
B KZN261 c.Dumbe B KZN262 uPhongolo						- 4 951	2 400	12 019			• •						- 4	4 951 2 400	12 019
B KZN263 AbsQulusi						- 29.25.		11 099			• •								
		1	1	1	,	- 155(		52 773	1	•	•		•		•	,			
C DC26 Zuhland District Municipality Total: Zululand Municipalities						- 40.921	56 288	89 226	•								40	40 921 56 288	89 226
						166.89		3.0 045											
B KZN272 Jozini				,		- 62 117	14.128	54 955	•	•							- 62	62117 14128	28 54 955
B KZN275 Inkosi uMtubatuba B KZN276 Big Five Hlabisa						- 74- - 7.074		21 885 15 807	• •		• •								
1			•	•		- 138.226	51 512		•			•			235 331 45 235 331 45	457.655 47	475 961 235 475 961 373		
T UTALL ULTIMOTION ANNUM TA ULTIMOTION																			
B KZN281 uMfolozi B KZN282 uMfilathuze						- 24 027	11 377	7 593	• •									24.027 11	11 377
						- 1178: - 7.659		19 596 600		• •									19 596 600 600
B KZN286 Nkandla C DC28 Kine Celebrated District Municipality				• •				906			• •								
tshwayo Muni			•		•	- 57710	58 906	45 663	•			•	•	•	•	•	- 57	710 58	44
B KZN291 Mandeni	1			1			- 900	15 052	1	1	1	,	,				-		900
			• •					006	10 000	2 000	2 000	• •						10 000	00 2 900
KZN294 M						- 22 497	46 744	20 327	1	•			,		•		- 22	22 497 46	
C DC29 ILEMDE DISTICT MUNICIPALITY Total: ILembe Municipalities						- 22.497	49 144	36.579	10 000	2 000	2 000						- 32	497 51	44 31
B KZN433 Greater Kokstad				,		9 559		300									- 6		
B KZN434 Johannes Phurnani Phungula			1			- 1062	8 534	4 670	•	•	•	•	•					1 062 8	8 534 4 670
B KZN435 uMzimkhulu B KZN436 Dr Nkosazara Dlamini Zuma				• •		- 4.82.		6 496		• •	• •								
C DC43 Harry Gwala District Municipality Total: Harry Gwala Municipalities						- 16.887	- 67.717	23 959	•			• •						- 67	- 17 20
Total: KwaZulu-Natal Municipalities			-	46 000	•	- 466144	4 589 255	618 718	18 500	13 500	15 500	•	•		235 331 4:	57 655 4	5 961 765	65 975 1 060 410	110 179

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## ALLOCATIONS-IN-KIND TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 6, PART B)

	Municipa	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	e Grant		Smart Meters Gra	ŧ	Integrated Nati	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Eskom) Grant		Veighbourhood D. (Tech	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (Technical Assistance)	wrship Grant	Regional Bu	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	ant	Water Services 1	Water Services Infrastructure Grant	Grant	SUB-TOT	SUB-TOTAL: INDIRECT	
	National and	Vational and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National	National and Municipal Fin	aancial Year	National an	and Municipal Finan	ncial Year	National and	Vational and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and	Municipal Financial Yea	Year	National and Mur	Municipal Financial Year	l Year	National and Municipal Financial Yea	nicipal Financi	ıl Year
Category Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'0.00)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 20. (R'0.00) (R	2027/28 21 (R'000) (1	2025/26 20 (R'0.00) (R	2026/27 20 (R'000) (1	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 2 (R'000) (	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
LIMPOPO																					
LIM331		,					7 730	1 898	14 920				,				,		7 730	1 898	14 920
B LLM332 Greater Letaba B LLM333 Greater Tzaneen						• •	19814	24 712	0 002 34 664	• •	• •	• •	• •						4 995	24712	0 802 34 664
	• •					• •	1 220 1 280	23 934 5 868	27 636 7 586		• •								1 220 1 280	23 934 5 868	27 636 7 586
C DC33 Mopani District Municipality Total: Mopani Municipalities							- 35 039	- 62 138	- 91 608		•		365 000 365 000	533 607 533 607	575 583 575 583	136 000 136 000	130.416 130.416	182 703 182 703	501 000 536 039	664 023 726 161	758 286 849 894
B LIM341 Musina B LIM343 Thulansela	• •					• •	1 524 58 014	5 190 37 635	4 854 31 476	500	1 500	1 500				• •			1 524 58 514	5 190 39 135	4 854 32 976
B LIM344 Makhado B TIM345 Colline Chabana							29 331 6 141	3 568 9 723	9 845 12 091	- 000	- 000	- 000							29 331 7 141	3 568 10 723	9 845 13 091
D LUND+2 COURS CREATE C DC34 Vhembe District Municipality							110	-	-	-	-	-	113 170	800					113 170	235 800	255 800
Total: V bembe Municipalities		'	1			'	95 010	56116	58 266	1 500	2 500	2 500	113 170	235 800	255 800				209 680	294416	316 566
B LIM351 Blouberg		'				,	4 3 68	8 181	6160	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	4 3 6 8	8 181	6 1 60
B LIM353 Molemole B TIM354 Polytrume	• •		• •				15 427 36 258	4 631 99 579	10 249 60 386	2 000	2 733	2 000	• •		• •	• •			15 427 38 258	4 63 1 102 31 2	10 2 49 62 386
Lepele-Nkumpi						•	18 790	11 450	8 533	1		1	•						18 790	11 450	8 533
C DC35 Capricom District Municipality Total: Capricorn Municipalities					·   ·		74 843	- 123 841	- 85 328	2 000	2 733	2 000		•			, ,		- 76 843	- 126 574	87 328
	100 0			000 11			0770	- 10								1000	10.000	010	100111	000	1000
B LIM361 Thabazimbi B LIM362 Lephalale	-			47 000			2 669 22 088	815 24 721	4 136 8 988	• •	• •	• •	• •			51 764	65 065 77 611	68 81 8 71 99 2	85 388	65 880 102 332	80 980
						•	1 259	969	4 674	•	•	•			•			•	1 259	969	4 674
B LIM367 Mogalakwena B LIM368 Modimolle-Mookgonhong							37.113	30 257	2 490	• •	• •	• •	130 000	30 000	• •	- 123 300	- 108 052	- 113 455	167 113 123 300	60 257 108 052	115 945
C DC36 Waterberg District Municipality														1							
Total: Waterberg Municipalities	9 921		'	47 00(	'	'	63 1 29	56 489	38 588	'	'	'	130 000	30 000	•	238 364	250 728	254 265	488 414	337 217	292 853
B LIM471 Ephraim Mogale						'	7 280	4 803	8 965	,	,								7 280	4 803	8 9 65
B LIM 472 Elias Motsoaledi B LIM 473 Makhuduthamaza							21 387 13 882	9 106 5 538	10 838 12 980	• •	• •	• •	• •			• •			21 387 13 882	9 106 5 538	10 838 12 980
B LIM476 Fetakgono Tubatse	-					•	12 167	5 280	33 153	4 500	2 000	2 000	- 000 001	•	•	- 000 01	-	- 100 77	16 667	7 280	35 153
CI MI	142 793						54 716	24 727	65 936	4 500	2 000	2 0 0 0	100 000			70 000	63 220	66 881	372 009	89 947	134 817
	112 021			000 27			767 CCC	115 566	200 700	0000	CCC 2	0027	700 170	700.407	100 100	222.224	120111	010 012	200 007 1	310 143	027 107 1
Total: Lámpopo Municipalities	152 714	1	1	47 000		'	322 737	323 311	339 726	8 000	7 233	0 200	0/1 80/	709 407	831 383		444 364	50.5 849	1 682 985	574315	1 681 458
MPUMALANGA																					
B MP301 Chief Albert Luthuli	•						4 335	6 794	9 004										4 335	6 794	9 004
							7 698	0 000	3 903 14 539			• •	100 000	57 798	- 60 110	50 000	34 066	35 769	4 4 9 6 1 5 7 6 9 8	0 000 103 005	110 418
B MP304 Dr Pixley ka Isaka Seme R MP205 T okwas	- 8 636			47 000			4 070	1 496 242	3 884 845				-	- 61 800	- 64 2.72	30.026	- 32.960	- 34.60.8	4 070 190 783	1 496 95 002	3 884 99 725
	5 499	'				'		'	423	'	'	'	12 000	30 000	31 200		30 000	31 500	17 499	60 000	63 123
B MP307 Govan Mbeki C DC30 Gert Sibande District Municipality														- 10 000							
Total: Gert Sibande Municipalities	14 135			47 000		'	20 843	26 333	33 503		1		222 000	159 598	165 982	80 026	97 0 26	101 877	384 004	282 957	301 362
		,				,	22 5 52	•	1 585	-	- 000 6	- 000 0	•		•	17 000	,	•	39 552	- 000 6	1 585
B MP312 Emaiahlen B MP313 Steve Tshwete							333	2 493	-	-	- 000 7	- 000 7							333	2 493	127
	• •						1 561	3 688	1 088	- 000	- 000	- 000	- 250.000		- 000 800	• •			1 561	3 688	1 088
Dr JS							22 850	52 823	108 430	-	-	-	5 000	10 000	10 400				27 850	62 823	0118 830
C DC31 Nkangala District Municipality Total: Nkang ala Municipalities		· [ '					- 95 799	- 109 256	- 144 683	- 11 000	3 000	3 000	255 000	210 000	- 218 400	- 17 000	•	•	378 799	322 256	366 083
đ																					
MP321 MP324	• •					• •	2 5 4 8 5 7 2 4	2 859 31 089	3 493 11 549	1 000	1 000	1 000	58 042	• •	• •				2 548 64 766	2 859 32 089	3 493 12 549
		• •			•••		15 812 126 019	50 110 92 318	43 117 96 468	1 000 2 000	3 000	3 000				20 000	- 20 000	21 000	16 812 148 019	51 110 115 318	44 117 120 468
DC32 stat: Ehlanzeni							- 150 103	- 176 376	-	4 000	5 000	5 000	- 58 042			20 000	- 20 000	- 21 000	- 232 145	201376	-
Total: Mpumalanga Municipalities	14 135	1	'	47 000	<u>'</u>	'	266 745	311 965	332 813	15 0 00	8 000	8 000	535 042	369 598	384 382	117 026	117 026	122 877	994 948	806 589	848 072

## ALLOCATIONS-IN-KIND TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 6, PART B)

	Municipal	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	Grant	Smart Meters G	rs Grant	Integrated N	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Eskom) Grant	-	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (Technical Assistance)	welopment Partm nical Assistance)	rship Grant	Regional Bulk	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	rant	Water Services Infrastructure Grant	structure Grant		SUB-TOTAL: INDIRECT	DIRECT
	National and A	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	and 7	al Financial Year	National	and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and I	National and Municipal Financial Year	ial Y car	National and N.	National and Municipal Financial Year	Year	National and Municip	and Municipal Financial Year	Natio	National and Municipal Financial Year	Financial Year
Category Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 2026/27 (R'000) (R'000)	27 2027/28 ) (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 2 (R'000) (	2027/28 2 (R'000) (	2025/26 2026/27 (R'000) (R'000)	7 2027/28 ) (R'000)	8 2025/26 (R'000)	5 2026/27 (R'0.00)	2.027/28 (R'000)
NORTHERN CAPE																			
B NC061 Richtersveld																			-
NC062 NC064	4 2 2 0	• •						3/8	• •	• •									
	• •					- 1751		• •	• •	• •								- 1 751	
						7 495		17 101 -									- 74	- 18 073	- 17 101
wa Munici	4 2 2 0					9.768	18 073	17 479				1					- 13.5	88 18.0	3 17.
B NC071 Uhimiti				46 000													- 46 (	00	
						- 79		1 104	•	•	•		•	•			- 19	79	- 1 104
B NC073 Emthanjeni B NC074 Kareeberg	3 473					· ·		• •			• •	• •	• •			5 000 5 3	5 300	- 5 000	- 5 300
	• •	• •						•	• •	• •			• •	• •					
B NC076 Inemocinie B NC077 Siyathemba																			
B NC078 Siyancuma	•					. 3197			• •	•		1 913			30 000 12	12 143 12 7	12 750 35 1	35 110 12 143	3 12.750
U DUC/ FIXIEY Ka seme District Municipality Total: Pixley Ka Seme Municipalities	3 473			46 00 0		3 276		1 104				1 913			30 000 17	143 18 050	50 84 66	62 171	3 19154
B NC082 [Sai] (Garib	6 617					. 22 428			1 000	1 000	1 000								
			•	1		- 55					•	1	•		- 3	3 000 3 2	3 200 55	3 000	3 200
						- 28.015		• •				4 327					- 32.3		
				46 000		9 625		18 414	1 000	1 000	1 000	20 000	100 000	80 000			- 76 625	525 105 830	0 99 414
	- 6.617	•	•	- 46.000		961.09	- 4830	- 18 414	- 000	- 000	2.000		- 100 000	- 80.000		- 64	- 139.07	- 112.830	- 106.814
	/10.0			0.00 0+	'	171 00 -	*	+1+ 01	000.7	7 000	000.7	170 47	000.001	0.00.00	'	+ 0			
B NC091 Sol Plaatjie						36.797	16492	11 157	1 000	1 000	2 000	940				3 000 3 2 3 2 4 0	3 200 38 7	38 737 20 492 270 3 857	2 16.357 7 4.050
												9 960	5 000						
	7 793	• •						846	• •										- 846
Baard N	7 793			,	-	- 37 026	16 492	12 003	1 000	1 000	2 000	10 900	5 000	•	- 6	857 7.2	250 56 7	19 29 349	9 21 253
R ND-451 for Monolouro							2 169										- 21		6
B NC452 Ga-Segonyana	•		•	,		- 57 111		17 949	1 000	1 000	1 000				'		- 58 111	11 1 000	0 18 949
B NC453 Gamagara C DC45 Iohn-Taolo Garcessee District Municipality																			
Totak John Taolo Gaetsewe Municipalities		•			•	- 59 224	2 169	17 949	1 000	1 000	1 000						- 60 224	24 3.1	9 18.
Track Number of any Municipality.	23 103	ľ	ľ	00000		067 091	41 56.4	010 33	4 000	4 000	5 000	37 140	105 0.00	80.000	30.000	217	579 175	199 081	079 163 740
Total: Northern Cape Municipalities	C01 77		'	0.00 7.6		109 421		00 747	4 000	4 000	000 c	3/ I40	000 COT	0.00.05	0C 000 0C	110 000	0.00		
NORTH WEST																			
B NW371 Moretele	•		•	,				10 022	100	1 000	1 000	61 899	62 262	75 152					
B NW372 Madibeng B NW273 Distantance		• •				- 23 865 - 51 281	53 928 10 028	80.770	- 1 000	- 000	2 000	28 112	28 112	29 236 -	17 000 17	17 000 17 850	50 68.977 - 52.281	777 99 040 11 028	0 127.856 8 2.000
B NW374 Kgetlengrivier				,				3 140							20 000 20	20 000 21 000			
B NW375 Moses Kotane C DC37 Boimala Platinum District Municipality	• •		• •					143 783	• •	• •	• •		• •				14 (		
latin	ŀ	ľ	ŀ			- 114 694	101 587	237 715	1 100	2 000	3 000	90 011	90 374	104 388	37 000 37	000 388	50 242 805	805 230.94	1 383 953
				'		. 2 608			•								- 24		
B NW382 Tswaing B NW383 Mafterne								1 268 25 091	- 1 000	-	2 872	• •	• •		• •		- 52		
B NW384 Disobotla	'	'	,		-	- 7120	25 300	20 1 05			'	'	,	'	,	,	- 7120	20 25 300	20105
B NW385 Kamotshere Motioa C DC38 Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality	• •		• •	- 000 0+							• •	52 000	62 000	- 64 480	142 378 142 378	378 148 071			
Total: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities		'	'	46 000	,	- 47 530	142 931	48 686	1 000	1 820	2 872	52 000	62 000	64 480	142 378 142	378 148.0	71 2885	014 349 L	
		,				448		413	,	,	'	,		,					15 413
B NW 393 Mamusa B NW 394 Greater Taung						- 43.		-											
B NW396 Lekwa-Teemane	•	•	•			- 13 521	552 76 57 5	- 848									- 13 521	521 552 765 76 575	2 8 8 48
Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi M ompati Municipalities		'	'	'	,	93 181	66 859	21 031	'			•	1	1	,	,	- 931	81 66.8	9 21 03
NW403				,					2 000	2 000	2 000						- 27.5		.8 2 000
B NW404 Maquassi Hills B NW405 JB Marks	• •		• •			- 212	552 4 186	• •	1 000	1 000	1 000	- 42 000	- 72 000	- 74 880	• •		- 212 - 43 665	212 552 565 77186	2
C DC40 Dr Kenneth Knunda District Municipality									- 000 5	- 000 6	- 000 6		- 000			,			ſ
1 otal: Dr Kenneth Kaunda Municipalities			'	- -	'	CI 0 07 -	076.6	'	000 C	000 C	000 C	47 000	000 7/	/4 350			C10 1/ -	. 66	000 // 070
Total: North West Municipalities	•	'		46 000		- 282 024	319703	307 432	5 100	6 820	8 872	184 011	224 374	243 748	179 378 179	378 1869	021 696 513	513 730 2	5 746

ALLOCATIONS-IN-KIND TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 6, PART B)

							Internated Notic	of Plastifiants	- Doctored a	Matchese and a local D	Inclored Day	and the Court						-			
	Municij	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	re Grant	Smar	Smart Meters Grant		Integrated Nati	Integrated (Vational Electrification Frogramme (Eskom) Grant	DI F TOGRAMMe	Tex (Tex	Neignoournood Development Farthersnip Gram (Technical Assistance)	e)	Regional E	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	Grant	Water Service	Water Services Infrastructure Grant	e Grant	SUB-1	SUB-TOTAL: INDIRECT	c
	Na tional an	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and N	National and Municipal Financial	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	scial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ial Year	National and N	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year
Category Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
WESTERN CAPE						<u> </u>															
A CPT City of Cape Town	'					1	73 642	76 958	91 598	6 000	8 000	8 000					•		79 642	84 958	99 598
B WC011 Matzikama	'			46 000	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	'		46 000	'	
B WC012 Cederberg				46 000			13 454	15 551				•	16016	16 040	16843			•	75470	31 591	16 843
B WC013 Bergrivier B WC014 Seldenbe Rev																				• •	
B WC015 Swartland							172												172		
C DCI West Coast District Municipality Total: West Coast Municipalities	• •			92 000			- 13 626	- 15 551		• •	•		- 16 016	- 16 040	- 16.843		• •		- 121 642	31591	16843
B WC022 Witzenberg						•	1 231	186	•	- 000 e			•	•	•	•	•	•	1 231	186	
В WC023 Drakenstein В WC074 Stallarbosech						• •	3 649	2 125	- 826	2 000	1 000	1 000	• •						5 649 108	2 125	1 000 826
B WC025 Breede Valley				•			864	3 557	186			•		'	•	•	•	•	864	3 557	186
5										1 000	1 000	1 000							1 000	1 000	1 000
C DCZ Cape wirelands District Municipality Total: Cane Winelands Municipalities							5 852	5 868	1 0 12	3 000	2 000	2 000							8 852	7 868	3 012
B WC031 Theewatenskloof	'						2 284	3 040	86	'	,		,		,				2 284	3 040	98
B WC032 Overstrand					•					'	'		'	•		•	•				
B WC033 Cape Agulhas				'	•					•	•		•	•	•	•		•	•	•	'
B WC034 Swellendam C DC3 Overhear District Municipality									• •			• •	• •				• •				
25				,	'	•	2 284	3 040	98	•	'	•	•	•	•	•	•		2 284	3 040	98
				000 5			000												0000		
B WC041 Kannaland B WC042 Hessennia				40.000			659					• •							47.839		
B WC043 Mossel Bay					•					•	•		•			•		•			
B WC044 George				1	•	•	•	' <u>-</u>		3 000	4 000	4 000	•		•	•		•	3 000	4 000	4 000
B WC045 Oudtshoorn B WC047 Bitou							425	8 871	00 11 634										425	8 871	11 634
B WC048 Knysna	'			'		,	,	,		1 000	1 000	2 000		'	•	•	•	•	1 000	1 000	2 000
C DC4 Garden Route District Municipality					•								•	•	•	•	•			•	
Total: Garden Route Municipalities				46 000	•	•	2 9 23	8 9 8 9	11 700	4 000	5 000	9 000	•	'			•	•	52 9 23	13 989	17 700
B WC051 Laingsburg				•																	
WC052						,	•	•		•		•			•	•	•	•	-	•	
B WC053 Beautort West C DC5 Central Karno District Municipal ity																					
Total: Central Karoo Municipalities	•			46 000	•	•	'	'	•	·	•		'	•		•	'	'	46 000	'	
Total: Western Cape Municipalities			-	184 000		•	98 327	110 406	104408	13 000	15 000	16 000	16 0 16	16 040	16843				311 343	141 446	137 251
Unallocated				'	800 000	836176	,	,				,		,	,	,	'	,		800 000	836176
National Total	493 807			650 000	800 000	836 176	2 274 401	2 389 517	2 498 025	99 140	103 683	108 372	3 226 507	3 231 507	3 377 638	1 118 932	1341256	1 401 908	7 862 787	7 865 963	8 222 119

EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICPALITIES

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

#### EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICPALITIES

			EQ	UITABLE SHA	ARE <sup>1</sup>		L ALLOCATIC UNICIPALITI	
			National an	d Municipal Fi	nancial Year	National an	d Municipal Fir	ancial Year
Ca	ategory	Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
EAST	ERN CAI	PE						
А	BUF	Buffalo City	1 296 018	1 365 808	1 427 605	2 271 794	2 389 872	2 480 546
А	NMA	Nelson Mandela Bay	1 637 749	1 739 300	1 817 952	3 439 835	3 197 958	3 352 272
В	EC101	Dr Beyers Naude	126 546	131 231	137 143	194 082	212 717	223 355
В	EC102	Blue Crane Route	73 464	75 684	79 097	142 746	123 935	129 186
В	EC104	Makana	135 052	140 120	146 429	293 034	286 367	304 324
В	EC105	Ndlambe	142 119	147 290	153 935	264 632	254 401	266 772
В	EC106	Sundays River Valley	122 783	127 670	133 431	187 566	203 911	212 754
В	EC108	Kouga	203 533	213 418	223 037	261 101	281 854	290 081
B	EC109	Kou-Kamma	72 001	74 812	78 184	116 728	118 686	131 413
C	DC10	Sarah Baartman District Municipality	113 301	116 246	121 511	118 222	120 192	125 680
		aartman Municipalities	988 799	1 026 471	1 072 767	1 578 111	1 602 063	1 683 565
3	EC121	Mbhashe	325 208	322 794	337 372	473 725	471 527	479 555
B	EC121 EC122	Mnguma	338 795	336 229	351 418	445 349	482 304	467 103
B	EC122 EC123	Great Kei	55 269	55 109	57 592	90 505	84 091	91 156
B	EC123 EC124	Amahlathi	137 520	136 575	142 739	284 449	262 026	206 725
B	EC124 EC126	Ngqushwa	107 397	106 732	111 548	189 247	153 097	164 621
B	EC120	Raymond Mhlaba	225 057	223 260	233 341	380 481	316 983	322 936
С	DC129	Amathole District Municipality	1 206 329	1 277 913	1 335 701	1 914 176	2 053 159	2 148 910
		e Municipalities	2 395 575	2 458 612	2 569 711	3 777 932	3 823 187	3 881 006
В	EC131	Inxuba Yethemba	58 946	59 882	62 572	96 674	93 308	97 307
В	EC135	Intsika Yethu	207 121	205 662	214 947	333 422	296 631	314 618
В	EC136	Emalahleni	160 831	159 658	166 865	282 909	225 605	247 140
В	EC137	Dr. A.B. Xuma	192 980	191 661	200 313	314 787	267 364	282 016
В	EC138	Sakhisizwe	88 464	88 012	91 985	188 758	126 455	141 318
В	EC139	Enoch Mgijima	245 285	245 760	256 916	430 481	343 823	379 189
С	DC13	Chris Hani District Municipality	780 418	827 670	865 112	1 233 738	1 409 432	1 606 145
Total	: Chris Ha	ni Municipalities	1 734 045	1 778 305	1 858 710	2 880 769	2 762 618	3 067 733
В	EC141	Elundini	200 223	199 345	208 353	279 839	281 707	320 113
B	EC141 EC142	Senqu	196 074	195 063	203 877	260 830	265 399	278 112
B	EC142 EC145	Walter Sisulu	82 737	84 017	87 796	126 970	118 896	128 091
C	DC14	Joe Gqabi District Municipality	399 080	422 725	441 851	742 720	863 153	922 803
		bi Municipalities	878 114	901 150	941 877	1 410 359	1 529 155	1 649 119
		•						
В	EC153	Ngquza Hill	344 827	342 387	357 854	456 304	441 819	470 248
В	EC154	Port St Johns	203 130	201 950	211 068	291 052	273 829	295 278
В	EC155	Nyandeni	347 318	345 078	360 666	537 099	474 903	573 355
В	EC156	Mhlontlo	239 367	237 386	248 101	369 351	359 176	334 910
В	EC157	King Sabata Dalindyebo	464 894	466 344	487 511	666 320	634 085	669 684
С	DC15	O.R. Tambo District Municipality	1 266 988	1 346 030	1 406 920	2 375 541	2 452 643	2 366 250
<b>Fotal</b> :	: O.R. Tar	nbo Municipalities	2 866 524	2 939 175	3 072 120	4 695 667	4 636 455	4 709 725
В	EC441	Matatiele	319 324	317 618	331 972	431 712	424 962	441 886
B	EC442	Umzimvubu	288 295	286 246	299 173	430 849	389 061	411 236
B	EC443	Winnie Madikizela-Mandela	357 855	355 590	371 655	513 499	471 910	484 081
B	EC444	Ntabankulu	164 065	162 686	170 026	245 760	218 156	232 281
С	DC44	Alfred Nzo District Municipality	826 799	877 892	917 607	1 491 172	1 607 940	1 713 627
		zo Municipalities	1 956 338	2 000 032	2 090 433	3 112 992	3 112 029	3 283 111
		•						
<b>Fotal</b>	: Eastern	Cape Municipalities	13 753 162	14 208 853	14 851 175	23 167 459	23 053 337	24 107 077

#### EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICPALITIES

			EQ	UITABLE SHA	ARE <sup>1</sup>		L ALLOCATIC UNICIPALITI	
			National an	d Municipal Fi	nancial Year	National an	d Municipal Fi	1ancial Year
Ca	ategory	Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
FREF	E STATE							
А	MAN	Mangaung	1 197 582	1 271 840	1 329 354	2 362 261	2 416 661	2 537 223
в	FS161	Letsemeng	93 781	97 204	101 588	148 047	153 734	155 502
В	FS162	Kopanong	122 114	126 524	132 231	187 818	190 616	197 309
В	FS163	Mohokare	102 636	105 816	110 592	187 811	160 484	170 912
С	DC16	Xhariep District Municipality	52 928	53 850	56 291	62 255	58 485	61 144
Total	: Xhariep	Municipalities	371 459	383 394	400 702	585 931	563 319	584 867
D	EC101	Marilan	173 418	178 538	186 602	271 463	297 809	306 253
B	FS181	Masilonyana	81 778	84 075	87 867	184 258	297 809	205 729
B B	FS182 FS183	Tokologo Tswelopele	105 964	108 938	113 851	184 238	155 515	167 468
В	FS183 FS184	I swelopele Matjhabeng	776 731	816 136	853 071	1 295 908	1 212 081	1 271 338
в В	FS184 FS185	Nala	168 883	174 242	182 105	240 833	246 806	254 797
ь С	DC18	Lejweleputswa District Municipality	156 107	160 201	167 456	161 196	164 199	176 779
		utswa Municipalities	1 462 881	1 522 130	1 590 952	2 301 349	2 278 600	2 382 364
1000	- Lej werep							
В	FS191	Setsoto	277 095	286 477	299 411	632 412	621 497	640 011
В	FS192	Dihlabeng	259 084	270 940	283 206	396 192	413 115	444 962
В	FS193	Nketoana	144 013	148 987	155 712	361 689	355 561	395 205
В	FS194	Maluti-a-Phofung	878 511	904 431	945 424	1 320 249	1 340 389	1 393 081
В	FS195	Phumelela	109 494	112 973	118 070	167 190	170 148	177 401
В	FS196	Mantsopa	121 173	125 225	130 874	170 070	172 054	177 279
С	DC19	Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality	141 227	143 749	150 264	153 315	154 198	162 517
Total	: Thabo M	lofutsanyana Municipalities	1 930 597	1 992 782	2 082 961	3 201 117	3 226 962	3 390 456
В	FS201	Moqhaka	312 705	325 734	340 485	397 371	408 816	430 125
B	FS203	Ngwathe	288 814	298 921	312 464	431 905	470 237	456 737
В	FS204	Metsimaholo	313 545	329 814	344 739	403 883	422 861	444 427
В	FS205	Mafube	140 967	145 579	152 150	203 041	248 185	250 881
С	DC20	Fezile Dabi District Municipality	183 611	190 834	199 466	188 909	195 117	204 069
Total	: Fezile Da	bi Municipalities	1 239 642	1 290 882	1 349 304	1 625 109	1 745 216	1 786 239
				6 4 64 A B B				10 001 110
Total	: Free Stat	te Municipalities	6 202 161	6 461 028	6 753 273	10 075 767	10 230 758	10 681 149
GAU	TENG							
А	EKU	City of Ekurhuleni	5 950 244	6 319 198	6 604 955	9 113 092	9 508 774	9 963 833
А	JHB	City of Johannesburg	8 140 146	8 644 888	9 035 815	12 391 685	13 731 857	13 342 028
А	TSH	City of Tshwane	4 609 036	4 894 827	5 116 174	7 331 222	7 635 014	8 015 726
В	GT421	Emfuleni	1 222 371	1 293 303	1 351 803	1 966 738	2 197 933	2 279 812
В	GT422	Midvaal	184 733	196 031	204 856	345 955	320 422	343 805
В	GT423	Lesedi	229 875	241 409	252 299	333 880	346 932	351 110
С	DC42	Sedibeng District Municipality	320 303	332 642	347 690	331 543	342 328	352 710
Total	: Sedibeng	Municipalities	1 957 282	2 063 385	2 156 648	2 978 116	3 207 615	3 327 437
В	GT481	Mogale City	696 434	739 617	773 063	1 042 954	1 005 877	1 075 441
B	GT481 GT484	Merafong City	326 415	345 087	360 697	459 633	502 395	512 174
B	GT485	Rand West City	497 947	526 106	549 906	767 677	867 946	896 361
C	DC48	West Rand District Municipality	251 142	259 638	271 389	287 550	277 319	282 312
		nd Municipalities	1 771 938	1 870 448	1 955 055	2 557 814	2 653 537	2 766 288
Total	: Gauteng	Municipalities	22 428 646	23 792 746	24 868 647	34 371 929	36 736 797	37 415 312

#### EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICPALITIES

			EQ	UITABLE SHA	ARE <sup>1</sup>		L ALLOCATIO	
			National an	d Municipal Fi	nancial Year	National an	d Municipal Fir	nancial Year
С	ategory	Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
KWA	ZULU-NA	MAL						
A	ETH	eThekwini	5 190 438	5 512 279	5 761 547	8 489 601	8 894 243	9 324 915
в	KZN212	uMdoni	182 765	182 132	190 351	250 075	269 669	264 420
в	KZN213	uMzumbe	169 550	167 994	175 573	228 929	224 053	234 101
В		uMuziwabantu	122 960	122 416	127 946	167 463	162 247	168 182
B		Ray Nkonyeni	308 440	311 402	325 529	481 130	441 349	454 310
C Total	DC21 : Ugu Mur	Ugu District Municipality	706 648 1 490 363	749 499 1 533 443	783 404 1 602 803	1 102 618 2 230 215	1 178 734 2 276 052	1 233 546 2 354 559
		· · · · · ·						
В		uMshwathi	140 792	141 073	147 439	200 319	187 134	196 200
B B		uMngeni	110 135 49 614	113 257 50 022	118 351 52 277	206 464 86 722	171 710 79 200	167 287 85 282
В		Mpofana iMpendle	50 344	50 293	52 563	86 489	69 126	72 040
В		Msunduzi	877 312	926 722	968 645	1 350 167	1 484 665	1 568 055
в		Mkhambathini	87 953	87 957	91 932	127 715	122 689	123 850
в	KZN227	Richmond	98 361	98 418	102 867	130 073	132 227	136 041
С	DC22	uMgungundlovu District Municipality	788 577	831 328	868 929	1 025 775	1 077 709	1 122 289
Total	: uMgung	undlovu Municipalities	2 203 088	2 299 070	2 403 003	3 213 724	3 324 460	3 471 044
в	KZN235	Okhahlamba	166 291	165 338	172 808	229 099	295 316	291 897
В		iNkosi Langalibalele	245 395	244 357	255 390	315 316	347 186	369 281
В	KZN238	Alfred Duma	328 640	329 754	344 721	444 577	450 115	472 627
С	DC23	uThukela District Municipality	650 756	690 588	721 829	976 926	1 034 810	1 093 276
Total	: uThukel:	a Municipalities	1 391 082	1 430 037	1 494 748	1 965 918	2 127 427	2 227 081
в	K 7 N 24 1	eNdumeni	72 758	74 106	77 446	147 750	105 369	106 226
В	KZN241		187 504	186 005	194 404	249 004	244 115	264 493
в		uMsinga	231 369	230 138	240 534	318 045	297 794	313 001
в	KZN245	uMvoti	187 232	187 510	195 984	229 041	257 916	275 409
С	DC24	uMzinyathi District Municipality	550 411	584 003	610 422	876 894	934 192	977 591
Total	: uMzinya	thi Municipalities	1 229 274	1 261 762	1 318 790	1 820 734	1 839 386	1 936 720
в	KZN252	Newcastle	564 171	586 466	613 028	855 046	931 291	928 972
В		eMadlangeni	39 891	39 853	41 646	89 794	66 323	78 669
в	KZN254	Dannhauser	119 752	118 811	124 173	151 666	152 457	175 024
С	DC25	Amajuba District Municipality	231 528	242 022	252 973	398 283	400 819	419 314
Total	: Amajuba	Municipalities	955 342	987 152	1 031 820	1 494 789	1 550 890	1 601 979
в	K 7N261	eDumbe	103 723	103 173	107 831	130 836	148 240	145 803
В		uPhongolo	192 088	191 486	200 141	247 937	239 927	260 145
в		AbaQulusi	217 623	218 270	228 177	360 353	316 268	303 752
в	KZN265	Nongoma	208 990	206 769	216 102	255 537	256 501	278 472
в	KZN266	Ulundi	215 361	212 833	222 440	259 533	268 010	326 140
C	DC26	Zululand District Municipality	710 459	754 150	788 265	1 634 384	1 537 021	1 632 642
Total	: Zululand	Municipalities	1 648 244	1 686 681	1 762 956	2 888 580	2 765 967	2 946 954
в	KZN271	uMhlabuyalingana	241 779	240 607	251 480	374 189	319 903	344 461
в	KZN272		258 138	256 377	267 961	386 830	333 032	388 181
В		Inkosi uMtubatuba	243 711	241 964	252 894	290 020	304 240	332 502
B		Big Five Hlabisa	154 190	153 172	160 093 729 084	191 587	196 622	215 291
C Total	DC27 : uMkhan	uMkhanyakude District Municipality yakude Municipalities	657 203 1 555 021	697 528 1 589 648	1 661 512	1 158 694 2 401 320	1 440 750 2 594 547	1 504 303 2 784 738
. oral	. a. arkitali	,	1 000 021			01.020		_ /01 /00
в	KZN281	uMfolozi	184 853	183 335	191 616	235 067	243 472	255 820
в		uMhlathuze	585 884	612 883	640 629	851 302	859 527	889 206
В		uMlalazi	252 590	250 851	262 170	320 301	343 772	345 333
B B		Mthonjaneni Nkandla	102 124 125 157	101 135 124 030	105 696 129 627	149 333 174 610	133 684 165 255	139 507 177 468
в С	DC28	Nkandla King Cetshwayo District Municipality	759 469	801 943	838 210	1 250 890	1 262 763	1 404 673
_		shwayo Municipalities	2 010 077	2 074 177	2 167 948	2 981 503	3 008 473	3 212 007
в		Mandeni	244 198	243 909	254 934	296 040	302 682	330 421
в		KwaDukuza	289 206	297 144	310 604	368 988	382 254	399 392
в		Ndwedwe	203 077	201 732	210 844	254 605	253 138	263 177
B		Maphumulo	119 392	118 702	124 062	189 460	205 592	186 226
C Total	DC29	iLembe District Municipality	836 610 1 692 483	888 937 1 750 424	929 146 1 829 590	1 173 113 2 282 206	1 248 241 2 391 907	1 306 471 2 485 687
rotal	. iLember	rumerpanues	1 072 403	1 / 50 424	1 027 570	2 202 200	2 371 707	2 103 00/
в	KZN433	Greater Kokstad	87 720	88 864	92 867	135 043	120 562	124 580
в	KZN434	Johannes Phumani Phungula	145 967	145 116	151 669	198 238	197 877	202 461
в		uMzimkhulu	258 619	257 352	268 981	321 437	376 518	349 133
B		Dr Nkosazana Dlamini Zuma	170 119	169 227	176 873	214 560	215 033	227 736
C Total		Harry Gwala District Municipality wala Municipalities	520 871 1 183 296	552 451 1 213 010	577 444 1 267 834	867 447 1 736 725	932 234 1 842 224	975 752 1 879 662
rotal	. narry G	mana municipanties	1 105 270	1 215 010	1 207 054	1 100 123	1 072 227	1 077 002
Total	: KwaZulı	I-Natal Municipalities	20 548 708	21 337 683	22 302 551	31 505 315	32 615 576	34 225 346

## ANNEXURE W7

## EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICPALITIES

		EQ	UITABLE SHA	ARE <sup>1</sup>		L ALLOCATIC UNICIPALITI	
		National an	d Municipal Fi	nancial Year	National an	d Municipal Fi	ancial Year
Category	Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
LIMPOPO		()	(	(11 000)	(	(	( ***)
B LIM3	1 Greater Giyani	395 772	393 730	411 529	505 694	498 668	538 206
	32 Greater Letaba	385 207	383 494	400 830	492 469	477 627	500 097
B LIM33	3 Greater Tzaneen	555 351	556 034	581 276	714 820	724 543	761 269
	4 Ba-Phalaborwa	217 276	217 139	226 946	268 192	299 257	310 054
	5 Maruleng	173 600	172 943	180 759	216 102	215 788	226 994
C DC33	Mopani District Municipality ii Municipalities	1 427 429 3 154 635	1 517 993 3 241 333	1 586 656 3 387 996	2 485 776 4 683 053	2 781 496 4 997 379	2 973 553 5 310 173
Total, Mopai	muncipantics	0 101 000	0211000	0001770	1.000.000		0010110
B LIM34	1 Musina	232 657	234 498	245 105	274 409	290 072	302 487
B LIM34		624 846	624 329	652 565	845 394	828 158	857 869
B LIM34		512 943 513 377	513 230 511 779	536 530 534 922	680 191 636 687	650 148 645 475	685 985 681 713
<ul> <li>B LIM34</li> <li>C DC34</li> </ul>	<ul><li>5 Collins Chabane</li><li>4 Vhembe District Municipality</li></ul>	1 567 856	1 668 368	1 743 836	2 393 586	2 680 564	2 806 189
	e Municipalities	3 451 679	3 552 204	3 712 958	4 830 267	5 094 417	5 334 243
	·						
	1 Blouberg	245 311 186 922	243 904 185 928	254 923 194 330	324 089	329 690	342 167 262 768
	<ul><li>3 Molemole</li><li>54 Polokwane</li></ul>	1 481 181	1 548 132	1 618 222	274 854 2 443 537	246 297 2 693 827	2 737 683
	55 Lepele-Nkumpi	334 363	331 775	346 767	423 796	424 789	440 593
C DC3		856 194	902 666	943 499	1 294 602	1 347 826	1 412 277
Total: Capric	orn Municipalities	3 103 971	3 212 405	3 357 741	4 760 878	5 042 429	5 195 488
B LIM30	51 Thabazimbi	155 651	164 825	172 248	321 239	292 615	309 797
	52 Lephalale	254 203	265 671	277 699	399 535	438 181	437 116
	66 Bela-Bela	144 284	150 131	156 905	290 836	292 094	300 712
B LIM36	7 Mogalakwena	627 028	644 158	673 359	1 079 349	1 012 027	1 001 515
	8 Modimolle-Mookgophong	162 022	168 891	176 538	352 402	345 826	359 187
C DC30		158 221	162 671	170 036	161 821	166 485	174 168
Total: Water	berg Municipalities	1 501 409	1 556 347	1 626 785	2 605 182	2 547 228	2 582 495
B LIM47	1 Ephraim Mogale	201 450	200 603	209 670	260 570	252 503	267 751
	2 Elias Motsoaledi	375 890	373 396	390 275	495 029	463 902	490 208
	73 Makhuduthamaga	361 580	359 305	375 542	462 094	464 670	493 051
B LIM47 C DC47	<ul><li>76 Fetakgomo Tubatse</li><li>77 Sekhukhune District Municipality</li></ul>	615 561 1 209 760	612 026 1 285 864	639 826 1 344 030	822 171 1 961 984	808 159 1 975 281	866 517 2 067 575
	khune Municipalities	2 764 241	2 831 194	2 959 343	4 001 848	3 964 515	4 185 102
Total: Limno	po Municipalities	13 975 935	14 393 483	15 044 823	20 881 228	21 645 968	22 607 501
MPUMALAN							
		455.000	167.064	400.170	004.554	010 550	0.50 0.55
	1 Chief Albert Luthuli 2 Msukaligwa	455 222 285 986	467 064 300 145	488 170 313 730	894 554 461 486	919 772 569 964	952 977 602 882
	2 Msukaligwa 3 Mkhondo	366 077	378 280	395 368	677 556	607 962	633 675
B MP30		172 696	177 909	185 942	251 826	268 819	278 118
	5 Lekwa	189 719	199 105	208 117	425 517	348 062	359 928
	6 Dipaleseng	109 806	113 360	118 480	148 135	209 526	219 224
B MP30		492 462 346 259	522 997 360 387	546 648 376 687	637 771 384 452	655 863 381 525	689 737 399 052
C DC30 Total: Gert S	) Gert Sibande District Municipality ibande Municipalities	2 418 227	2 519 247	2 633 142	3 881 297	<b>3 961 493</b>	4 135 593
Totali Geres	in an						
	1 Victor Khanye	157 131	163 869	171 264	230 177	207 435	218 272
	2 Emalahleni 2 Steve Theoret	645 069 376 470	685 067 200 813	716 046	891 020	925 794	972 290
<ul> <li>B MP31</li> <li>B MP31</li> </ul>	<ul><li>3 Steve Tshwete</li><li>4 Emakhazeni</li></ul>	376 470 96 841	399 813 100 552	417 893 105 084	473 001 164 767	539 478 185 408	568 663 186 385
	5 Thembisile Hani	609 976	627 342	655 779	1 260 212	1 119 230	1 147 307
	6 Dr JS Moroka	531 174	542 275	566 783	735 468	772 997	861 488
C DC3		424 084	440 950	460 896	435 114	449 823	470 089
rotal: Nkang	ala Municipalities	2 840 745	2 959 868	3 093 745	4 189 759	4 200 165	4 424 494
B MP32	1 Thaba Chweu	233 841	244 747	255 788	368 539	411 144	428 827
B MP32		864 636	890 463	930 823	1 316 895	1 280 942	1 338 319
	5 Bushbuckridge	1 151 556	1 183 178	1 236 813	1 711 180	1 838 693	1 903 289
B MP32	-	1 182 249	1 238 155	1 294 202	1 827 729	1 858 477	1 943 609
C DC32 Total: Ehlanz	2 Ehlanzeni District Municipality zeni Municipalities	309 567 3 741 849	317 820 3 874 363	332 213 4 049 839	318 352 5 542 695	324 903 5 714 159	340 625 5 954 669
- vinit Elitaliz		5				2 / 1 / 10/	2 70 . 007
Total: Mpum	alanga Municipalities	9 000 821	9 353 478	9 776 726	13 613 751	13 875 817	14 514 756

## ANNEXURE W7

## EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICPALITIES

		EQ	UITABLE SHA	RE <sup>1</sup>		L ALLOCATIO UNICIPALITII	
		National an	d Municipal Fi	nancial Year	National an	d Municipal Fir	ancial Year
Category	Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
NORTHERN	CAPE						
B NC061	Richtersveld	27 494	28 349	29 618	48 345	40 313	60 994
B NC062		70 976	74 211	77 546	103 011	116 540	131 302
B NC064	-	34 449	35 030	36 603	45 628	47 576	49 467
B NC065 B NC066		37 702 35 879	39 326 37 040	41 088 38 701	62 900 81 853	75 747 50 542	84 053 52 586
B NC067	-	29 846	30 690	32 065	59 692	89 337	63 111
C DC6	Namakwa District Municipality	60 495	62 479	65 307	65 899	68 139	71 226
Total: Namak	wa Municipalities	296 841	307 125	320 928	467 328	488 194	512 739
B NC071	l Ubuntu	53 718	55 080	57 561	139 653	88 470	80 552
B NC072		75 927	78 164	81 688	117 414	95 291	115 507
B NC072		66 014	68 584	71 668	110 024	117 833	103 359
B NC074	-	38 265	39 006	40 759	51 334	58 423	70 891
B NC075	5 Renosterberg	36 674	37 458	39 143	58 166	62 148	52 158
B NC076		38 960	39 871	41 662	58 342	55 102	72 343
B NC077	-	49 712	51 220	53 525 73 626	85 725	85 068	71 944
B NC078 C DC7	8 Siyancuma Pixley Ka Seme District Municipality	68 310 64 298	70 453 65 476	73 626 68 443	138 010 70 881	123 204 71 167	129 427 74 399
	Vixley Ka Seme District Municipality Ka Seme Municipalities	491 878	505 312	528 075	829 549	756 706	770 580
- And I							
B NC082	2 !Kai !Garib	134 467	141 097	147 456	215 902	187 124	193 696
B NC084		37 617	38 432	40 157	62 651	68 129	60 576
B NC085		61 881 36 756	64 676 38 188	67 585 39 902	129 312	105 794	97 812 54 461
B NC086 B NC087	0	36 756 132 416	38 188 139 518	39 902 145 784	68 568 312 622	52 353 320 214	54 461 323 756
C DC8	Z.F. Mgcawu District Municipality	85 135	87 546	91 510	90 970	92 361	96 583
	gcawu Municipalities	488 272	509 457	532 394	880 025	825 975	826 884
B NC091	-	301 722	319 228	333 668	1 037 572	1 011 233	933 806
B NC092		126 626	130 021	135 893	177 704	170 570	173 928
B NC093 B NC094	0 0	66 283 146 309	67 668 150 295	70 720 157 081	103 213 220 529	104 102 234 940	109 511 251 691
C DC9	Frances Baard District Municipality	143 719	149 126	155 873	153 069	158 417	165 402
	s Baard Municipalities	784 659	816 338	853 235	1 692 087	1 679 262	1 634 338
B NC451	0	194 285	197 698	206 627	323 076	332 393	356 409
B NC452	0.0	251 740	258 554	270 234	455 830	407 070	469 099
B NC453 C DC45	6	70 911 112 384	75 228 116 002	78 608 121 254	98 240 120 409	128 679 124 134	137 560 129 595
	aolo Gaetsewe Municipalities	629 320	647 482	676 723	997 555	992 276	1 092 663
Total: Northe	rn Cape Municipalities	2 690 970	2 785 714	2 911 355	4 866 544	4 742 413	4 837 204
NORTH WES	T						
B NW37	1 Moretele	479 741	490 420	512 589	758 837	768 618	810 871
B NW372	2 Madibeng	1 183 275	1 237 523	1 293 548	1 638 894	1 733 463	1 837 430
B NW37	-	1 237 278	1 313 997	1 373 417	1 891 327	1 946 902	2 042 114
B NW37		144 387	150 212	156 996	199 945 865 394	223 865	218 709
<ul> <li>B NW37:</li> <li>C DC37</li> </ul>		615 410 418 202	630 781 431 687	659 284 451 229	865 394 424 463	898 503 436 586	1 069 563 456 358
	la Platinum Municipalities	4 078 293	4 254 620	4 447 063	5 778 860	6 007 937	6 435 045
	1 Ratlou	168 617	168 031	175 624	211 425	211 939	218 901
	2 Tswaing	161 456	162 076	169 394	206 711	246 631	218 473
	3 Mafikeng	384 323	386 536	404 077	538 252	554 338	540 646
	4 Ditsobotla 5 Ramotshere Moiloa	188 959 244 281	191 216 243 688	199 888 254 702	245 255 348 270	270 879 309 553	276 721 315 784
B NW38: C DC38		1 178 333	243 688 1 251 331	1 307 925	348 270 1 742 005	309 553 1 853 052	315 /84 1 937 023
	Modiri Molema Municipalities	2 325 969	2 402 878	2 511 610	3 291 918	3 446 392	3 507 548
	2 Naledi	74 221	75 278	78 667	143 752	119 868	116 827
B NW39		76 360	76 645	80 103	103 865	110 761	118 980
	4 Greater Taung	255 808	254 050	265 525	390 268	351 539	346 824
	6 Lekwa-Teemane	69 843 160 479	70 454 159 588	73 631 166 797	109 065 218 006	92 494 228 561	99 882 219 885
B NW39 C DC39	7 Kagisano-Molopo Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality	536 572	568 513	594 232	1 290 738	1 280 284	1 318 403
	h Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities	1 173 283	1 204 528	1 258 955	2 255 694	2 183 507	2 220 801
	3 City of Matlosana	682 357	719 110	751 647	944 098	970 022	995 036
	4 Maquassi Hills	189 119	195 331	204 152	298 322	319 116	320 978
	5 JB Marks	438 648	463 132	484 084	656 296	720 720	762 199
C DC40 Total: Dr Ken	Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality meth Kaunda Municipalities	225 076 1 535 200	233 146 1 610 719	243 695 1 683 578	235 271 2 133 987	241 362 2 251 220	248 147 2 326 360
	West Municipalities	9 112 745	9 472 745	9 901 206	13 460 459	13 889 056	14 489 754
. Jtan. 1101 til		× 114 / TJ	2 1 1 1 1 1 2	2 201 200	10 100 437	10 007 000	····/////0+

## ANNEXURE W7

## EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICPALITIES

			EQ	UITABLE SHA	ARE <sup>1</sup>		L ALLOCATIO IUNICIPALITI	
			National an	d Municipal Fi	nancial Year	National an	d Municipal Fi	nancial Year
Ca	ategory	Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
WEST	FERN CA	PE						
А	CPT	City of Cape Town	4 693 517	4 984 545	5 209 949	9 589 693	9 963 287	8 901 514
В	WC011	Matzikama	87 329	92 419	96 577	186 197	163 065	163 670
В		Cederberg	75 765	79 593	83 179	183 431	165 413	174 846
В		Bergrivier	73 095	77 558	81 046	103 807	100 552	109 914
В	WC014	Saldanha Bay	148 477	157 408	164 489	175 372	193 024	201 580
В	WC015	-	165 310	175 560	183 499	232 922	225 521	235 598
С	DC1	West Coast District Municipality	112 557	116 191	121 450	118 193	120 494	125 992
Total:	West Coa	ast Municipalities	662 533	698 729	730 240	999 922	968 069	1 011 600
			156 647	1// 2/0	172.002	102 (20	107 705	210.074
В	WC022	Witzenberg	156 647	166 360	173 883	192 620	197 725	210 974
В	WC023	Drakenstein	248 963	264 400	276 357	865 038	551 867	355 212
B	WC024	Stellenbosch	231 793	246 166	257 298	312 521	311 637	319 107
B	WC025	Breede Valley	187 489 121 625	199 115 128 686	208 119 134 475	270 318 185 268	297 030 174 131	282 521 172 315
B	WC026	Langeberg	273 881	285 531	298 444	279 513	290 028	303 189
C	DC2	Cape Winelands District Municipality						
1 otal:	Cape wi	nelands Municipalities	1 220 398	1 290 258	1 348 576	2 105 278	1 822 418	1 643 318
В	WC031	Theewaterskloof	150 030	158 221	165 379	187 812	203 396	209 414
В	WC032	Overstrand	179 268	188 717	197 218	260 073	254 660	238 693
В	WC033	Cape Agulhas	45 807	48 275	50 443	61 818	65 352	68 111
В	WC034		49 412	52 116	54 458	117 631	95 140	78 565
С	DC3	Overberg District Municipality	88 359	90 667	94 774	93 966	95 116	99 469
Total:	Overberg	g Municipalities	512 876	537 996	562 272	721 300	713 664	694 252
_			20.072	10.250	10 100	104.005		05.150
В	WC041		38 962	40 378	42 196	106 035	56 127	95 178
В		Hessequa	67 378	71 173	74 368	87 000	92 885	100 896
B	WC043	Mossel Bay	148 459	156 434 263 142	163 471 275 041	194 732	194 303 480 923	202 941 502 932
B	WC044	0	247 778 108 291	113 336	118 431	596 359 152 328	152 930	159 413
B B	WC045 WC047	Oudtshoorn Bitou	161 287	167 903	175 487	192 328	209 319	221 001
В		Knysna	137 908	144 582	151 096	204 034	195 977	218 494
ь С		Garden Route District Municipality	188 026	194 908	203 727	194 162	199 081	212 133
Total:		Route Municipalities	1 098 089	1 151 856	1 203 817	1 726 987	1 581 545	1 712 988
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
В	WC051	Laingsburg	23 296	23 924	24 999	63 496	36 136	54 355
В	WC052	Prince Albert	31 301	32 286	33 738	41 397	49 970	47 638
В	WC053	Beaufort West	92 780	96 452	100 801	209 395	154 017	126 121
С	DC5	Central Karoo District Municipality	39 084	39 585	41 389	43 712	43 140	45 205
Total:	Central I	Karoo Municipalities	186 461	192 247	200 927	358 000	283 263	273 319
Total	Western	Cape Municipalities	8 373 874	8 855 631	9 255 781	15 501 180	15 332 246	14 236 991
Unallo		Cupe Autopunites		-		395 054	3 235 400	3 492 696
Natio	nal Total		106 087 022	110 661 361	115 665 537	167 838 686	175 357 368	180 607 786

1. Includes equitable share formula allocations, RSC levies replacement and special contribution towards councillor remuneration, but excludes the sharing of the general fuel levy with metropolitan municipalities. (See Appendix W1)

## APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

## (EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RSC LEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTEES + BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

APPENDIX WI APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS+ RSC LEVTES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTES + BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

	Eau	Equitable Share Formula	ula	RSCLe	RSC Levies Replacement		Special Support for Councillor Remuneration	- Councillor Rem	uneration	BREA	BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES	ABLE SHARE 1	70R DISTRIC	7 MUNICIPALIT	TES AUTHORI	SED FOR SERVIC	CES	TOL	TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO	VS TO
							and Wa	and Ward Committees	+										MUNICIPALITIE	s
	National a	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and A	- han	aal Year	National and M	Financ		Wational and Mur	National and Municipal Financial Year	+	al and Municipal I	Wational and Municipal Financial Year	+	Wational and Municipal Financial Year	- Defense	National	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year
Category Municipality	(R'000)	2026/2/ (R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(B (000) (R (00)) (R (000) (R (00) (R (00)) (R (00) (R (00) (R (00)) (R (00)) (R (00)) (R (00)) (R (00)) (R (0)	(R'000) (	(R'000)	1	2025/26 R (000)	+	~		+	70		(R'000)	20202/ (R'000)	(R'000)
EASTERN CAPE																				
A BUF Buffalo City	1 296 018	1 365 808	1 427 605	•														1 296 018	1 365 808	1 427 605
	1 63 7 749	1 739 300	1 817 952										,							1 817 95
10101	120 071	70L 3CI	000001				5 715	5 01 5	101.2									715 761	121 721	J 1 2 2 1
B EC101 Dr Beyers Naude R EC107 Blue Crane Route	70 654	72 761	76 058				2 8 10	2 923 2 923	3 039	, ,								73 464	75 684	79 097
EC104	128 592	133 402	139 445	,	,		6 4 60	6 718	6 984	,		,		,				135 052	140 120	146429
	137 356	142 336	148 784	•	•		4 763	4 954	5 151	•	•							142 119	147 290	153 935
	118 973	123 707	129 310	,	,		3 8 10	3 963	4 121	,	•			,		•	•	122 783	127 670	133 431
B EC108 Kouga B EC109 Kourkanna	68 968	/86 CD7	215 510 74 902				3.033	3 156	1.121									203 255	213 418 74 812	78 184
	35 551	35 144	36741	77 750	81 102	84 770			-									113 301	116 246	121 511
Total: Sarah Baartman Municipalities	877 314	910 279	951 512	77 750	81 102	84 770	33 735	35 090	36 485	•	•	 	   	•	   	•		988 799	1 026 471	1 072 767
10100	310.176	307150	311.115				15.032	15 635	16.756	118.381	74.072	212 815		77 470	- 134	134 640 80 983	2	306 205	107 705	227 272
B EC121 Monume	323 763	320 594	335 162				15 032	15 635	16 256	123 437	77 235	- 134317		80.788			2 4	338 795	336 229	351 418
	51 954	51 660	54 006		,		3 3 15	3 449	3 586	16 141	10 099	- 17 563		10 564	- 18		12	55 269	55 109	57 592
	130 376	129144	135 012		•		7 144	7 43 1	7 727	46 3 63	29 010	- 50 450		30 344	- 52			137 520	136 575	142 739
	101 890	101 005	105 594	•	•	'	5 507	5 727	5 954	34 972	21 882	- 38(		22 888	- 39		24 -	107 397	106 732	111 548
B EC129 Raymond Mhlaba	214311 679.446	212 083 728 311	221 721 761 746			- 274 455	10 746	- 11 177	11 620	78 645	49 208	- 85 576		51 472		89 446 53 799		225 057	1 777 913	233 341
1	1811916	1849 956	1 933 857	526 883	549 602	574 455	56 776	59 054	61 399	417 939	261 507	- 454 775		273 536	- 475	475 340 285 905		2 395 575	2 458 612	2 569 711
	100	CC 100	7 60 84				1001	0.01		00,00				0.00	2		2	1000		~~~~~
	100 +5	52 4 CC	066/6				4 280	4 4 5 4	10.817	181 22	45 700			15 /35		090 61 500 77 50 080 77 50	8 6	046 80		2/ C 70
B EC135 Intstka rethu B EC136 Emalahleni	152 735	151 236	158 108				8 096	8 422	8 757	54 786	34 280	- 59.615		35 857	62		2 82	160 831	159 658	166 865
	183 094	181 375	189 616			,	9886	10 286	10 697	67 517	42 245	- 73 467		44 189	- 76		- 25	192 980		200313
	84 386	83 771	87 577	•	'	•	4 0 78	4 241	4 408	28 345	17 735	- 30 843		18 551	- 32	32 238 19 390	- 06	88 464	88 012	91 985
	245 285	245 760	256.916	-	- 000 201	-	•			115 135	72 040	- 1251		75 354	- 130		-	245 285	245 760	256.916
C DCI3 Chris Hani District Municipality	500 50 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	/00.650	1 606 631	0// 171	070/71	132 /04	- 34 2.40	- 10 22				- 200.002			- 110		•	1 734 045	1 779 305	711 020 1
Total: Chris Hani Municipalities	176 0/01	1 013 473	1 080 031	0// 171	070/71	132 /04	30.348	3/812	616.66	30/ 394	000 057			240 580	- 418	C0F 1C7 120 214	g	1 /34 045	SUE 8// 1	1/ 900 1
B EC141 Elundini	192 127	190 923	199 596				8 096	8 422	8 757	74 868	46 846	- 81 467		49 000	- 85	51 216 51 216		200 223	199 345	208 353
	187 978	186 641	195 120				8 096	8 422	8 757	72 001	45 052	- 78		47 124	- 81	81 890 49 25		196 074	195 063	203 877
B EC145 WatterSisulu C DC14 Too Gooki Diercier Municipality	346.065	78 232 367 424	384.049	53 015	- 55 301	57.802		- c8/ c	- 10 9	41 032		- 44 049					- · ·	399.080	84 017 422 725	8/ 796 441 851
bi.	803 347	823 220	860 544	53 015	55 301	57 802	21 752	22 629	23 531	187 902	117 571	- 204 463		122 979	- 213	213 709 128 541	- 11	878 114	901 150	941877
	270.507	153 965	171 271				076.51	15 952	16.492	70.056	0.05 82	120 751		157	144	210 24		249.077	795 CVE	157 951
B EC153 Ngquzarmu B EC154 PortSt.Johns	193 813	192 259	200 994				9317	169.6	10 074	73 609	46 058	260.08 -		48 176	E 28			203 130		211 068
	332 078	329 225	344 183		,		15 240	15 853	16483	129 661	81 130	- 141 089		861	- 147		- 66	347 318		360 666
	227 192	224 723	234 936		•		12 175	12 663	13 165	83 370	52 165	- 90.718		54 564	- 94			239 367	237 386	248 101
B EC157 King Sabata Dalindyebo	464 894	466 344	487.511	- 100 721	- 028 271	-				222 567	139 261	- 242 183		145 667	- 253	253 135 152 254		1 766 000	466 344	1 406 020
Total: O.R. Tambo Municipalities	2 676 668	2 741 285	2 865 581	137 884	143 830	150 334	51 972	54 060	56 205	636 263	398 113	- 692 341		416 426	- 723	723 649 435 257		2 866 524	2 939 175	3 072 120
	306 465	304 242	318 064	•	•		12 859	13 376	13 908	121 555	76 057	- 132 268		79 556	- 138	138 250 83 154		319 324	317.618	331 972
EC442	801 C/Z	265 272	284.978	'	'	'	13 12/	15 054	14 195	104 834	64 608 64 608	- 114		219	- 115		- -	267 227	280.240	11 667
B EC443 Winne Madikizela-Mandela B EC444 Nishendulu	154 461	157 693	222 172				9 604	0 003	10 465	1.34 202 54 036	33.810	- 140 095 -		35366	- 19	122 /02 15 15 16 15 15 16 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15		164 065	162 686	200 1/ 5
	742 530	789 990	825 730	84 269	87 902	21877	,				,				,			826799	877 892	617 607
Total: Alfred Nzo Municipalities	1 821 239	1 859 254	1 943 577	84 269	87 902	91877	50 830	52 876	54 979	414 686	259 471	- 451 235		271 407	- 471	471 640 283 680	- 08	1 956 338	2 000 032	2 090 433
Total: Eastorn Cana Municipalities	12 500 178	12 902 575	13 487 259	1 001 571	1 044 757	1 092 002	251 413	261 521	271 914	2 0 24 383 1	1 266 667	- 2 202 808	808 1 324 934	934	- 2.302.420	42.0 1 384 848	18	13 753 162	14 208 853	14 851 175
communication and a support of the support												-			-		2			

APPENDIX W1 APPENDIX V1 (EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RSC LEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR CONCULJOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTES + BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

							£		AUTHURISED FOR SERVICES)	(ca)											
	Equ	Equitable Share Formula	mula	RS	RSC Levies Replacement	ment	Special Support and V	Special Support for Councillor Remuneration and Ward Committees	temuneration	B	BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES	EQUITABLE.	SHARE FOR D	ISTRICT MUNK	IPALITES AU	THORISED FC	OR SERVICES		TOTAL	TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES	TO
	National a	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National a	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	sial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ial Year
Catacore Municipality	2 0 2 5 / 2 6	2026/27	2027/28	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	Water	Sanitation	Refuse	Water	Sanitation	Refuse	Water	Sanitation	Refuse	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28
	(R'000)	(R '0 00)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	2	2025/26 R'(000)		2	2026/27 R'(000)		2	2027/28R'(000)		(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
FREE STATE																					
A MAN Mangaung	1 197 582	1 271 840	1 329 354					•	•						•		1		1 197 582	1 271 840	1 329 354
B FS161 Letsemene	90 466	93 755	98 002				3 315	3 449	3 586										93 781	97 204	101 588
	117 788	122 023	127 551	'		1	4 326	4 501	4 680	'		•	'		'	'	1		122 114	126 524	132 231
	99 321	102 367	107 006				3 315	3 449	3 586	•	•	•	•	'	•	•	•		102 636	105 816	110 592
C DC16 Xhariep District Municipality	24 312	23 991	25 081			27 569	3 330	3 483	3 641	'		•	'	'	'	'			52 928	53 850	56291
1 otal: Ahariep Municipalities	100 100	001 740	040/00	007 07	0/0 07	600 17	14 700	14 00 2	064 CI	•	•		•		•	•			60+ T/C	P6C C0C	400 /07
	168 863	173 802	181 679				4 555	4 736	4 9 2 3		•	•	•		•	•			173 418	178 538	186 602
B FS182 Tokologo B FS182 Tamologo	/8 403	80 626	109 171				5155	5 449 4 501	5 580 4 680										8//18	C/U 48 108 938	8/86/
	776 731	816 136	853 071				-	1007											776 731	816 136	853 071
	163 168	168 297	175 924			1	5 715	5 945	6 181	•	'	•		'	•	•	•	1	168 883	174 242	182105
	49 993	49 511	51 761	106 114	110690	115 695	-		-	•	•		•	•		•		•	156 107	160 201	167456
Total: Lejweleputswa Municipalities	000 000 1	609 760 1	/ 99 CC+ 1		060 011	e60 e11	116/1	10 01	0/06		,				'				1 90 70+ 1	001 770 1	766 066 1
	2.69.207	278 273	290 882				7 888	8 204	8529		•								277 095	286 477	299 411
	259 084	270 940	283 206	'	'	1	1 1	' .		1	'	•	'	'	'	1	1	•	259 084	270 940	283 206
	139 727	004.421	151 076				4 286	4 459	4 636										144 013 *7* 511	004.421	155 712 045 474
B FS194 Maluft-a-Photung B FS195 Phinnelela	105 450	108 765	474 CHG				4 044	4 208	4 376			• •				• •			00 494	904 4.51 112 973	118070
	116 887	120766	126 238				4 286	4 459	4 636	'		•							121 173	125 225	130874
	70 059	69 512	72 670	71 168	74 237	77 594													141 227	143 749	150 264
Total: Thabo Mofutsanyana Municipalities	1 838 925	1 897 215	1 983 190	71168	74 237	77 594	20 504	21 330	22177	•			•			•			1 930 597	1 992 782	2 082 961
n ICS31 B	312.705	275 734	340.485									,							312 705	375 734	340.485
	288 814	298 921	312 464																288 814	298 921	312 464
	313 545	329 814	344 739			'	,			,			,			,	1		313 545	329814	344 739
	136 889	141 338	147 742			1	4 078	4 241	4 408		•	•	•	'	•	•		1	140 967	145 579	152150
C DC20 Fezile Dabi District Municipality	13 678	13 574	14 190		177260	185 276	-			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	183 61 1	190 834	199466
Total: Fezile Dabi Municipalities	1 0 65 631	1109 381	1 159 620	169 933	177 260	185 276	4 078	4 241	4 4 08	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			1 239 642	1 290 882	1 349 304
Total: Free State Municipalities	5 772 881	6 013 381	6 285 691	372501	388 563	406 134	56 779	59 084	61448	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			6 202 161	6 461 028	6 753 273
GAUTENG																					
	6 050 740	901 012 9	2 20 102 2									,		,					5 050 744	6 210 100	5 60 4 0 5 5
A ENO CUY OF EAUTIMENT A JHB City of Johannesburg	8 140 146	8644888	9 035 815																8 140 146	8 644 888	9 035 815
	4 609 036	4894827	5 116 174									•			•				4 609 036	4 894 827	5 116 174
	120 000 1	COC COC 1	CV0 13C 1																120 000 1	COC COC 1	CU 0 1 2 C 1
B G1421 Emitten B GT402 Mid-mail	177 589	1.88 600	197 129				7 144	7 431	7 77 7										1/5 222 1	196 031	204.856
	223 684	234 969	245 603				6 191	6 440	6 69 6										229 875	241 409	252.299
C DC42 Sedibeng District Municipality	30 863	30 722	32 117	289 440	301 920	315 573	•	•		'		•					1		320 303	332 642	347 690
Total: Sedibeng Municipalities	1 654 507	1 747 594	1 826 652	289 440	301920	315 573	13 335	13 871	14 423	•	•	•		•	•	•	•		1 957 282	2 063 385	2 156 648
R GT481 Monetle Crity	696434	739 617	773 063			,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,			696 434	739 617	773 063
B GT484 Merafone City	326 415	345 087	360 697	'	,	,	,			'	,	,	,	,	,	,	,		326 415	345 087	360 697
B GT485 Rand West City	497 947	526106	549 906		'	'	'	•	•	'	•		•	•	•	,	1	1	497 947	526 106	549906
C DC48 West Rand District Municipality	53 050	53 005	55 41 1	198 092	206633	215 978		•	•	•		•			•				251 142	259 638	271389
Total: West Rand Municipalities	1 573 846	1663815	1 739 077	198 092	206 633	215978		•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	1 771 938	1 870 448	1 955 055
Total: Guitene Municina lities	21 927 779	23 270 322	24 322 673	487 532	508 553	531551	13 335	13 871	14 423	•		•	•	•		•	•		22 428 646	23 792 746	24 868 647
TOTAL OR BUSIESS AND A DESCRIPTION						1				1	-					1		1		-	

APPENDIX WI APPENDIX WI (EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RSC LEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATIONS AND MAD VAND VAN VAND COMMITTES + BREADOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

l							AULE	IORISED FU	AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)	S)										
1	Equi	Equitable Share Formula	mula	RSC Levie		. W	Special Support for Councillor Remuneration and Ward Committees	Committees		BREA	BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES	TABLESHA	RE FOR DISTRIC	T MUNICIPALIT	TIES AUTHOR	ISED FOR SERVIC	CES	W	NUNCEPALINES	510
Catecory Municipality	2025/26	National and Municipal Financial Year 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28	2027/28	2 025/26	actpat Financ		National and Municipal Financial Year           2025/26         2026/27         2027/28	2026/27 20		Water San	National and Municipal Financial Year Water Sanitation Refuse		Water Sanitation	Watter Sanitation Refuse		S	r Refuse	2025/26	National and Municipal Financial Year 025/26 2026/27 2027/28	2027/28
Constant Constant Constant	(R '000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(000,	_	_	_	(000)	2025/.	/26 R' (000)		2026/27.1	( <i>000</i> )		2027/28 R'(00	00)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
NWAZULU-NAIAL A FTH eThebuild	5 190 438	5 512 279	5 761 547	,			,			,								5 190 438	5 512 279	5 761 547
	100 000	200 000	000 000				100	201.0	0000									272.001	001.001	100.001
	159 664	157 708	164 876				9 886	10 286	10 697		42 223 34489		59 979 36 36 379 36	920 92 36 076				169 550	167 994	175 573
4 uMu 6 Ray	117 929 308 440	311 402	122 507 325 529	1.1			5 031	5 232 -	5 439 -	43 075 162 333	26952 101 572			8 192 5 245	- 48	48 991 29 467 184 628 1111 049	57	122 960 308 440	311402	127 946 325 529
C DC21 Ugu District Municipality Total: Ugu Municipalities	590 710 1 350 667	628 562 1 387 793	656 998 1 450 702	115 938	120 937 120 937	126 406 126 406	- 23.758	- 24713	- 25 695	329 623	- 206 247	· ·	- 215	-			- 00	706 648 1 490 363	749 499	783 404 1 602 803
	000 101		140.425				1 400	010 /	1007	20.000	20.200	_		- 0.444			,	002011	0001111	140 400
B KZN221 uMshwathi B KZN222 uMngeni	104 152	134355 107034	140 455				6 460 5 983	6 718 6 223	6 984 6 469	58 026 67 736	36 307 42 383		63 140 37 73 707 44	37 977 44 333	- LL -	65 995 39 695 77 040 46 337	37	140 792	141 073 113 257	147 439 118 351
	47 087		49 542				2 527	2 630	2 735	19 854	12 423 ° ° 7°			12 994	- 22	22.581 13.582 16.137 0.706	32	49 614 50 344	50.022	52 277 57 563
B KZN225 Msunduzi B KZN225 Msunduzi	877 312		968 645	• •			-	-	-		-						2 '	877.312	926 722	968 645
B KZN226 Mkhambathini B KZN227 Richmond	84 619 95 027	84 489 94 950	88 326 99 261	• •	• •	• •	3 334 3 33 4	3 468 3 468	3 606 3 606	32 371 37 409	20 255 23 407		35 224 21 40 706 24	21 186 24 484	- 36	36817 22 144 42 547 25 591	4 2	87 953 98 361	87 957 98 418	91 932 102 867
C DC22 uMgunguedlovu District Municipality Total: uMenneundlovu Municipalities	413 908 1 804 051	-	460 432 1 968 150	374 669 374 669	390 824 390 824	408 497 408 497	- 24368	- 25 348	- 26 356	229 585	- 143 652	-   <sup>-</sup>		- 150.260				788 577 2 203 088	831328 2 299 070	868 929 2 403 003
			000						001 #	1000								100 221		000
B KZN235 Okhuhlamba B KZN237 iNkosi Langalibalele	234 173	232 685	165 309 243 255				6 936 11 222	7 213	7 499 12 135	59.216 93.625	37 052 58 582	-	64 435 58 101 877 61	38 756 61 276	- 106	67 349 40 509 106 484 64 047	 6 14	166 291 245 395	165 338 244 357	255 390
KZN238	328 640	329 754	344 721	-	-	- 000				158 081	98 912			3 462				328 640	329 754	344 721
C DC23 uThukela District Municipality Total: uThukela Municipalities	556 875 1 279 043	592 639 1 313 203	619 450 1 372 735	87 013	90 765 90 765	94 870 94 870	6 868 25 026	7184 26 069	7 509 27 143	310 922	- 194 546		- 203	- 203 495	- 353	53 625 212 697	<u>.</u> .	650 756 1 391 082	690 588 1 430 037	1 494 748
Immediate the second se	659.69	70.856	74.068				3 176	3.750	3 378	38 500	24.146			5.256				77 758	74.106	77 446
B KZN241 eNdument B KZN242 Nquthu	178 663	176810	184 845				8 841	61.62	9 559	64 293	40 228			2 079				187 504	186 005	194 404
	220 977 180 772	219 326 180 792	229 290 189 000	• •	• •		10 392 6 460	10812 6718	11 244 6 984	85 468 78 685	53 478 49 233		93 001 55 85 620 51	55 938 51 498	- 97 - 89	97.206 58.467 89.492 53.827		231 369 187 232	230 138 187 510	240 534 195 984
C DC24 uMzinyathi District Municipality	482 174	512 824	536 024	68 237	71179	74 398			- -	-	- 187	•			- 105			550 411	584.003	610 422 1 318 700
B KZN252 Newcastle B KZN253 eMadlangeni	37 081	36 930	38 607				2 810	2 923	3 039	- 11 074	- 6 9 2 9		12 050 7	7 248		12 595 7 576		39 891	386 466 39 853	615 028 41 646
	111 769	112 588 117 175	117 704	-	- 124.847	- 130 492	5 983 -	6 223 -	6 469 -	38 416	24 037 -			5 143			30	119 752 231 528	118 811 242 022	124 173 252 973
~	826 863	853 159	891 820	119 686	124 847	130 492	8 793	9 146	9 508	49 490	30 966		53 852 3.	2 391	- 56	33 855		955 342	987 152	1 031 820
B KZN261 cDumbe	99 168		102 908				4555	4 736	4 923	34 455	21 559			2 550				103 723	103 173	107 831
B KZN262 uPhongolo B KZN263 AbaOuhisi	217 623		192 642 228 177	• •	• •		6 936	7.213	7 499 -	73 73 7 102 231	46 137 63 966		80 236 45	48 260 66 909	- 83	83 864 50 442 116 271 69 934	12	192 088 217 623	191 486 218 270	200 141 228 177
	198 244		204 482	•			10 746	11 177	11 620	68 188	42 666			4 628			- 91	208 990	206769	216 102
B KZN266 Ulundi C DC26 Zuluknd District Municipality	204 139 622 471		210 305 692 333		- 91 782	- 95 932					42 972 -			4 949 -			 	215 361 710 459	212 833 754 150	222 440 788 265
Total: Zululand Municipalities	1 526 797	1 560 101	1 630 847	87 988	91 782	95 932	33 459	34 798	36 177	347 288	217 300	-	377 897 227	227 296	- 394	394 986 237 574	74 -	1 648 244	1 686 681	1 762 956
B KZN271 uMhlabuyalingana	232 462	230.916	241 406		'			169.6	10 074	91 237	57 087			9 713				241 779	240 607	251 480
B KZN275 Jozini B KZN275 Inkosi uMtubatuba	232 965	230 787	241274				10 746	11177	11 620	609 28	54 818		95 331 57	57 339		99 642 59 932		243 71 1	241964	252 894
	147 336 587 815	146 042 625 148	152 678 653 431	- 69 388	- 72.380	- 75 653		7 130	7 415	53 062	33 201			4 729			 	154 190 657 203	153 172 697 528	160 093 729 084
Total: uMkhanyakude Municipalities	1 447 970	1 478 093	1 545 130	69 388	72 380	75 653	37 663	39 175	40 729	325 833	203 876	-	354 551 213	213 254	- 370	370 584 222 897	л -	1 555 021	1 589 648	1 661 512
B KZN281 uMfolozi	175 978	174 101	182 013	1	'	,	8 875	9 234	9 603	62 673	39 215		68 196 41	41 018	- 12	71 280 42 873		184853	183 335	191 616
	585 884 239 463	612 883 237 197	640 629 247 975				- 13 12 7	- 13 654	- 14 195	- 91 026	- 56 955			- 59 575				585 884 252 590	612 883 250 851	640 629 262 170
B KZN285 Mthonjaneni	95 776 118 697	94 531	98 828	• •			6 348 6 460	6 604 6 718	6 868 6 984	29 765 30 367	18 624			19 481 25 765	- 33		25	102 124	101 135	105 696
	375 419	401333	419 484	384 050	400.610	418 726	-			-							2 1	759 469	801943	838 210
Total: King Cetshwayo Municipalities	1 591 217	1 637 357	1711572	384 050	400 610	418 726	34 810	36 210	37 650	222 831	139 426		242 470 14	45 840	- 253	1435 152 43	35 -	2 010 077	2 074 177	2 167 948
B KZN291 Mandeni R KZN292 Kuenhukrea	235 833 289 206	235 209 297 144	245 890 310 604	• •	• •	• •	8 365 -	8 700	9 044	99 553 189 902	62 291 118 823	0	108 327 65 206 640 124	65 156 124 289		113 226 68 102 215 984 129 909	)2 99	244 198 289 2 06	243 909 297 144	254 934 310 604
	193 696	191 972	200 694		,		9 381	9 760	10 150		45 099			7 174	- 81			203 077	201 732	210 844
B KZN294 Maphumulo C DC99 if onlys District Municipality	113 885 704 507	751.138	785 115	-	- 137.799	- 144 031	5 507	5 727	5 954 -		25184			6 342				836 610	888 937	124 062 929 146
Total: iLembe Municipalities	1 537 127	1 588 438	1 660 411	132 103	137 799	144 031	23 253	24 187	25 148	401 781	251 396	1	437 193 262	262 961	- 456	456 963 274 852	- 73	1 692 483	1 750 424	1 829 590
	83 165	84 128	87 944				4 555	4 736	4 923	42 601	26 656			7 882				87 720	88 864	92 867
B KZN434 Johannes Phumani Phungula B KZN435 uMzimkhulu	139 507 248 349	138 398 246 671	144 685 257 876				6460 10270	6 718 10 681	6 984 11 105	50 867 97 926	31 828 61 273		55 350 33 106 557 64	33 292 64 091	- 21	57853 34797 111375 66989		145 967 258 619	145 116 257 352	151 669 268 981
B KZN436 Dr Nkosazana Dlamini Zuma	162 760 458 188	161 571 487 066	1168 911	-	-	-	7359	7 656	7 962	61 089	38 224			9 982				170 119	169 227	176 873
2	1 091 969	1 117 834	1 168 518	62 683	65385	68 342	28 644	29 791	30 974	252 483	157 980	 	274 736 165	5 247	- 287	160 172 72	20 -	1 183 296	1 213 010	1 267 834
Total: KwaZulu-Natal Municipalities	18 778 360	19 491 763	20 374 659	1 501 755	1 566 508 1	1 637 347	268 593 2	279412	290 545 2	2 736 871 1	1 712 474	- 25	2 978 092 1 791	1 791 248	- 3 112 763	1 872 249	- 61	20 548 708	21 337 683	22 302 551

APPENDIX WI APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RSC LEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND YARD COMMITTEES + BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

							Contract Constraints Constraints	- U III											TV ACA	NOLLOCITY	OF 0
	Equit	Equitable Share Formula	nula	RSC 1	RSC Levies Replacement		Special Support for Councillor Remuneration and Ward Committees	or Councillor Ke 'ard Committees	emuneration	BRI	EAKDOWN OF	EQUITABLE 5	SHARE FOR DI	BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES	PALITIES AU	THORISED FO	R SERVICES		IWIOL	TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES	010
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial	Year	National and N	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and M	inanci	al Year	National and 1	inanci	al Year	National and N	National and Municipal Financial Year	icial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ıcial Year
Category Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	Water S 202.	Sanitation 2025/26 R (000)	Refuse	Water 20	Sanitation 2026/27 R (000)	Refuse	Water 20	Sanitation 27/28 R'(000)	Refuse	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
LIMPOPO																					
B LIM331 Greater Giyani	381 008	378 372	395 561				14 764	15 358	15 968	153 278	95 907		166 787	100 3 18		174 330	104 855		395 772	393 730	411 529
B LIM332 Greater Letaba B TIM333 Greater Transon	370 919 555 351	368 632 556 034	385 377 581 276	• •	• •		14 288	14 862	15 453	151 052 257 751	94 514 161 276		164 366 280 468	98 862 168 695	• •	171 798 293 151	1 76 32 3	• •	385 207 555 351	383 494 556 034	400 830 581 276
	208 435	207 944	217387			•	8 841	9 195	9 559	88 757	55 536		96580	58 091	•	100 948	60 718	•	217 276	217 139	226 946
B LIM335 Maruleng C DC33 Mononi District Municipality	167 140	1 336 786	173 775 1 397 255	-	-	-	6 460	6 718	6 984	64 864	40 586		70 581	42 453	• •	73 773	44 372	• •	173 600	1 517 993	1 586 656
Total: Mopani Municipalities	2 936 565	3 013 993	3 150 631	173 717	181 207	189 401	44 353	46 133	47 964	715 702	447 819	•	778 783	468 418	•	814 000	489 600	•	3 154 635	3 241 333	3 387 996
D I Marine	276 947	778 553	718 974				5 715	5 045	6.181	111 700	108 09		121 545	73 106		1.27.041	76.41.7		232 657	73.4 498	245 105
B LIM341 Musina B LIM343 Thulamela	605 527	604 235	631 673				19 319	20 094	20 892	267 159	167 163		290 705	174 852		303 851	182 759		624 846	624 329	652 565
B LIM344 Makhado	512 943	513 230	536 530		•	•	•	•	•	236 057	147 702	•	256 862	154 496	•	268 478	161 483	•	512 943	513 230	536 530
B LIM345 Collins Chabane C DC24 Vhander District Municipality	496440	494 162 1 550 614	516 606 1 620 757	-	-	-	16 93 7	- 17 617	18 316	209 399	131 022		227 855	137 049		238 1 59	143 246		513 377 1 567 856	511 779 1 668 368	534 922
~	3 296 822	3 390 794	3 544 490	112 886	117 754	123 079	41 971	43 656	45 389	824315	515 778	•	896 968	539 504		937 529	563 900	•	3 451 679	3 552 204	3 712 958
Distriction of the second seco	228 726	233.005	103 500				10.478	10.800	11 33.7	90.78.8	5.6.806		98 780	59.410		103.757	60 L06		115 345	243 004	200 750
B LIM353 Molemole	179 302	178 001	186 088				7 620	7 927	8 242	68 099	42 610		74 101	44 570		77 452	46 586		186 922	185 928	194 330
	1 481 181	1 548 132	1 618 222		•	•		•		•		•	•		•	•	•	•	1 481 181	1 548 132	1 618 222
B LIM3.55 Lepele-Nkumpi C DC35 Consistent Municipality	320 075 529 314	316 913 561 692	331 314 587 106	- 326,880	- 340.974	-	14 288	14 862	15 453	121 477	76 009		132 184	79 506		138 162	83 101		334 363 856 194	331 775 902 666	346 767 943 499
=	2 744 705	2 837 743	2 966 321	326 880	340 974	356 393	32 386	33 688	35 027	280 365	175 426		305 075	183 495		318 871	191 793		3 103 971	3 212 405	3 357 741
B I I MARA Thekeerineki	150 144	159.098	166.294				5 507	5 727	5 954										155 651	164 825	172.248
B LIM362 Lenhalale	254 203	265 671	277 699					1											254 203	265 671	277 699
LIM366	140 206	145 890	152 497				4 078	4 241	4 408					•				•	144 284	150 13 1	156 905
B LIM367 Mogalakwena	627 028	644 158	673 359	'	•	•	'	•	'		'	•	•	'	•		•	•	627 028	644 158	673 359
B LIM368 Modimolle-Mookgophong C DC36 Waterbere District Municireality	162 022 49 166	168 891 48 893	51 113	- 101	- 106 158	-	7 285	7 620	7 964							• •			162 022 158 221	168 891 162 671	176 538
Total: Waterberg Municipalities	1 382 769	1 432 601	1 497 500	101 770	106 158	110 959	16 870	17 588	18 326	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		1 501 409	1 556 347	1 626 785
R IIM471 Endersity Montals	193 830	192.676	201 428				7 620	7 927	8 242	75 787	47 420		82.467	49 602		86.196	51.845		201450	200.603	209 670
LIM472	361 334	358 256	374 534			•	14 556	15 140	15 741	140 964	88 202		153 388	92 2 59		160 3 2 5	96 43 1	•	375 890	373 396	390 275
B LIM473 Makhuduthamaga	346816	343 947	359 574				14 764	15 358	15 968	75.4 02.3	85 110		777 3.17	89 025		154 705	93 051		361 580	359 305	375 542
C DC47 Sekhukhure District Municipality	1 074 370	1 144 636	1 196 415	135 390	141 228	147 615				-	-		-	-			-		1 209 760	1 285 864	1 344 030
Total: Sekhukhune Municipalities	2 591 911	2 651 541	2 771 777	135 390	141 228	147 615	36 940	38 425	39 951	607 624	380 194	•	661 179	397 683	•	691 078	415 666	•	2 764 241	2 831 194	2 959 343
Totoli I faraceo Munifikas	13 953 773	13 376 677	13 930 719	850 643	887 3.21	027 447	177 520	179.490	186.657	2 428 006	1 519 216		2 642 004	1 589 100		7761 477	1 660 960		13 975 935	14 303 483	15 044 823
rota: Linpopo Aunicipanues				200				000-014	100 00 1	000 041 4				004 605 4			00 C 000 Y		200	201 202 11	
MEGNIALANGA																					
B MP301 Chief Albert Luthuli	443 524 20 5 00 5	454 896	475 520	•	•	•	11 698	12 168	12 650	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	455 222	467 064	488 170
MP303 MP303	357 028	368 867	385 581				9 049	9 413	9 787									•••	366 077	378 280	395 368
MP304	167 665	172 677	180 503				5 031	5 232	5 439		•				•	•	'		172 696	606 221	185 942
B MP305 Lekwa B MP306 Direlesene	189 719	110 204	208 117 115 198				3 033	3 156	3 282							• •			189 719 109 806	199 105	208 117 118 480
	492 462	522 997	546 648	-			'	•	•	'	•	,	•		'	'		•	492 462	522 997	546 648
C DC30 Gert Sibande District Municipality Total: Gert Sibande Municipalities	2 060 601	2 146 284	2 243 480	328 815	342 994	358 504	28 81 1	29 969	31 158								•	•	2 418 227	2 519 247	2 633 142
	153.053	809 051	166.856				4.078	1 2 4 1	4 408										157 131	163.869	171 264
	645 069	685 067	716 046			•		'		•	•	•	•		•	•	,	•	645 069	685 067	716 046
B MP313 Steve Tshwete	376470	399 813 96 577	417 893		• •		- 108.5	3 075	- 4 133							• •			376 470 96 841	399 813	417 893
MP315	920 5 4	627 342	655 779				-	-										• •	609 976	627 342	625 779
D-1	516410	526917	550 815	-	- 000 000	-	14 764	15 358	15 968										531 174	542 275	566 783
C DC31 Nkangala District Municipality Total: Nkanga a Municipalities	<sup>32</sup> 190 2 426 194	2 527 509	2 641 9 65	391 888	408 785	427.271	22 663	23 574	24 509			• •			• •			•	424 U84 2 840 745	2 959 868	3 093 745
B MP321 Thaba Chwea B MP324 Nhormeri	227 381 864 636	238 029 890 463	248 804 930 823	• •	• •		6460	6 718	6 984	• •	• •	• •		• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	233 841 864 636	244 747 890 463	255 788 930 823
MP325	1 151 556	1 183 178	1 236 813			•				•	•	•	•		•				1 151 556	1 1 83 178	1 236 813
B MP326 City of Mbombela C DC22 Ethnoremi District Municipality	1 182 249 109 908	1 238 155 109 552	1 294 202	-	208.2.68	217.686	• •		• •				• •				• •	• •	1 182 249 309 567	317 820	33.2.213
- E	3 535 730	3 659 377	3 825 169	199 659	208 268	217 686	6 460	6 718	6 984		•	•	•	•	•	•	•		3 741 849	3 874 363	4 049 839
To tell. Manusce lance Manifelia Rifes	8 077 575	8 333 170	8 710 614	630.369	760 0A7	1 003 461	87 924	196 09	129 03	,	,				,				9 000 821	0 353 478	917 917 0
тови: мританода мнинсранися	0.10 440 0	0/10000	610 AT/ 0	700 076	140.002	104-000-1	+0C 10	107.00	100 70	-	•	•		•					170 000 4	0/1-000-0	07/ 0// 6

APPENDIX WI APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RSC LEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR CONCILLOR REMUNERATION AND NOMINITIES + BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES

							UN	AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)	OR SERVICI											0.00
	Equ	Equitable Share Formula	nula	RSCL	RSC Levies Replacement	Spi	cial Support for and Wa	Special Support for Councillor Remuneration and Ward Committees	uneration	BRE	KDOWN OF EQ	UITABLE SHA	RE FOR DIST	BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE FOR DISTRICT MUNCIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES	UTHS AUTHO	RISED FOR SE	RVICES	TO	TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES	NS TO
	2025/26	National and Municipal Financial Year 025/26 2026/27 2027/28	ancial Year 2027/28	2025/26 20	nicipal Financ 26/27		National and M 2025/26	Financ	d Year 2027/28	National and Mu Water Sa	National and Municipal Financial Year Water Sanitation Refuse		National and Mu Water Sa	National and Municipal Financial Year Water Sanitation Refuse		National and Muni Water Sani	National and Municipal Financial Year Water Sanitation Refuse	2025/26	National and Municipal Financial Year 025/26 2026/27 2027/28	2027/28
Сакедогу лимстранту	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(B '000)	(000)	(R'000)	(K '000)		(R'000)	2025	2025/26 R (000)		2026/2	27 R'(000)		2027/28 R	R'(000)	(B '000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
NORTHERN CAPE																				
	24 684	25 426	26.579			,	2 810	2 923	3 039	•						,		- 27 49	28 349	29 618
	31 639	32 107	33 564	• •	• •		2 810	2 923	3 039									- 34.44		36 603
	34 387	35 877	37 502	•	•	•	3 315	3 449	3 586	•	•		•	•	•	•		- 37.70		41 088
0 1-	27 036	27 767	29 026				2 810	2 923	3 039									- 29.846		32 065
C DC6 Namakwa District Municipality Total: Namakwa Municinalities	227 246	9800 234571	10 246 245 202	46 536 46 536	48 543 48 543	50 738 50 738	3 955 23 059	4136 24011	4 323 24 988	• •		• •		• •	• •	• •		- 60 495	62 479 307 125	65 307 320 928
	000 00						0000													
B NC071 Ubuntu B NC072 Umeshemvu	50 908 72 612	52 157 74 7 15	54 522 78 102				2 810 3 315	2 923 3 449	3 039 3 586									- 53.71		57 561 81 688
NC073	62 193	64 609	67 535		•	•	3 821	3 975	4 133		•	•	,				,	- 66.01	68 584	211 668
B NC074 Kareeberg B NC075 Renosterberg	35 455 34 187	36 083 34 87 1	37.720 36.452		• •		2 810 2 487	2 923 2 587	3 039 2 691									- 38.26 - 36.67		40759 39143
	35 927	36 715	38380	'	•	1	3 033	3 156	3 282	•	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	- 38.96		41 662
B NC077 Siyathemba B NC078 Siyancuma	46 902 64 995	48 297 67 004	50486 70040				2 810 3 315	2 923 3 449	3 039 3 586									- 49.712	51 220 70 453	53 525 73 626
C DC7 Bixley Ka Seme District Municipality Tetral: Biylaw Ka Seme Municipality	26 420 429 599	25 952 440 403	27 132 460 369	33 507 33 507	34 952 34 952	36 532 36 532	4 371 28 772	4 572 29 957	4 779 31 174	•		• •	•		•			- 64 298 - 491 878	65 476 505 312	68 443 528 075
B NC082 !Kai!Garib B NC084 !Khoie	34 584	35 276	36.875				4 832 3 033	5 026 3 156	5 227 3 282									- 134.467 - 37.617		40.157
	58 566	61 227	63 999				3 315	3 449	3 586									- 61.88		67 585
	33 946	35 265	36863	'	•	•	2 810	2 923	3 039	•	•		,			•	,	- 36.75		39 902
B NC087 Dawid Kruiper C DC8 Z.F. Mgeavu District Municipality	21 832	21 500	22 477	- 58 516	61 039	- 63 799	4 787	5 007	6 329 5 234									- 85 135	87 546	91 510
80 B	403 091	420 653	439 698	58 516	61 039	63 799	26 665	27765	28 897	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		- 488 27		532 394
	301 722	319 228	333 668			,			1			,			,			- 301 72	319 228	333 668
B NC092 Dikgationg B NC003 Missions	63 473	120 046 64 745	151 /60 67 681	• •			2 810	2.923	4 133 3 039									- 126 028		70 720
B NC094 Phokwane	141 754	145 559	152 158				4 555	4 736	4 923									- 146.30		157 081
C DC9 Frances Baard District Municipality Totat: Frances Baard Municipalities	13 625 643 379	13 422 669 000	14 032 699 299	130 094 130 094	135 704 135 704	141 841 141 841	- 11 186	- 11 634	- 12 095	•					•			- 143 719 - 784 659	816338	155 873 853 235
B NC451 Joe Morolong B NC452 Ga-Segonvana	186 339 244 804	251 341 251 341	198 023 262 735	• •	• •		7 946 6 936	7 213	8 604 7 499	• •		24 808 -						2 194 285 - 251 740	258 554	206 627 270 234
	67 309	71 482	74.715	-	- JUE 17	- 225	3 602	3 746 s 007	3 893	,	•	•	•	,		,	,	- 70.91		78 608
. No	545 915	560 520	585 930	60 134	62 726	65 563	23 271	24 236	25 230	•		24 808	•		25 949		- 27 122			676 723
Totali Northean Case Municipalities	0126 076 6	2 325 147	2 430 498	328 787	142 964	358 473	112 953	117 603	122 384			24 808			25 949		- 27 122	2 690 970	2 785 714	2 911 355
това: могшеги Саремнинсираниез	007 (1.7 7	1610404	0/10/17	101.070	E00 7E0	014.000	007 #11	200.111	100 441	•	'	000 1-7	'			'	-	1	•	0001167
NORTH WEST																				
NW371	467 358	477539	499 196		•		12 383	12 881	13 393									- 479 74		
B NW372 Madibeng B NW373 Bustenburre	1 183 275 1 237 278	1 237 523 1 313 997	1 293 548 1 373 417							• •								- 1183 27 - 1237 27	1 237 523 1 313 997	1 293 548 1 373 417
	141 261	146 962	153 618		•		3 126	3 250	3 378									- 144.38		
B NW375 Moses Kotane C DX37 Boianala Platinum District Municipality	598 949 114 402	613 659 114 746	641 483 119 954	- 289 231	301 702	315 346	16 461 14 569	17 122 15 239	17 801	• •								- 615 410 - 418 202	630 781 431 687	659284 451229
Total: Bojanala Platinum Municipalities	3 742 523	3 904 426	4 081 216	289 231	301 702	315 346	46 539	48 492	50 501	•						•		- 4078 293	4	4 44 7 063
B NW381 Ratiou	161 763	160 901	168 209			,	6 854	7 130	7 415	62 811	39 301		68 347	41 109			42 968	- 168 61		175 624
B NW382 Tswaing B NW383 Moftbano	154 788 384 323	155 140 386 536	162 183 404 077	• •	• •		6 668 -	6 936	7 211	69 983 191 291	43 789 119 692		76 151 208 151	45 803 125 198		79 595 217 564	47.874 130.859	- 161 456 - 384 323	386 536	169 394 404 077
	188 959	191 216	199 888							101 207	63 326		110 1 2 7	66 238			69 234	- 188 95		199888
B NW385 Ramotshere Moiloa C DC38 Norde Modeline District Municipality	235 440 896 131	234493 956961	245 143 1 000 244	282 202	- 294.370	- 307 681	8 841	9 195	9 559 -	97 164	60 796		105 727	63 592	-		56 468 -	- 244.28	243 688	254702
ž	2 021 404	2 085 247	2 179 744	282 202	294370	307 681	22 363	23 261	24 185	522 455	326 903		568 5 03	341 941	1	594211 3	57 403	- 2325 96	2	2511610
B NW392 Naledi	69 935	70819	74 031	,		,	4 286	4 459	4 636	36 148	22 618	,	39 334	23 658	,		24 728	- 74 22		78 667
	72 550	712 682	75 982				3 810	3 963	4 121	30 155	18 868 50 007		32 813	19 736			20 629	- 76.36		80 103
	66 305	66 772	69 802				3 538	3 682	3 829	30 391	19 016		33 070	19 891		34 565	20 790	- 69 843	70 454	73 631
B NW397 Kagisano-Molopo	153 543	152 375	159 298 407 406	- 238		-	6 936 6 487	7213 6740	7 499	57 036	35 688		62 063	37 329			20017	- 160.47		166797 504737
Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities	1 054 493	1 080 684	1 129 682	82 338	85 888	89 772	36 452	37.956	39 501	246 429	154 192		268 149	161 285		80 275 1	68 578	- 1173 282	-	1 258 955
B NW403 City of Mathesana	682 357	719 110	751 647															- 682.35		751 647
B NW404 Maquassi Hills	183 880	189 881	198 486	•			5 239	5 450	5 666								,	- 11 681		204152
DC40 DC40	4.26 046 32 981	403 13 2 32 768	404 U64 34 256	192 095	200378	209 439												- 436 046 - 225 076		464 064 243 695
Total: Dr Kenneth Kaunda Municipalities	1 337 866	1 404 891	1 468 473	192 095	200.378	209439	5 239	5 450	5 666	•	•		•	•	•	•		- 1535 200	1 610 719	1 683 578
Total: North West Municipalities	8 156 286	8 475 248	8 859 115	845 866	882 338	922 238	110 593	115 159	119 853	768 885	481 095	-	836 652	503 225		874486 5	525982	9 112 745	9 472 745	9 901 206
		1		1					1											

APPENDIX WI APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + BSC LEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTES + BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

	Equit	Equitable Share Formula	ula	RSC 1	RSC Levies Replacement		Special Support for Councillor Remuneration	ort for Councillor Rem	nuneration	BRF	AKDOWN OF E	QUITABLE S	BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES	IRICT MUNICH	ALITIES AUTI	HORISED FOR	SERVICES		TOTALA	TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MINICIPAL LITES	TO
	Nation al and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Yea	ial Year	National and M	National and Municipal Financial Year	ial Year	National and M	National and Municipal Financial Year	l Year	National and M	National and Municipal Financial Year	┝	National and Municipal Financial Year	un icip al Financi	al Year	National and Municipal Financial Year	unicipal Finan	cial Year
	96/5000	2019000	8 6/2 60 5	96/56.06	╞	8		╞	86/2002	Water S	Sanitation	Refuse	Water Sa	Sanitation	Refuse	Water Sa	Sanitation	Refuse		2026/27	80/200
Category Municipality	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	1 [	6			6			2027/28 R'(000)		(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
WESTERN CAPE																					
A CPT City of Cape Town	4 693 517	4 984 545	5 209 949	,				,					,		,	,			4 693 517	4 984 545	5 209 949
R WC011 Marribana	83 727	88 673	92.684				3 602	3 746	3 893										87 329	92.419	96 577
	22 955	76.670	80 140	,	,		2810	2 923	3 039	,		,	,				,	,	75 765	70 503	83.179
B WC013 Bernivier	696 69	74 308	77 668				3 1 26	3 2 50	3 378										73 095	77 558	81 046
B WC014 Saldanha Bay	142 017	150 690	157 505	,	,	,	6 460	6 718	6 984	,	,		,	,	,	,	,	,	148 477	157 408	164 489
B WC015 Swartland	165 310	175 560	183 499	,			,		,	,	,			,	,	,			165 3 10	175 560	183 499
C DC1 West Coast District Municipality	24 9 59	24 816	25 943	87 598	91 375	95 507		•											112 557	116 191	121 450
Total: West Coast Municipalities	558 937	590 717	617439	87 598	91 375	95 507	15 998	16 637	17 294	•	•	•	•		•	•		1	662 533	698 729	730 240
B W/C002 Withwards area	156.647	166.360	173 883																156.647	166 360	173 883
	748 963	764 400	776 357																748 963	764 400	776.257
	231 793	246 166	257 298																231 793	246166	257 298
B WC025 Breede Valley	187 489	199 115	208 119			,		,		,	,		,	,	,	,	,		187 489	199 115	208 119
B WC026 Laneeberg	116118	122 959	128 521		'	,	5 507	5 727	5 954	,	,	,	,	,		,	,	'	121 625	128 686	134 475
C DC2 Cape Winelands District Municipality	3 120	3 096	3 237	270761	282 435	295 207			•	,	,	•		,	,	,		,	273 881	285 531	298 444
Total: Cape Windands Municipalities	944130	1 002 096	1 047 415	270 761	282 435	295 207	5 507	5 7 2 7	5 954			•					•	1	1 220 398	1 290 258	1 348 576
	1 50.030	160 221	025 371																1 50,020	150 331	025 371
D WC022 Oppedation	172 808	181 000	190.234				6.460	6 718	6 98.4										179.268	188 71 7	107.218
B WC033 Cape Aguiltas	42 997	45 352	47 404			,	2 810	2 923	3 039	,	,		,	,	,	,	,		45 807	48 275	50 443
B WC034 Swellendam	46 602	49 1 93	51419	,	'	,	2 810	2 923	3 039	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	49 412	52 116	54 458
C DC3 Overberg District Municipality	27 721	27 415	28 661	60 638	63 252	66 113			-										88 3 5 9	90 667	94 774
24	440 158	462 180	483 097	60 638	63 252	66 113	12 080	12 564	13 062	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1	512 876	537 996	562 272
band band 1 100-000 d	163	38 507	40.251				1 700	1871	1 945										18 9 <i>67</i>	40.378	42 196
	63 052	66 672	69 688	,	,	,	4 3 2 6	4 501	4 680	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	67.378	71 173	74 368
	141 523	149 221	155 972		•		6 936	7 213	7 499	,			,				,		148 459	156 434	163 471
B WC044 George	247 778	263 142	275 041			,		,	,	,	,		,	,	,	,	,		247 778	263 142	275 041
	102 308	107113	111 962	'		'	5 983	6 2 2 3	6 4 6 9	,	,	•		,	,	,	•		108 291	113 336	118 431
B WC047 Bitou	158 161	164 653	172 109		•		3 1 2 6	3 250	3 378			•	•				•	•	161 287	167 903	175 487
B WC048 Knysna C DC4 Garden Borte District Municipaelity	132.877	73 731	74 809	- 101 791	- 171171	-	5 0.31	- 252	- 439 -										13/ 908	194 908	060 1 CI 7 CT 2 OC
_≃	906 787	952 389	995 489	164 101	171 177	178 918	27 201	28 290	29410	,	•	,	'	'	,	'	,	'	1 098 089	1 151 856	1 203 817
B WC051 Laingsburg	21 497	22 053	23 053	•	•	•	1 799	1871	1 945	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	23 296	23 924	24 998
B WC052 Prince Albert	29 502	30.415	31 793		•		1 799	1871	1 945			•			,			•	31 301	32 286	33 738
B WC053 Beaufort West	89 405 10 7 33	93 003 18 875	C12/9	- 16.776	-	-	5125	3 4 4 9	3 280								• •		30.084	30 452	41 380
Ξ	159 697	164 346	171 791	16 7 26	17 452	18 237	10 038	10 449	10.897										186 461	192 247	200 926
Total: Western Cape Municipalities	7 703 226	8 156 273	8 525 180	599 824	625 691	653 982	70 824	73 667	76 617									•	8 3 7 3 8 7 4	8 855 631	9 255 780
Notional Total	22.2.230.80	102 294 551	106 976 408	6 908 841	7 2 06 742	7 537 635	1 1 1 4 9 4 4	1 160 068	1 206 492	7 958 145	4 979 452	24 808	8 659 556	5 208 507	075 040	9 051 146	5 444 039	27 122	106.087.022	110 661 361	115 665 536
	-	100 100 100	001 07/ 00T	****		100 400 1	_		_			000 14		100000			1 100 1110		_	10.00	

## APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 6, PART B: MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT (MIG) AND WATER SERVICES INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT (WSIG)

## (BREAKDOWN OF MIG AND WSIG ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 6, PART B: MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT (MIG) AND WATER SERVICES INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT (WSIG) (BREAKDOWN OF MIG AND WSIG ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

				Schedule 5, Part B	Part B			S	Schedule 6, Part B	8
		Breakdown of MIC a	Breakdown of MIG allocations for district municipalities authorised for services	ct municipalities	Breakdown of WSI at	Breakdown of WSIG allocations for district municipalities authorised for services		Breakdown of WSI at	Breakdown of WSIG allocations for district municipalities authorised for services	trict municipalities s
		National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Yean	ancial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year
Category	Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
EASTERN CAPE	APE									
B EC121	1 Mbhashe	188 759	206 220	216346	24 000	27 000	27 000			
		175 715	191 969	201 395	17 000	17 000	17 000	ı	ı	ı
		10 738	11 731	12 307	22 800	23 000	24 000	ı	1	,
B EC124		42 209	46 113	48 378	10 313	14 000	15 500	'	'	'
B EC126	26 Ngqushwa	34 575	37 774	39 629	15 400	17 000	17 000	ı	'	,
B EC129		54 677	59 735	62 668	10 103	12 000	15 000			
Total: Amath	Total: Amathole Municipalities	506 673	553 542	580 723	99 616	$110\ 000$	115 500	-	-	
B EC131	11 Inxuba Yethemba	6 082	6 644	6 971	6 000	000 9	8 200	-		ı
B EC135	55 Intsika Yethu	106 330	116 166	121 871	16000	17 000	17 100	ı	ı	ı
B EC136	56 Emalahleni	53 586	58 543	61 418	21 000	$18\ 000$	18 150	ı	ı	ı
B EC137	37 Dr. A.B. Xuma	98 430	107 535	112 816	8 455	7 000	8 100	ı	ı	ı
B EC138	58 Sakhisizwe	23 786	25 986	27 262	22 000	20 000	20 000	ı	'	,
B EC139	9 Enoch Mgijima	49 819	54 428	57 100	7 000	7 000	7 230			
Total: Chris I	Total: Chris Hani Municipalities	338 033	369 302	387 438	80 455	75 000	78 780	-		'
B EC141	11 Elundini	868 66	109 139	114 498	22 000	19 000	19 900	-		ı
B EC142	t2 Senqu	68 839	75 207	78 900	22 000	19 000	20 050	ı	1	ı
B EC145	45 Walter Sisulu	12 917	14 112	14 805	22 000	19 000	19 900			-
Total: Joe Gq	Total: Joe Gqabi Municipalities	181 654	198 458	208 203	66 000	$57\ 000$	59 850	I		ı
B EC153	53 Ngquza Hill	169 429	185 102	194 191	35 000	23 000	20 000	-		ı
B EC154	54 Port St Johns	96 350	105 263	110431	8 000	$14\ 000$	16 050	I	ı	ı
B EC155	55 Nyandeni	173 439	189 483	198 787	8 000	$14\ 000$	16 100	I	ı	1
B EC156	56 Mhlontlo	109 073	119 162	125 013	32 000	21 000	20 000	I	ı	ı
B EC157	57 King Sabata Dalindyebo	201 191	219 802	230 595	12 000	13 000	17 100	1		
Total: O.R. T	Total: O.R. T am bo Municipalities	749 482	818 812	859 017	95 000	85 000	89 250	-	-	
B EC441	11 Matatiele	107 765	117 734	123 515	20 000	22 000	23 500	-		,
B EC442	t2 Umzimvubu	109 269	119 376	125 238	25 000	25 000	26 150		'	,
B EC443	13 Winnie Madikizela-Mandela	158 414	173 068	181 566	20 000	23 000	25 100	ı	ı	ı
B EC444	14 Ntabankulu	67 216	73 434	77 039	25 000	25 000	25 000	1		
Total: Alfred	Total: Alfred Nzo Municipalities	442 664	483 612	507 358	$90\ 000$	95000	99 750	T	1	I
Total: Eastern	Total: Eastern Cape Municipalities	2 218 506	2 423 726	2 542 739	431 071	$422\ 000$	443 130	ı		ı

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 6, PART B: MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT (MIG) AND WATER SERVICES INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT (WSIG) (BREAKDOWN OF MIG AND WSIG ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

				Schedule 5, Part B	Part B			Ň	Schedule 6, Part B	
		Breakdown of MIG au	Breakdown of MIG allocations for district municipalities authorised for services	municipalities	Breakdown of WSIG allocations for district municipalities authorised for services	SIG allocations for distr authorised for services	rict municipalities	Breakdown of WSI au	Breakdown of WSIG allocations for district municipalities authorised for services	rict municipalities
		National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ıncial Year
Category	Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
KWAZULU-NATAL	NATAL									
B KZN2	KZN212 uMdoni	51 648	56 425	59 196	20 000	25 000	25 150		ı	I
B KZN2	KZN213 uMzumbe	91 720	100 204	105 124	20000	25 000	22 200	'	I	ı
B KZN2	KZN214 uMuziwabantu	41 119	44 922	47 128	20000	20000	23 150		ı	
B KZN2	KZN216 Ray Nkonyeni	98 140	107 218	112 483	40000	40000	45 000	'		'
Total: Ugu Municipalities	lunicipalities	282 627	308 769	323 931	$100\ 000$	$110\ 000$	115 500	'		'
B KZN2	KZN221 uMshwathi	32 491	35 497	37 240	30 000	30 000	30 000		I	I
B KZN22	KZN222 uMngeni	21 652	23 655	24 816	15500	13 500	13 750	I	ı	ı
B KZN22	KZN223 Mpofana	8 598	9 393	9 854	15500	13 500	13 750	I	ı	I
B KZN22	KZN224 iMpendle	12 533	13 692	14 365	15 500	13 500	13 500	ı	ı	ı
B KZN22	KZN226 Mkhambathini	21 164	23 122	24 257	12500	13 500	13 500	I	ı	I
B KZN227	27 Richmond	19 881	21 720	22 786	21 000	26000	26 000	1	1	I
Total: uMgun	Total: uMgungundlovu Municipalities	116 319	127 079	133 318	$110\ 000$	$110\ 000$	110 500		-	
B KZN2.	KZN235 Okhahlamba	51 575	56 346	59 113	27 500	27500	32 500	I	-	I
B KZN2	KZN237 iNkosi Langalibalele	69 683	76 129	79 867	45 000	45 000	$50\ 000$	I	I	I
B KZN2	KZN238 Alfred Duma	92 901	101 495	106 479	27500	27500	33 000	1	ı	1
Total: uThuk	Total: uThukela Municipalities	214 159	233 970	245 459	$100\ 000$	$100\ 000$	115 500	-		
B KZN2-	KZN241 eNdumeni	10 683	11 671	12 244	8 000	$11\ 000$	13 000	I	-	I
B KZN2 <sup>2</sup>	KZN242 Nquthu	56 399	61 617	64 642	8 000	11000	12 500	I	ı	I
B KZN2 <sup>2</sup>	KZN244 uMsinga	92 871	101 462	106 444	67 000	67 000	67 000	I	ı	I
B KZN2-	KZN245 uMvoti	59 170	64 643	67 817	8 000	11000	12 500	I	I	I
Total: uMziny	Fotal: uMzinyathi Municipalities	219 123	239 393	251 147	91000	$100\ 000$	$105\ 000$	1	I	1
B KZN2	KZN253 eMadlangeni	12 003	13 113	13 757	75 000	75 000	79 000	I	I	I
B KZN2	KZN254 Dannhauser	31 284	34 178	35 856	25 000	25000	26 000	1	1	ı
Total: Amaju	Total: Amajuba Municipalities	43 287	47 291	49 613	$100\ 000$	$100\ 000$	$105\ 000$	ı	I	ı

# APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 6, PART B: MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT (MIG) AND WATER SERVICES INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT (WSIG)

(BREAKDOWN OF MIG AND WSIG ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

				Schedule 5, Part B	Part B			x	Schedule 6, Part B	
		Breakdown of MIG a	Breakdown of MIG allocations for district municipalities authorised for services	ct municipalities	Breakdown of WSI au	Breakdown of WSIG allocations for district municipalities authorised for services	rict municipalities	Breakdown of WSIG at	Breakdown of WSIG allocations for district municipalities authorised for services	rict municipalities
		National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ıcial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ıncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
Category	Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
B KZN2	KZN261 eDumbe	18 359	20 057	21 042	25 000	27 000	29 000	1	1	1
B KZN262	62 uPhongolo	52 488	57 344	60 159	5 000	10000	10 000	'	'	'
B KZN263	63 AbaQulusi	56 442	61 664	64 691	20000	24 000	25 000			'
B KZN265	65 Nongoma	82 138	89 736	94 143	25 000	27 000	28 000	1	1	ı
B KZN2	KZN266 Ulundi	54 541	59 586	62 512	25 000	27 000	28 000			
Total: Zulula	Total: Zululand Municipalities	263 968	288 387	302 547	$100\ 000$	115 000	$120\ 000$			
B KZN2	KZN271 uMhlabuyalingana	70 326	76 831	80 604		•		66 050	125 000	130 000
B KZN2'	KZN272 Jozini	84 261	92 055	96 575	1	'	'	57 331	95 458	99 276
B KZN2	KZN275 Inkosi uMtubatuba	63 471	69 343	72 748	'	ı	'	44 400	96 218	100 067
B KZN2	KZN276 Big Five Hlabisa	32 604	35 620	37 369	'		ı	67 550	140 979	146 618
Total: uMkha	Total: uMkhanyakude Municipalities	250 662	273 849	287 296	-	-	-	235 331	457 655	475 961
B KZN2	KZN281 uMfolozi	38 037	41 555	43 596	29 000	31000	29 250		ı	,
B KZN2	KZN284 uMlalazi	86 444	94 441	99 078	21 000	22 000	29 250	'	'	
B KZN2	KZN285 Mthonjaneni	33 094	36 156	37 931	$21\ 000$	22 000	29 250	ı	'	'
B KZN2	KZN286 Nkandla	41 019	44 813	47 013	29 000	30000	33 000	'	ı	'
Total: King C	Total: King Cetshwayo Municipalities	198 594	216 965	227 618	$100\ 000$	105000	120 750	•	-	
B KZN2	KZN291 Mandeni	49 012	53 546	56 175	25 000	26250	27 250	'	'	I
B KZN292	92 KwaDukuza	73 670	80 485	84 437	25 000	26250	28 175	I	I	'
B KZN2	KZN293 Ndwedwe	51 239	55 979	58 728	25 000	26250	28 075	I	'	'
B KZN2	KZN294 Maphumulo	50 626	55 309	58 025	25 000	26250	27 250			
Total: iLemb	Total: iLembe Municipalities	224 547	245 319	257 365	$100\ 000$	105000	110 750			
B KZN4.	KZN433 Greater Kokstad	12 247	13 380	14 037	5 000	12 500	12 250	I	I	'
B KZN4	KZN434 Johannes Phumani Phungula	55 079	60 174	63 129	40000	40000	43 250	'	ı	'
B KZN4.	KZN435 uMzimkhulu	113 372	123 860	129 941	50000	50000	53 250	I	ı	'
B KZN436	36 Dr Nkosazana Dlamini Zuma	53 308	58 239	61 099	5 000	12 500	12 000			
Total: Harry	Total: Harry Gwala Municipalities	234 006	255 653	268 206	$100\ 000$	115000	120 750			1
Total: KwaZı	Total: KwaZulu-Natal Municipalities	2 047 292	2 236 675	2 346 500	$901\ 000$	960 000	1 023 750	235 331	457 655	475 961

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 6, PART B: MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT (MIG) AND WATER SERVICES INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT (WSIG)

(BREAKDOWN OF MIG AND WSIG ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

							-			
				Schedule 5, Part B	Part B				Schedule 6, Part B	
		Breakdown of MI a	Breakdown of MIG allocations for district municipalities authorised for services	ct municipalities	Breakdown of WSIG allocations for district municipalities authorised for services	G allocations for dist uthorised for services	rict municipalities		Breakdown of WSIG allocations for district municipalities authorised for services	ict municipalities
		National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
Category	Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
LIMPOPO										
B LIM331	LIM331 Greater Givani	135 016	147 505	154 748	1	1		136 000	130 416	182 703
	Greater Letaba	107 135	117 046	122 793	1	1	I	1	1	I
		212 763	232 445	243 859	1	1	I	1	1	1
B LIM334		38 212	41 746	43 796	ı	I		I	ı	'
B LIM335	Maruleng	45 796	50 032	52 489		1	1	1	1	
Total: Mopani Municipalities	Municipalities	538922	588 774	617 685	'	•	'	$136\ 000$	130 416	182 703
B LIM341	LIM341 Musina	33 111	36 174	37 950	5 000	8 460	6359	1	'	'
	Thulamela	222 831	243 444	255 398	67 217	67 172	70 905	1	1	1
B LIM344	Makhado	190 399	208 011	218 225	5 000	8 567	6 250	1	'	'
B LIM345	LIM345 Collins Chabane	165 008	180 272	189 123	5 000	8 538	6360	'	'	'
otal: '	Municipalities	611349	667 901	700 696	82 217	92 737	89 874	'	'	'
		95 560	104 400	109 526	52 000	49 000	55 263	1	1	'
		63 783	69 683	73 104	52 000	60 000	62 287	1	'	'
B LIM355	Lepele-Nkumpi	111 566	121 886	127 871	51 000	31 022	31 223	'	'	'
Total: Capricor	Total: Capricorn Municipalities	270 909	295 969	310 501	155 000	140 022	148 773	1	1	1
		56152	61 347	64 359	I	1	I	12 000	10 000	10 000
		135 042	147 534	154 778	'	'	1	19 000	18 220	18 881
B LIM473	Makhuduthamaga	154 143	168 402	176 671	1	1	I	19 000	15 000	18 000
B LIM476	LIM476 Fetakgomo Tubatse	218402	CU0 822	125 0 62	'	'		70 000	000 07	20 000
Total: Sekhukh	Total: Sekhukhune Municipalities	563 739	615 888	646 129	'	'	'	70 000	63 220	66 881
							1.0			
Total: Limpopo	Fotal: Limpopo Municipalities	1 984 919	2 168 532	2 275 011	237 217	232 759	238 647	206 000	193 636	249 584
NORTH WEST										
B NW381	Ratiou	57 964	63 326	66 435						
B NW382	Tswaing	44 913	49 068	51 477	'	'	I	1	ı	I
B NW383		129 637	141 629	148 583	'	1	1	1	'	1
		53 761	58 735	61 619	1	1	1	1	1	1
B NW385	Ramotshere Moiloa	67 250	73 471	77 079	'	'	'	142 378	142 378	148 071
Total: Ngaka M	Total: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities	353 525	386 229	405 193	'	'	'	142 378	142 378	148 071
	Naledi	13 883	15 168	15 912	1	1	1	1	1	ı
	Mamusa	11 819	12 913	13 547	17 120	23 000	24 000	1	1	ı
		85 901	93 847	98 455	32 114	39 100	37100	1	'	
		4 842	067 0	066.6	14 055	000 77	24 000			'
B NW397	Kagisano-Molopo	43 724	47 772	50 117	60 000	45 000	46 000	'	'	'
Total: Dr Ruth	Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati Municipalitics	160 169	174 990	183 581	123 267	129 100	131 100	•	•	'
Total. Nouth W.	Tatal. Novet Wrat Municipalities	513694	561 219	588 774	173767	129 100	131 100	147 378	142 378	148 071
1.0131: 1301 UL 44	est intuincipantics	100 010	114 100	11.000	104 041	0.01 /71	001 101	2044	0.0444	7/0.041
National Total		6 764 411	7 390 152	7 753 024	1 692 555	1 743 859	1 836 627	583 709	793 669	873 616
			-			-		-		

## APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B: MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT

## RING-FENCED FUNDING FOR SPORT INFRASTRUCTURE - BREAKDOWN PER MUNICIPALITY

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

## APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B: MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT RING-FENCED FUNDING FOR SPORT INFRASTRUCTURE - BREAKDOWN PER MUNICIPALITY

			unicipal Infrastr s for sport infras	
		National and	l Municipal Fina	ncial Year
Category Municipality	Project	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
EASTERN CAPE				
B EC101 Dr Beyers Naude	Upgrading of Collie Koeberg Sport Field	10 000	-	-
Total: Sarah Baartman Municipalities	epginning of come recovery sport risk	10 000	-	-
B EC124 Amahlathi	Construction of Mlungisi Sport field	5 600	-	-
B EC126 Ngqushwa Total: Amathole Municipalities	Upgrading of New Creation Sport Field Phase 2	10 000 15 600	-	-
B EC131 Inxuba Yethemba	Refurbishment of Cradock Sport Field (Ward 5) Phase 2	5 000	-	-
B EC136 Emalahleni	Upgrading of Indwe Sport Field	10 000	-	-
B EC138 Sakhisizwe	Construction of Cala Sport Field	6 000	-	-
Total: Chris Hani Municipalities           B         EC155         Nyandeni	Construction of Noncombo Const Eight	21 000 9 900	-	-
Total: O.R. Tambo Municipalities	Construction of Nomcamba Sport Field	9 900 9 900	-	-
B EC443 Winnie Madikizela-Mandela	Upgrading of Mphuthumi Mafumbatha Sport Field Phase 4	7 500	-	-
B EC444 Ntabankulu	Upgrading of Ntabankulu Sport Field and Mbangweni/Magombeni sportfield	11 500	-	-
Total: Alfred Nzo Municipalities		19 000	-	-
Total: Eastern Cape Municipalities		75 500	-	-
B FS161 Letsemeng	Construction of Bolokanang Sport Field	3 000	-	-
B FS162 Kopanong	Refurbishment of Kopanong Jagersfontein Swimming Pool	9 000	-	-
B FS163 Mohokare	Construction of Roleleathunya Sport Field	10 000	-	-
Total: Xhariep Municipalities		22 000	-	-
B FS191 Setsoto Total: Thabo Mofutsanyana Municipalities	Upgrading of of Hlohlowane sport field	10 000 10 000	-	-
Total: Free State Municipalities		32 000	-	
B GT484 Merafong City	Construction of Khutsong Ext. 5 Sport Field	10 000	-	-
Total: West Rand Municipalities		10 000	-	-
Total: Gauteng Municipalities		10 000	-	-
KWAZULU-NATAL				
B KZN214 uMuziwabantu	Construction of Harding Sport Precinct phase 3	13 000	-	-
Total: Ugu Municipalities		13 000	-	-
B KZN221 uMshwathi	Upgrading of Mpolweni Sport field	13 000	-	-
B KZN222 uMngeni	Construction of National Rowing Training Centre Phase 1	20 000	-	-
Total: uMgungundlovu Municipalities           B         KZN244         uMsinga	Construction of Ndanyana Sport field	33 000 13 000	-	-
Total: uMzinyathi Municipalities	Construction of Ndanyana Sport field	13 000	-	-
B KZN271 uMhlabuyalingana	Upgrading of Manguzi Sport Field Phase 2	4 500	-	-
Total: uMkhanyakude Municipalities		4 500	-	-
B KZN285 Mthonjaneni	Upgrading of Mthonjaneni Multipurpose Centre	7 500	-	-
Total: King Cetshwayo Municipalities           B         KZN291           Mandeni	Construction of Whonese Snort field	7 500 3 500	-	-
B KZN291 Mandeni B KZN293 Ndwedwe	Construction of Khenana Sport field Construction of Ndwedwe Regional Sport field	3 500 10 000	-	-
Total: iLembe Municipalities	Construction of Prowed we regional oport field	13 500	-	-
B KZN436 Dr Nkosazana Dlamini Zuma	Construction of Creighton Regional Sport Centre phase 3	6 000	-	-
Total: Harry Gwala Municipalities		6 000	-	-
Total: KwaZulu-Natal Municipalities		90 500	-	-
LIMPOPO				
B LIM332 Greater Letaba B LIM333 Greater Tzaneen	Upgrading of Mamanyoha sport complex phase 2 Construction of Joppie Sport Facility	10 000 5 000	-	-
Total: Mopani Municipalities	······································	15 000	-	-
	Construction of Tshilapfene sport facility and Construction of Combo courts at Thengwe Mapate, Gondeni Sterkstroom and Tshikambe also including out door	15 000	-	-
B LIM343 Thulamela	gym at Ngovhela Village	15 000		
Total:         Vhembe         Municipalities           B         LIM353         Molemole	Construction of Mogwadi Sport Field	15 000 10 000	-	-
Total: Capricorn Municipalities	Construction of Wogwaar Sport Field	10 000	-	-
		10 000		
Total: Limpopo Municipalities		40 000	-	-

## APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B: MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT RING-FENCED FUNDING FOR SPORT INFRASTRUCTURE - BREAKDOWN PER MUNICIPALITY

			unicipal Infrastru s for sport infrast	
		National and	d Municipal Finar	ıcial Year
Category Municipality	Project	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
C DC30 Gert Sibande District Municipality	Completion of Siyathemba Sport Field	15 000	-	-
Total: Gert Sibande Municipalities		15 000	-	-
B MP314 Emakhazeni	Construction of Sakhelwe Sport Field	10 000	-	-
B MP316 Dr JS Moroka	Upgrading of Nokaneng Sport field (Ward 28)	9 000	-	-
Total: Nkangala Municipalities		19 000	-	-
B MP321 Thaba Chweu	Upgrading of Leroro Sport field Phase 2	9 000	-	-
Total: Ehlanzeni Municipalities		9 000	-	-
Total: Mpumalanga Municipalities		43 000	-	-
NORTHERN CAPE				
B NC061 Richtersveld	Unorading of existing Sport Engilities in Disktansweld	9 000	_	
B NC061 Richtersveid B NC065 Hantam	Upgrading of existing Sport Facilities in Richtersveld Upgrading of Brandvlei Sport Field Phase 2	9 500	-	-
Total: Namakwa Municipalities		18 500	-	
B NC071 Ubuntu	Upgrading of Richmond sport field Phase 2	7 000	-	
B NC072 Umsobomvu	Upgrading of Kuyasa Sport field in Colesberg, Phase 2	10 000	-	-
B NC077 Siyathemba	Upgrading of Prieska Show Ground Sport Field	8 000	-	-
Total: Pixley Ka Seme Municipalities	opgraaming of thestar brow broand opport tota	25 000	-	-
B NC082 !Kai !Garib	Upgrading of Machard Sport Field	5 000	-	-
B NC087 Dawid Kruiper	Development of Rosedale Sport Field	9 500	-	-
Total: Z.F. Mgcawu Municipalities		14 500	-	-
Total: Northern Cape Municipalities		58 000	-	-
NORTH WEST				
B NW372 Madibeng	Construction of Mothlotlong Sport Complex	10 000	-	-
Total: Bojanala Platinum Municipalities	Constantion of Moundating Sport Complex	10 000	-	-
B NW383 Mafikeng	Construction of Tennis Stadium	30 000	-	-
Total: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities		30 000	-	-
B NW392 Naledi	Construction of Huhudi Sport Field	10 000	-	-
B NW394 Greater Taung	Refurbishment of Sekhing and Mokassa Sport Fields	5 000	-	-
Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities		15 000	-	-
B NW405 JB Marks	Upgrading of Tshing Sport Field (Ventersdorp) and Potchefstroom Cricket field	16 000	-	-
Total: Dr Kenneth Kaunda Municipalities		16 000	-	-
Total: North West Municipalities		71 000	-	-
WESTERN CAPE				
B WC026 Langeberg	Upgrading of Van Zyl Street Sport Field	7 400	-	-
Total: Cape Winelands Municipalities		7 400	-	-
B WC032 Overstrand	Upgrading of the Mount Pleasant Sport fields	7 800	-	-
Total: Overberg Municipalities		7 800	-	-
B WC051 Laingsburg	Constructuction of Bergsig Sport Field Phase 2	10 000	-	-
B WC053 Beaufort West	Upgrading of Beaufort West Netball and Tennis Courts	6 800	-	
Total: Central Karoo Municipalities		16 800	-	-
Total: Western Cape Municipalities		32 000	-	-
Unallocated		-	452 000	452 000
National Total		452 000	452 000	452 000

## APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B: TARGETS FOR EXPANDED PUBLIC WORKS PROGRAMME INTEGRATED GRANT FOR MUNICIPALITIES

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

## APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B: TARGETS FOR EXPANDED PUBLIC WORKS PROGRAMME INTEGRATED GRANT FOR MUNICIPALITIES

			Expanded Pu	ıblic Works Proş Munici	gramme Integrat palities	ed Grant for
				National an	d Municipal Fina	ncial Year
C	ategory	Municipality	FTE Target for 2025/26	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
EAST	TERN CAI	PE				
A	BUF	Buffalo City	32	2 434	-	
A	NMA	Nelson Mandela Bay	32	2 457	-	
3	EC101	Dr Beyers Naude	18	1 396	-	
3	EC102	Blue Crane Route	17	1 322	-	
3	EC104	Makana	18	1 403	-	
3	EC105	Ndlambe	19	1 489	-	
3	EC106	Sundays River Valley	19	1 435	-	
3	EC108	Kouga	27	2 081	-	
3 C	EC109	Kou-Kamma	19 17	1 490 1 295	-	
	DC10	Sarah Baartman District Municipality	17	1 293	-	
otai	: Saran Ba	aartman Municipalities	134	11 911	-	
3	EC121	Mbhashe	31	2 382	-	
3	EC122	Mnquma	31	2 404	-	
3	EC123	Great Kei	17	1 327	-	
3	EC124	Amahlathi	23	1 799	-	
3	EC126	Ngqushwa	21	1 616	-	
3	EC129	Raymond Mhlaba	39	3 002	-	
2	DC12	Amathole District Municipality	20	1 513	-	
Fotal	: Amathol	e Municipalities	182	14 043	-	
3	EC131	Inxuba Yethemba	30	2 294	-	
3	EC135	Intsika Yethu	28	2 135	-	
3	EC136	Emalahleni	26	1 992	-	
3	EC137	Dr. A.B. Xuma	29	2 253	-	
3	EC138	Sakhisizwe	23	1 732	-	
3	EC139	Enoch Mgijima	35	2 719	-	
2	DC13	Chris Hani District Municipality	39	3 002	-	
Fotal	: Chris Ha	ni Municipalities	210	16 127	-	
3	EC141	Elundini	27	2 079	-	
3	EC142		27	2 058	-	
3		Walter Sisulu	26	2 038	-	
2	DC14	Joe Gqabi District Municipality	25	1 923	-	
[otal	: Joe Gqal	bi Municipalities	105	8 098	-	
3	EC153	Ngquza Hill	22	1 716	-	
3	EC154	Port St Johns	24	1 864	-	
3	EC155	Nyandeni	23	1 750	-	
3	EC156	Mhlontlo	26	1 982	-	
3	EC157	King Sabata Dalindyebo	38 47	2 934 3 628	-	
C Fotal	DC15	O.R. Tambo District Municipality <b>nbo Municipalities</b>	180	13 874	-	
otal		noo muncipanties	100	100/4	_	
3	EC441	Matatiele	39	2 980	-	
3	EC442	Umzimvubu	36	2 773	-	
3	EC443	Winnie Madikizela-Mandela	40	3 111	-	
3	EC444	Ntabankulu	34	2 597	-	
2	DC44	Alfred Nzo District Municipality	43	3 319	-	
<b>fotal</b>	: Alfred N	zo Municipalities	192	14 780	-	

## APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B: TARGETS FOR EXPANDED PUBLIC WORKS PROGRAMME INTEGRATED GRANT FOR MUNICIPALITIES

			Expanded Pu	ıblic Works Prog Munici		ted Grant for
				National and	d Municipal Fina	ancial Year
Cate	egory	Municipality	FTE Target for 2025/26	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
FREE S	STATE					
A	MAN	Mangaung	20	1 524	-	-
В	FS161	Letsemeng	-	-	-	
В	FS162	Kopanong	17	1 324	-	
В	FS163	Mohokare	-	-	-	
С	DC16	Xhariep District Municipality	17	1 303	-	
Fotal: X	Khariep	Municipalities	34	2 627	-	
	59101		10	1.254		
	FS181	Masilonyana	18 16	1 354 1 256	-	
B B	FS182 FS183	Tokologo Tswelopele	22	1 659	-	
B	FS185	Matjhabeng	22	1 687	_	
B	FS185	Nala	18	1 376	-	
C	DC18	Lejweleputswa District Municipality	18	1 414	-	
		utswa Municipalities	114	8 746	-	
	<u> </u>	•				
В	FS191	Setsoto	24	1 880	-	
В	FS192	Dihlabeng	23	1 756	-	
В	FS193	Nketoana	19	1 440	-	
В	FS194	Maluti-a-Phofung	41	3 127	-	
В	FS195	Phumelela	18	1 399	-	
	FS196	Mantsopa	18	1 408	-	
C	DC19	Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality	26	1 968	-	
l otal: 1	i nado Ni	lofutsanyana Municipalities	169	12 978	-	
В	FS201	Moqhaka	19	1 496	-	
B	FS203	Ngwathe	33	2 553	-	
B	FS204	Metsimaholo	18	1 348	-	
В	FS205	Mafube	-	-	-	
С	DC20	Fezile Dabi District Municipality	17	1 333	-	
Total: F	Fezile Da	bi Municipalities	87	6 730	-	
Total: F	Free Stat	te Municipalities	424	32 605	-	
GAUTE	ENG					
A	EKU	City of Ekurhuleni	125	9 597	-	
A	JHB	City of Johannesburg	52	4 000	_	
A	TSH	City of Tshwane	121	9 308	-	
	GT421	Emfuleni	56	4 286	-	
	GT422	Midvaal	27	2 077	-	
	GT423	Lesedi	17	1 332	-	
C	DC42	Sedibeng District Municipality	24	1 884	-	
i otal: S	sedibeng	Municipalities	124	9 579	-	
В	GT481	Mogale City	27	2 049	_	
	GT481 GT484	Merafong City	27	1 553	-	
	GT484 GT485	Rand West City	34	2 611	-	
C	DC48	West Rand District Municipality	21	1 649	_	
		nd Municipalities	102	7 862	-	
		•				
Fotal: C	Gauteng	Municipalities	524	40 346	-	

## APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B: TARGETS FOR EXPANDED PUBLIC WORKS PROGRAMME INTEGRATED GRANT FOR MUNICIPALITIES

		Expanded P		gramme Integra	ted Grant for
				ipalities d Municipal Fin	ancial Vear
		FTE Target	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28
Category	Municipality	for 2025/26	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
KWAZULU-NA	ATAL				
A ETH	eThekwini	111	8 517	-	-
	uMdoni uMzumbe	18 19	1 385 1 428	-	-
	uMuzimbe	20	1 525	-	-
	Ray Nkonyeni	41	3 159	-	-
C DC21	Ugu District Municipality	42	3 222	-	-
Total: Ugu Mu	nicipalities	140	10 719	-	-
B KZN221	uMshwathi	23	1 794	-	-
B KZN222	uMngeni	21	1 584	-	-
	Mpofana	18	1 400	-	-
	iMpendle Msunduzi	21 34	1 643 2 624	-	-
	Mkhambathini	29	2 204	_	-
B KZN227	Richmond	27	2 054	-	-
C DC22	uMgungundlovu District Municipality	22	1 713	-	-
Total: uMgung	undlovu Municipalities	195	15 016	-	-
B KZN235	Okhahlamba	30	2 333	-	-
	iNkosi Langalibalele	18	1 398	-	-
B KZN238	Alfred Duma	35	2 657	-	-
C DC23	uThukela District Municipality	27	2 093	-	-
Total: uThukel	a Municipalities	110	8 481	-	-
B KZN241	eNdumeni	22	1 699	-	-
B KZN242		21	1 639	-	-
	uMsinga	30	2 331	-	-
B KZN245		28	2 142	-	-
C DC24	uMzinyathi District Municipality thi Municipalities	74 175	5 687 13 498	-	-
rotai, ulvizinya	minicipanties	115	15 476		
B KZN252	Newcastle	36	2 791	-	-
	eMadlangeni	17	1 341	-	-
<ul> <li>B KZN254</li> <li>C DC25</li> </ul>	Dannhauser Amainha District Municipality	20 27	1 569 2 070	-	-
Total: Amajuba	Amajuba District Municipality Municipalities	100	7 771	-	-
	eDumbe	19 28	1 487 2 170	-	-
	uPhongolo AbaQulusi	28	2 742	-	-
	Nongoma	23	1 779	-	-
B KZN266	-	39	3 029	-	-
C DC26	Zululand District Municipality	83	6 406	-	-
Total: Zululand	Municipalities	228	17 613	-	-
B KZN271	uMhlabuyalingana	30	2 336	_	-
B KZN272		50	3 839	-	-
B KZN275	Inkosi uMtubatuba	27	2 059	-	-
	Big Five Hlabisa	27	2 042	-	-
C DC27 Total: uMkhan	uMkhanyakude District Municipality yakude Municipalities	51 185	3 921 14 197	-	-
. Jtan divikitäll	Januar Muncipantics	100			
B KZN281	uMfolozi	31	2 376	-	-
	uMhlathuze	48	3 707	-	-
	uMlalazi Mthoniononi	36 24	2 794 1 871	-	-
	Mthonjaneni Nkandla	24 33	2 566		-
C DC28	King Cetshwayo District Municipality	68	5 207	-	-
	shwayo Municipalities	240	18 521	-	-
B KZN291	Mandeni	22	1 714	_	
	Mandeni KwaDukuza	22	1 957	-	-
	Ndwedwe	30	2 320	-	-
	Maphumulo	23	1 784	-	-
C DC29	iLembe District Municipality	42	3 193	-	-
Total: iLembe !	viunicipalities	142	10 968	-	-
B KZN433	Greater Kokstad	25	1 953	-	-
B KZN434	Johannes Phumani Phungula	25	1 956	-	-
	uMzimkhulu	37	2 812	-	-
<ul> <li>B KZN436</li> <li>C DC43</li> </ul>	Dr Nkosazana Dlamini Zuma Harry Gwala District Municipality	28 48	2 135 3 660	-	-
	Harry Gwala District Municipality wala Municipalities	48	3 660 12 516	-	
	· · · pro · · · ·				
Total: KwaZulı	I-Natal Municipalities	1 789	137 817	-	-

## APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B: TARGETS FOR EXPANDED PUBLIC WORKS PROGRAMME INTEGRATED GRANT FOR MUNICIPALITIES

		Expanded Pu	ıblic Works Proş Munici	gramme Integrat palities	ed Grant for
			National an	d Municipal Fina	ncial Year
Category	Municipality	FTE Target for 2025/26	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
IMPOPO					
B LIM331	Greater Giyani	48	3 708	-	
	Greater Letaba	26	2 003	-	
B LIM333	Greater Tzaneen	63	4 811	-	
B LIM334	Ba-Phalaborwa	23	1 806	-	
B LIM335	Maruleng	20	1 512	-	
DC33	Mopani District Municipality	102	7 838	-	
fotal: Mopani !	Municipalities	282	21 678	-	
3 LIM341	Musina	26	1 986	-	
	Thulamela	49	3 802	-	
B LIM344	Makhado	43	3 323	-	
B LIM345	Collins Chabane	28	2 148	-	
DC34	Vhembe District Municipality	46	3 557	-	
Total: Vhembe	Municipalities	192	14 816	-	
B LIM351	Blouberg	23	1 769	_	
B LIM353	-	18	1 405	-	
	Polokwane	85	6 531	-	
	Lepele-Nkumpi	25	1 891	-	
DC35	Capricorn District Municipality	48	3 659	-	
Fotal: Capricor	n Municipalities	199	15 255	-	
B LIM361	Thabazimbi	19	1 454	_	
	Lephalale	19	1 478		
	Bela-Bela	20	1 560	-	
	Mogalakwena	21	1 608	-	
	Modimolle-Mookgophong	26	2 031	-	
C DC36	Waterberg District Municipality	-	-	-	
	rg Municipalities	105	8 131	-	
B LIM471	Enhader Marala	21	1 629	_	
	Ephraim Mogale Elias Motsoaledi	37	2 862	_	
	Makhuduthamaga	32	2 443	-	
	Fetakgomo Tubatse	27	2 099	-	
C DC47	Sekhukhune District Municipality	109	8 403	-	
Fotal: Sekhukh	une Municipalities	226	17 436	-	
F. 4. 1. T !	Mandalasta	1 004	77 316	-	
	Municipalities	1 004	// 310	-	
MPUMALANG	A				
B MP301	Chief Albert Luthuli	34	2 643	-	
B MP302	Msukaligwa	25	1 930	-	
B MP303	Mkhondo	28	2 159	-	
3 MP304	Dr Pixley ka Isaka Seme	29	2 206	-	
	Lekwa	29	2 203	-	
	Dipaleseng	20	1 502	-	
B MP307	Govan Mbeki	38	2 939	-	
DC30	Gert Sibande District Municipality ande Municipalities	30 233	2 280 17 862	-	
otun otri bibi	and Municipantes				
	Victor Khanye	26	1 976	-	
B MP312		58	4 4 3 4	-	
3 MP313		29	2 210	-	
	Emakhazeni	28	2 178	-	
B MP315	Thembisile Hani	36	2 801	-	
B MP316	Dr JS Moroka	31	2 400	-	
	Nkangala District Municipality a Municipalities	31 239	2 374 18 373	-	
DC31	•				
DC31			2 102	-	
C DC31 Fotal: Nkangala 3 MP321	Thaba Chweu	27	2 103	1	
DC31 Total: Nkangal: MP321 MP324	Nkomazi	57	4 378	-	
DC31           Total: Nkangal:           B         MP321           B         MP324           B         MP325	Nkomazi Bushbuckridge	57 38	4 378 2 929	-	
DC31           'otal: Nkangal:           'otal: Nkangal:           'MP321           'MP324           MP325           'MP326	Nkomazi Bushbuckridge City of Mbombela	57 38 75	4 378 2 929 5 777	-	
DC31           Yotal:         Nkangal:           B         MP321           B         MP324           B         MP325           B         MP326           C         DC32	Nkomazi Bushbuckridge City of Mbombela Ehlanzeni District Municipality	57 38 75 25	4 378 2 929 5 777 1 928	- - -	
DC31 otal: Nkangal: MP321 MP324 MP325 MP326 DC32	Nkomazi Bushbuckridge City of Mbombela	57 38 75	4 378 2 929 5 777	-	

## APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B: TARGETS FOR EXPANDED PUBLIC WORKS PROGRAMME INTEGRATED GRANT FOR MUNICIPALITIES

		Expanded P	ublic Works Pro Munic	gramme Integra ipalities	ted Grant for
			National an	d Municipal Fin	ancial Year
Category	Municipality	FTE Target for 2025/26	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
NORTHERN C	APE				
B NC061	Richtersveld	18	1 347	-	-
B NC062	Nama Khoi	21	1 601	-	-
B NC064	Kamiesberg	- 17	1 269	-	-
B NC065 B NC066	Hantam Karoo Hoogland	17	1 269	-	-
B NC067	Khâi-Ma	-		-	-
C DC6	Namakwa District Municipality	-	-	-	-
Total: Namakw	a Municipalities	73	5 493	-	-
D NC071	T.T. (	16	1 256		
B NC071 B NC072	Ubuntu Umsobomvu	10	1 250	-	-
B NC072 B NC073	Emthanjeni	-		-	-
B NC074	Kareeberg	-	-	-	-
B NC075	Renosterberg	-	-	-	-
B NC076	Thembelihle	-	-	-	-
B NC077	Siyathemba	- 17	1 303	-	-
B NC078 C DC7	Siyancuma Pixley Ka Seme District Municipality	17	1 303	-	
	a Seme Municipalities	66	5 134	-	
,	•	l			
B NC082	!Kai !Garib	17	1 318	-	-
B NC084	!Kheis	-	-	-	-
<ul> <li>B NC085</li> <li>B NC086</li> </ul>	Tsantsabane Kastalanala	-	-	-	-
B NC086 B NC087	Kgatelopele Dawid Kruiper	-	-	-	-
C DC8	Z.F. Mgcawu District Municipality	17	1 274	_	-
	awu Municipalities	34	2 592	-	-
B NC091	Sol Plaatjie	58	4 442	-	-
B NC092	Dikgatlong	18	1 386	-	-
B NC093 B NC094	Magareng Phokwane	17	1 329	-	
C DC9	Frances Baard District Municipality	18	1 395	-	-
	Baard Municipalities	111	8 552	-	-
B NC451	Joe Morolong	20	1 554	-	-
B NC452 B NC453	Ga-Segonyana	19 18	1 426 1 378	-	-
B NC453 C DC45	Gamagara John Taolo Gaetsewe District Municipality	- 10			
	olo Gaetsewe Municipalities	57	4 358	-	-
Total: Northern	Cape Municipalities	341	26 129	-	-
NORTH WEST					
B NW371	Moretele	39	3 036	-	-
	Madibeng	24	1 836	-	-
	Rustenburg	31	2 359	-	-
	Kgetlengrivier	18	1 408 1 895	-	-
B NW375 C DC37	Moses Kotane Bojanala Platinum District Municipality	25 22	1 689	-	-
	Platinum Municipalities	159	12 223	-	-
	•				
B NW381		20	1 509	-	-
	Tswaing	19	1 432	-	-
	Mafikeng Ditsobatla	25 19	1 923 1 467	-	-
	Ditsobotla Ramotshere Moiloa	23	1 467	-	-
C DC38	Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality	62	4 791	-	
	lodiri Molema Municipalities	168	12 876	-	-
B NW392		32	2 433	-	-
	Mamusa	19	1 472	-	-
	Greater Taung Lekwa-Teemane	24 18	1 842 1 355	-	-
	Lekwa-Teemane Kagisano-Molopo	29	2 241	-	-
C DC39	Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality	22	1 674	-	-
	Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities	144	11 017	-	-
_					
	City of Matlosana Maguagai Hilla	34 18	2 606 1 419	-	-
	Maquassi Hills JB Marks	18 34	1 419 2 619	-	-
B NW405 C DC40	JB Marks Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality	29	2 819	-	-
	eth Kaunda Municipalities	115	8 855	-	-
Total: North W	est Municipalities	586	44 971	-	-

## APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B: TARGETS FOR EXPANDED PUBLIC WORKS PROGRAMME INTEGRATED GRANT FOR MUNICIPALITIES

		Expanded Pu	blic Works Prog Munici	gramme Integrat palities	ed Grant for
			National and	d Municipal Fina	ncial Year
Category	Municipality	FTE Target for 2025/26	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
WESTERN C	APE				
A CPT	City of Cape Town	194	14 926	-	-
B WC01	1 Matzikama	22	1 708	-	-
B WC012	2 Cederberg	20	1 533	-	
B WC013	3 Bergrivier	22	1 700	-	
B WC014	4 Saldanha Bay	27	2 096	-	
B WC01	5 Swartland	26	1 969	-	
C DC1	West Coast District Municipality	22	1 669	-	
Total: West C	oast Municipalities	139	10 675	-	-
B WC022	2 Witzenberg	30	2 272	_	-
B WC022	0	44	3 349	-	
B WC02. B WC024		42	3 202	_	
B WC02: B WC02:		39	3 019	_	
B WC02.	-	35	2 709	_	
C DC2	Cape Winelands District Municipality	19	1 479	_	
	Vinelands Municipalities	209	16 030	-	
i otali. Cape w	inclanus Municipantics		10 000		
B WC03	1 Theewaterskloof	25	1 930	-	
B WC032		34	2 588	-	
B WC033		22	1 727	-	
B WC034	1 0	20	1 565	_	
C DC3	Overberg District Municipality	20	1 500	-	
	rg Municipalities	121	9 310	-	
B WC04		18	1 378	-	
	2 Hessequa	18	1 351	-	
B WC043		42	3 259	-	
	4 George	35	2 677	-	
	5 Oudtshoorn	23	1 734	-	
	7 Bitou	21	1 599	-	
	8 Knysna	19	1 461	-	
C DC4	Garden Route District Municipality	30	2 293	-	
Fotal: Garden	Route Municipalities	206	15 752	-	
B WC05	l Laingsburg	18	1 385	-	
	2 Prince Albert	-	-	-	
	3 Beaufort West	20	1 569	-	
C DC5	Central Karoo District Municipality	18	1 376	-	
Total: Central	l Karoo Municipalities	56	4 330	-	-
T / 1 XX7 ·	C M ** **	0.35	71.000		
i otal: Wester	n Cape Municipalities	925	71 023	-	-
Unallocated		-	-	593 271	620 099
National Tota	1	7 374	567 281	593 271	620 099

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 6, PART B: REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT

BREAKDOWN OF REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER PROJECT

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

## APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 6, PART B: REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT

## BREAKDOWN OF REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER PROJECT

	Breakdown of regional	al bulk infrastructure g	Breakdown of regional bulk infrastructure grant allocations per local municipality per project	Droject		Schedule 5, Part B		0.	Schedule 6, Part B	
	D				National a	National and Municipal Financial Year	ial Year	National ar	National and Municipal Financial Year	ial Year
Project Code	Project Name	Category	Water Services Authority	Benefitting Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
EASTERN CAPE	IN CAPE		-	-					_	
BFI	Nelson Mandela Bay - Water Security Programme	A NMA	Nelson Mandela Bay Metropolitan Municipality	Nelson Mandela Bay Metropolitan Municipality	390 000		-		-	
		Total: Nelson Mandela	Total: Nelson Mandela Bay Metropolitan Municipality		390 000	•	-		•	•
RS42	James Kleynhans Bulk Water Supply	B EC104	Makana Local Municipality	Makana Local Municipality				50 000	33 000	34650
RL01	Ndlambe Bulk Water Supply	B EC105	Ndlambe Local Municipality	Ndlambe Local Municipality				42 000	33 000	34 650
RS02	Sundays River - Paterson Bulk Water Supply	B EC106	Sundays River Valley Local Municipality	Sundays River Valley Local Municipality				6 000	'	
RS07	Misgund Bulk Water Supply	B EC109	Kou-kamma Local Municipality	Koukamma Local Municipality				310	'	
		Total Sarah Baartman Municipalities	Municipalities			•		98 310	000 99	69 300
RL16	Xhora East Water Supply	C DC12	Amathole District Municipality	Mbhashe Local Municipality				4 000		
RL	Sundwana Water Supply	C DC12	Amathole District Municipality	Mbhashe Local Municipality			'	5 000	10 000	10500
RS	Ngqamakhwe Bulk Water Supply (Butterworth Water Transfer Scheme)	C DC12	Amathole District Municipality	Mnquma Local Municipality			'	80 000	90401	94921
		<b>Total Amathole Municipalities</b>	oalities					89 000	100 401	105 421
RBIG 5B	Upgrading of Tsomo Water Treatment Works	C DC13	Chris Hani District Municipality	Intsika Yethu Local Municipality		70 000	120 000		•	•
RBIG 5B	Upgrading ofLubisi Water Treatment Works	C DC13	Chris Hani District Municipality	Emalahleni Local Municipality		56000	143 079		'	
		Total Chris Hani Municipalities	ipalities		•	126 000	263 079		•	•
RBIG 5B	Lady Grey Bulk Water Supply	C DC14	Joe Gqabi District Municipality	Senqu Local Municipality		59 501	70 000	•		
RBIG 5B	Sterkspruit Waste Water Treatment Works	C DC14	Joe Gqabi District Municipality	Senqu Local Municipality	85 000	115 789	133 000			
		Total: Joe Gqabi Municipalities	sipalities		85 000	175 290	203 000			
RBIG 5B	O.R. Tambo, Mthatha, King Sabato Dalinyebo Water Supply	C DC15	O.R. Tambo District Municipality	King Sabata Dalindyebo Local Municipality	250 000	192 000				
		<b>Total OR Tambo Municipalities</b>	cipalities		250 000	192 000				
<b>RS48</b>	Kinira Regional Bulk Water Supply Scheme	C DC44	Alfred Nzo District Municipality	Matatiele Local Municipality	•				5 000	5 2 5 0
RS50	Mkemane Regional Bulk Water Supply Scheme	C DC44	Alfred Nzo District Municipality	Umzimvubu Local Municipality				•	5 000	5 2 5 0
RBIG 6B	Greater Mbizana Regional Bulk Water Supply Scheme	C DC44	Alfred Nzo District Municipality	Winnie Madikizela-Mandela		'	'	113 606	120 028	157 529
RS43	Ntabankulu Bulk Water Supply	C DC44	Alfred Nzo District Municipality	Ntabankulu Local Municipality	'				5 000	5 2 5 0
		Total: Alfred Nzo Municipalities	cipalities					113 606	135 0 28	173 279
		Total: Eastern Cape Municipalities	unicipalities		725 000	493 290	466 079	300 916	301429	$348\ 000$

## APPENDIX W5 APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 6, PART B: REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT

## BREAKDOWN OF REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER PROJECT

						Schedule 5, Part B		s	Schedule 6, Part B	
	Breakdown of regional I	DUIK INITASUTUCTUFE	Breakuown of regional buik infrastructure grant anocations per local municipanty per project	r project	National	National and Municipal Financial Year	ial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ial Year
Project Code	et Project Name	Category	Water Services Authority	Benefitting Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
FREE STATE	TATE									
RBIG 5B	RBIG 5B Rouxville/Smithfield/Zastron Bulk Water Supply	B FS163	Mohokare Local Municipality	Mohokare Local Municipality				15 000		
		Total: Xhariep Municipalities	ipalities					15 000		
RS52	Masilonyana Bulk Water Supply	B FS181	Masilonyana Local Municipality	Masilonyana Local Municipality		•	•	40 000	52300	54915
Covid-19	9 Brandford Bulk Sewer Services	B FS181	Masilonyana Local Municipality	Masilonyana Local Municipality				4 000		
RL24	Tokologo Regional Water Supply 2	B FS182	Tokologo Local Municipality	Tokologo Local Municipality				40 000	62760	65 898
BEP	Dealesville Bulk Sewer Services	B FS182	Tokologo Local Municipality	Tokologo Local Municipality				15 148	'	'
RL34	Mathjabeng Bulk Sewer (Welkom) - Ministerial Intervention	B FS184	Matjhabeng Local Municipality	Matjhabeng Local Municipality				323 629	184 699	193 934
		Total: Lejweleputswa Municipalities	Municipalities		-	•		422 777	299 759	314 747
RBIG 5B		B FS191	Setsoto Local Municipality	Setsoto Local Municipality	171 112	200 000	242 596		•	
BEP	Clocolan Bulk Sewer Services	B FS191	Setsoto Local Municipality	Setsoto Local Municipality				5 514	'	
BEP	Ficksburg Bulk Sewer Services	B FS191	Setsoto Local Municipality	Setsoto Local Municipality				15 427		
BEP	Senekal Bulk Sewer Services	B FS191	Setsoto Local Municipality	Setsoto Local Municipality				7 282		
BEP	Senekal Construction West	B FS191	Setsoto Local Municipality	Setsoto Local Municipality	•	•		17 249	•	•
RL25	Dihlabeng Bulk Water Supply - Phase 3	B FS192	Dihlabeng Local Municipality	Dihlabeng Local Municipality				000 09	$60\ 000$	63 000
Covid-19		B FS193	Nketoana Local Municipality	Nketoana Local Municipality				30 000	40 570	42 599
BEP	Arglington Bulk Sewer Services	B FS193	Nketoana Local Municipality	Nketoana Local Municipality			•	34 717	'	•
BEP	Petrus Sten Bulk Sewer Services	B FS193	Nketoana Local Municipality	Nketoana Local Municipality				22 838	'	
RL12	Nketoana Regional Water Supply	B FS193	Nketoana Local Municipality	Nketoana Local Municipality				75 000	100 000	126 000
RS150		B FS194	Maluti-a-Phofung Local Municipality	Maluti-a-Phofung Local Municipality	•		'	65 371	96 989	101 838
RBBIG 6B		B FS194	Maluti-a-Phofung Local Municipality	Maluti-a-Phofung Local Municipality				•	22 120	23 226
RS19	Maluti-a-Phofung Bulk Water Supply - Phase 2	B FS194	Maluti-a-Phofung Local Municipality	Maluti-a-Phofung Local Municipality				50 000	20 000	21 000
		Total: Thabo Mofutsanyana Municipalities	nyana Municipalities		171 112	200 000	242 596	383 398	339 679	377 663
RBIG 6B	_	B FS201	Moqhaka Local municipality	Moqhaka Local municipality				000 6		
RBIG 5B	_	B FS203	Ngwathe Local Municipality	Ngwathe Local Municipality	000 09	81 112	50 000	,	'	1
RS26	-	B FS205	Mafube Local Municipality	Mafube Local Municipality				15 000	'	
RBIG 6B	3 Frankfort Waste Water Treatment Works Upgrade	B FS205	Mafube Local Municipality	Mafube Local Municipality					30 000	31500
		Total: Fezile Dabi Municipalities	nicipalities		60 000	81 112	50 000	24 000	30000	31500
		Total: Free State Municinalities	licinal itios		331 113	111 100	202 202	045 175	857 033	713.010
GAUTENG	NG NG						0.00 = 0 =	211 212	001 000	
RM02	Sedibeng Regional Waste Water Treatment Works	B GT421	Emfuleni Local Municipality	Emfuleni, Midvaal and City of Johannesberg				069 86	99 868	103 863
RM05	Sebokeng Waste Water Treatment Works	B GT421	Emfuleni Local Municipality	Emfuleni Local Municipality				000 09	70 000	73 500
RBIG 5B	3 Vaal River System Intervention	B GT421	Emfuleni Local Municipality	Emfuleni Local Municipality				346 347	476353	467 009
RL04	Meyerton Waste Water Treatment Works	B GT422	Midvaal Local Municipality	Midvaal Local Municipality				55 000		
		Total: Sedibeng Municipalities	cipalities					560 037	646 221	644372
RM06	Westonaria Regional Bulk Sanitation (Zuurbekom)	B GT485	Rand West City Local Municipality	Rand West City Local Municipality		•		20 000	55 000	57750
RS56	Mohlakeng Pump Station and Sewer Outfall	B GT485	Rand West City Local Municipality	Rand West City Local Municipality				20 000	45 000	47250
		Total: West Rand Municipalities	nicipalities					40 000	100 000	105 000
		Total: Gauteng Municipalities	ipalities	_		-		600 037	746 221	749 372

## APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 6, PART B: REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT

## BREAKDOWN OF REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER PROJECT

	Breakdown of regional	oulk infrastructu	Breakdown of regional bulk infrastructure grant allocations per local municipali	nunicipality per project	Sche	Schedule 5, Part B		Š	Schedule 6, Part B	
	D				National and N	National and Municipal Financial Year	lYear	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	al Year
Project Code	t Project Name	Category	Water Services Authority	Benefitting Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R 000)
KWAZU.	KWAZULU-NATAL		-	-						
RBIG 5B	3 Mandlakazi Bulk Water Supply	C DC26	Zululand District Municipality	uPhongolo and Nongoma Local Municipalities	544 478	370 085	408 200	•	•	
		<b>Total: Zululand Municipalities</b>	unicipalities		544 478	370 085	408 200	•	•	
RBIG 5B	3 Greater Mthonjaneni Bulk Water Supply	C DC28	King Cetshwayo District Municipality	Mthonjaneni and Nkandla Local Municipalities	178 356	129 356	208 356			
		Total: King Cetshw	otal: King Cetshwayo Municipalities		178 356	129 356	208 356			
		Total: KwaZulu-Na	Fotal: KwaZulu-Natal Municipalities		722 834	499 441	616 556		•	•
DIMPOPO	04									
RL28	Giyani Bulk Water Supply - Drought Relief	C DC33	Mopani District Municipality	Greater Giyani Local Municipality	1		•	25 000	•	•
RBIG 6B	3 Giyani Waste Water Treatment Works Upgrade - Phase 2	C DC33	Mopani District Municipality	Greater Giyani Local Municipality	,	'		000 09	203 607	183 583
RM08	Giyani Water Services	C DC33	Mopani District Municipality	Greater Giyani Local Municipality	1			125 000		
<b>RL29</b>	Mametja Sekororo Bulk Water Supply	C DC33	Mopani District Municipality	Maruleng Local Municipality	1			35 000	100 000	184 000
RS135	Bambanana Pipeline - Phase 1	C DC33	Mopani District Municipality	Maruleng Local Municipality				120 000	230 000	208 000
		Total: Mopani Municipalities	nicipalities		,			365 000	533 607	575 583
RL13	Sinthumule Kutama Bulk Water Supply	C DC34	Vhembe District Municipality	Makhado Local Municipality	,			15 000	,	
RBIG 6B	3 Nandoni Waste Water Treatment Works Upgrade	C DC34	Vhembe District Municipality	Makhado Local Municipality	1			98 170	235800	255 800
		Total: Vhembe Municipalities	nicipalities		,			113 170	235800	255 800
RBIG 5B	Polokwane Waste Water Treatment Works	B LIM354	54 Polokwane Local Municipality	Polokwane Local Municipality	155 509	255 509	207 387			
		Total: Capricon Municipalities	unicipalities		155 509	255 509	207 387			•
RM04	Mogalakwena Bulk Water Supply	B LIM367	67 Mogalakwena Local Municipality	Mogalakwena Local Municipality	,			130 000	30 000	
		Total: Waterberg Municipalities	Municipalities		,			130 000	30000	
RL14	Moutse Bulk Water Supply	C DC47	Sekhukhune District Municipality	Ephraim Mogale and Elias Motsoaledi Local Municipalities	,			10 000	,	•
RM12	Nebo Bulk Water Supply	C DC47	Sekhukhune District Municipality	Tubatse Local Municipality and Makhudutmahaga Local				80 000		'
RM07	Mooihoek/Tubatse Bulk Water Supply	C DC47	Sekhukhune District Municipality	Tubatse Local Municipality	-			10 000		
		Total: Sekhukhune Municipalities	Municipalities		1			100 000		
		<b>Total: Limpopo Municipalities</b>	micipalities		155 509	255 509	207 387	708 170	799 407	831383

## APPENDIX W5 APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 6, PART B: REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT

## BREAKDOWN OF REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER PROJECT

	Breakdown of regional b	oulk infrastructure	Breakdown of regional bulk infrastructure grant allocations ner local municinality ner project	r moiect	Sch	Schedule 5, Part B		Sc	Schedule 6, Part B	
					National and I	National and Municipal Financial Year	ıl Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	l Year
Project Code	Project Name	Category	Water Services Authority	Benefitting Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
MPUMA	IPUMALANGA		_	-	-					
RBIG 5B	Empul/Methu/Amster Bulk Water Supply	B MP301	Chief Albert Luthuli Local Municipality	Chief Albert Luthuli Local Municipality	95 000	105 423	79 744			1
RBIG 5B	Upgrading of Carolina Waste Water Treatment Works		Chief Albert Luthuli Local Municipality	Chief Albert Luthuli Local Municipality	80 000	75 464			'	
RBIG 5B	Chief Albert Luthuli Bulk Water Project	B MP301	Chief Albert Luthuli Local Municipality	Chief Albert Luthuli Local Municipality	30 000	50 000	155 423			
RBIG 5B	Msukalingwa Regional Bulk Water Supply - Phasel	B MP302	Msukaligwa Local Municipality	Msukaligwa Local Municipality	10 000	70 000	100 000			
RBIG 5B	Ermelo Waste Water Treatment Works	B MP302	Msukaligwa Local Municipality	Msukaligwa Local Municipality	40 000	60 000	50 000	'	'	
RBIG 6B	Amsterdam and Sheepmore Bulk Water Scheme	B MP303	Mkhondo Local Municipality	Mkhondo and Msukaligwa Local Municipality				100 000	57 798	60110
RBIG 6B	_	B MP305	Lekwa Local Municipality	Lekwa Local Municipality				100 000	56800	59 072
RBIG 6B	_	B MP305	Lekwa Local Municipality	Lekwa Local Municipality				5 000	5 000	5 200
RBIG 6B	Balf/Siyat/Greyl/Willem/Nthor Bulk Water Supply	B MP306	Dipaleseng Local Municipality	Dipaleseng Local Municipality	•	'		12 000	30 000	31200
RBIG 6B	Embalenhie Bulk Sewer and Waste Water Treatment Works Refurbishment and Uperading	B MP307	Goven Mbeki Local Municipality	Goven Mbeki Local Municipality	•	,		5 000	10 000	10400
		Total: Gert Sibande Municipalities	tunicipalities		255 000	360 887	385 167	222 000	159 598	165 982
RBIG 5B	Emalahleni RBWS (Conitional Assessment)	B MP312	Emalahleni Local Municipality	Emalahleni Local Municipality	30 000		•		'	•
RBIG 5B		B MP313	Steve Tshwete Local Municipality	Steve Tshwete Local Municipality		50 000	40 000			
RBIG 5B	Refurbishment and Upgrading of Kwazamokhule Waste Water Treatment Works	B MP313	Steve Tshwete Local Municipality	Steve Tshwete Local Municipality	1 000	10 000	30 000			
RL35	Thembisile Water Scheme (Loskop)	B MP315	Thembisile Hani Local Municipality	Thembisile Local Municipality	98 887	1		250 000	200 000	208 000
RL36	Western Highveld (Rust de Winter) Bulk Water Supply Scheme	B MP316	Dr JS Moroka Local Municipality	Dr JS Moroka and Thembisile Hani Local Municipalities		1		5 000	10 000	10400
		Total: Nkangala Municipalities	cipalities		129 887	000 09	70 000	255 000	210 000	218400
RBIG 5B	Thaba Chweu Regional Bulk Water Supply (Leroro, Matibidi, Moremela)	B MP321	Thaba Chweu	Thaba Chweu	5 000	30 000	30 000			
<b>RS37</b>	Drickoppies Upgrading	B MP324	Nkomazi Local Municipality	Nkomazi Local Municipality		1		58 042		
RS30		B MP324	Nkomazi Local Municipality	Nkomazi Local Municipality	10 000	10 000	30 600	'	'	'
RBIG 5B	Upgrading of Mkhuhlu Waste Water Treatment Works	B MP325	Bushbuckridge Local Municipality	Bushbuckridge Local Municipality	1 000	40 000	40 000			1
		Total: Ehlanzeni Municpalities	cpalities		16 000	80 000	100 600	58 042		
		Total-Mnumalanca Municinalitias	unioinalitiae		400.007	200.002	L7L 333	535 047	360 500	304 307
NORTHE	NORTHERN CAPE	0			100.000	100 000	101.000	#10.000	000 000	-
BEP	Campbell	B NC078	Siyancuma Local Municipality	Siyancuma Local Municipality				1 913		
		Total: Pixley ka Seme Municipalities	Municipalities			•		1 913		
BEP	Postdene -Maranteg Construction West		Tsantsabane Local Municipality	Tsantsabane Local Municipality	-			4 327	-	
RS28	Upington Wasterwater treatment works	B NC087	Dawid Kruiper Local Municipallity	Dawid Kruiper Local Municipallity				20 000	100 000	80 000
		Total: Z.F. Mgcawu Municipalities	lunicipalities			•	•	24 327	$100\ 000$	80 000
BFI	Sol Plaatjie Local Municipality - Integrated Bulk Supply System Intervention	B NC091	Sol Plaatje Local Municipality	Sol Plaatje Local Municipality	574 000	579 000	490 000	•	•	
BEP			Sol Plaatje Local Municipality	Sol Plaatje Local Municipality	•		•	940	'	•
Covid-19	Warrenton Waste Water Treatment Works	B NC093	Magareng Local Municipality	Magareng Local Municipality	•		•	9 960	5 000	
		<b>Total: Frances Baard Municipalities</b>	Municipalities		574 000	579 000	490 000	10 900	5000	
		Total: Northern Cape Municipalities	Municipalities		574 000	579 000	490 000	37 140	105000	80 000

## APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 6, PART B: REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT

## BREAKDOWN OF REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER PROJECT

	Breakdown of regional I	bulk infrastructi	Breakdown of regional bulk infrastructure grant allocations per local municipality per project	Droiect		Schedule 5, Part B		5	Schedule 6, Part B	
					National a	National and Municipal Financial Year	al Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	al Year
Project Code	t Project Name	Category	Water Services Authority	Benefitting Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
NORTH WEST	WEST									
RL15	Moretele South Bulk Water Supply (Klipdrift)	B NW371	371 Moretele Local Municipality	Moretele Local Municipality	•	•		61 899	62 262	75 152
RL09	Madibeng Bulk Water Supply (Brits)	B NW3	NW372 Madibeng Local Municipality	Madibeng Local Municipality				28 112	28 1 1 2	29 236
		Total: Bojanala PI	Fotal: Bojanala Platinum Municipalities					90 011	90374	104388
RS32	Ratiou Bulk Water Supply	C DC38	8 Ngaka Modiri Molema Local Municipality	Ration Local Municipality	•			10 000	10 000	10400
RL33	Mafikeng South Bulk Water Supply	C DC38	8 Ngaka Modiri Molema Local Municipality	Mafikeng Local Municipality				42 000	52 000	54080
		Total: Ngaka Mou	Total: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities		•	•		52 000	62 000	64480
RBIG 5B	3 Taung/Naledi Bulk Water Supply (Phase 1 to 3)	C DC39	19 Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality	Naledi and Greater Taung Local Municipalities	100 000	100 000	100 500			•
RBIG 5B	3 Greater Mamusa Bulk Water Supply (Phase 1 to 4) - Bloemhof	C DC39	9 Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality	Mamusa Local Municipality	57 588	57 588	57 912			
RBIG 5B	3 Kagisano Molapo Bulk Water Supply	C DC39		Kagisano-Molopo Local Municipality	150 000	100 000	100 750			
RBIG 5B	3 Tapeng - Cluster 2	C DC39	9 Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality	Kagisano-Molopo Local Municipality	150 000	138 498	138 498			
		Total: Dr Ruth Se	Fotal: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities		457 588	396 086	397 660			
RS35	Potchefstroom Waste Water Treatment Works upgrade (Tlokwe) - Phase 1 to 5	B NW405	405 JB Marks Local Municipality	JB Marks Local Municipality	ı			42 000	72 000	74880
		Total: Dr Kennetl	Total: Dr Kenneth Kaunda Municipalities		•	•	•	42 000	72 000	74880
		Total: North West Municipalities	t Municipalities		457 588	396 086	397 660	184 011	224374	243 748
WESTE	WESTERN CAPE									
RS134	Clanwilliam/Lambertsbaai Regional Water Supply and Desalination	B WC014	014 Cederberg Local Municipality	Cederberg Local Municipality	-		•	16 016	16 040	16843
		Total: West Coast Municipalities	t Municipalities		•	•		16 016	16 040	16843
RBIG 5B	3 Drakenstein Local Municipality - Sanitation Infrastructure Project	B WC023	023 Drakenstein Local Municipality	Drakenstein Local Municipality	490 000	225 000		•		
		Total: Cape Wine	Fotal: Cape Winelands Municipalities		490 000	225 000	•			
								_		
		Total: Western Ca	Total: Western Cape Municipalities		490 000	225 000	1	16 016	16040	16843
National Total	Total				3 756 930	3 230 325	3 0 2 6 0 4 5	3 226 507	3 231 507	3 377 638

## APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF THE EARLY CHILDHOOD DEVELOPMENT GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT COMPONENT PER PROVINCE

(National Financial Years)

## APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF THE EARLY CHILDHOOD DEVELOPMENT GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT COMPONENT PER PROVINCE

Basic Education (Vote 16)	Early Ch	ildhood Developm	ent Grant
	Na	tional Financial Y	ear
Province/Components	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28
Province/Components	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
Early Childhood Development Grant			
Eastern Cape	330 004	358 239	375 180
Free State	96 038	106 433	111 516
Gauteng	399 129	436 526	457 403
KwaZulu-Natal	308 627	342 033	358 648
Limpopo	295 968	324 560	340 106
Mpumalanga	152 262	166 379	174 250
Northern Cape	35 593	39 783	41 625
North West	173 858	186 594	195 220
Western Cape	155 053	175 154	183 809
Total	1 946 532	2 135 701	2 237 757
of which:			
Infrastructure Component			
Eastern Cape	20 617	34 679	36 991
Free State	11 148	17 652	18 721
Gauteng	28 588	49 009	52 366
KwaZulu-Natal	28 792	49 378	52 762
Limpopo	23 186	39 285	41 933
Mpumalanga	12 675	20 396	21 666
Northern Cape	6 585	9 446	9 917
North West	9 527	14 736	15 592
Western Cape	20 460	34 395	36 686
Total: Infrasructure Component	161 578	268 976	286 634
Subsidy Component			
Eastern Cape	309 387	323 560	338 189
Free State	84 890	88 781	92 795
Gauteng	370 541	387 517	405 037
KwaZulu-Natal	279 835	292 655	305 886
Limpopo	272 782	285 275	298 173
Mpumalanga	139 587	145 983	152 584
Northern Cape	29 008	30 337	31 708
North West	164 331	171 858	179 628
Western Cape	134 593	140 759	147 123
Total: Subsidy Component	1 784 954	1 866 725	1 951 123

## APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF THE DISTRICT HEALTH PROGRAMMES GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT COMPONENT PER PROVINCE

(National Financial Years)

## APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF THE DISTRICT HEALTH PROGRAMMES GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT COMPONENT PER PROVINCE

Health (Vote 18)	District	Health Programmes	Grant
	Na	tional Financial Year	
Province/Components	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
District Health Programmes Grant			
Eastern Cape	3 110 225	3 253 178	3 400 306
Free State	1 698 705	1 776 896	1 857 267
Gauteng	6 097 851	6 378 266	6 666 739
KwaZulu-Natal	7 466 119	7 809 680	8 162 912
Limpopo	2 542 523	2 659 501	2 779 784
Mpumalanga	2 612 272	2 732 440	2 856 024
Northern Cape	759 857	794 840	830 792
North West	1 891 857	1 978 908	2 068 410
Western Cape	2 159 495	2 258 795	2 360 954
Total	28 338 904	29 642 504	30 983 188
of which:			
Comprehensive HIV/AIDS Component			
Eastern Cape	2 853 800	2 984 884	3 119 876
Free State	1 526 846	1 597 080	1 669 316
Gauteng	5 474 810	5 726 382	5 985 366
KwaZulu-Natal	6 721 158	7 030 229	7 348 199
Limpopo	2 002 464	2 094 444	2 189 166
Mpumalanga	2 227 391	2 329 746	2 435 113
Northern Cape	638 742	668 117	698 336
North West	1 574 162	1 646 509	1 720 975
Western Cape	1 908 016	1 995 732	2 085 995
Total	24 927 389	26 073 123	27 252 342
District Health Component			
Eastern Cape	256 425	268 294	280 430
Free State	171 859	179 816	187 951
Gauteng	623 041	651 884	681 373
KwaZulu-Natal	744 961	779 451	814 713
Limpopo	540 059	565 057	590 618
Mpumalanga	384 881	402 694	420 911
Northern Cape	121 115	126 723	132 456
North West	317 695	332 399	347 435
Western Cape	251 479	263 063	274 959
Total	3 411 515	3 569 381	3 730 846

## APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF HUMAN RESOURCES AND TRAINING GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT COMPONENT PER PROVINCE

(National Financial Years)

## APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF HUMAN RESOURCES AND TRAINING GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT COMPONENT PER PROVINCE

Health (Vote 18)	Human Res	ources and Train	ning Grant
	Nati	ional Financial Y	ear
	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28
Province/Components	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
Human Resources and Training Grant			
Eastern Cape	596 426	613 899	641 671
Free State	291 291	304 772	318 560
Gauteng	1 918 791	2 007 484	2 098 299
KwaZulu-Natal	788 597	825 091	862 419
Limpopo	378 833	390 479	408 145
Mpumalanga	286 454	294 883	308 223
Northern Cape	156 271	159 605	166 826
North West	281 678	289 412	302 504
Western Cape	951 596	995 628	1 040 670
Unallocated	-	30 004	31 361
Total	5 649 937	5 911 257	6 178 678
of which:			
Statutory Human Resources Component			
Eastern Cape	307 406	321 639	336 189
Free State	126 155	131 997	137 968
Gauteng	847 368	886 598	926 709
KwaZulu-Natal	417 597	436 932	456 699
Limpopo	216 759	226 794	237 055
Mpumalanga	148 417	155 289	162 314
Northern Cape	47 569	49 770	52 023
North West	134 971	141 220	147 609
Western Cape	384 725	402 538	420 749
Total	2 630 967	2 752 777	2 877 315
Training Component			
Eastern Cape	289 020	292 260	305 482
Free State	165 136	172 775	180 592
Gauteng	1 071 423	1 120 886	1 171 590
KwaZulu-Natal	371 000	388 159	405 720
Limpopo	162 074	163 685	171 090
Mpumalanga	138 037	139 594	145 909
Northern Cape	108 702	109 835	114 803
North West	146 707	148 192	154 895
Western Cape	566 871	593 090	619 921
Unallocated	-	30 004	31 361
Total	3 018 970	3 158 480	3 301 363

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF EPWP INTEGRATED GRANT FOR PROVINCES: TARGETS AND ALLOCATIONS PER PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENTS

(National Financial Years)

## APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF EPWP INTEGRATED GRANT FOR PROVINCES: TARGETS AND ALLOCATIONS PER PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENTS

	Expanded Publ	ic Works Progra Provine		l Grant for
Province/Provincial Department		Nati	onal Financial Y	ear
	FTE Target for 2025/26	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
EASTERN CAPE				
Community Safety	43	3 307	-	
Co-op Governance and Traditional Affairs	32	2 492	-	
Economic Development and Environmental Affairs	45	3 432	-	
Education	387	29 800	-	
Health	157	12 111	-	
Human Settlement	69	3 447	-	
Public Works	127	9 768	-	
Agriculture	19	1 467	-	
Social Development	100	7 658	-	
Sports, Recreation, Arts and Culture	32	2 500	-	
Transport	551 1 562	42 395 118 377	-	
Fotal: Eastern Cape	1 502	110 5//	-	
Economic, Small Business Development, Tourism and Environmental Affairs	42	3 266		
Economic, small Business Development, Fourism and Environmental Atlans	42 87	6 721	-	
Health	125	9 595		
Police, Roads and Transport	69	5 292	-	
Public Works and Infrastructure	55	4 232	-	
Social Development	68	4 232 5 206	-	
Sports, Arts, Culture and Recreation	35	2 713	-	
Fotal: Free State	481	37 025		
GAUTENG	401	57 025		
Environment	121	9 313	-	
Community Safety	108	8 342	-	
Education	83	6 420	-	
Health	165	12 655	-	
Human Settlement	16	1 232	-	
Infrastructure Development	190	14 631	-	
Roads and Transport	111	8 524	-	
Social Development	158	12 123	-	
Sports, Arts, Culture and Recreation	40	3 042	-	
Total: Gauteng	992	76 282	-	
KWAZULU-NATAL				
Agriculture and Rural Development	57	4 398	-	
Sport, Arts and Culture	69	5 363	-	
Community Safety and Liaison	69	5 324	-	
Co-operative Governance and Traditional Affairs	45	3 440	-	
Economic Development, Tourism and Environmental Affairs	80	6 161	-	
Education	149	11 471	-	
Health	356	27 391	-	
Human Settlement	68	5 243	-	
Public Works	70	5 418	-	
Social Development	237	18 217	-	
Transport	710	54 593	-	
Total: KwaZulu-Natal	1 910	147 019	-	
LIMPOPO				
Agriculture and Rural Development	69	5 289	-	
Co-operative Governance, Human Settlements & Traditional Affairs	44	3 348	-	
Economic Development, Environment and Tourism	38	2 914	-	
Education	206	15 847	-	
Health	295	22 698	-	
Public Works, Roads and Infrastructure	157	12 083	-	
Social Development	78	6 010	-	
Sports, Arts and Culture	46	3 531	-	
Transport and Community Safety	47	3 641	-	
Total: Limpopo	980	75 361	-	
IPUMALANGA	Т	Т		
Agriculture, Rural Development, Land and Environmental Affairs	69	5 284	-	
Community Safety, Security and Liason	48	3 684	-	
Co-operative Governance and Traditional Affairs	46	3 504	-	
Culture, Sports and Recreation	24	1 846	-	
Economic Development and Tourism	50	3 853	-	
Education	27	2 115	-	
Health	135	10 420	-	
Public Works, Roads and Transport	99	7 650	-	
Social Development	55	4 212	-	
Total: Mpumalanga	553	42 568	_	

## APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF EPWP INTEGRATED GRANT FOR PROVINCES: TARGETS AND ALLOCATIONS PER PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENTS

	Expanded Publ	ic Works Progra Provine	amme Integrated ces	Grant for
Province/Provincial Department		Nati	onal Financial Y	ear
	FTE Target for 2025/26	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28
	2025/20	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
NORTHERN CAPE				
Agriculture, Environmental Affairs, Land Reform and Rural Development	23	1 757	-	-
Co-operative Governance, Human Settlements and Traditional Affairs	38	2 936	-	-
Education	43	3 272	-	-
Health	112	8 591	-	-
Roads and Public Works	58	4 480	-	-
Social Development	66	5 084	-	-
Sport, Arts and Culture	38	2 950	-	-
Transport, Safety and Liaison	40	3 099	-	-
Total: Northern Cape	418	32 169	-	-
NORTH WEST				
Agriculture and Rural Development	60	4 595	-	-
Arts, Culture, Sports and Recreation	33	2 571	-	-
Community Safety and Transport Management	45	3 436	-	-
Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs	35	2 678	-	-
Economic Development, Environment, Conservation and Tourism	49	3 775	-	-
Education	84	6 438	-	-
Health	160	12 285	-	-
Public Works and Roads	194	14 932	-	-
Social Development	52	3 998	-	-
Total: North West	712	54 708	-	_
WESTERN CAPE				
Agriculture	36	2 775	-	-
Community Safety	65	4 970	-	-
Cultural Affairs and Sport	72	5 540	-	-
Education	108	8 284	-	-
Environmental Affairs and Development Planning	39	2 978	-	-
Health	146	11 237	-	-
Infrastructure	27	2 079	-	-
Mobility	27	2 079	-	-
Social Development	49	3 761	-	-
Total: Western Cape	569	43 703	-	-
· ·				
Unallocated	-	-	656 000	685 669
Grand Total	8 177	627 212	656 000	685 669

## APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 6, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF SCHOOL INFRASTRUCTURE BACKLOGS GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER PROVINCE

(National Financial Years)

## APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 6, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF SCHOOL INFRASTRUCTURE BACKLOGS GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER PROVINCE

Basic Education (Vote 16)	School Infr	astructure Backl	ogs Grant
	Nati	onal Financial Y	ear
Province	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)
School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant			
Eastern Cape	506 992	-	-
Free State	64 310	-	-
Gauteng	65 895	-	-
KwaZulu-Natal	491 366	-	-
Limpopo	69 800	-	-
Mpumalanga	93 350	-	-
Northern Cape	60 410	-	-
North West	43 930	-	-
Western Cape	-	-	-
Unallocated	230 627	450 000	-
Total	1 626 680	450 000	-

## APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 6, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF NATIONAL HEALTH INSURANCE INDIRECT GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT COMPONENT PER PROVINCE

(National Financial Years)

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## APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 6, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF NATIONAL HEALTH INSURANCE INDIRECT GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT COMPONENT PER PROVINCE

Health (Vote 18)	National He	ealth Insurance In	direct Grant
	Na	tional Financial Y	ear
Province/Components	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28
r rovince/Components	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
National Health Insurance Indirect Grant			
Eastern Cape	453 172	424 347	443 527
Free State	139 686	136 479	142 648
Gauteng	100 514	100 508	105 051
KwaZulu-Natal	75 797	77 811	81 328
Limpopo	1 839 779	1 168 757	1 155 440
Mpumalanga	217 772	208 184	217 594
Northern Cape	75 797	77 811	81 328
North West	189 240	181 985	190 211
Western Cape	75 797	77 811	81 328
Unallocated	115 000	119 832	125 544
Total	3 282 554	2 573 525	2 623 999
of which:			
Health Facility Revitalisation Component			
Eastern Cape	377 375	346 536	362 199
Free State	63 889	58 668	61 320
Gauteng	24 717	22 697	23 723
KwaZulu-Natal	-	-	-
Limpopo	1 763 982	1 090 946	1 074 112
Mpumalanga	141 975	130 373	136 266
Northern Cape	-	-	-
North West	113 443	104 174	108 883
Western Cape	-	-	-
Total	2 485 381	1 753 394	1 766 503
Health Systems Component			
Eastern Cape	75 797	77 811	81 328
Free State	75 797	77 811	81 328
Gauteng	75 797	77 811	81 328
KwaZulu-Natal	75 797	77 811	81 328
Limpopo	75 797	77 811	81 328
Mpumalanga	75 797	77 811	81 328
Northern Cape	75 797	77 811	81 328
North West	75 797	77 811	81 328
Western Cape	75 797	77 811	81 328
Unallocated	115 000	119 832	125 544
Total	797 173	820 131	857 496